

Andover Ansonia Ashford  
 Avon Barkhamsted  
 Beacon Falls Berlin **Bethany**  
 Bethel Bethlehem Bloomfield  
 Bolton Bozrah **Branford**  
 Bridgeport Bridgewater Bristol  
 Brookfield Brooklyn Burlington  
 Canaan Canterbury Canton  
 Chaplin Cheshire **Chester**  
**Clinton** Colchester Colebrook  
 Columbia Cornwall Coventry  
**Cromwell** Danbury Darien  
**Deep River** Derby **Durham**  
 East Granby **East Haddam**  
**East Hampton** East Hartford  
**East Haven** East Lyme  
 East Windsor Eastford Easton  
 Ellington Enfield **Essex** Fairfield  
 Farmington Franklin Glastonbury  
 Goshen Granby Greenwich  
 Griswold Groton **Guilford**  
**Haddam** Hamden Hampton  
 Hartford Hartland Harwinton  
 Hebron Kent Killingly  
**Killingworth** Lebanon Ledyard  
 Lisbon Litchfield Lyme **Madison**  
 Manchester Mansfield  
 Marlborough **Meriden** Middlebury  
**Middlefield** Middletown Milford  
 Monroe Montville Morris  
 Naugatuck New Britain  
 New Canaan New Fairfield  
 New Hartford **New Haven**  
 New London New Milford  
 Newington Newtown Norfolk  
**North Branford** North Canaan  
**North Haven** North Stonington  
 Norwalk Norwich Old Lyme  
**Old Saybrook** **Orange** Oxford  
 Plainfield Plainville Plymouth  
 Pomfret **Portland** Preston  
 Prospect Putnam Redding  
 Ridgefield Rocky Hill Roxbury  
 Salem Salisbury Scotland  
 Seymour Sharon Shelton  
 Sherman Simsbury Somers  
 South Windsor Southbury  
 Southington Sprague Stafford  
 Stamford Sterling Stonington  
 Stratford Suffield Thomaston  
 Thompson Tolland Torrington  
 Trumbull Union Vernon  
 Voluntown **Wallingford** Warren  
 Washington Waterbury Waterford  
 Watertown West Hartford  
**West Haven** **Westbrook** Weston  
 Westport Wethersfield Willington  
 Wilton Winchester Windham  
 Windsor Windsor Locks Wolcott  
**Woodbridge** Woodbury  
 Woodstock

# Information for Workforce Investment Planning - 2003

**SOUTH CENTRAL WIA**

Opportunity • Guidance • Support



*from the Office of Research*

## PREFACE

State and local Workforce Investment Boards are important customers of the workforce information system. They need information for strategic planning, program development, and for evaluation of their service efforts. Feedback from the Boards emphasizes the importance of high quality, accessible, and relevant information about the labor market for making sound decisions.

To address this need, the Office of Research has produced the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003*. It provides workforce information for Connecticut's 169 towns, where available, aggregated by the State's workforce investment areas.

Included are labor force data, employment and wages by industry, occupational employment trends, population changes, data on public aid recipients, high school dropout rates, and persons with other barriers to employment. The data is based on information from several State agencies, as well as the Connecticut Department of Labor. We wish to thank all of the agencies that contributed to this report. We also wish to thank Office of Research staff who helped put this report together.

The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003* has been updated and re-designed to include bar charts and additional data tables. Lengthy narratives were replaced with more effective data "bullets." We believe this easy-to-use format will enable the Workforce Investment Board planners to more efficiently find pertinent information.

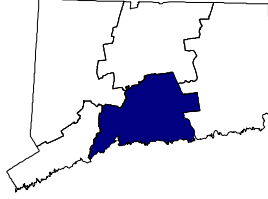
The charts and tables in the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003* are within the public domain, and may be copied and/or quoted. We do, however, request that you attribute such material to this publication.

The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003* is available on the Office of Research Web site at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).

If you have any questions or comments regarding the data included in this publication, please contact us at (860) 263-6275.

**Connecticut Department of Labor**

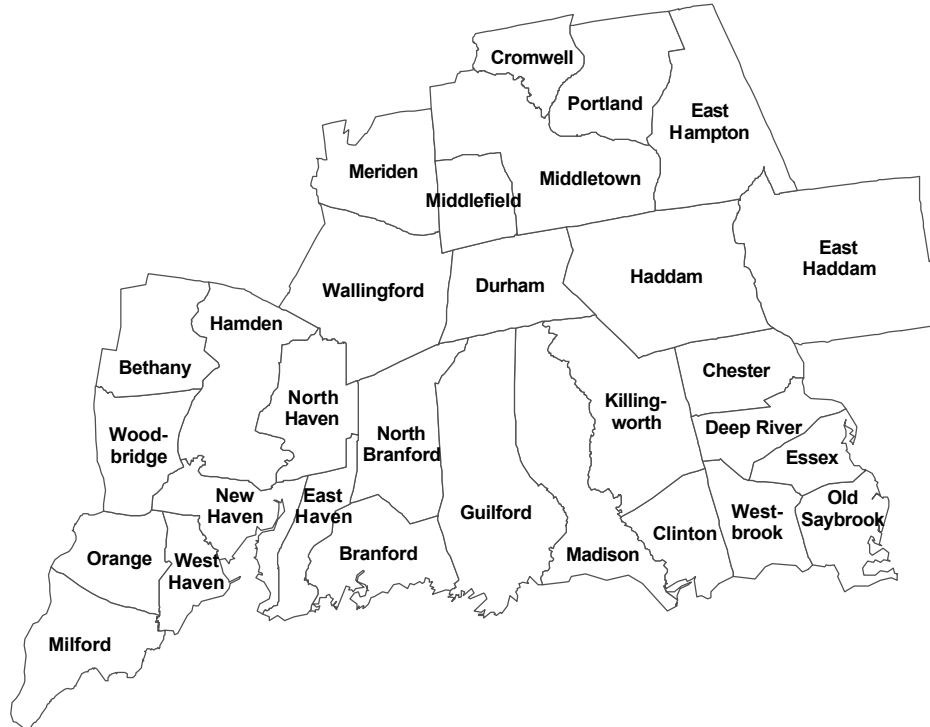
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# South Central Workforce Investment Area

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The South Central Workforce Investment Area (WIA), with the city of New Haven at its core, is comprised of 30 towns along the mid-point of Connecticut's southern coast. The land area spans 737 square miles, of which East Haddam is the largest town and Essex is the smallest. New Haven is situated on Long Island Sound, just 40 miles from Hartford, 75 miles from New York City, and 135 miles from Boston. The area is served by Interstate Routes 95 and 91, as well as the Merritt Parkway (Route 15).

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## SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

### LABOR FORCE 2001 - 2002

- From 2001 to 2002, Connecticut reported a gain of 17,500 people in the labor force, as the number of unemployed residents increased by 19,400, while the number employed declined by 1,800. This resulted in an extremely difficult labor market for job seekers.
- In 2002, the South Central WIA reported an increase of 5,000 residents in the labor force – second only to the Eastern WIA, which had an increase of 6,300. Employment in the South Central WIA increased by only 1,200 during this same period. Unemployment increased by 3,700, from 11,600 to 15,300, which ranked third among the WIAs.
- Of the thirty towns in the South Central WIA, only Middlefield (-3) and Durham (-1) showed a decline of residents in the labor force in 2002. Twenty-eight towns had increases in labor force levels, led by New Haven (+1,072), Meriden (+501), West Haven (+479), and Milford (+448). These same three towns also reported employment gains during this period: New Haven (+287), Meriden (+152), and West Haven (+144). In all, 22 towns indicated employment gains in the South Central WIA in 2002. Only Middletown (-133) showed a large decline in the number of employed residents.
- New Haven (+785), Milford (+403), Meriden (+349), and West Haven (+335) led the South Central WIA in unemployment change. Together, these four towns accounted for 50.6 percent of the region's increase in unemployed residents in 2002.

Towns with the Highest Unemployment Rates Annual Average 2002				
	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			No.	%
New Haven	59,165	55,897	3,268	5.5%
Meriden	31,119	29,503	1,616	5.2%
West Haven	29,348	27,966	1,382	4.7%
Milford	26,959	25,720	1,239	4.6%
East Haven	15,376	14,692	684	4.4%

Towns with the Greatest Employment Gains In 2002			
	Total	Change	% Change
New Haven	55,897	287	0.5%
Meriden	29,503	152	0.5%
Hamden	29,091	149	0.5%
West Haven	27,966	144	0.5%
Old Saybrook	6,014	135	2.3%

		2002	2001	Number	Percent
<b>CONNECTICUT</b>	Labor Force	1,772,900	1,755,400	17,500	1.0
	Employed	1,696,200	1,698,000	-1,800	-0.1
	Unemployed	76,800	57,400	19,400	33.8
	Rate	4.3	3.3		
<b>S. CENTRAL WIA</b>	Labor Force	373,600	368,600	5,000	1.4
	Employed	358,200	357,000	1,200	0.3
	Unemployed	15,300	11,600	3,700	31.9
	Rate	4.1	3.2		



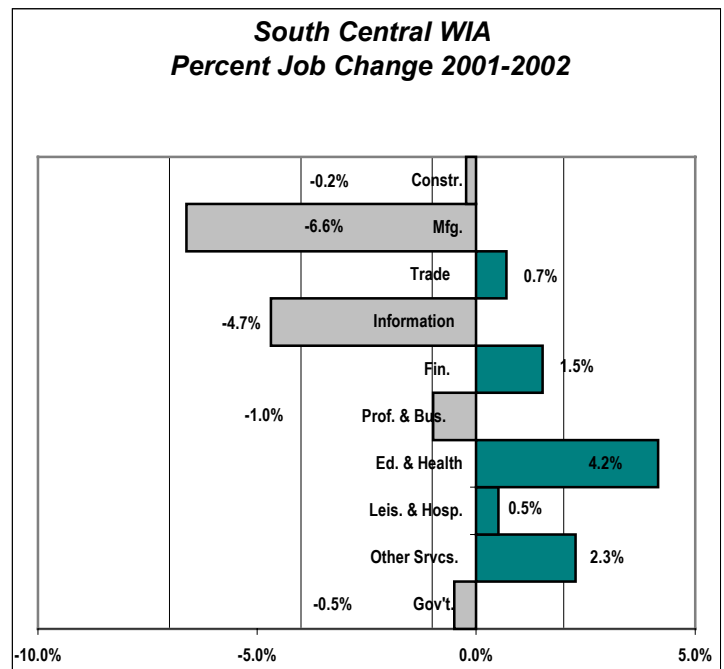
# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

## EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY - 2002

- Annual average employment in the South Central WIA declined by 570 jobs (-0.2 percent) in 2002.
- The Manufacturing industry had a loss of 3,244 jobs (-6.6 percent), the largest reduction among all industries in the South Central WIA, followed by the Information industry with a reduction of 543 jobs (-4.6 percent), and Professional and Business Services with a loss of 323 jobs (-1.0 percent) in 2002.
- Educational and Health Services employment led the South Central WIA with an increase of 2,735 jobs (4.1 percent) and, as a result, this industry now makes up 21 percent of the area's total employment. Trade, Transportation & Utilities, with a gain of 412 jobs (0.7 percent), Financial Activities with 318 jobs (1.5 percent), and Other Services showing an increase of 244 jobs (2.3 percent), also reported significant employment gains in 2002.

**SOUTH CENTRAL WIA  
ANNUAL AVERAGE  
EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY  
2001 - 2002**

	2002	2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,648,986</b>	<b>1,665,699</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>331,588</b>	<b>332,158</b>
Construction & Mining	14,391	14,424
Manufacturing	45,846	49,090
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	59,838	59,426
Information	11,052	11,595
Financial Activities	21,268	20,950
Professional and Business Svcs.	32,695	33,018
Educational and Health Svcs.	68,562	65,827
Leisure and Hospitality	24,075	23,953
Other Services	10,993	10,749
Government	42,784	42,998





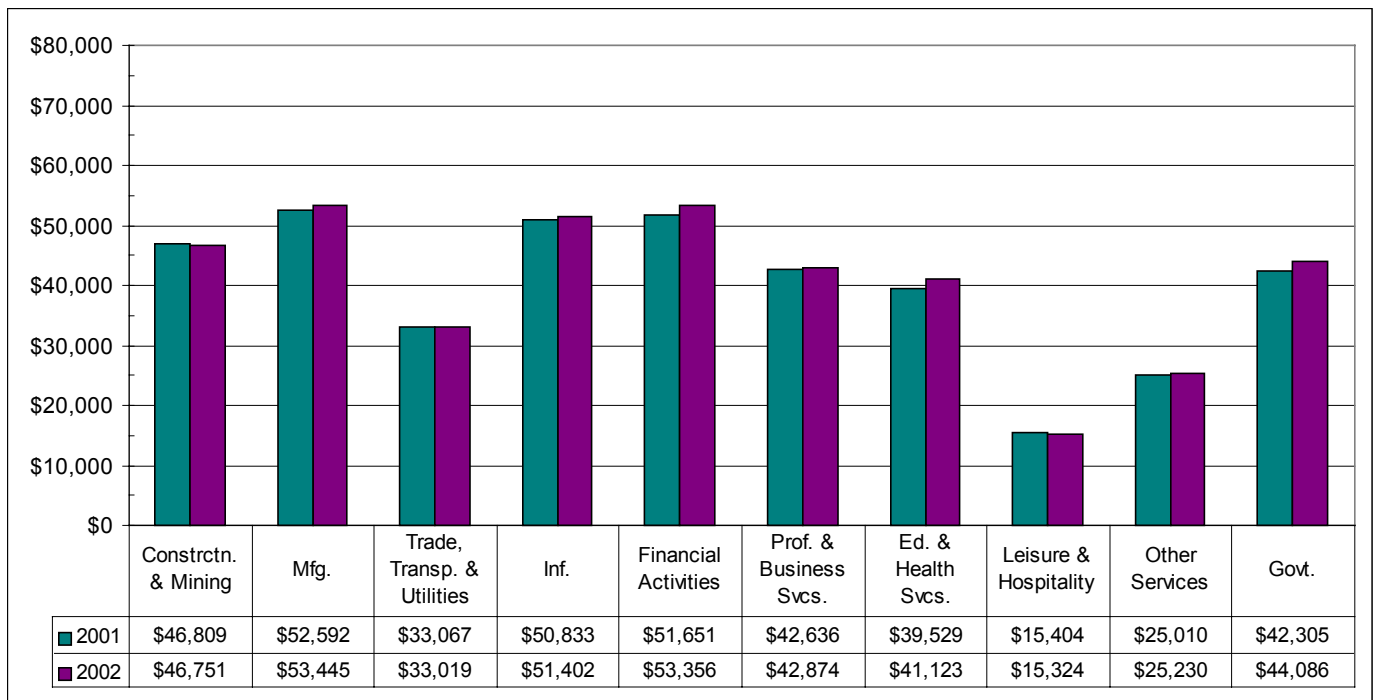
# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

## ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGE BY INDUSTRY - 2001-2002

- The annual average wage for all industries in the South Central WIA increased in 2002 to \$40,887. The increase of \$655 was the highest among all WIAs. Statewide, the annual average wage declined slightly, but was nearly \$6000 higher than the South Central WIA average.

	2001	2002	% Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	\$46,990	\$46,849	-0.3%
<b>South Central WIA</b>	\$40,232	\$40,887	1.6%

- The highest wages were paid to workers in the Financial Activities (\$53,356) and Information (\$51,402) sectors.
- Workers in the Government (\$1,781), Financial Activities (\$1,705), and Educational and Health Services (\$1,594) industries showed substantial annual average wage increases in the South Central WIA in 2002.
- Only the Leisure and Hospitality (-\$80), Construction & Mining (-\$58), and Trade, Transportation, & Utilities (-48) industries had annual average wage losses in 2002.





## CONNECTICUT

### STATEWIDE OCCUPATIONS WITH THE MOST OPENINGS, THE LARGEST ANNUAL GROWTH, AND THE HIGHEST PERCENT CHANGE 2000 - 2010

- The numerous openings in Food, Lodging, and Facilities Services occupations offer employment with minimal training and, depending on the business and its location, some opportunities for advancement into supervisory work.
- Most of the work requiring minimal preparation takes place in urban locations and many positions offer flexible and part-time hours. Pay in the occupations requiring minimal preparation range from around \$17,000 to more than \$26,000, \$8 to \$12 per hour.
- Human, Education, and Health Services positions offer some potential for advancement into more challenging and better paying work, e.g., child care and teaching assistant to social and human service assistants or nurse aide to medical assistant.
- An aging population and a growing need for Medical Services personnel, particularly RN's, may produce more formal training opportunities.

