

CONNECTICUT

LABOR FORCE DATA FOR LABOR MARKET AREAS & TOWNS

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

SEPTEMBER 2020

Labor Market Areas are highlighted, followed by the towns that make up the Area.

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD	451,595	415,856	35,739	7.9	HARTFORD (cont.)	630,520	584,601	45,919	7.3
Ansonia	9,112	8,152	960	10.5	East Haddam	5,026	4,727	299	5.9
Bridgeport	68,535	60,474	8,061	11.8	East Hampton	7,733	7,327	406	5.3
Darien	8,215	7,784	431	5.2	East Hartford	28,082	25,206	2,876	10.2
Derby	6,555	5,951	604	9.2	Ellington	9,492	9,023	469	4.9
Easton	3,685	3,457	228	6.2	Farmington	14,243	13,508	735	5.2
Fairfield	28,259	26,470	1,789	6.3	Glastonbury	19,131	18,116	1,015	5.3
Greenwich	27,727	26,099	1,628	5.9	Granby	6,838	6,538	300	4.4
Milford	29,567	27,466	2,101	7.1	Haddam	5,061	4,811	250	4.9
Monroe	9,610	9,021	589	6.1	Hartford	55,719	48,165	7,554	13.6
New Canaan	7,974	7,537	437	5.5	Hartland	1,138	1,092	46	4.0
Norwalk	49,753	45,736	4,017	8.1	Harwinton	3,196	3,047	149	4.7
Oxford	6,981	6,575	406	5.8	Hebron	5,540	5,256	284	5.1
Redding	4,227	3,978	249	5.9	Lebanon	4,079	3,848	231	5.7
Ridgefield	11,279	10,657	622	5.5	Manchester	33,744	30,976	2,768	8.2
Seymour	8,594	8,015	579	6.7	Mansfield	12,400	11,914	486	3.9
Shelton	21,283	19,734	1,549	7.3	Marlborough	3,581	3,410	171	4.8
Southbury	8,421	7,850	571	6.8	Middletown	26,268	24,465	1,803	6.9
Stamford	69,035	63,280	5,755	8.3	New Britain	37,846	33,841	4,005	10.6
Stratford	26,583	24,183	2,400	9.0	New Hartford	3,971	3,774	197	5.0
Trumbull	17,162	16,021	1,141	6.6	Newington	17,497	16,278	1,219	7.0
Weston	4,184	3,910	274	6.5	Plainville	10,594	9,862	732	6.9
Westport	12,204	11,538	666	5.5	Plymouth	6,671	6,198	473	7.1
Wilton	8,041	7,592	449	5.6	Portland	5,481	5,175	306	5.6
Woodbridge	4,612	4,377	235	5.1	Rocky Hill	11,705	11,073	632	5.4
DANBURY	104,492	97,540	6,952	6.7	Scotland	960	912	48	5.0
Bethel	10,724	9,969	755	7.0	Simsbury	13,748	13,065	683	5.0
Bridgewater	816	770	46	5.6	Southington	24,748	23,333	1,415	5.7
Brookfield	9,152	8,521	631	6.9	South Windsor	14,473	13,605	868	6.0
Danbury	46,465	43,226	3,239	7.0	Stafford	6,909	6,474	435	6.3
New Fairfield	6,940	6,504	436	6.3	Thomaston	4,718	4,466	252	5.3
New Milford	14,836	13,889	947	6.4	Tolland	8,554	8,153	401	4.7
Newtown	13,738	12,950	788	5.7	Union	459	442	17	3.7
Sherman	1,821	1,712	109	6.0	Vernon	17,668	16,400	1,268	7.2
ENFIELD	47,575	44,261	3,314	7.0	West Hartford	34,862	32,848	2,014	5.8
East Windsor	6,228	5,768	460	7.4	Wethersfield	14,208	13,256	952	6.7
Enfield	22,129	20,521	1,608	7.3	Willington	3,654	3,475	179	4.9
Somers	4,743	4,457	286	6.0	Windham	12,512	11,524	988	7.9
Suffield	7,183	6,777	406	5.7	Windsor	16,953	15,600	1,353	8.0
Windsor Locks	7,293	6,739	554	7.6					
HARTFORD	630,520	584,601	45,919	7.3					
Andover	1,950	1,835	115	5.9					
Ashford	2,572	2,440	132	5.1					
Avon	9,451	8,985	466	4.9					
Barkhamsted	2,308	2,172	136	5.9					
Berlin	11,789	11,155	634	5.4					
Bloomfield	12,069	11,097	972	8.1					
Bolton	3,155	3,014	141	4.5					
Bristol	33,565	30,878	2,687	8.0					
Burlington	5,689	5,401	288	5.1					
Canton	5,713	5,426	287	5.0					
Chaplin	1,262	1,182	80	6.3					
Colchester	9,398	8,905	493	5.2					
Columbia	3,217	3,060	157	4.9					
Coventry	7,793	7,426	367	4.7					
Cromwell	8,030	7,522	508	6.3					
East Granby	3,101	2,921	180	5.8					
Not Seasonally Adjusted:									
CONNECTICUT						1,889,400	1,747,200	142,300	7.5
UNITED STATES						160,073,000	147,796,000	12,277,000	7.7
Seasonally Adjusted:									
CONNECTICUT						1,894,800	1,747,700	147,100	7.8
UNITED STATES						160,143,000	147,563,000	12,580,000	7.9

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA.