*The table groups occupations in similar employment categories arranged according to education or training preparation required and then in order of annual compensation.<sup>1</sup>*

	Train Code	Wage	Annual Openings
<b>Food, Lodging, and Facilities Services</b>			
Waiters and Waitresses	11	\$17,307	1,741
Counter Attendants, Caf./Food/Concession/Coffee Shop	11	\$17,553	567
Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket Takers	11	\$17,779	103
Cashiers	11	\$17,889	2,240
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	11	\$18,476	1,097
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	11	\$19,943	624
Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	11	\$20,531	82
Food Preparation Workers	11	\$20,805	562
Security Guards	11	\$22,241	522
Janitors & Cleaners, Exc. Maids & Housekeeping	11	\$23,124	788
Receptionists and Information Clerks	11	\$25,365	494
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11	\$26,479	585
<b>Retail, Business, and Financial Services</b>			
Retail Salespersons	11	\$24,095	2,593
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	11	\$24,355	511
Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Mat. Movers, Hand	11	\$24,983	664
Office Clerks, General	11	\$26,736	752
Secretaries, Exc. Legal, Medical, and Executive	10	\$30,869	476
Customer Service Representatives	10	\$31,992	861
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	10	\$33,930	540
Truck Drivers, Heavy and Tractor-Trailer	10	\$37,887	359
Sales Reps., Wholesale & Manufacturing, Excl. Tech.	10	\$61,528	548
First-Line Supvrs/Mgrs of Retail Sales Workers	8	\$39,190	433
Accountants and Auditors	5	\$61,184	432
Personal Financial Advisors	5	\$85,476	110
Securities/Commodities/Fin. Svcs. Sales Agents	5	\$94,892	229
General and Operations Managers	4	\$99,965	559
<b>Gaming Occupations</b>			
Gaming Change Persons and Booth Cashiers	11	(INA)	57
Gaming Dealers	7	(INA)	175
Gaming Supervisors	7	(INA)	59

<sup>1</sup> Source: "Forecast 2000-2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future," October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor







# CONNECTICUT

## STATEWIDE OCCUPATIONS WITH THE MOST OPENINGS, THE LARGEST ANNUAL GROWTH, AND THE HIGHEST PERCENT CHANGE 2000 - 2010

The table groups occupations in similar employment categories arranged according to education or training preparation required and then in order of annual compensation.<sup>1</sup>

	Train Code	Wage	Annual Openings
<b>Human &amp; Education Services</b>			
Child Care Workers	11	\$20,559	528
Teacher Assistants	11	\$23,468	712
Social and Human Service Assistants	10	\$33,378	360
Secondary School Teachers, Exc. Special & Voc. Ed.	5	\$53,437	488
<b>Health Services</b>			
Personal and Home Care Aides	11	\$21,780	249
Home Health Aides	11	\$24,611	327
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	11	\$26,396	839
Pharmacy Technicians	10	\$23,404	153
Medical Assistants	10	\$29,638	286
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	6	\$32,574	67
Registered Nurses	6	\$54,036	1,268
Physician Assistants	5	\$68,636	51
<b>Computer Related Occupations</b>			
Computer Specialists, All Other	7	\$63,370	105
Computer Support Specialists	6	\$45,883	575
Database Administrators	5	\$63,370	102
Network Systems & Data Communications Analysts	5	\$63,410	115
Network and Computer System Administrators	5	\$64,132	199
Computer Systems Analysts	5	\$67,050	411
Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	5	\$70,059	153
Computer Software Engineers, Applications	5	\$76,576	412
Computer and Information Systems Managers	4	\$98,731	224
<b>Scientific Occupations</b>			
Biochemists and Biophysicists	2	\$70,364	98
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	2	\$84,028	100
Microbiologists	2	(INA)	60

<sup>1</sup> Source: "Forecast 2000-2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future," October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor





## SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

### SOUTH CENTRAL REGION OCCUPATIONS WITH THE MOST OPENINGS, THE LARGEST ANNUAL GROWTH, AND THE HIGHEST PERCENT CHANGE 2000 - 2010

- Among the listed occupations, those requiring least preparation offer the most openings. Urban areas offer the most opportunities. Some of the positions, depending upon the business involved, may offer some opportunity for advancement to more responsible work, particularly supervision.
- The various kinds of employment in business and retail services requiring minimal on-the-job training generally pay more than positions in the food, lodging, and facilities services and may offer opportunities to acquire better skills and move to more responsible and technical work.
- Health services in particular in the South Central Region may offer good entry level chances with upward mobility. Many positions will require flexible hours and other than daytime shifts.

*The table groups occupations in similar employment categories arranged according to education or training preparation required and then in order of annual compensation.<sup>1</sup>*

	Ed./Trn.	Wage	Annual Openings
<b>Food, Lodging, &amp; Facilities Services</b>			
Waiters and Waitresses	11	\$17,307	257
Counter Attendants, Caf./Food/Concession/Coffee Shop	11	\$17,553	93
Cashiers	11	\$17,889	356
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	11	\$18,476	170
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	11	\$19,943	89
Food Preparation Workers	11	\$20,805	93
Janitors and Cleaners, Exc. Maids and Housekeeping	11	\$23,124	140
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11	\$26,479	73
<b>Business &amp; Retail Services</b>			
Retail Salespersons	11	\$24,095	368
Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Material Movers, Hand	11	\$24,983	104
Office Clerks, General	11	\$26,736	113
Customer Service Representatives	10	\$31,992	118
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Excl. Tech.	10	\$61,528	94
Securities/Commodities/Financial Serv. Sales Agnts	5	\$94,892	18
<b>Social &amp; Education Services</b>			
Child Care Workers	11	\$20,559	90
Teacher Assistants	11	\$23,468	122
Social and Human Service Assistants	10	\$33,378	61
<b>Health Services</b>			
Personal and Home Care Aides	11	\$21,780	44
Home Health Aides	11	\$24,611	69
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	11	\$26,396	157
Pharmacy Technicians	10	\$23,404	29
Medical Assistants	10	\$29,638	47
Registered Nurses	6	\$54,036	244
Medical and Public Health Social Workers	5	\$44,408	17
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	2	\$84,028	27
<b>Computer Services</b>			
Computer Support Specialists	6	\$45,883	73
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	5	\$64,132	25
Computer Systems Analysts	5	\$67,050	49
Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	5	\$70,059	22
Computer Software Engineers, Applications	5	\$76,576	43
Computer and Information Systems Managers	4	\$98,731	28

<sup>1</sup> Source: "Forecast 2000-2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future," October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor





## SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

### NEW HOUSING PERMITS - 2002

- In 2002, the South Central WIA reported 1,771 new housing permits issued – third highest among the State's five WIAs.
- Between 2001 and 2002, the South Central WIA had a decrease of 127 housing permits issued - the second largest decrease (Southwest WIA) among the WIAs. The South Central WIA was one of only two regions (Southwest) to have a decrease in housing permits issued in 2002.
- Twelve of the South Central WIA's thirty towns reported housing permit decreases in 2002. Seven towns experienced housing permit decreases in both 2001 and 2002.
- The following towns had housing permit decreases in both 2001 and 2002: Cromwell, Haddam, Killingworth, Middlefield, Milford, Old Saybrook, and West Haven.
- Sixteen towns reported housing permit increases in 2002. Seven towns posted housing permit gains in both 2001 and 2002.
- Seven towns had housing permit decreases in both 2001 and 2002: Branford, Clinton, Guilford, Madison, North Haven, Orange, and Woodbridge.
- Chester reported no change in housing permit activity between 2001 and 2002.

Most Housing Permits 2002	
	Total Units
Middletown	191
Wallingford	151
Milford	125
Clinton	104
East Hampton	90

Housing Permit Percent Increase 2001 - 2002			
	Total Units	Change	% Change
Orange	60	44	275.0%
Bethany	42	26	162.5%
Clinton	104	43	70.5%
Meriden	73	27	58.7%
North Branford	39	14	56.0%

Housing Permit Percent Decrease 2001 - 2002			
	Total Units	Change	% Change
Hamden	81	-104	-56.2%
East Haven	39	-37	-48.7%
North Haven	46	-39	-45.9%
Deep River	10	-8	-44.4%
Essex	32	-22	-40.7%

#### New Housing Permits

	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Connecticut	9,731	9,254	477	5.2%
South Central WIA	1,771	1,898	-127	-6.7%
% of Connecticut	18.2%	20.5%		





## SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

### RETAIL SALES 2001 - 2002

- The South Central WIA ranked fourth among the State's five WIAs in total retail sales (\$7,221,157,274) in 2002.
- Between 2001 and 2002, the South Central WIA had an increase in retail sales of \$474,729,600 – second highest among the WIAs. The WIA's 7.0 percent retail sales growth ranked second.
- Nineteen of the South Central WIA's 30 towns experienced growth in retail sales, led by Middletown (+\$123,889,472), Branford (+\$111,624,583), and North Haven (+\$92,545,462).
- Branford, Middletown, Milford, New Haven, and North Haven accounted for 60 percent (\$4,325,487,290) of the total retail sales in the South Central WIA in 2002.
- Twelve towns reported declines in retail sales, led by Woodbridge (-\$3,909,379), Bethany (-\$2,883,106), and Durham (-\$2,629,087).

Top Retail Sales 2002			
	Total Sales	Change	% Change
North Haven	\$1,264,871,146	\$92,545,462	7.9%
New Haven	\$941,983,361	\$30,771,177	3.4%
Branford	\$933,565,840	\$111,624,583	13.6%
Milford	\$620,859,177	\$296,004	0.0%
Middletown	\$564,207,766	\$123,889,472	28.1%

Largest Retail Sales Growth 2001 - 2002			
	Total Sales	Change	% Change
Middletown	\$564,207,766	\$123,889,472	28.1%
Branford	\$933,565,840	\$111,624,583	13.6%
North Haven	\$1,264,871,146	\$92,545,462	7.9%
Guilford	\$184,098,227	\$48,747,595	36.0%
New Haven	\$941,983,361	\$30,771,177	3.4%

Largest Retail Sales Decline 2001 - 2002			
	Total Sales	Change	% Change
Woodbridge	\$22,091,530	-\$3,909,379	-15.0%
Bethany	\$6,710,199	-\$2,883,106	-30.1%
Durham	\$5,019,419	-\$2,629,087	-14.9%
East Haddam	\$27,777,507	-\$1,928,017	-6.5%
Chester	\$2,066,805	-\$1,784,413	-12.9%

#### Retail Sales

	2002	2001	Change	% Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	\$ 44,654,626,524	\$ 42,183,471,187	\$ 2,471,155,337	5.9%
<b>South Central WIA</b>	\$ 7,221,157,274	\$ 6,746,427,674	\$ 474,729,600	7.0%
<b>% of Connecticut</b>	16.2%	16.0%		



## SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

### CUSTOMIZED JOB TRAINING

#### Summary:

Connecticut's Customized Job Training (CJT) Program, established in 1977, provided support to manufacturers that needed to retrain their workforces in new technologies or production systems in order for those businesses to remain competitive. The CJT Program stimulated the creation and retention of jobs in the state by providing financial assistance for training that manufacturers could not have provided through their own resources. The plastics, electronics, and machining industries were particularly targeted through this program.

To leverage limited funding, the Department of Labor instituted a successful Multiple Employer Training Cooperative to better serve the State's small to mid-size manufacturers. This concept helped manufacturers provide more effective training to the workforce by reaching as many qualified businesses as possible and reducing the training cost per company.

**Note: As a result of the State's budget crisis, funds appropriated for the CJT program were eliminated for 2004.**

- In 2003, 106 contracts served 4,697 workers from 393 Connecticut companies through funds received from the Customized Job Training Program.
- The North Central WIA administered 38 training contracts serving 2,490 workers, the most of any WIA and 53 percent of the State's total in 2003.
- Twenty multi-employer contracts (19 percent of all contracts written) served 1,951 trainees and 42 percent of all workers in 2003.
- A total of 307 companies participated in multi-employer contracts, representing 78 percent of all companies served in 2003.
- ISO 9000, Lean Manufacturing, and Machine Assembly skills and processes were the most requested training subjects by Connecticut manufacturers.

WIA	# Contracts Written	% of Contracts Written	# of Trainees	% of Trainees Served
Statewide	106	100%	4,697	100%
North Central WIA	38	36%	2,490	53%
South Central WIA	24	23%	834	18%
Northwest WIA	23	22%	869	19%
Southwest WIA	12	11%	345	7%
Eastern WIA	9	8%	159	3%



# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

## FOOD STAMPS, TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE, STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID 2001 - 2002

- Between 2001 and 2002, the South Central WIA reported 22 of 30 towns with reductions in State Supplement recipients. New Haven (-206), Meriden (-80), and West Haven (-53) experienced the largest declines during this period. Durham, Guilford, Killingworth, Madison, and Middlefield reported no change in State Supplement recipients between 2001 and 2002.
- All 30 towns reported increases in Medicaid clients, led by New Haven (+1,276), Meriden (+845), and West Haven (+490). The South Central WIA was one of three regions (North Central, Southwest) with all towns reporting increases in Medicaid recipients in 2002.
- Twenty-one towns reported increases in Food Stamp recipients in 2002, led by New Haven (+264), Meriden (+130), and Hamden (+73).
- Seventeen towns showed decreases in TFA. Of these, New Haven (-1,477), West Haven (-185), Hamden (-74), and Middletown (-72) experienced the most significant decreases. Killingworth and Orange reported no change in TFA recipients between 2001 and 2002.

WIA Profile				
Category	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Food Stamps	38,331	37,749	582	1.5%
TFA	14,872	16,703	-1,831	-10.0%
State Supp	4,641	5,129	-488	-9.6%
Medicaid	79,043	73,236	5,807	7.9%

Town	Food Stamps	TFA	State Supp	Medicaid
New Haven	22,093	8,943	1,676	33,627
Meriden	5,079	2,036	642	10,787
West Haven	3,289	1,208	342	7,461
Middletown	1,881	626	290	4,911
Hamden	1,484	531	330	4,351
<b>Total 5 towns</b>	<b>33,826</b>	<b>13,344</b>	<b>3,280</b>	<b>61,137</b>
<b>% of WIA</b>	<b>88.2%</b>	<b>89.7%</b>	<b>70.7%</b>	<b>77.3%</b>

- The great majority of the Food Stamps (88 percent), TFA (90 percent), State Supplement (71 percent), and Medicaid (77 percent) clients in the South Central Region resided in Hamden, Meriden, Middletown, New Haven, and West Haven. More than half of the recipients in these towns lived in New Haven.

	Food Stamps				TFA			
	2002	2001	Change	% Change	2002	2001	Change	% Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	157,028	151,733	5,295	3.5%	56,006	60,841	-4,835	-7.9%
<b>South Central WIA</b>	38,331	37,749	582	1.5%	14,872	16,703	-1,831	-11.0%
<b>% of CT</b>	24.4%	24.9%			26.5%	27.4%		

	State Supplement				Medicaid			
	2002	2001	Change	% Change	2002	2001	Change	% Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	21,154	22,952	-1,798	-7.8%	355,498	325,789	29,709	9.1%
<b>South Central WIA</b>	4,641	5,129	-488	-9.5%	79,043	73,236	5,807	7.9%
<b>% of CT</b>	21.9%	22.3%			22.2%	22.4%		





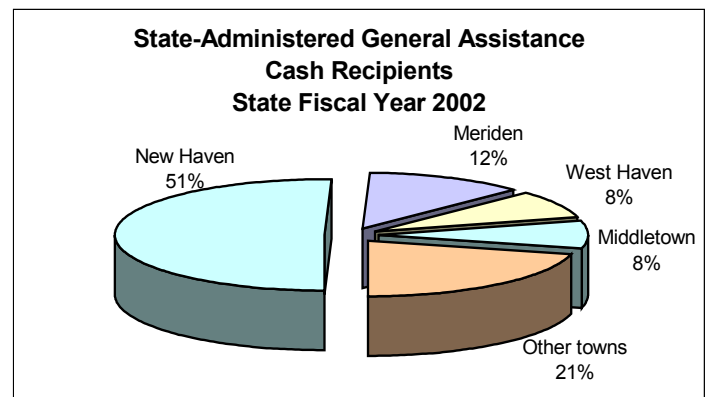
# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

## STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

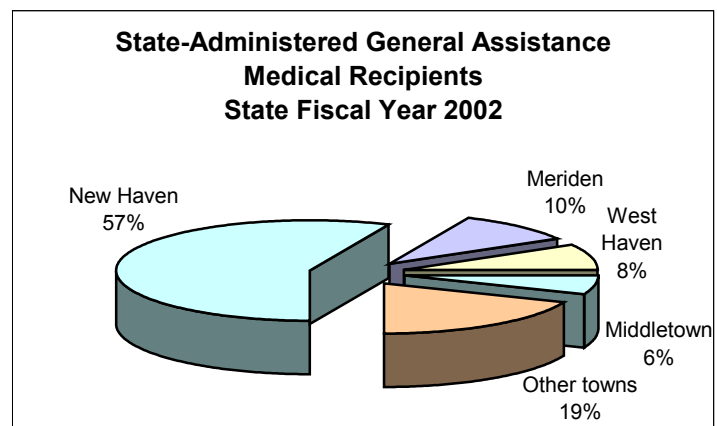
- South Central WIA State-Administered General Assistance (SAGA) recipients accounted for 23 percent of the statewide total of those receiving cash assistance, and 26 percent of those receiving medical assistance under this program.
- In Connecticut as well as in each of the five WIAs, the number of persons receiving medical assistance was approximately five times the number receiving cash.

- In the South Central WIA, the 3.3 percent increase in cash and 7.7 percent increase in medical assistance recipients was slightly lower than the statewide rate increase from a year ago.
- The largest number of SAGA recipients were residents of the more heavily populated cities and towns, namely New Haven, Meriden, West Haven, and Middletown. Together, SAGA recipients from these towns accounted for 79 percent of the WIA's cash recipients and 81 percent of the medical assistance recipients. Residents of New Haven alone comprised more than half of the SAGA recipients in this WIA.

	SFY 2002	SFY 2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	4,326	4,179
<b>South Central WIA</b>	1,012	980
<b>% of CT</b>	23.4%	23.5%
<b>New Haven</b>	511	516
<b>Meriden</b>	124	103
<b>West Haven</b>	81	81
<b>Middletown</b>	83	71
<b>Total 4 towns</b>	799	771
<b>% of WIA</b>	79.0%	78.7%



	SFY 2002	SFY 2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	22,364	20,403
<b>South Central WIA</b>	5,719	5,309
<b>% of CT</b>	25.6%	26.0%
<b>New Haven</b>	3,246	3,061
<b>Meriden</b>	574	547
<b>West Haven</b>	470	416
<b>Middletown</b>	341	315
<b>Total 4 towns</b>	4,631	4,339
<b>% of WIA</b>	81.0%	81.7%





# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

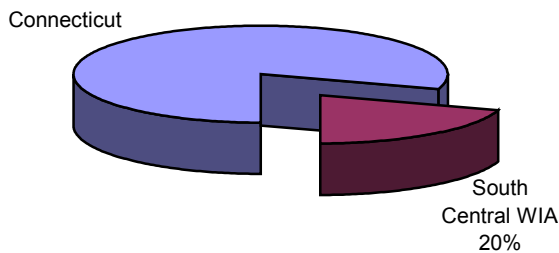
## ACTIVE MENTAL RETARDATION CLIENTS - 2003

- According to the Department of Mental Retardation, studies indicate that approximately one percent of the general population has mental retardation. In Connecticut, where the latest population estimate was 3,460,503 for 2002, 14,667 residents were active clients of the Department as of June 2003. This represents 0.4 percent of the State's population.
- As of June 2003, the South Central Workforce Investment Area reported 2,950 active mental retardation clients, 0.4 percent of the WIA population, and one-fifth of the State's 14,667 mental retardation clients. Compared with totals a year ago, the number of Northwest WIA clients increased by 73, coming close to the increase of 87 in Connecticut's total.
- About 55 percent (1,624) of the mental retardation clients in the South Central WIA were residents of five towns: New Haven (534), Meriden (356), Hamden (287), West Haven (226), and Middletown (221). The towns of Killingworth (9) and Middlefield (12) listed the fewest mental retardation clients.

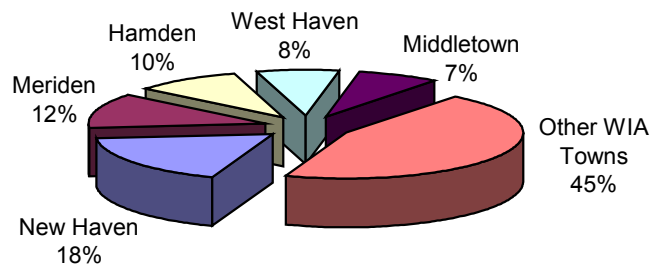
**Active Mental Retardation Clients as of June 2003**

	Active DMR Clients
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>14,667</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>2,950</b>
New Haven	534
Meriden	356
Hamden	287
West Haven	226
Middletown	221

**As of June 2003, the South Central WIA reported 20% (2,950) of the State's 14,667 active mental retardation clients.**



**New Haven, Meriden, Hamden, West Haven and Middletown accounted for approximately 55% (1,624) of the total mental retardation clients in the South Central Region.**







# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

## ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSERS - SFY 2001 & 2003

- During State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2003, the South Central WIA served 9,818 alcohol and drug abusers, an increase of 804 persons (8.9 percent) from the previous year. This was in sharp contrast with the five percent decline in Connecticut's overall total, as well as with declines recorded by the State's other WIAs.
- The South Central WIA accounted for 27.2 percent of the State's total alcohol and drug abusers served in SFY 2003. The city of New Haven, with 4,135 alcohol and drug abusers served, comprised 42 percent of the WIA's total.
- Only three of the South Central WIA's thirty towns experienced declines in alcohol and drug abusers served in SFY 2003. These towns were Bethany (-38), Deep River (-5), and Portland (-4).
- Twenty-seven of the South Central WIA's thirty towns recorded increases in alcohol and drug abusers served in SFY 2003. Hamden led the way with an increase of 161 persons, followed by New Haven (+106), West Haven (+89), Meriden (+49), and Middletown (+48).

### SOUTH CENTRAL WIA ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSERS SERVED SFY 2001 & 2003

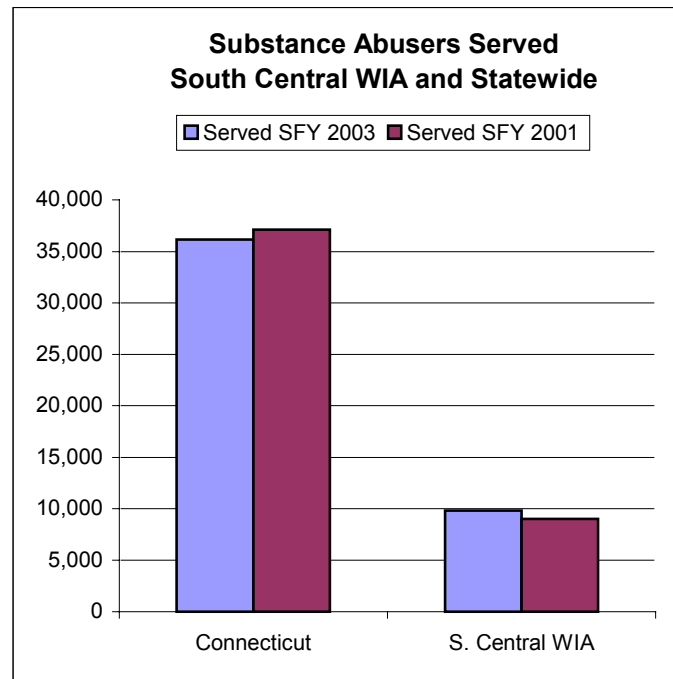
	Served SFY 2003	% of State Total
Connecticut	36,154	100%
S. Central WIA	9,818	27.2%

	Served SFY 2001	% of State Total
Connecticut	37,119	100%
S. Central WIA	9,014	24.3%

	Change	% Change
Connecticut	-965	-2.6%
S. Central WIA	804	8.9%





# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

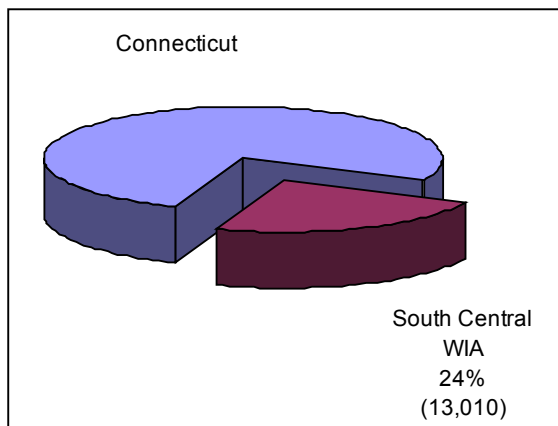
## ADULT PROBATIONERS - 2003

- As of May 2003, the South Central Workforce Investment Area had 13,010 adult probationers, which accounted for nearly 24 percent of the State's total.
- New Haven (5,428), Meriden (1,496), West Haven (1,108), Middletown (769), and Hamden (666) had the highest number of adult probationers. Together, they totaled 9,467, which was 73 percent of all adult probationers in the South Central WIA.
- Woodbridge (47), Durham (42), Bethany (35), Middlefield (27), and Chester (18) had the fewest adult probationers. Together they totaled 169, or one percent of all adult probationers in the North Central WIA.

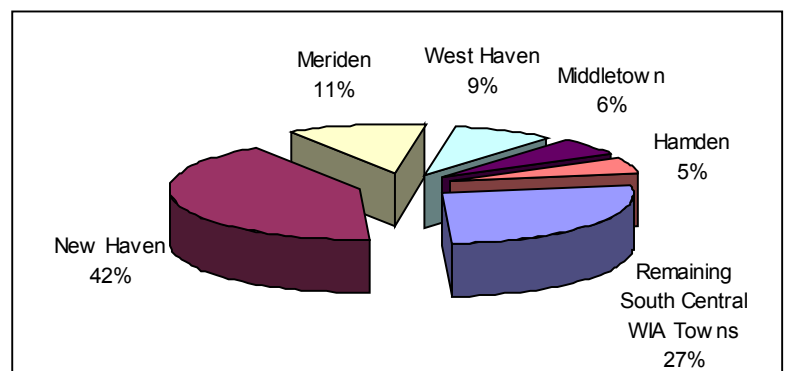
**Probationers by Residence  
May 2003**

	Number of Adult Probationers
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>55,230</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>13,010</b>
New Haven	5,428
Meriden	1,496
West Haven	1,108
Middletown	769
Hamden	666

*As of May 2003, the South Central WIA accounted for approximately 24% of the total adult probationers in Connecticut.*



*New Haven, Meriden, West Haven, Middletown, and Hamden accounted for 73% (9,467) of the total adult probationers in the South Central Region.*





# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

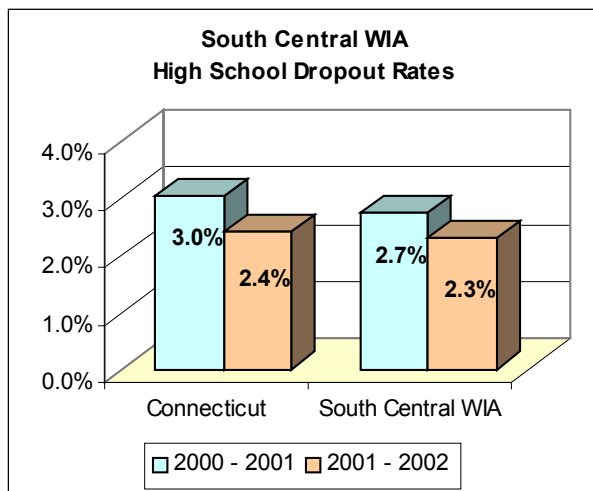
## ANNUAL HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATE 2002

- The skills and knowledge necessary to compete successfully in today's workplace are often beyond those of a high school education. Therefore, the necessity of obtaining a high school diploma, at a minimum, cannot be overemphasized.
- In Connecticut, high school enrollment increased by nearly four percent from 2001 to 2002, while the number of dropouts was down 16 percent. The overall dropout rate for grades 9 through 12 declined from 3.0 to 2.4 percent.
- In the South Central WIA, enrollment increased by 4.7 percent and the number of dropouts declined 13.7 percent. This was reflected in the dropout rate, which declined from 2.7 percent in 2001 to 2.3 percent in 2002.
- The highest dropout rate in the South Central WIA was 5.2 percent reported in New Haven, where the rate actually declined from 6.4 percent during the prior year. Hamden, with the third highest dropout rate of 3.8 percent, showed a marked improvement from a year ago when it recorded a rate of 8.5 percent.
- While nine of the 26 schools/districts in the South Central WIA recorded higher dropout rates, no dropouts were reported in Old Saybrook for the school year ending 2002.

**Annual High School Enrollment, Dropouts, and Dropout Rate 2001-02\***

	Total Enrollment	Number of Dropouts	Dropout Rate
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>158,996</b>	<b>3,891</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>28,946</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>2.3%</b>
New Haven	4,902	256	5.2%
Meriden	2,319	62	2.7%
Wallingford	2,065	23	1.1%
Milford	2,035	35	1.7%
Hamden	1,986	76	3.8%
West Haven	1,725	28	1.6%
Regional School District 5 (Chester/Deep River/Essex)	1,504	15	1.0%

\*Preliminary



**Connecticut and South Central WIA Annual Enrollment, Dropouts and Dropout Rate**

Connecticut	2000 - 2001	2001 - 2002
Total Enrollment	153,037	158,996
No. of Dropouts	4,643	3,891
Dropout Rate	3.0%	2.4%

South Central WIA	2000 - 2001	2001 - 2002
Total Enrollment	27,647	28,946
No. of Dropouts	757	653
Dropout Rate	2.7%	2.3%





# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

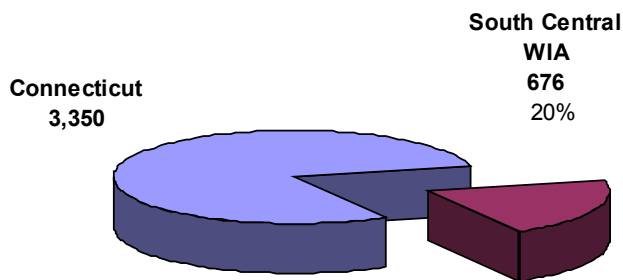
## BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS - 2000

- In 2000, the South Central WIA had a total of 676 births to teenage mothers.
- New Haven (336), Meriden (98), West Haven (79), and Middletown (34) reported the highest number of births to teenage mothers, and accounted for 81 percent of the WIA's total.
- Approximately one-third of the teenage mothers were 19 years of age, followed by 18 year olds, with 31percent.
- Nearly six percent of the teenage mothers (38) were 15 years of age or younger.

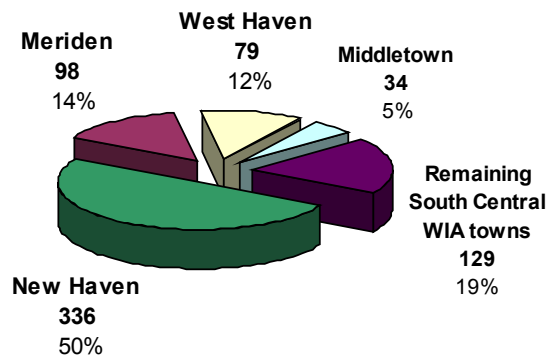
**Births to Teenage Mothers**

	Total	<15 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.
Connecticut	<b>3,350</b>	66	139	340	599	1,015	1,191
South Central WIA	<b>676</b>	8	30	79	122	208	229
New Haven	<b>336</b>	6	18	40	59	99	114
Meriden	<b>98</b>	0	4	13	19	25	37
West Haven	<b>79</b>	2	2	9	17	26	23
Middletown	<b>34</b>	0	1	4	5	11	13

*In 2000, the South Central WIA accounted for approximately 20% of the total births to teenage mothers in Connecticut.*



*New Haven, Meriden, West Haven, and Middletown accounted for 81% of the total births to teenage mothers in the Southwest Region.*

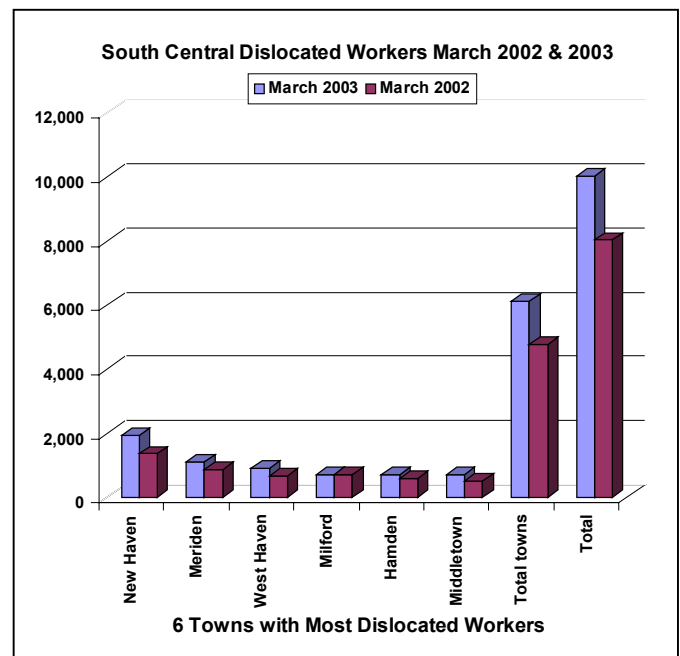
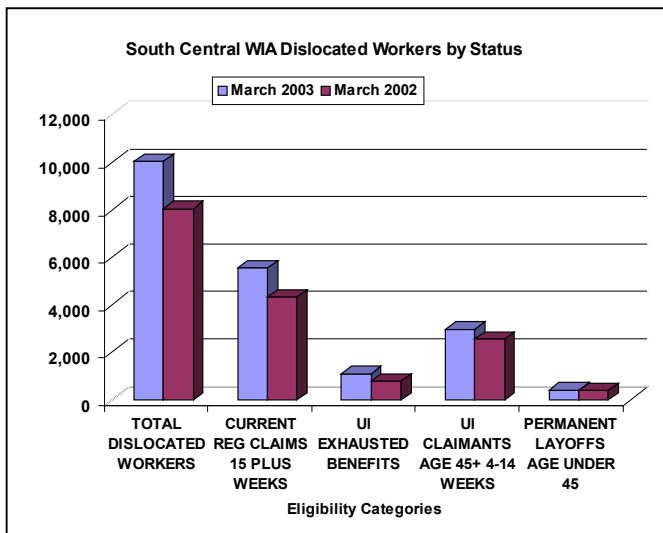
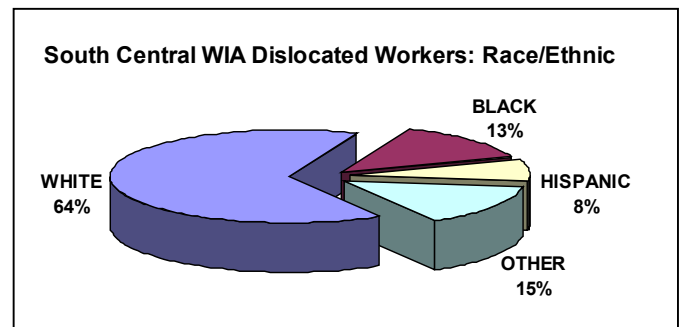




# SOUTH CENTRAL WIA

## DISLOCATED WORKERS MARCH 2002 & 2003

- The Connecticut statewide total of 53,127 includes 4,917 dislocated workers who receive Connecticut Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits but reside in surrounding states. Dislocated workers residing in all five WIAs totaled 48,210, an increase of 16 percent from last year when 41,653 were classified as dislocated workers. During the same period, the number of dislocated workers in the South Central WIA increased by 25 percent.
- Three out of ten dislocated workers in this WIA were residents of New Haven and Meriden. Residents of West Haven, Milford, Hamden, and Middletown together accounted for another 31 percent of the Northwest WIA total. New Haven recorded the largest increase (+562), while four of the thirty towns recorded declines from March 2002.
- By sex and race, 59 percent of the dislocated workers were male, 65 percent were white, 15 percent were classified as Other, and 14 percent were black. In the City of New Haven, 41 percent of the dislocated workers were black, 24 percent were white, 19 percent were Hispanic, and 17 percent were Other.
- Long-term unemployed—those out of work for 15 weeks or more—comprised 55 percent of the area's dislocated workers. Their number increased by 1,236 over the year to 5,555.