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LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE
NEW HAVEN	331,810	308,351	23,459	7.1	TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST	46,612	43,674	2,938	6.3
Bethany	3,148	2,979	169	5.4	Canaan	633	601	32	5.1
Branford	16,356	15,315	1,041	6.4	Colebrook	807	769	38	4.7
Cheshire	15,798	15,049	749	4.7	Cornwall	766	721	45	5.9
Chester	2,381	2,248	133	5.6	Goshen	1,601	1,535	66	4.1
Clinton	7,398	6,964	434	5.9	Kent	1,469	1,401	68	4.6
Deep River	2,881	2,739	142	4.9	Litchfield	4,693	4,470	223	4.8
Durham	4,313	4,115	198	4.6	Morris	1,379	1,324	55	4.0
East Haven	16,128	14,863	1,265	7.8	Norfolk	894	845	49	5.5
Essex	3,451	3,273	178	5.2	North Canaan	1,734	1,635	99	5.7
Guilford	13,044	12,414	630	4.8	Roxbury	1,305	1,248	57	4.4
Hamden	36,022	33,586	2,436	6.8	Salisbury	1,782	1,703	79	4.4
Killingworth	3,819	3,661	158	4.1	Sharon	1,455	1,401	54	3.7
Madison	9,180	8,708	472	5.1	Torrington	19,177	17,676	1,501	7.8
Meriden	32,948	30,061	2,887	8.8	Warren	778	740	38	4.9
Middlefield	2,530	2,407	123	4.9	Washington	2,026	1,932	94	4.6
New Haven	66,507	60,527	5,980	9.0	Winchester	6,113	5,672	441	7.2
North Branford	8,249	7,823	426	5.2					
North Haven	13,649	12,779	870	6.4	WATERBURY	109,898	100,103	9,795	8.9
Old Saybrook	5,176	4,864	312	6.0	Beacon Falls	3,423	3,219	204	6.0
Orange	7,465	7,007	458	6.1	Bethlehem	1,866	1,775	91	4.9
Wallingford	26,569	25,015	1,554	5.8	Middlebury	3,842	3,621	221	5.8
West Haven	31,075	28,458	2,617	8.4	Naugatuck	16,959	15,612	1,347	7.9
Westbrook	3,723	3,495	228	6.1	Prospect	5,486	5,177	309	5.6
					Waterbury	50,737	44,726	6,011	11.8
*NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY CT	123,856	112,648	11,208	9.0	Watertown	12,543	11,819	724	5.8
Bozrah	1,386	1,288	98	7.1	Wolcott	9,683	9,080	603	6.2
Canterbury	2,801	2,624	177	6.3	Woodbury	5,356	5,073	283	5.3
East Lyme	8,330	7,747	583	7.0					
Franklin	1,035	964	71	6.9	DANIELSON-NORTHEAST	43,064	40,124	2,940	6.8
Griswold	6,161	5,593	568	9.2	Brooklyn	4,106	3,831	275	6.7
Groton	17,915	16,479	1,436	8.0	Eastford	1,010	956	54	5.3
Ledyard	7,834	7,185	649	8.3	Hampton	1,059	1,008	51	4.8
Lisbon	2,267	2,102	165	7.3	Killingly	9,552	8,877	675	7.1
Lyme	1,154	1,099	55	4.8	Plainfield	8,657	7,982	675	7.8
Montville	8,981	8,212	769	8.6	Pomfret	2,455	2,355	100	4.1
New London	12,167	10,620	1,547	12.7	Putnam	4,832	4,453	379	7.8
North Stonington	2,804	2,649	155	5.5	Sterling	2,006	1,866	140	7.0
Norwich	20,771	17,966	2,805	13.5	Thompson	5,233	4,910	323	6.2
Old Lyme	3,589	3,372	217	6.0	Woodstock	4,156	3,887	269	6.5
Preston	2,387	2,168	219	9.2					
Salem	2,067	1,919	148	7.2					
Sprague	1,554	1,433	121	7.8					
Stonington	9,422	8,812	610	6.5	NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI	139,257	126,525	12,732	9.1
Voluntown	1,426	1,324	102	7.2	RI part (Hopkinton and Westerly)	15,401	13,877	1,524	9.9
Waterford	9,804	9,091	713	7.3					

*Connecticut portion only. For whole NECTA, including RI part, see below.

LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS

The civilian labor force comprises all state residents age 16 years and older classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with criteria described below. Excluded are members of the military and persons in institutions (correctional and mental health, for example).

The employed are all persons who did any work as paid employees or in their own business during the survey week, or who have worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a family member. Persons temporarily absent from a job because of illness, bad weather, strike or for personal reasons are also counted as employed whether they were paid by their employer or were seeking other jobs.

The unemployed are all persons who did not work, but were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness) and made specific efforts to find a job in the prior four weeks. Persons waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

With the exception of those persons temporarily absent from a job or waiting to be recalled to one, persons with no job and who are not actively looking for one are counted as "not in the labor force".

Over the course of a year, the size of the labor force and the levels of employment undergo fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the monthly statistics. Seasonal Adjustment makes it easier to observe cyclical and other nonseasonal developments.