## APPENDIX TABLES

### **Economic Data:**

Connecticut Population by Town, 2000 and 2002  
2000 Population by Age Group  
Population by Race/Ethnic Group, 2000 and 1990  
Labor Force Estimates, U. S., Connecticut, and by WIA, 2002 and 2001  
Labor Force Data by Town, 2002 and 2001  
Worksites by Size Class, December 2002  
WIA Employment and Wages by Industry—2002 Annual Average  
WIA Employment and Wages by Industry—2001 Annual Average  
WIA Employment by Town—2002 Annual Average  
Connecticut Occupational Forecast, 2000 – 2010, Top 25 Ranked by Annual Growth  
Connecticut Occupational Forecast, 2000 – 2010, Top 25 Ranked by Percent Change  
Connecticut Occupational Forecast, 2000 – 2010, Top 25 Ranked by Annual Openings  
Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media, July 2003  
Retail and Housing Permits  
2003 Poverty Income Guidelines/2003 Lower Living Standard Income Levels, 70% LLSIL

### **Data on Residents in Need of Workforce Investment Services:**

Food Stamps, Temporary Family Assistance, State Supplement, and Medicaid, SFY 2002  
State Administered General Assistance, SFY 2002  
Mental Retardation Clients and Probationers  
Alcohol and Drug Abusers  
Total Annual Dropout Rate for Grades 9 – 12, 2001 – 2002  
Births to Teenage Mothers by Age and Place of Residence – 2000  
Estimated Number of Dislocated Workers by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, March 2003  
Estimated Number of Dislocated Workers by UI Status, March 2003  
Characteristics of Active Connecticut Works Applicants, June 2003  
Characteristics as Percentage of Total Active Connecticut Works Applicants, June 2003

### **Statewide Data:**

Worksites by Size Class – December 2002  
Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry—2002 Annual Average  
Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry—2001 Annual Average  
Per Capita Personal Income, Median Family Income, and Median Household Income

**Connecticut Population by Town  
2000 and 2002**

<b>Area</b>	<b>Estimate JULY 2002</b>	<b>Census 2000</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>Percent Change</b>
<b>CONNECTICUT</b>	<b>3,460,503</b>	<b>3,405,584 *</b>	<b>54,919</b>	<b>1.6%</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>713,702</b>	<b>701,870</b>	<b>11,832</b>	<b>1.7%</b>
Bethany	5,202	5,040	162	3.2%
Branford	28,951	28,683	268	0.9%
Chester	3,811	3,743	68	1.8%
Clinton	13,406	13,094	312	2.4%
Cromwell	13,370	12,871	499	3.9%
Deep River	4,725	4,610	115	2.5%
Durham	6,982	6,627	355	5.4%
East Haddam	8,638	8,333	305	3.7%
East Hampton	13,831	10,956 *	2,875	26.2%
East Haven	28,563	28,189	374	1.3%
Essex	6,730	6,505	225	3.5%
Guilford	21,868	21,398	470	2.2%
Haddam	7,360	7,157	203	2.8%
Hamden	57,927	56,913	1,014	1.8%
Killingworth	6,280	6,018	262	4.4%
Madison	18,546	17,858	688	3.9%
Meriden	58,675	58,244	431	0.7%
Middlefield	4,273	4,203	70	1.7%
Middletown	44,156	45,563 *	-1,407	-3.1%
Milford	53,472	52,305	1,167	2.2%
New Haven	124,176	123,626	550	0.4%
North Branford	14,095	13,906	189	1.4%
North Haven	23,460	23,035	425	1.8%
Old Saybrook	10,485	10,367	118	1.1%
Orange	13,383	13,233	150	1.1%
Portland	9,125	8,732	393	4.5%
Wallingford	43,826	43,026	800	1.9%
West Haven	52,733	52,360	373	0.7%
Westbrook	6,507	6,292	215	3.4%
Woodbridge	9,146	8,983	163	1.8%

Note: The 2002 estimate for East Hampton is based on the original Census count of 13,352.

\*Corrected count, 12/27/02

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates, July 2003

## 2000 POPULATION by AGE GROUP

	Total Population	Age Groups							
		0-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,405,565</b>	<b>709,075</b>	<b>216,627</b>	<b>187,571</b>	<b>451,640</b>	<b>581,049</b>	<b>480,807</b>	<b>308,613</b>	<b>470,183</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>701,870</b>	<b>139,941</b>	<b>46,019</b>	<b>43,144</b>	<b>95,655</b>	<b>115,633</b>	<b>99,184</b>	<b>62,754</b>	<b>99,540</b>
<b>Towns</b>									
Bethany	5,040	1,149	314	145	432	948	927	505	620
Branford	28,683	4,972	1,404	1,091	3,631	5,106	4,625	3,011	4,843
Chester	3,743	698	190	110	431	695	615	361	643
Clinton	13,094	2,734	816	492	1,726	2,341	2,139	1,362	1,484
Cromwell	12,871	2,276	719	454	1,803	2,289	2,101	1,150	2,079
Deep River	4,610	905	308	157	627	785	760	453	615
Durham	6,627	1,593	436	212	667	1,277	1,183	632	627
East Haddam	8,333	1,781	474	266	1,080	1,695	1,368	783	886
East Hampton	13,352	2,337	1,709	1,801	1,307	2,301	1,886	960	1,051
East Haven	28,189	5,271	1,568	1,367	4,041	4,871	3,849	2,550	4,672
Essex	6,505	1,211	282	163	625	1,155	1,080	719	1,270
Guilford	21,398	4,429	1,377	566	1,830	3,782	4,156	2,510	2,748
Haddam	7,157	1,452	440	230	745	1,419	1,326	852	693
Hamden	56,913	9,862	4,378	4,474	7,445	8,453	7,492	4,755	10,054
Killingworth	6,018	1,398	316	135	586	1,184	1,061	625	713
Madison	17,858	4,235	1,096	388	1,287	3,227	3,129	1,984	2,512
Meriden	58,244	12,663	3,572	3,470	8,236	9,355	7,880	4,857	8,211
Middlefield	4,203	887	223	121	466	805	651	393	657
Middletown	43,167	7,908	2,169	2,874	7,576	7,557	5,627	3,670	5,786
Milford	52,305	9,762	2,838	2,167	7,332	9,263	7,930	5,217	7,796
New Haven	123,626	26,592	10,910	14,183	22,028	16,578	12,564	8,100	12,671
North Branford	13,906	2,985	851	521	1,606	2,497	2,157	1,388	1,901
North Haven	23,035	4,309	1,301	871	2,433	3,826	3,509	2,496	4,290
Old Saybrook	10,367	1,903	504	264	953	1,658	1,576	1,283	2,226
Orange	13,233	2,698	781	347	1,017	2,224	2,133	1,395	2,638
Portland	8,732	1,896	458	262	1,111	1,570	1,335	824	1,276
Wallingford	43,026	8,622	2,443	1,860	5,571	7,638	6,538	3,808	6,546
West Haven	52,360	10,197	3,261	3,718	7,794	8,543	6,996	4,409	7,442
Westbrook	6,292	1,148	315	232	748	1,087	956	727	1,079
Woodbridge	8,983	2,068	566	203	521	1,504	1,635	975	1,511

Source: U.S. Census Bureau



## POPULATION by RACE/ETHNIC GROUP 2000 and 1990

Page 1 of 2

	Total		White		Black		Native American		Asian/Pacific		Hispanic		More Than One
	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000
Statewide	3,405,565	3,287,116	2,780,355	2,859,353	309,843	274,269	9,639	6,654	83,679	50,698	320,323	213,116	74,848
South Central WIA	701,870	680,049	566,111	583,652	77,653	69,824	1,524	1,179	17,707	9,838	58,039	35,818	14,126
<b>Towns</b>													
Bethany	5,040	4,608	4,790	4,420	92	114	15	8	82	60	102	46	37
Branford	28,683	27,603	26,976	26,765	386	329	28	29	799	352	737	436	343
Chester	3,743	3,417	3,623	3,360	32	20	13	15	33	19	64	39	33
Clinton	13,094	12,767	12,550	12,354	74	130	38	31	151	132	523	374	147
Cromwell	12,871	12,286	11,980	11,767	403	308	7	12	160	147	410	223	189
Deep River	4,610	4,332	4,359	4,211	111	87	2	3	40	20	136	43	50
Durham	6,627	5,732	6,407	5,611	76	67	12	8	56	38	102	51	56
East Haddam	8,333	6,676	8,105	6,578	70	45	23	12	33	25	82	73	64
East Hampton	13,352	10,428	12,466	10,274	273	71	26	13	326	42	226	139	202
East Haven	28,189	26,144	26,475	25,635	396	231	40	26	543	101	1,228	507	307
Essex	6,505	5,904	6,357	5,814	34	59	6	5	37	21	93	60	48
Guilford	21,398	19,848	20,550	19,454	200	110	10	19	352	168	455	308	198
Haddam	7,157	6,769	6,932	6,670	74	33	8	14	61	42	76	70	70
Hamden	56,913	52,434	43,996	46,624	8,840	4,556	75	53	2,025	934	2,425	1,058	1,062
Killingworth	6,018	4,814	5,870	4,749	25	23	4	13	50	26	71	41	54
Madison	17,858	15,485	17,255	15,264	72	55	11	14	307	120	240	185	168
Meriden	58,244	59,479	46,734	53,327	3,754	2,553	229	107	807	417	12,296	8,144	1,684
Middlefield	4,203	3,925	4,109	3,854	31	37	1	4	16	22	56	53	28
Middletown	43,167	42,762	34,540	36,533	5,291	4,747	99	74	1,176	826	2,287	1,413	1,204
Milford	52,305	49,938	48,967	48,337	989	757	69	74	1,234	514	1,750	1,154	586
New Haven	123,626	130,474	53,723	70,263	46,181	47,157	535	402	4,898	3,141	26,443	17,243	4,829

## POPULATION by RACE/ETHNIC GROUP 2000 and 1990

Page 2 of 2

	Total		White		Black		Native American		Asian/Pacific		Hispanic		More Than One
	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000
North Branford	13,906	12,996	13,419	12,735	165	164	9	19	131	66	250	116	117
North Haven	23,035	22,247	21,418	21,306	512	474	20	12	778	394	433	257	188
Old Saybrook	10,367	9,552	9,926	9,275	105	145	8	7	185	93	194	108	96
Orange	13,233	12,830	12,450	12,391	104	107	11	4	509	304	190	148	116
Portland	8,732	8,418	8,306	8,120	213	191	14	18	48	46	171	110	111
Wallingford	43,026	40,822	40,774	39,652	441	412	71	45	753	374	1,946	1,316	490
West Haven	52,360	54,021	38,824	45,443	8,530	6,713	128	125	1,552	1,098	4,757	1,928	1,459
Westbrook	6,292	5,414	6,025	5,319	44	39	8	1	105	39	158	84	65
Woodbridge	8,983	7,924	8,205	7,547	135	90	4	12	460	257	138	91	125

Note: Since respondents could report only one race in the 1990 census and could report one or more races in Census 2000, the data on race for 1990 and 2000 are not directly comparable. Total may not equal the sum of the categories due to the exclusion of all other categories.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

## LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

		Annual Average		Change	
		2002	2001	Number	Percent
<b>UNITED STATES</b>	<b>Labor Force</b>	<b>144,863,000</b>	<b>143,734,000</b>	<b>1,129,000</b>	<b>0.8</b>
	<b>Employed</b>	<b>136,485,000</b>	<b>136,933,000</b>	<b>-448,000</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
	<b>Unemployed</b>	<b>8,378,000</b>	<b>6,801,000</b>	<b>1,577,000</b>	<b>23.2</b>
	<b>Rate</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>***</b>
CONNECTICUT	Labor Force	1,772,900	1,755,400	17,500	1.0
	Employed	1,696,200	1,698,000	-1,800	-0.1
	Unemployed	76,800	57,400	19,400	33.8
	Rate	4.3	3.3	1.0	***
EASTERN WIA	Labor Force	223,200	216,900	6,300	2.9
	Employed	214,400	210,500	3,900	1.9
	Unemployed	8,800	6,400	2,400	37.5
	Rate	3.9	2.9	1.0	***
NORTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	486,500	483,200	3,300	0.7
	Employed	464,000	466,700	-2,700	-0.6
	Unemployed	22,500	16,600	5,900	35.5
	Rate	4.6	3.4	1.2	***
NORTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	299,300	295,600	3,700	1.3
	Employed	286,000	285,600	400	0.1
	Unemployed	13,400	10,000	3,400	34.0
	Rate	4.5	3.4	1.1	***
SOUTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	373,600	368,600	5,000	1.4
	Employed	358,200	357,000	1,200	0.3
	Unemployed	15,300	11,600	3,700	31.9
	Rate	4.1	3.2	0.9	***
SOUTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	390,300	391,100	-800	-0.2
	Employed	373,500	378,200	-4,700	-1.2
	Unemployed	16,900	12,900	4,000	31.0
	Rate	4.3	3.3	1.0	***

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

## LABOR FORCE DATA

### Employment Status of Area Residents

	2002 Annual Average				2001 Annual Average			
	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			No.	%			No.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,772,900</b>	<b>1,696,200</b>	<b>76,800</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>1,755,400</b>	<b>1,698,000</b>	<b>57,400</b>	<b>3.3</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>373,600</b>	<b>358,200</b>	<b>15,300</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>368,600</b>	<b>357,000</b>	<b>11,600</b>	<b>3.2</b>
<b>Towns</b>								
Bethany	2,688	2,612	76	2.8	2,659	2,599	60	2.3
Branford	16,410	15,865	545	3.3	16,232	15,783	449	2.8
Chester	2,259	2,189	70	3.1	2,217	2,180	37	1.7
Clinton	7,703	7,469	234	3.0	7,609	7,430	179	2.4
Cromwell	6,974	6,730	244	3.5	6,961	6,769	192	2.8
Deep River	2,824	2,727	97	3.4	2,777	2,716	61	2.2
Durham	3,601	3,487	114	3.2	3,602	3,507	95	2.6
East Haddam	4,213	4,038	175	4.2	4,190	4,060	130	3.1
East Hampton	6,303	6,062	241	3.8	6,273	6,096	177	2.8
East Haven	15,376	14,692	684	4.4	15,112	14,616	496	3.3
Essex	3,444	3,344	100	2.9	3,399	3,330	69	2.0
Guilford	11,936	11,646	290	2.4	11,830	11,586	244	2.1
Haddam	4,254	4,128	126	3.0	4,244	4,151	93	2.2
Hamden	30,179	29,091	1,088	3.6	29,799	28,942	857	2.9
Killingworth	3,078	2,979	99	3.2	3,039	2,964	75	2.5
Madison	8,629	8,399	230	2.7	8,523	8,356	167	2.0
Meriden	31,119	29,503	1,616	5.2	30,618	29,351	1,267	4.1
Middlefield	2,284	2,201	83	3.6	2,287	2,214	73	3.2
Middletown	24,444	23,440	1,004	4.1	24,362	23,573	789	3.2
Milford	26,959	25,720	1,239	4.6	26,511	25,675	836	3.2
New Haven	59,165	55,897	3,268	5.5	58,093	55,610	2,483	4.3
North Branford	8,465	8,176	289	3.4	8,345	8,133	212	2.5
North Haven	12,821	12,410	411	3.2	12,647	12,347	300	2.4
Old Saybrook	6,202	6,014	188	3.0	5,985	5,879	106	1.8
Orange	6,760	6,573	187	2.8	6,673	6,539	134	2.0
Portland	4,684	4,519	165	3.5	4,671	4,545	126	2.7
Wallingford	23,651	22,794	857	3.6	23,388	22,676	712	3.0
West Haven	29,348	27,966	1,382	4.7	28,869	27,822	1,047	3.6
Westbrook	3,330	3,203	127	3.8	3,271	3,190	81	2.5
Woodbridge	4,460	4,369	91	2.0	4,418	4,347	71	1.6

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

## WORKSITES by SIZE CLASS

December 2002

Size Class (No. of Employees)	Worksites*		Employment*	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
0 - 4	10,598	55.4%	18,629	6.4%
5 - 9	3,581	18.7%	23,768	8.2%
10 - 19	2,355	12.3%	31,579	10.9%
20 - 49	1,624	8.5%	49,408	17.0%
50 - 99	551	2.9%	37,835	13.0%
100 - 249	324	1.7%	49,840	17.2%
250 - 499	59	0.3%	19,038	6.6%
500 - 999	20	0.1%	13,083	4.5%
1,000 & over	18	0.1%	46,769	16.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>19,130</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>289,949</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Excludes government.

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms report only statewide employment and are, therefore, not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county is available on-line at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).

## South Central WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>19,890</b>	<b>331,588</b>	<b>\$13,557,585,979</b>	<b>\$40,887</b>	<b>\$786</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>3,282</b>	<b>60,237</b>	<b>\$3,123,024,288</b>	<b>\$51,845</b>	<b>\$997</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>2,013</b>	<b>14,391</b>	<b>\$672,793,459</b>	<b>\$46,751</b>	<b>\$899</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>1,269</b>	<b>45,846</b>	<b>\$2,450,230,830</b>	<b>\$53,445</b>	<b>\$1,028</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>32,714</b>	<b>\$1,666,145,258</b>	<b>\$50,930</b>	<b>\$979</b>
Fabricated Metal	311	7,883	\$348,213,954	\$44,171	\$849
Machinery	143	3,392	\$176,402,616	\$52,008	\$1,000
Computer and Electronic Product	113	4,889	\$251,185,829	\$51,383	\$988
Electrical Equipment	41	1,793	\$86,402,930	\$48,196	\$927
Transportation Equipment	54	7,109	\$433,080,488	\$60,921	\$1,172
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>13,132</b>	<b>\$784,085,572</b>	<b>\$59,710</b>	<b>\$1,148</b>
Printing and Related	124	2,405	\$113,335,155	\$47,120	\$906
Chemical	44	5,285	\$464,153,582	\$87,823	\$1,689
Plastics and Rubber Products	55	1,851	\$75,991,553	\$41,056	\$790
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>16,608</b>	<b>271,351</b>	<b>\$10,434,561,690</b>	<b>\$38,454</b>	<b>\$740</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>4,521</b>	<b>59,838</b>	<b>\$1,975,761,264</b>	<b>\$33,019</b>	<b>\$635</b>
Wholesale Trade	1,345	12,173	\$650,610,047	\$53,447	\$1,028
Retail Trade	2,789	39,913	\$1,040,437,531	\$26,068	\$501
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	292	5,028	\$219,202,108	\$43,601	\$838
Building Material	193	3,419	\$109,353,625	\$31,984	\$615
Food and Beverage Stores	469	9,764	\$231,696,403	\$23,729	\$456
General Merchandise Stores	72	5,111	\$89,995,815	\$17,607	\$339
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	387	7,752	\$284,713,686	\$36,728	\$706
<b>Information</b>	<b>274</b>	<b>11,052</b>	<b>\$568,112,623</b>	<b>\$51,402</b>	<b>\$988</b>
Telecommunications	62	6,154	\$365,790,739	\$59,440	\$1,143
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>1,677</b>	<b>21,268</b>	<b>\$1,134,754,868</b>	<b>\$53,356</b>	<b>\$1,026</b>
Finance and Insurance	1,021	16,779	\$975,268,694	\$58,126	\$1,118
Credit Intermediation	403	4,558	\$218,189,435	\$47,870	\$921
Securities and Commodity Contracts	161	873	\$82,269,595	\$94,202	\$1,812
Insurance Carriers	423	10,235	\$605,945,026	\$59,206	\$1,139
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	656	4,489	\$159,486,174	\$35,528	\$683

**South Central WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average**

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>3,206</b>	<b>32,695</b>	<b>\$1,401,762,004</b>	<b>\$42,874</b>	<b>\$825</b>
Professional, Scientific	2,129	13,977	\$806,801,335	\$57,723	\$1,110
Management of Companies	75	3,034	\$205,840,546	\$67,837	\$1,305
Administrative and Support	1,002	15,684	\$389,120,122	\$24,811	\$477
<b>Education and Health Services</b>	<b>2,169</b>	<b>68,562</b>	<b>\$2,819,487,079</b>	<b>\$41,123</b>	<b>\$791</b>
Educational Services	245	19,735	\$1,010,872,730	\$51,224	\$985
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,924	48,828	\$1,808,614,349	\$37,041	\$712
Hospitals	6	12,571	\$564,339,021	\$44,893	\$863
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	266	13,810	\$395,058,671	\$28,606	\$550
Social Assistance	422	6,063	\$118,263,205	\$19,506	\$375
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>1,748</b>	<b>24,075</b>	<b>\$368,916,788</b>	<b>\$15,324</b>	<b>\$295</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	301	4,436	\$85,341,344	\$19,240	\$370
Accommodation and Food Services	1,447	19,639	\$283,575,445	\$14,439	\$278
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	1,355	17,611	\$243,608,321	\$13,833	\$266
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>2,292</b>	<b>10,993</b>	<b>\$277,354,837</b>	<b>\$25,230</b>	<b>\$485</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>42,784</b>	<b>\$1,886,154,291</b>	<b>\$44,086</b>	<b>\$848</b>
Federal	97	6,098	\$295,013,577	\$48,375	\$930
State	146	10,260	\$496,686,219	\$48,412	\$931
Local	441	26,426	\$1,094,454,495	\$41,416	\$796
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>\$2,257,937</b>	<b>\$26,695</b>	<b>\$513</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

## South Central WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>19,720</b>	<b>332,158</b>	<b>\$13,363,318,187</b>	<b>\$40,232</b>	<b>\$774</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>3,276</b>	<b>63,515</b>	<b>\$3,256,931,263</b>	<b>\$51,278</b>	<b>\$986</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>1,988</b>	<b>14,424</b>	<b>\$675,173,951</b>	<b>\$46,809</b>	<b>\$900</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>49,090</b>	<b>\$2,581,757,311</b>	<b>\$52,592</b>	<b>\$1,011</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>928</b>	<b>34,943</b>	<b>\$1,755,823,258</b>	<b>\$50,248</b>	<b>\$966</b>
Fabricated Metal	313	8,448	\$363,097,397	\$42,979	\$827
Machinery	149	3,913	\$205,724,459	\$52,573	\$1,011
Computer and Electronic Product	119	5,644	\$275,877,807	\$48,881	\$940
Electrical Equipment	41	1,780	\$88,705,865	\$49,837	\$958
Transportation Equipment	56	7,548	\$442,717,567	\$58,651	\$1,128
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>14,147</b>	<b>\$825,934,053</b>	<b>\$58,383</b>	<b>\$1,123</b>
Printing and Related	131	2,915	\$129,851,513	\$44,550	\$857
Chemical	44	5,608	\$489,527,861	\$87,292	\$1,679
Plastics and Rubber Products	60	2,012	\$79,576,248	\$39,546	\$760
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>16,444</b>	<b>268,643</b>	<b>\$10,106,386,925</b>	<b>\$37,620</b>	<b>\$723</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>4,476</b>	<b>59,426</b>	<b>\$1,965,008,356</b>	<b>\$33,067</b>	<b>\$636</b>
Wholesale Trade	1,319	12,777	\$692,751,371	\$54,221	\$1,043
Retail Trade	2,793	38,665	\$984,971,869	\$25,474	\$490
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	311	4,849	\$209,596,253	\$43,224	\$831
Building Material	195	3,325	\$102,064,837	\$30,693	\$590
Food and Beverage Stores	482	9,752	\$221,553,107	\$22,720	\$437
General Merchandise Stores	72	4,911	\$83,572,110	\$17,016	\$327
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	364	7,984	\$287,285,116	\$35,983	\$692
<b>Information</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>11,595</b>	<b>\$589,393,242</b>	<b>\$50,833</b>	<b>\$978</b>
Telecommunications	56	6,448	\$380,317,129	\$58,984	\$1,134
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>1,622</b>	<b>20,950</b>	<b>\$1,082,107,496</b>	<b>\$51,651</b>	<b>\$993</b>
Finance and Insurance	987	16,598	\$932,516,681	\$56,182	\$1,080
Credit Intermediation	401	4,309	\$184,051,755	\$42,709	\$821
Securities and Commodity Contracts	145	837	\$87,699,642	\$104,799	\$2,015
Insurance Carriers	410	10,343	\$592,681,988	\$57,301	\$1,102
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	635	4,352	\$149,590,815	\$34,372	\$661



## South Central WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>3,188</b>	<b>33,018</b>	<b>\$1,407,773,804</b>	<b>\$42,636</b>	<b>\$820</b>
Professional, Scientific	2,131	14,110	\$835,230,602	\$59,192	\$1,138
Management of Companies	73	2,977	\$212,189,772	\$71,274	\$1,371
Administrative and Support	984	15,931	\$360,353,430	\$22,620	\$435
<b>Educational and Health Services</b>	<b>2,132</b>	<b>65,827</b>	<b>\$2,602,086,643</b>	<b>\$39,529</b>	<b>\$760</b>
Educational Services	239	18,988	\$922,746,349	\$48,596	\$935
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,893	46,839	\$1,679,340,294	\$35,854	\$689
Hospitals	6	12,243	\$521,632,657	\$42,606	\$819
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	260	13,517	\$380,175,501	\$28,126	\$541
Social Assistance	409	5,729	\$107,290,769	\$18,727	\$360
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>1,722</b>	<b>23,953</b>	<b>\$368,973,777</b>	<b>\$15,404</b>	<b>\$296</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	289	4,616	\$92,497,351	\$20,039	\$385
Accommodation and Food Services	1,433	19,337	\$276,476,426	\$14,298	\$275
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	1,341	17,166	\$234,988,194	\$13,689	\$263
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>2,285</b>	<b>10,749</b>	<b>\$268,833,912</b>	<b>\$25,010</b>	<b>\$481</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>42,998</b>	<b>\$1,819,022,039</b>	<b>\$42,305</b>	<b>\$814</b>
Federal	109	6,200	\$288,973,709	\$46,606	\$896
State	142	10,337	\$475,338,768	\$45,984	\$884
Local	443	26,461	\$1,054,709,562	\$39,860	\$767
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>\$3,187,655</b>	<b>\$24,871</b>	<b>\$478</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

## ***SOUTH CENTRAL WORKFORCE INVESTMENT AREA***

### ***EMPLOYMENT BY TOWN - 2002 ANNUAL AVERAGE***

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>BETHANY</b>		
All Ownerships	142	1,041
Private Ownership	130	773
Federal Government	1	13
State Government	2	70
Local Government	9	184
<b>BRANFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	1,136	13,376
Private Ownership	1,116	12,389
Federal Government	3	81
State Government	1	16
Local Government	16	891
<b>CHESTER</b>		
All Ownerships	147	1,903
Private Ownership	131	1,817
Federal Government	1	4
State Government	1	1
Local Government	14	81
<b>CLINTON</b>		
All Ownerships	398	4,286
Private Ownership	383	3,785
Federal Government	2	19
Local Government	13	482
<b>CROMWELL</b>		
All Ownerships	358	6,111
Private Ownership	343	5,599
Federal Government	1	29
State Government	1	13
Local Government	13	470
<b>DEEP RIVER</b>		
All Ownerships	119	1,241
Private Ownership	100	876
Federal Government	1	11
State Government	1	1
Local Government	17	352

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>DURHAM</b>		
All Ownerships	151	1,713
Private Ownership	141	1,462
Federal Government	1	5
State Government	1	1
Local Government	8	245
<b>EAST HADDAM</b>		
All Ownerships	163	1,518
Private Ownership	148	1,237
Federal Government	2	7
State Government	2	16
Local Government	11	258
<b>EAST HAMPTON</b>		
All Ownerships	218	1,745
Private Ownership	197	1,344
Federal Government	4	20
State Government	1	2
Local Government	16	379
<b>EAST HAVEN</b>		
All Ownerships	538	6,786
Private Ownership	522	5,830
Federal Government	1	83
State Government	3	30
Local Government	12	844
<b>ESSEX</b>		
All Ownerships	376	3,669
Private Ownership	360	3,526
Federal Government	5	16
State Government	1	1
Local Government	10	126
<b>GUILFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	696	6,431
Private Ownership	678	5,549
Federal Government	1	39
State Government	1	3
Local Government	16	840

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>HADDAM</b>		
All Ownerships	184	1,218
Private Ownership	165	834
Federal Government	3	8
State Government	4	57
Local Government	12	318
<b>HAMDEN</b>		
All Ownerships	1,501	19,603
Private Ownership	1,458	17,319
Federal Government	3	161
State Government	17	634
Local Government	23	1,489
<b>KILLINGWORTH</b>		
All Ownerships	137	618
Private Ownership	130	392
Federal Government	1	11
State Government	2	4
Local Government	4	210
<b>MADISON</b>		
All Ownerships	600	5,134
Private Ownership	583	4,359
Federal Government	2	5
State Government	1	43
Local Government	14	727
<b>MERIDEN</b>		
All Ownerships	1,300	25,665
Private Ownership	1,251	22,638
Federal Government	5	155
State Government	22	879
Local Government	22	1,993
<b>MIDDLEFIELD</b>		
All Ownerships	128	1,596
Private Ownership	115	1,459
Federal Government	2	6
State Government	1	0
Local Government	10	131

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>MIDDLETOWN</b>		
All Ownerships	1,124	28,970
Private Ownership	1,073	23,799
Federal Government	5	113
State Government	25	3,671
Local Government	21	1,388
<b>MILFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	1,800	28,399
Private Ownership	1,771	25,962
Federal Government	5	233
State Government	7	289
Local Government	17	1,916
<b>NEW HAVEN</b>		
All Ownerships	2,935	75,829
Private Ownership	2,872	64,276
Federal Government	19	1,378
State Government	24	3,842
Local Government	20	6,334
<b>NORTH BRANFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	375	4,678
Private Ownership	359	4,209
Federal Government	2	10
State Government	1	8
Local Government	13	451
<b>NORTH HAVEN</b>		
All Ownerships	1,029	22,009
Private Ownership	1,003	20,963
Federal Government	3	63
State Government	6	177
Local Government	17	807
<b>OLD SAYBROOK</b>		
All Ownerships	579	6,117
Private Ownership	558	5,544
Federal Government	3	29
State Government	3	79
Local Government	15	465

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>ORANGE</b>		
All Ownerships	567	9,669
Private Ownership	546	9,106
Federal Government	2	21
Local Government	19	543
<b>PORTLAND</b>		
All Ownerships	256	3,277
Private Ownership	235	2,893
Federal Government	1	17
State Government	2	24
Local Government	18	343
<b>WALLINGFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	1,387	25,727
Private Ownership	1,347	22,607
Federal Government	10	1,193
State Government	13	324
Local Government	17	1,603
<b>WEST HAVEN</b>		
All Ownerships	893	16,904
Private Ownership	873	12,757
Federal Government	4	2,336
State Government	1	3
Local Government	15	1,808
<b>WESTBROOK</b>		
All Ownerships	231	3,066
Private Ownership	212	2,739
Federal Government	3	9
State Government	2	74
Local Government	14	244
<b>WOODBIDGE</b>		
All Ownerships	346	3,207
Private Ownership	330	2,677
Federal Government	1	25
Local Government	15	506

## Connecticut Occupational Forecast 2000 - 2010 Occupations Ranked by Annual Growth - Top 25 in Connecticut

No.	Job Title	2000 Emp.	2010 Emp.	Percent Change	Annual Growth	Annual Openings	Average Annual Salary	Educ./ Train. Code
1	Registered Nurses	30,530	37,040	21.3%	651	1,268	\$54,036	6
2	Retail Salespersons	54,470	60,820	11.6%	635	2,593	\$24,095	11
3	Customer Service Representatives	27,800	34,050	22.5%	625	861	\$31,992	10
4	Computer Support Specialists	7,680	13,110	70.6%	543	575	\$45,883	6
5	Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	23,540	28,920	22.9%	538	839	\$26,396	11
6	Cashiers	45,930	50,640	10.3%	471	2,240	\$17,889	11
7	Computer Software Engineers, Applications	6,660	10,340	55.1%	367	412	\$76,576	5
8	Computer Systems Analysts	8,960	12,280	37.0%	332	411	\$67,050	5
9	Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11,190	14,230	27.2%	304	585	\$26,479	11
10	Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	15,800	18,610	17.8%	281	624	\$19,943	11
11	Teacher Assistants	20,690	23,490	13.5%	279	712	\$23,468	11
12	Waiters and Waitresses	26,390	28,950	9.7%	256	1,741	\$17,307	11
13	Janitors & Cleaners, Exc. Maids & Housekeeping	29,490	32,040	8.6%	255	788	\$23,124	11
14	Social and Human Service Assistants	7,840	10,270	31.0%	243	360	\$33,378	10
15	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	15,720	17,970	14.3%	225	1,097	\$18,476	11
16	Home Health Aides	8,441	10,630	26.0%	220	327	\$24,611	11
17	Receptionists and Information Clerks	13,510	15,460	14.5%	196	494	\$25,365	11
18	Network and Computer System Administrators	3,470	5,300	53.0%	184	199	\$64,132	5
19	Medical Assistants	3,910	5,730	46.7%	183	286	\$29,638	10
20	Securities/Commodities/Fin. Svcs. Sales Agents	5,850	7,660	31.0%	181	229	\$94,892	5
21	Personal and Home Care Aides	4,460	6,270	40.6%	181	249	\$21,780	11
22	Accountants and Auditors	17,880	19,540	9.3%	167	432	\$61,184	5
23	Truck Drivers, Heavy and Tractor-Trailer	14,120	15,760	11.7%	165	359	\$37,887	10
24	Office Clerks, General	30,600	32,230	5.3%	163	752	\$26,736	11
25	First-Line Supvrs/Mgrs of Retail Sales Workers	18,750	20,370	8.7%	162	433	\$39,190	8

### Education/Training Codes:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 - First Professional Degree                     | 7 - Postsecondary Vocational Training       |
| 2 - Doctoral Degree                               | 8 - Work Experience in a Related Occupation |
| 3 - Master's Degree                               | 9 - Long-Term On-The-Job Training           |
| 4 - Work Experience + Bachelor's or Higher Degree | 10 - Moderate-Term On-The-Job Training      |
| 5 - Bachelor's Degree                             | 11 - Short-Term On-The-Job Training         |
| 6 - Associate Degree                              |   |

Source: *Forecast 2000 - 2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future*, October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor

## Connecticut Occupational Forecast 2000 - 2010 Occupations Ranked by Percent Change - Top 25

No. Job Title	Emp.	Emp.	Change	Growth	Openings	Average Salary	Educ./ Code
1 Computer Support Specialists	7,680	13,110	<b>70.6%</b>	543	575	\$45,883	6
2 Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	2,410	3,780	<b>56.6%</b>	137	153	\$70,059	5
3 Computer Software Engineers, Applications	6,660	10,340	<b>55.1%</b>	367	412	\$76,576	5
4 Network and Computer System Administrators	3,470	5,300	<b>53.0%</b>	184	199	\$64,132	5
5 Database Administrators	1,950	2,880	<b>48.0%</b>	93	102	\$63,370	5
6 Gaming Supervisors	790	1,170	<b>46.9%</b>	37	59		7
7 Medical Assistants	3,910	5,730	<b>46.7%</b>	183	286	\$29,638	10
8 Network Systems & Data Communications Analysts	2,300	3,350	<b>45.8%</b>	105	115	\$63,410	5
9 Computer Specialists, All Other	2,060	2,920	<b>42.1%</b>	87	105	\$63,370	7
10 Physician Assistants	810	1,140	<b>40.7%</b>	33	51	\$68,636	5
11 Personal and Home Care Aides	4,460	6,270	<b>40.6%</b>	181	249	\$21,780	11
12 Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	1,580	2,220	<b>40.3%</b>	64	100	\$84,028	2
13 Personal Financial Advisors	2,230	3,070	<b>38.0%</b>	85	110	\$85,476	5
14 Pharmacy Technicians	2,410	3,320	<b>37.5%</b>	91	153	\$23,404	10
15 Computer Systems Analysts	8,960	12,280	<b>37.0%</b>	332	411	\$67,050	5
16 Biochemists and Biophysicists	1,380	1,870	<b>35.1%</b>	49	98	\$70,364	2
17 Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	1,050	1,420	<b>34.5%</b>	36	82	\$20,531	11
18 Gaming Change Persons and Booth Cashiers	780	1,040	<b>34.4%</b>	27	57		11
19 Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	1,190	1,590	<b>33.5%</b>	40	67	\$32,574	6
20 Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket Takers	1,100	1,460	<b>32.8%</b>	36	103	\$17,779	11
21 Microbiologists	880	1,160	<b>32.3%</b>	28	60		2
22 Gaming Dealers	2,640	3,480	<b>31.7%</b>	84	175		7
23 Computer and Information Systems Managers	4,620	6,080	<b>31.7%</b>	146	224	\$98,731	4
24 Social and Human Service Assistants	7,840	10,270	<b>31.0%</b>	243	360	\$33,378	10
25 Securities/Commodities/Fin. Svcs. Sales Agents	5,850	7,660	<b>31.0%</b>	181	229	\$94,892	5

### Education/Training Codes:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1 - First Professional Degree</b></li> <li><b>2 - Doctoral Degree</b></li> <li><b>3 - Master's Degree</b></li> <li><b>4 - Work Experience + Bachelor's or Higher Degree</b></li> <li><b>5 - Bachelor's Degree</b></li> <li><b>6 - Associate Degree</b></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>7 - Postsecondary Vocational Training</b></li> <li><b>8 - Work Experience in a Related Occupation</b></li> <li><b>9 - Long-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> <li><b>10 - Moderate-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> <li><b>11 - Short-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> </ul> |
|---|---|

Source: *Forecast 2000 - 2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future*, October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor



## Connecticut Occupational Forecast 2000 - 2010 Occupations Ranked by Annual Openings - Top 25

No. Job Title	2000 Emp.	2010 Emp.	Percent Change	Annual Growth	Annual Openings	Average Annual Salary	Educ./ Train. Code
1 Retail Salespersons	54,470	60,820	11.6%	635	2,593	\$24,095	11
2 Cashiers	45,930	50,640	10.2%	471	2,240	\$17,889	11
3 Waiters and Waitresses	26,390	28,950	9.7%	256	1,741	\$17,307	11
4 Registered Nurses	30,530	37,040	21.3%	651	1,268	\$54,036	6
5 Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	15,720	17,970	14.3%	225	1,097	\$18,476	11
6 Customer Service Representatives	27,800	34,050	22.5%	625	861	\$31,992	10
7 Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	23,540	28,920	22.9%	538	839	\$26,396	11
8 Janitors & Cleaners, Exc. Maids & Housekeeping	29,490	32,040	8.6%	255	788	\$23,124	11
9 Office Clerks, General	30,600	32,230	5.3%	163	752	\$26,736	11
10 Teacher Assistants	20,690	23,490	13.5%	279	712	\$23,468	11
11 Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Mat. Movers, Hand	22,140	22,600	2.1%	46	664	\$24,983	11
12 Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	15,800	18,610	17.8%	281	624	\$19,943	11
13 Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11,190	14,230	27.2%	304	585	\$26,479	11
14 Computer Support Specialists	7,680	13,110	70.6%	543	575	\$45,883	6
15 Counter Attendants, Caf./Food/Concession/Coffee S	7,080	8,300	17.3%	122	567	\$17,553	11
16 Food Preparation Workers	12,380	13,870	12.0%	149	562	\$20,805	11
17 General and Operations Managers	24,180	25,700	6.3%	151	559	\$99,965	4
18 Sales Reps., Wholesale & Manufacturing, Excl. Tech	20,200	19,880	-1.6%	0	548	\$61,528	10
19 Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	28,460	28,040	-1.5%	0	540	\$33,930	10
20 Child Care Workers	12,650	14,030	11.0%	139	528	\$20,559	11
21 Security Guards	14,500	15,760	8.6%	125	522	\$22,241	11
22 Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	20,810	20,180	-3.0%	0	511	\$24,355	11
23 Receptionists and Information Clerks	13,510	15,460	14.5%	196	494	\$25,365	11
24 Secondary School Teachers, Exc. Special & Voc. Ed	12,520	13,580	8.5%	107	488	\$53,437	5
25 Secretaries, Exc. Legal, Medical, and Executive	27,890	26,440	-5.2%	0	476	\$30,869	10

### Education/Training Codes:

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 - First Professional Degree</li> <li>2 - Doctoral Degree</li> <li>3 - Master's Degree</li> <li>4 - Work Experience + Bachelor's or Higher Degree</li> <li>5 - Bachelor's Degree</li> <li>6 - Associate Degree</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7 - Postsecondary Vocational Training</li> <li>8 - Work Experience in a Related Occupation</li> <li>9 - Long-Term On-The-Job Training</li> <li>10 - Moderate-Term On-The-Job Training</li> <li>11 - Short-Term On-The-Job Training</li> </ul> |
|---|--|

Source: *Forecast 2000 - 2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future*, October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor

**BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA  
JULY 2003**

**South Central WIA**

<b>Startups and Expansions</b>					
<b>STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>REASON/ COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
2004	Super Stop & Shop Bridgeport	Supermarket	240	New store will be built on Fairfield Avenue	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
2003	Helicopter Support, Inc. Trumbull	Helicopter parts	240	This subsidiary of Sikorsky Aircraft is expanding	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
2003	Unilever Trumbull	Manufacturing	220	Expansion	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
2003	Castle Development New Britain	Real estate development	50	National company has opened a new office	New Britain Herald 6/12/03
Spring 2003	Norden Systems Norwalk	Radar systems	40-50	Increased demand for defense radar systems	Hartford Courant 5/9/03
May 7, 2003	Price Chopper Waterbury	Supermarket	400	New store has opened on Wolcott Street	Waterbury Republican- American 5/8/03
May 2, 2003	Cleary's Restaurant Waterbury	Restaurant	25	New business has opened in the old Ground Round	Waterbury Republican- American 5/15/03
Summer 2004	Foxwoods Casino Masantucket	Gaming	325	Expansion	New London Day 4/2/03
<b>2003</b>	<b>Mangrove Systems Wallingford</b>	<b>Networking devices</b>	<b>20-25</b>	<b>Company has been able to procure more funding</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican- American 4/16/03</b>
Fall 2003	Big Lots Derby	Closeout retailer	20-40	National chain is moving into the former Service Merchandise	New Haven Register 4/16/03
Spring 2003	Travelers Life & Annuity Hartford	Insurance	80	Jobs are in the new office in CityPlace	Hartford Courant 4/9/03
July 2003	AutoZone, Inc. Waterbury	Auto parts retailer	12	Company will open its second Waterbury store on Main Street	Waterbury Republican- American 3/13/03

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>REASON/ COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
<b>Summer 2003</b>	<b>DunkinDonuts/Baskin Robbins-Killingworth</b>	<b>Doughnuts-Ice Cream</b>	<b>12-15</b>	<b>New store will be built on Route 81</b>	<b>Middletown Press 3/5/03</b>
Spring 2003	Harborside Bar & Grille Stratford	Restaurant	100	New restaurant will be overlooking the Housatonic River	Connecticut Post 3/13/03
<b>2005</b>	<b>Pfizer, Inc. New Haven</b>	<b>Drug maker</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Pfizer and Yale University will build a clinical research center</b>	<b>Hartford Courant 2/5/03</b>
2003	Microsol, Inc. Oxford	Remote control products	15	New jobs will be created due to merger with overseas company	Waterbury Republican- American 2/13/03
Spring 2003	DeVivo Industries Waterbury	Trash containers	20-25	Company is moving from Newtown and will expand	Waterbury Republican- American 1/8/03
2003	Electric Boat Groton	Submarine shipyard	400	Pace of orders from the Navy has picked up	Hartford Courant 12/6/02
Summer 2003	Parksite Plunkett-Webster South Windsor	Distribution of home building products	12	Company is constructing a new, larger building	Manchester Journal Inquirer 11/1/01
October 5, 2002	Krispy Kreme Newington	Doughnuts	150	Company is opening its first store in Connecticut	New Haven Register 10/2/02
<b>Fall 2002</b>	<b>Bank of Southern CT New Haven &amp; Branford</b>	<b>Financial institution</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>Two new branches are opening</b>	<b>New Haven Register 9/11/02</b>
Summer 2002	CRC Bank Wethersfield	Commercial bank	20	New bank has been formed	New Britain Herald 6/13/02
August 2002	Big Y Foods, Inc. Waterford	Supermarket	200	New store is being built on Boston Post Road	New Haven Register 6/11/02
Summer 2003	Dunkin' Donuts Cheshire	Bakery	30	New enterprise will bake products for Dunkin' Donuts	Waterbury Republican- American 5/2/02
Fall 2002	Best Western Berlin	Hotel	10	New hotel is being built on the Berlin Turnpike	New Britain Herald 12/11/01
2002	Electric Boat Groton	Navy submarines	500	More repair and overhaul work to go along with ship building	Hartford Courant 12/6/01
<b>2002</b>	<b>Raymour &amp; Flanigan Waterbury, Danbury, Norwalk, Waterford, Orange, Stratford</b>	<b>Furniture chain</b>	<b>240-350</b>	<b>Company will open new stores</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican- American 11/8/01</b>

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>REASON/ COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
Summer 2002	The Home Depot Bristol	Retail store	300	New store will be built on Route 6	Bristol Press 8/9/01
2002	UBS Warburg Stamford	Financial services	500	Expansion	Stamford Advocate 8/9/00

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>Layoffs and Staff Reductions</b>					
<b>LAYOFF/STAFF REDUCTION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
JUNE 2004	Lacey Manufacturing Bridgeport	Medical products	110	Product line will be produced by another company	Connecticut Post 7/11/03
<b>SPRING 2004</b>	<b>Dana Engine Branford</b>	<b>Engine parts</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>Plant is being shut down</b>	<b>WVIT-NBC 30 7/10/03</b>
MARCH 2004	Kendro Laboratories Newtown	Medical equipment	320	Production is being shifted to North Carolina	Connecticut Post 7/16/03
<b>AUGUST 30, 2003</b>	<b>Madrigal Audio Lab Middletown</b>	<b>Audio and video products</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>Company is shutting down</b>	<b>Middletown Press 7/2/03</b>
JUNE 27, 2003	Adams Supermarkets New London & New Britain	Supermarket	99	Stores are closing	Waterbury Republican-American 5/6/03
JUNE 2003	The Hartford Hartford	Insurance	850	Layoffs will fund reserves against asbestos related claims	Waterbury Republican-American 5/13/03
SPRING 2003	Stanley Works New Britain	Tool maker	280	Company is trying to reduce costs	Hartford Courant 4/10/03
APRIL 2003	A&P Super Foodmart Norwich	Supermarket	48	Store is closing	New London Day 4/2/03
APRIL 9,2003	The Voice News Winsted	Newspaper	17	Weekly paper will cease publication	Waterbury Republican-American 4/8/09
MARCH 5, 2003	Lego Enfield	Plastic building blocks	72	Global restructuring	WFSB-Channel 3
FEBRUARY 2003	American Savings Bank Rocky Hill, Glastonbury	Bank	150	Merger with Banknorth Group will eliminate jobs	Waterbury Republican-American 2/14/03
<b>FEBRUARY 5, 2003</b>	<b>Circuit City Stores Orange, North Haven and Trumbull</b>	<b>Home electronics</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>Shrinking profit margins and weakened customer demand</b>	<b>New Haven Register 2/6/03</b>
WINTER 2003	CIGNA Corp. Bloomfield	Health insurance	200-240	Effort to cut costs	Hartford Courant 1/8/03

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>LAYOFF/STAFF REDUCTION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
<b>FEBRUARY 2003</b>	<b>R.R. Donnelly Logistics Orange</b>	<b>Distribution of books</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>Center is closing and work is being shifted to Pennsylvania</b>	<b>New Haven Register 1/8/03</b>
JANUARY 9, 2003	Executive Greetings, Inc. New Hartford	Greeting cards	65	Slow business	Torrington Register- Citizen 1/10/03
2003	Aetna Hartford	Insurance	260	Company is cutting cost to restore profits	WTNH-Channel 8, 12/11/02
DECEMBER 2002	Sikorsky Aircraft Stratford	Helicopters	265	Downturn in the international helicopter market	Hartford Courant 12/4/02
JANUARY 2003	Mystic Color Lab Stonington	Film processing	122	Plant is closing	New Haven Register 11/14/02
DECEMBER 2002	Emisphere Technologies Farmington	Drug developer	32	Company is closing its research center	New Haven Register 11/7/02
NOVEMBER 2002	Pitney Bowes, Inc. Stamford	Mail meter devices	80	New equipment requires less labor to assemble	Hartford Courant 11/15/02
NOVEMBER 2002	CIGNA HealthCare Hartford	Health insurance	115	Cost cutting	Hartford Courant 11/15/02
NOVEMBER 2002	Priceline.com, Inc. Norwalk	Online travel vendor	65	Continuing slowdown in the travel industry	New Haven Register 11/6/02
<b>NOVEMBER 2002</b>	<b>CuraGen Corp. New Haven</b>	<b>Biotechnology</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>Restructuring</b>	<b>Hartford Courant 11/8/02</b>
<b>DECEMBER 31, 2002</b>	<b>Bayer Corp. West Haven</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>Company has withdrawn certain drugs from the marketplace</b>	<b>New Haven Register 10/2/02</b>
FALL 2002	Computer Sciences Corp Hartford	Computer services	165	Cuts will occur among contract workers at United Technologies	Waterbury Republican- American 10/8/02
<b>OCTOBER 2002</b>	<b>Neurogen Corp. Branford</b>	<b>Biotechnology</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>Cost reduction</b>	<b>New Haven Register 10/3/02</b>
SEPTEMBER 30, 2002	Northeast Utilities Berlin	Energy	200	Deregulation and slow growth has led to the layoffs	Hartford Courant 9/5/02
<b>SEPTEMBER 2, 2002</b>	<b>Consolidated Freightway Milford</b>	<b>Trucking terminal</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>Company has filed for bankruptcy</b>	<b>New Haven Register 9/3/02</b>
<b>FALL 2002</b>	<b>Ames Statewide</b>	<b>Department stores</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>Rocky Hill-based retailer is going out of business</b>	<b>Hartford Courant 8/14/02</b>
SEPTEMBER 2002	Hesler, Inc. Shelton	Office automation	65	Lack of business	New Haven Register 8/6/02

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>LAYOFF/STAFF REDUCTION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
<b>AUGUST 5, 2002</b>	<b>Genaissance New Haven</b>	<b>Pharmaceutical</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>Restructuring</b>	<b>New Haven Register 8/6/02</b>
AUGUST 5, 2002	Bridgeport Machines Bridgeport	Milling machines	140	Company is planning to close in September	Waterbury Republican- American 8/6/02
AUGUST 1, 2002	Howmet Machining Winsted	Aerospace	18	Continuing slump in business	Waterbury Republican- American 8/2/02
DECEMBER 2002	Handy & Harman Fairfield	Precious metals processor	90	Plant is being shut down	Connecticut Post 6/12/02
2002-2003	MedSpan, Inc. Hartford	HMO	130	Company has been bought by Oxford Health Plans, Inc,	Hartford Courant 3/20/02
SUMMER 2002	Black & Decker Shelton	Consumer appliances	200	Operations are moving to Florida	Connecticut Post 1/15/02
<b>2002</b>	<b>United Technologies Statewide</b>	<b>Aircraft components</b>	<b>2,500</b>	<b>Drop in air travel since the terrorist attacks</b>	<b>Hartford Courant 10/17/01</b>
2002	Teleflex, Inc. Waterbury	Cable controls	340	Slowdown in the automotive industry will result in shutdown	New Haven Register 4/12/01

INA\* -- Information not available or not known

This publication is prepared by Joseph Slepki, Research Analyst, of the Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research, and is also available on our Web site, [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi). If you have any questions regarding this publication, please call Joseph Slepki at (860) 263-6278.

July 22, 2003

## RETAIL SALES and HOUSING PERMITS

	Retail Sales	Housing Permits		
	2002	2002	2001	Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$42,183,471,187</b>	<b>9,731</b>	<b>9,254</b>	<b>477</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>\$7,221,157,274</b>	<b>1,771</b>	<b>1,898</b>	<b>-127</b>
<i><b>Towns</b></i>				
Bethany	\$6,710,199	42	16	26
Branford	\$933,565,840	60	44	16
Chester	\$12,066,805	11	11	0
Clinton	\$133,004,909	104	61	43
Cromwell	\$54,882,835	50	71	-21
Deep River	\$10,327,490	10	18	-8
Durham	\$15,019,419	55	44	11
East Haddam	\$27,777,507	61	58	3
East Hampton	\$22,923,200	90	91	-1
East Haven	\$177,049,625	39	76	-37
Essex	\$55,334,793	32	54	-22
Guilford	\$184,098,227	73	64	9
Haddam	\$23,105,784	40	32	8
Hamden	\$315,178,524	81	185	-104
Killingworth	\$18,904,090	32	43	-11
Madison	\$131,625,841	46	67	-21
Meriden	\$412,729,124	73	46	27
Middlefield	\$7,637,137	12	8	4
Middletown	\$564,207,766	191	165	26
Milford	\$620,859,177	125	191	-66
New Haven	\$941,983,361	59	97	-38
North Branford	\$39,456,413	39	25	14
North Haven	\$1,264,871,146	46	85	-39
Old Saybrook	\$182,742,955	31	29	2
Orange	\$183,270,718	60	16	44
Portland	\$86,863,190	60	83	-23
Wallingford	\$406,304,849	151	113	38
Westbrook	\$62,835,563	41	40	1
West Haven	\$303,729,257	26	41	-15
Woodbridge	\$22,091,530	31	24	7

Sources: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development  
Connecticut Department of Revenue Services



## 2003 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES

FAMILY SIZE	POVERTY INCOME LEVEL
1	\$ 8,980
2	\$ 12,120
3	\$ 15,260
4	\$ 18,400
5	\$ 21,540
6	\$ 24,680
7	\$ 27,820
8	\$ 30,960

NOTE: For the poverty income level for families of more than eight members, add \$3,140 for each additional member.

Source: United States Department of Health and Human Services

## 2003 LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS 70% LLSIL \*

	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>METRO</b>	\$ 8,980	\$ 13,120	\$ 18,010	\$ 22,230	\$ 26,240	\$ 30,680
<b>NONMETRO</b>	\$ 8,980	\$ 12,750	\$ 17,510	\$ 21,610	\$ 25,500	\$ 29,830

Where family size is over six, for each additional person add: Metro, \$4,440; Nonmetro \$4,330.

\* Where the poverty income level is higher than the 70% LLSIL, the table shows the poverty income level.

NOTE: Effective May 30, 2003

Source: United States Department of Labor

**FOOD STAMPS, TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE, STATE SUPPLEMENT and MEDICAID  
State Fiscal Year 2002**

	Food Stamps		Temporary Family Assistance				State Supplement				Total Medicaid (TFA & S.Supp & Medicaid only, excl. QMB/SLMB)**	
	Cases	Recip	Regular		UP*		Aged	Blind	Disab.	Total	Cases	Recip.
			Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip						
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>80,967</b>	<b>157,028</b>	<b>22,626</b>	<b>50,984</b>	<b>1,313</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>6,102</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>14,923</b>	<b>21,154</b>	<b>209,211</b>	<b>355,498</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>19,716</b>	<b>38,331</b>	<b>6,009</b>	<b>13,864</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>1,209</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>3,403</b>	<b>4,641</b>	<b>46,501</b>	<b>79,043</b>
Bethany	12	25	4	9	0	0	1	0	8	9	78	129
Branford	303	452	66	131	2	9	22	0	111	134	1,022	1,574
Chester	20	36	6	15	0	0	11	0	29	41	184	256
Clinton	108	167	20	44	1	4	6	0	52	59	385	681
Cromwell	82	141	16	31	0	0	12	0	18	30	558	766
Deep River	35	71	7	18	1	6	6	0	39	45	222	357
Durham	13	26	10	20	0	1	1	0	7	8	178	250
East Haddam	42	76	12	22	1	5	1	1	21	23	228	399
East Hampton	66	104	16	33	0	2	8	2	51	61	355	595
East Haven	560	919	141	310	4	15	51	0	130	182	1,538	2,510
Essex	25	41	2	7	0	0	21	0	65	86	174	266
Guilford	76	120	20	45	0	2	15	0	33	48	452	651
Haddam	29	44	11	15	0	0	5	0	19	25	128	218
Hamden	822	1,484	248	495	10	36	83	2	244	330	2,818	4,351
Killingworth	15	23	6	8	0	0	3	0	4	7	60	112
Madison	48	65	8	13	0	1	0	0	24	25	242	359
Meriden	2,307	5,079	758	1,775	66	261	146	4	492	642	5,876	10,787
Middlefield	18	33	3	5	0	0	0	0	5	5	64	100
Middletown	1,081	1,881	275	579	15	47	49	1	239	290	3,006	4,911
Milford	516	876	117	256	9	34	34	1	94	129	1,738	2,768
New Haven	11,020	22,093	3,525	8,484	116	459	494	5	1,176	1,676	18,933	33,627
North Branford	71	110	24	45	0	1	5	0	17	22	273	464
North Haven	133	198	43	80	1	2	12	0	51	64	660	948
Old Saybrook	41	70	12	26	0	0	4	0	20	24	380	560
Orange	37	50	8	12	0	0	6	0	25	31	231	310

**FOOD STAMPS, TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE, STATE SUPPLEMENT and MEDICAID  
State Fiscal Year 2002**

	Food Stamps		Temporary Family Assistance				State Supplement				Total Medicaid (TFA & S.Supp & Medicaid only, excl. QMB/SLMB)**	
			Regular		UP*						Cases	Recip.
	Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip	Aged	Blind	Disab.	Total		
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>80,967</b>	<b>157,028</b>	<b>22,626</b>	<b>50,984</b>	<b>1,313</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>6,102</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>14,923</b>	<b>21,154</b>	<b>209,211</b>	<b>355,498</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>19,716</b>	<b>38,331</b>	<b>6,009</b>	<b>13,864</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>1,008</b>	<b>1,209</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>3,403</b>	<b>4,641</b>	<b>46,501</b>	<b>79,043</b>
Portland	79	143	15	37	1	4	26	0	26	52	348	563
Wallingford	327	573	95	199	7	28	83	1	107	191	1,680	2,481
Westbrook	70	102	10	19	0	1	17	0	29	46	237	369
West Haven	1,734	3,289	524	1,119	21	89	80	1	261	342	4,294	7,461
Woodbridge	26	40	7	12	0	1	7	0	6	14	159	220

\* Two parent household where the primary wage earner is unemployed.

\*\* Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries (QMB) and Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB) are excluded from the total due to extensive overlap with other Medicaid groups.

Figures may not add due to rounding.

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

## STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE (SAGA)

State Fiscal Year 2002

	STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE			
	CASH		MEDICAL	
	CASES	RECIP.	CASES	RECIP.
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>4,232</b>	<b>4,326</b>	<b>22,355</b>	<b>22,364</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>991</b>	<b>1,012</b>	<b>5,718</b>	<b>5,719</b>
<b>Towns</b>				
Bethany	1	3	6	6
Branford	24	24	99	99
Chester	0	0	7	7
Clinton	12	12	23	23
Cromwell	10	10	22	22
Deep River	1	1	11	11
Durham	0	0	7	7
East Haddam	1	1	10	10
East Hampton	6	7	21	21
East Haven	24	25	172	172
Essex	4	4	7	7
Guilford	6	6	23	23
Haddam	4	4	9	9
Hamden	30	31	218	218
Killingworth	1	1	5	5
Madison	2	2	20	20
Meriden	123	124	574	574
Middlefield	1	1	5	5
Middletown	81	83	341	341
Milford	24	24	145	145
New Haven	501	511	3,246	3,246
North Branford	7	7	27	27
North Haven	8	8	43	43
Old Saybrook	4	4	22	22
Orange	1	1	22	22
Portland	7	9	27	27
Wallingford	23	24	108	109
Westbrook	3	3	22	22
West Haven	81	81	470	470
Woodbridge	1	1	6	6

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

## MENTAL RETARDATION CLIENTS and PROBATIONERS

	Active Mental Retardation Clients <sup>1</sup>			Probationers by Residence <sup>2</sup>		
	June 2003	June 2002	Change	May 2003	May 2002	Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>14,667</b>	<b>14,580</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>55,230</b>	<b>55,889</b>	<b>-659</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>2,950</b>	<b>2,877</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>13,010</b>	<b>13,343</b>	<b>-333</b>
<b>Towns</b>						
Bethany	26	25	1	35	43	-8
Branford	97	92	5	341	346	-5
Chester	31	33	-2	18	27	-9
Clinton	60	58	2	171	197	-26
Cromwell	47	45	2	110	109	1
Deep River	17	16	1	68	71	-3
Durham	44	39	5	42	45	-3
East Haddam	25	23	2	77	84	-7
East Hampton	36	34	2	93	133	-40
East Haven	139	130	9	498	475	23
Essex	13	11	2	55	60	-5
Guilford	69	73	-4	147	130	17
Haddam	21	19	2	58	46	12
Hamden	287	265	22	666	636	30
Killingworth	9	10	-1	54	43	11
Madison	45	43	2	96	85	11
Meriden	356	349	7	1,496	1,522	-26
Middlefield	12	12	0	27	28	-1
Middletown	221	219	2	769	807	-38
Milford	144	134	10	487	520	-33
New Haven	534	523	11	5,428	5,626	-198
North Branford	54	54	0	112	98	14
North Haven	125	129	-4	201	226	-25
Old Saybrook	44	46	-2	76	114	-38
Orange	44	41	3	60	69	-9
Portland	32	34	-2	75	83	-8
Wallingford	142	147	-5	520	498	22
Westbrook	37	32	5	75	73	2
West Haven	226	229	-3	1,108	1,099	9
Woodbridge	13	12	1	47	50	-3

1. Source: Connecticut Department of Mental Retardation, Active Clients as of June.

Note: Statewide total includes 121 out-of-state clients in June 2003, and 117 in June 2002.

2. Source: Connecticut Judicial Department, Office of Adult Probation, Clients as of May.

## ALCOHOL and DRUG ABUSERS

Alcohol and Drug Abusers Served		
	SFY 2003 <sup>1</sup>	SFY 2001 <sup>2</sup>
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>36,154</b>	<b>38,060</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>9,818</b>	<b>9,014</b>
<b>Towns</b>		
Bethany	14	52
Branford	256	211
Chester	22	20
Clinton	132	98
Cromwell	101	88
Deep River	46	51
Durham	25	24
East Haddam	54	27
East Hampton	105	87
East Haven*	511	489
Essex	48	31
Guilford	96	81
Haddam	40	38
Hamden	438	277
Killingworth	14	12
Madison	78	54
Meriden	862	813
Middlefield	28	27
Middletown	894	846
Milford	337	308
New Haven*	4,135	4,029
North Branford	92	66
North Haven	144	102
Old Saybrook	80	74
Orange	51	45
Portland	74	78
Wallingford	231	223
Westbrook	76	51
West Haven	801	712
Woodbridge	33	0

Sources: Connecticut Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, <sup>1</sup>Substance Abuse Treatment Information System, September 2003 and <sup>2</sup>Clients by Place of Residence  
 Numbers are compiled based on client's zip code.

\* New Haven and East Haven share a common zip code; client count included in New Haven in SFY 2001.

TOTAL ANNUAL DROPOUT RATE FOR GRADES 9 - 12  
2001 - 2002

	Number of Dropouts	Total Enrollment	Dropout Rate
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,891</b>	<b>158,996</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>28,946</b>	<b>2.3%</b>
<b>Towns</b>			
Branford	20	1,136	1.8%
Clinton	28	657	4.3%
Cromwell	1	467	0.2%
East Haddam	5	302	1.7%
East Hampton	4	495	0.8%
East Haven	8	1,168	0.7%
Guilford	3	1,170	0.3%
Hamden	76	1,986	3.8%
Madison	11	936	1.2%
Meriden	62	2,319	2.7%
Middletown	9	1,170	0.8%
Milford	35	2,035	1.7%
New Haven	256	4,902	5.2%
North Branford	9	664	1.4%
North Haven	22	1,011	2.2%
Old Saybrook	0	463	0.0%
Portland	1	297	0.3%
Wallingford	23	2,065	1.1%
Westbrook	1	296	0.3%
West Haven	28	1,725	1.6%
Regional School District 4 <sup>a</sup>	25	508	4.9%
Regional School District 5 <sup>b</sup>	15	1,504	1.0%
Regional School District 13 <sup>c</sup>	4	563	0.7%
Regional School District 17 <sup>d</sup>	1	587	0.2%
Area Cooperative Educational Services <sup>e</sup>	3	419	0.7%
Common Ground High School	3	101	3.0%

<sup>a</sup>Regional School District 4 serves the towns of Chester, Deep River, Essex

<sup>b</sup>Regional School District 5 serves the towns of Bethany, Orange, Woodbridge

<sup>c</sup>Regional School District 13 serves the towns of Durham, Middlefield

<sup>d</sup>Regional School District 17 serves the towns of Haddam, Killingworth

<sup>e</sup>Area Cooperative Educational Services serves the towns of Hamden, North Branford and North Haven

Source: Connecticut Department of Education, Bureau of Evaluation and Student Assessment

**Births to Teenage Mothers  
by Age and Place of Residence - 2000\***

	<15YRS	15YRS	16YRS	17YRS	18YRS	19YRS	TOTAL
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>1,191</b>	<b>3,350</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>676</b>
<b>Towns</b>							
Bethany	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Branford	0	0	0	2	1	3	6
Clinton	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Cromwell	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Deep River	0	0	0	1	2	0	3
Durham	0	0	1	0	0	2	3
East Haddam	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
East Haven	0	2	1	2	11	7	23
Guilford	0	0	0	1	3	2	6
Haddam	0	0	0	1	1	3	5
Hamden	0	1	5	6	7	5	24
Madison	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Meriden	0	4	13	19	25	37	98
Middletown	0	1	4	5	11	13	34
Milford	0	1	2	2	10	7	22
New Haven	6	18	40	59	99	114	336
North Haven	0	0	1	1	0	1	3
Old Saybrook	0	0	0	1	2	3	6
Portland	0	0	1	0	1	1	3
Wallingford	0	1	2	3	4	4	14
West Haven	2	2	9	17	26	23	79
Westbrook	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Woodbridge	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

\*Provisional data

Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health, Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation



**ESTIMATED NUMBER OF DISLOCATED WORKERS  
BY SEX, RACE/ETHNIC GROUP  
March 2003**

	TOTAL	SEX		RACE/ETHNIC			
		MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER
<b>Connecticut*</b>	<b>53,127</b>	<b>32,302</b>	<b>20,825</b>	<b>33,125</b>	<b>6,215</b>	<b>5,387</b>	<b>8,390</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>10,036</b>	<b>5,910</b>	<b>4,126</b>	<b>6,472</b>	<b>1,350</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>1,458</b>
<b>Towns</b>							
Bethany	52	35	17	38	2	1	11
Branford	405	229	176	338	9	5	53
Chester	46	32	14	39	1	0	6
Clinton	148	92	56	122	4	6	16
Cromwell	182	111	71	157	3	7	15
Deep River	61	46	15	51	0	0	10
Durham	87	55	32	77	0	0	10
East Haddam	95	62	33	80	1	1	13
East Hampton	168	116	52	142	0	0	26
East Haven	484	298	186	409	6	11	58
Essex	69	43	26	62	0	1	6
Guilford	181	111	70	161	0	2	18
Haddam	86	46	40	77	0	0	9
Hamden	727	412	315	432	141	35	119
Killingworth	48	27	21	44	0	0	4
Madison	122	84	38	107	2	1	12
Meriden	1,098	648	450	648	83	187	180
Middlefield	63	45	18	57	0	0	6
Middletown	714	433	281	456	103	30	124
Milford	728	427	301	596	21	18	93
New Haven	1,934	1,027	907	460	786	360	328
North Branford	187	114	73	166	2	1	18
North Haven	263	156	107	216	4	3	40
Old Saybrook	105	59	46	91	1	1	12
Orange	121	72	49	100	1	3	17
Portland	115	66	49	97	2	4	12
Wallingford	658	404	254	524	7	22	105
Westbrook	93	59	34	79	2	5	7
West Haven	915	555	360	588	164	47	116
Woodbridge	81	46	35	58	5	4	14

\* Includes out of state residents filing in Connecticut

SOURCE: Connecticut Department of Labor, Unemployment Insurance Claims and Wage Record Files

**ESTIMATED DISLOCATED WORKERS BY UI\* STATUS**  
**March 2003**

	TOTAL DISLOCATED WORKERS	CURRENT REG CLAIMS 15 PLUS WEEKS	UI EXHAUSTED BENEFITS	UI CLAIMANTS AGE 45+ 4-14 WEEKS	PERMANENT LAYOFFS AGE UNDER 45
<b>Connecticut**</b>	<b>53,127</b>	<b>29,387</b>	<b>6,208</b>	<b>15,630</b>	<b>1,902</b>
<b>South Central WIA</b>	<b>10,036</b>	<b>5,555</b>	<b>1,091</b>	<b>2,975</b>	<b>415</b>
<b>Towns</b>					
Bethany	52	30	4	15	3
Branford	405	209	35	153	8
Chester	46	19	9	16	2
Clinton	148	88	13	44	3
Cromwell	182	99	20	59	4
Deep River	61	38	4	19	0
Durham	87	41	13	31	2
East Haddam	95	55	5	30	5
East Hampton	168	86	17	60	5
East Haven	484	281	42	145	16
Essex	69	44	5	20	0
Guilford	181	84	18	76	3
Haddam	86	41	6	35	4
Hamden	727	400	78	220	29
Killingworth	48	23	6	17	2
Madison	122	61	12	45	4
Meriden	1,098	591	130	324	53
Middlefield	63	35	5	21	2
Middletown	714	403	74	201	36
Milford	728	384	82	234	28
New Haven	1,934	1,198	225	412	99
North Branford	187	92	18	72	5
North Haven	263	134	28	81	20
Old Saybrook	105	53	8	39	5
Orange	121	69	11	35	6
Portland	115	61	11	40	3
Wallingford	658	340	73	216	29
Westbrook	93	53	5	31	4
West Haven	915	497	120	264	34
Woodbridge	81	46	14	20	1

\* Unemployment Insurance

\*\* Includes out of state residents filing in Connecticut

SOURCE: Connecticut Department of Labor, Unemployment Insurance Claims and Wage Record Files

**Characteristics of Active *Connecticut WORKS* Applicants**  
**As of June 30, 2003**

Area	Total	Male	Female	----- Age -----						Veterans
				<18	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55+	
Statewide	85,928	50,137	35,783	493	11,764	20,430	23,528	17,617	12,073	7,275
Eastern WIA	10,760	6,187	4,571	73	1,745	2,536	2,996	2,221	1,185	1,219
North Central WIA	27,659	16,711	10,947	172	3,758	6,614	7,625	5,705	3,781	2,225
Northwest WIA	14,052	8,265	5,784	98	1,809	3,158	3,739	3,056	2,187	1,249
South Central WIA	18,029	10,423	7,605	95	2,510	4,421	4,942	3,571	2,486	1,413
Southwest WIA	15,428	8,551	6,876	55	1,942	3,701	4,226	3,064	2,434	1,169

Area	Total	----- Minority Group -----			----- Highest School Grade -----				Handi-capped
		Total	Black	Hispanic	0-7	8-11	12	Over 12	
Statewide	85,928	25,844	12,603	11,048	19,535	13,361	43,063	9,969	522
Eastern WIA	10,760	1,823	783	770	2,231	1,611	5,616	1,302	90
North Central WIA	27,659	9,225	4,359	4,072	6,099	3,968	14,898	2,694	115
Northwest WIA	14,052	3,094	1,258	1,484	3,249	2,293	6,691	1,819	149
South Central WIA	18,029	5,487	3,089	2,015	4,036	2,622	9,152	2,219	90
Southwest WIA	15,428	6,215	3,114	2,707	3,920	2,867	6,706	1,935	78

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

**Characteristics as Percentage of Total Active *Connecticut WORKS* Applicants**  
***As of June 30, 2003***

Area	Total	Male	Female	----- Age -----						Veterans
				<18	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55+	
Statewide	100%	58.3%	41.6%	0.6%	13.7%	23.8%	27.4%	20.5%	14.1%	8.5%
Eastern WIA	100%	57.5%	42.5%	0.7%	16.2%	23.6%	27.8%	20.6%	11.0%	11.3%
North Central WIA	100%	60.4%	39.6%	0.6%	13.6%	23.9%	27.6%	20.6%	13.7%	8.0%
Northwest WIA	100%	58.8%	41.2%	0.7%	12.9%	22.5%	26.6%	21.7%	15.6%	8.9%
South Central WIA	100%	57.8%	42.2%	0.5%	13.9%	24.5%	27.4%	19.8%	13.8%	7.8%
Southwest WIA	100%	55.4%	44.6%	0.4%	12.6%	24.0%	27.4%	19.9%	15.8%	7.6%

Area	Total	----- Minority Group -----			----- Highest School Grade -----				Handi-capped
		Total	Black	Hispanic	0-7	8-11	12	Over 12	
Statewide	100.0%	30.1%	14.7%	12.9%	22.7%	15.5%	50.1%	11.6%	0.6%
Eastern WIA	100.0%	16.9%	7.3%	7.2%	20.7%	15.0%	52.2%	12.1%	0.8%
North Central WIA	100.0%	33.4%	15.8%	14.7%	22.1%	14.3%	53.9%	9.7%	0.4%
Northwest WIA	100.0%	22.0%	9.0%	10.6%	23.1%	16.3%	47.6%	12.9%	1.1%
South Central WIA	100.0%	30.4%	17.1%	11.2%	22.4%	14.5%	50.8%	12.3%	0.5%
Southwest WIA	100.0%	40.3%	20.2%	17.5%	25.4%	18.6%	43.5%	12.5%	0.5%

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Connecticut - Statewide

## WORKSITES by SIZE CLASS

December 2002

Size Class (No. of Employees)	Worksites*		Employment*	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
0 - 4	62,228	59.7%	101,660	7.2%
5 - 9	17,920	17.2%	118,503	8.4%
10 - 19	11,550	11.1%	155,049	11.0%
20 - 49	7,714	7.4%	233,556	16.5%
50 - 99	2,619	2.5%	179,874	12.7%
100 - 249	1,623	1.6%	247,881	17.5%
250 - 499	363	0.3%	121,778	8.6%
500 - 999	129	0.1%	84,094	5.9%
1,000 & over	75	0.1%	171,530	12.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>104,221</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>1,413,925</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Excludes government.

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms report only statewide employment and are, therefore, not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

**Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average**

<b>Industry</b>	<b>Worksites</b>	<b>Annual Average Employment</b>	<b>Total Wages</b>	<b>Average Annual Wage</b>	<b>Average Weekly Wage</b>
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>108,021</b>	<b>1,648,986</b>	<b>\$77,254,032,922</b>	<b>\$46,849</b>	<b>\$901</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>16,697</b>	<b>280,770</b>	<b>\$15,096,779,741</b>	<b>\$53,769</b>	<b>\$1,034</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>11,032</b>	<b>69,205</b>	<b>\$3,227,051,636</b>	<b>\$46,630</b>	<b>\$897</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>5,665</b>	<b>211,565</b>	<b>\$11,869,728,105</b>	<b>\$56,104</b>	<b>\$1,079</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>4,078</b>	<b>156,693</b>	<b>\$8,548,542,737</b>	<b>\$54,556</b>	<b>\$1,049</b>
Fabricated Metal	1,433	35,018	\$1,566,301,280	\$44,729	\$860
Machinery	672	20,290	\$1,199,695,046	\$59,129	\$1,137
Computer and Electronic Product	416	18,051	\$986,465,955	\$54,649	\$1,051
Electrical Equipment	187	11,522	\$731,256,063	\$63,468	\$1,221
Transportation Equipment	250	45,312	\$2,871,441,241	\$63,370	\$1,219
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>54,872</b>	<b>\$3,321,185,368</b>	<b>\$60,526</b>	<b>\$1,164</b>
Printing and Related	547	8,838	\$399,704,134	\$45,224	\$870
Chemical	197	18,816	\$1,675,155,658	\$89,027	\$1,712
Plastics and Rubber Products	244	8,225	\$347,125,577	\$42,206	\$812
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>91,324</b>	<b>1,368,216</b>	<b>\$62,157,253,181</b>	<b>\$45,429</b>	<b>\$874</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>24,736</b>	<b>308,025</b>	<b>\$11,583,587,761</b>	<b>\$37,606</b>	<b>\$723</b>
Wholesale Trade	9,404	66,039	\$4,264,286,446	\$64,572	\$1,242
Retail Trade	13,320	194,971	\$5,287,207,231	\$27,118	\$522
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	1,313	22,375	\$997,820,737	\$44,596	\$858
Building Material	987	15,972	\$501,490,377	\$31,398	\$604
Food and Beverage Stores	2,206	45,961	\$997,890,279	\$21,712	\$418
General Merchandise Stores	359	24,264	\$446,562,039	\$18,404	\$354
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2012	47,014	\$2,032,094,084	\$43,223	\$831
<b>Information</b>	<b>1,826</b>	<b>41,154</b>	<b>\$2,311,114,290</b>	<b>\$56,158</b>	<b>\$1,080</b>
Telecommunications	394	14,920	\$920,997,688	\$61,730	\$1,187
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>9,784</b>	<b>143,005</b>	<b>\$12,902,420,971</b>	<b>\$90,223</b>	<b>\$1,735</b>
Finance and Insurance	6,385	122,393	\$12,019,815,625	\$98,206	\$1,889
Credit Intermediation	2,234	31,991	\$2,274,840,258	\$71,109	\$1,367
Securities and Commodity Contracts	1,771	17,329	\$4,199,243,688	\$242,330	\$4,660
Insurance Carriers	2,261	67,848	\$5,028,727,670	\$74,117	\$1,425
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	3,399	20,612	\$882,605,346	\$42,820	\$823

## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>19,832</b>	<b>201,752</b>	<b>\$11,415,658,806</b>	<b>\$56,583</b>	<b>\$1,088</b>
Professional, Scientific	12,876	91,337	\$6,368,359,112	\$69,724	\$1,341
Management of Companies	576	27,368	\$2,608,501,475	\$95,311	\$1,833
Administrative and Support	6,380	83,047	\$2,438,798,219	\$29,367	\$565
<b>Educational and Health Services</b>	<b>10,236</b>	<b>255,397</b>	<b>\$9,845,947,753</b>	<b>\$38,552</b>	<b>\$741</b>
Educational Services	1,195	42,612	\$1,792,287,248	\$42,061	\$809
Health Care and Social Assistance	9,041	212,785	\$8,053,660,505	\$37,849	\$728
Hospitals	58	54,052	\$2,394,151,631	\$44,293	\$852
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	1,093	56,050	\$1,631,882,642	\$29,115	\$560
Social Assistance	1,887	32,642	\$676,693,028	\$20,730	\$399
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>8,328</b>	<b>122,917</b>	<b>\$2,121,875,209</b>	<b>\$17,263</b>	<b>\$332</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1,674	23,588	\$547,365,112	\$23,205	\$446
Accommodation and Food Services	6,654	99,329	\$1,574,510,098	\$15,851	\$305
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	6,233	87,911	\$1,326,213,923	\$15,086	\$290
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>12,591</b>	<b>55,855</b>	<b>\$1,470,397,291</b>	<b>\$26,325</b>	<b>\$506</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>3,658</b>	<b>239,618</b>	<b>\$10,469,656,988</b>	<b>\$43,693</b>	<b>\$840</b>
Federal	589	21,247	\$1,047,185,662	\$49,287	\$948
State	801	64,068	\$3,202,460,726	\$49,986	\$961
Local**	2,268	154,303	\$6,220,010,600	\$40,310	\$775
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>\$36,594,110</b>	<b>\$74,303</b>	<b>\$1,429</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

\*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>107,576</b>	<b>1,665,699</b>	<b>\$78,271,494,564</b>	<b>\$46,990</b>	<b>\$904</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>16,629</b>	<b>298,000</b>	<b>\$15,938,954,888</b>	<b>\$53,486</b>	<b>\$1,029</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>10,851</b>	<b>71,452</b>	<b>\$3,314,751,424</b>	<b>\$46,391</b>	<b>\$892</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>5,778</b>	<b>226,548</b>	<b>\$12,624,203,464</b>	<b>\$55,724</b>	<b>\$1,072</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>4,177</b>	<b>168,556</b>	<b>\$9,057,562,529</b>	<b>\$53,736</b>	<b>\$1,033</b>
Fabricated Metal	1,469	37,941	\$1,662,008,796	\$43,805	\$842
Machinery	689	22,566	\$1,293,392,613	\$57,316	\$1,102
Computer and Electronic Product	431	20,893	\$1,166,763,794	\$55,845	\$1,074
Electrical Equipment	199	12,786	\$818,129,118	\$63,986	\$1,230
Transportation Equipment	259	46,906	\$2,859,500,897	\$60,963	\$1,172
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>1,601</b>	<b>57,992</b>	<b>\$3,566,640,935</b>	<b>\$61,502</b>	<b>\$1,183</b>
Printing and Related	564	10,087	\$445,234,067	\$44,139	\$849
Chemical	186	19,694	\$1,878,810,591	\$95,398	\$1,835
Plastics and Rubber Products	246	8,588	\$351,851,359	\$40,970	\$788
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>90,947</b>	<b>1,367,699</b>	<b>\$62,332,539,676</b>	<b>\$45,575</b>	<b>\$876</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>24,614</b>	<b>310,831</b>	<b>\$11,786,125,263</b>	<b>\$37,918</b>	<b>\$729</b>
Wholesale Trade	9,163	67,555	\$4,435,788,286	\$65,662	\$1,263
Retail Trade	13,476	194,847	\$5,263,786,239	\$27,015	\$520
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	1,346	22,011	\$962,224,128	\$43,715	\$841
Building Material	1,010	15,053	\$476,699,684	\$31,669	\$609
Food and Beverage Stores	2,270	46,213	\$959,588,292	\$20,764	\$399
General Merchandise Stores	342	24,222	\$433,747,659	\$17,907	\$344
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,975	48,429	\$2,086,550,737	\$43,085	\$829
<b>Information</b>	<b>1,912</b>	<b>44,675</b>	<b>\$2,577,917,639</b>	<b>\$57,704</b>	<b>\$1,110</b>
Telecommunications	379	16,203	\$1,037,840,929	\$64,051	\$1,232
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>9,626</b>	<b>143,194</b>	<b>\$12,881,467,396</b>	<b>\$89,958</b>	<b>\$1,730</b>
Finance and Insurance	6,277	122,021	\$11,984,307,220	\$98,216	\$1,889
Credit Intermediation	2,212	32,327	\$2,132,363,031	\$65,962	\$1,268
Securities and Commodity Contracts	1,696	16,753	\$4,303,869,537	\$256,909	\$4,941
Insurance Carriers	2,254	67,362	\$4,944,060,976	\$73,395	\$1,411
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	3,349	21,174	\$897,160,176	\$42,372	\$815



## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>19,841</b>	<b>209,227</b>	<b>\$12,318,307,493</b>	<b>\$58,875</b>	<b>\$1,132</b>
Professional, Scientific	12,970	94,318	\$6,861,760,259	\$72,751	\$1,399
Management of Companies	559	28,436	\$2,980,725,936	\$104,821	\$2,016
Administrative and Support	6,312	86,473	\$2,475,821,298	\$28,631	\$551
<b>Educational and Health Services</b>	<b>10,021</b>	<b>247,701</b>	<b>\$9,220,462,540</b>	<b>\$37,224</b>	<b>\$716</b>
Educational Services	1,134	41,033	\$1,652,519,763	\$40,273	\$774
Health Care and Social Assistance	8,887	206,668	\$7,567,942,777	\$36,619	\$704
Hospitals	55	52,754	\$2,222,271,540	\$42,125	\$810
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	1,092	54,543	\$1,568,097,774	\$28,750	\$553
Social Assistance	1,848	30,923	\$624,696,469	\$20,202	\$388
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>8,139</b>	<b>120,147</b>	<b>\$2,073,367,140</b>	<b>\$17,257</b>	<b>\$332</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1,600	23,128	\$568,067,437	\$24,562	\$472
Accommodation and Food Services	6,539	97,019	\$1,505,299,703	\$15,516	\$298
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	6,120	85,363	\$1,263,470,879	\$14,801	\$285
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>12,559</b>	<b>55,385</b>	<b>\$1,427,232,609</b>	<b>\$25,769</b>	<b>\$496</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>3,687</b>	<b>235,488</b>	<b>\$10,003,164,485</b>	<b>\$42,478</b>	<b>\$817</b>
Federal	627	21,597	\$1,017,459,757	\$47,111	\$906
State	779	63,919	\$3,059,186,977	\$47,861	\$920
Local**	2,281	149,972	\$5,926,517,751	\$39,517	\$760
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>1,052</b>	<b>\$44,495,112</b>	<b>\$42,309</b>	<b>\$814</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

\*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

**2001 and 2002 PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME  
FFY 2003\* FAMILY, and 2000 HOUSEHOLD MEDIAN INCOME**

State	Per Capita Income		Rank in the U.S.		2003 FFY 4-Person Family	2000 Median Household
	2002p	2000r	2002	2001		
United States	\$30,941	\$30,413			\$62,228	\$41,343
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$42,706</b>	<b>\$42,377</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$82,702</b>	<b>\$53,108</b>
Maine	\$27,744	\$26,853	33	34	\$56,186	\$36,400
Massachusetts	\$39,244	\$38,864	3	2	\$78,025	\$49,505
New Hampshire	\$34,334	\$33,969	6	6	\$71,661	\$49,509
New Jersey	\$39,453	\$38,625	2	3	\$78,560	\$54,226
New York	\$36,043	\$35,878	5	4	\$64,520	\$43,640
Pennsylvania	\$31,727	\$30,752	15	15	\$65,411	\$39,562
Rhode Island	\$31,319	\$30,256	16	16	\$68,418	\$43,185
Vermont	\$29,567	\$28,756	24	24	\$59,125	\$39,317

p preliminary  
r revised

\*Federal Fiscal Year 2003 covers the period of October 1, 2002 through September 30, 2003.

Sources:

Per capita income:

Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Median income, 4-person families:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services,  
Federal Register/Vol.67, No. 20.

Median Household Income:

U.S. Census Bureau,  
Census 2000 Supplementary Survey Summary Tables.

**Base Period:** A selected period of time, frequently one year, against which changes to other points in time are calculated (also see Index Number).

**Benchmarking:** The process of reestimating statistics as more complete data become available. Estimates are usually calculated using only a sample of the universe (total count). Therefore, benchmarking allows for correction of estimating errors. New benchmarking levels are introduced on an annual basis.

**Covered Employment:** Employment in any industry insured under the provisions of the Connecticut Unemployment Compensation Law.

**Current Population Survey:** A national household survey conducted each month by the Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information is gathered from a sample of about 60,000 households (1,200 in Connecticut) designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population of persons 16 years of age and over.

**Discouraged Workers:** Persons not included in the unemployment count who say they did not look for work because they think none is available, or they believe they lack the skills necessary to compete in the labor market.

**Dislocated Worker:** As defined under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, an individual who: (A) 1. has been terminated or laid off, or received notice of same; and 2. is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation, or has demonstrated attachment to the workforce but is not eligible for unemployment compensation; and 3. is unlikely to return to a previous industry or occupation. Or (B) 1. has been terminated or laid off, or has received notice of same, as a result of permanent closure or substantial layoff at a plant, facility or enterprise; or 2. is employed at a facility at which employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close within 180 days; or, 3. for purposes of receiving certain services, is employed at a facility at which the employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close. Or (C) was self-employed but is unemployed as a result of general economic conditions in the community in which the individual resides or because of natural disasters. Or (D) is a displaced homemaker.

**Displaced Homemaker:** An individual who has been providing unpaid services to family members in the home and who (A) has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by that income; and (B) is unemployed or

underemployed and is experiencing difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment.

**Durable Goods:** Items with a normal life expectancy of three years or more. Automobiles, furniture, household appliances, and mobile homes are examples. Because of their nature, expenditures for durable goods are generally postponable. Consequently, durable goods sales are the most volatile component of consumer expenditures.

**Employed Persons:** Those individuals who are 16 years of age and over who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month, or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-owned business, and individuals who were temporarily absent from their jobs due to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor dispute, or personal reasons. Excluded are persons whose only activity consists of work around the house and volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

**Establishment:** An economic unit such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services. It is usually at a single physical location and engaged in one predominant type of economic activity.

**Family:** A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

**Farm Employment:** Persons who work as owners and operators of farms, as unpaid family workers on farms, or as hired workers who are engaged in farm activities.

**Full-Time Employment:** Employment of 35 or more hours per week.

**Household:** A household includes all the people who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence.

**Housing Permits:** Counted by the Bureau of the Census, new housing permits include permits issued for all new privately owned, attached and detached single-family houses.

**Index Number:** A measure of the relative changes occurring in a series of values compared with a base period. The base period usually equals 100, and any changes from it represent percentages. By use of an index number, large or unwieldy data, such as sales in thousands of dollars or costs in dollars and cents, are reduced to a form in which they can be readily understood.

**Industry:** A generic term for a distinct group of economic activities. Industries are described and classified by their primary activity or product.

**Initial Claim:** A notice filed by a worker, at the beginning of a period of unemployment, requesting a determination of insured status for jobless benefits.

**Labor Force:** All persons 16 years of age and over who are classified as employed, unemployed and seeking employment, or involved in a labor-management dispute. The labor force does not include persons who never worked a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer and "discouraged workers" who have been unemployed for a substantial length of time and are no longer actively seeking employment. Members of the armed forces stationed either in the United States or abroad are counted by their place of residence. The civilian labor force excludes members of the armed forces and the institutionalized population.

**Labor Force Participation Rate:** The proportion of the total civilian noninstitutional population or of a demographic subgroup of that population classified as "in the labor force."

**Labor Market Area (LMA):** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, an economically integrated geographic area within which individuals can reside and find employment within a reasonable distance or can readily change employment without changing their place of residence.

**Labor Market Information (LMI):** The body of information that deals with the functioning of labor markets and the determination of the demand for and supply of labor. It includes, but is not limited to, such key factors as changes in the level and/or composition of economic activity, the population, employment and unemployment, income and earnings, wage rates, and fringe benefits.

**Labor Surplus Area:** A civil jurisdiction where the average unemployment rate is at least 20 percent above the average unemployment for all states, or its unemployment during the previous two calendar years was ten percent or more. The designation allows establishments in the area preference in bidding for certain federal contracts.

**Location Quotients:** Measure an industry's concentration or specialization in one geographical area relative to a larger area.

**Manufacturing:** Includes establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials

or substances into new products. These establishments are usually described as plants, factories, or mills and characteristically use power-driven machines and materials handling equipment. The new product of a manufacturing establishment may be "finished" in the sense that it is ready for utilization and consumption, or it may be "semi-finished" to become a raw material for an establishment engaged in further manufacturing.

**Median:** The middle value or midpoint between two middle values in a set of data arranged in order of increasing or decreasing magnitude. As such, one-half of the items in the set are less than the median and one-half are greater.

**Median Income:** The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families, including those with no income. Additional information on median income is available from the U.S. Census Bureau at: <http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf3.pdf>.

**Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA):** The general concept of a Metropolitan Statistical Area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Connecticut currently has seven Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget.

**Money Income:** Census-based money income is derived from a sample of individuals 15 years of age and older, and consists only of income that is received by individuals in cash and its equivalents.

**Nondurable Goods:** Items that generally last for only a short period of time (three years or less). Food, beverages, apparel, and gasoline are common examples. Because of their nature, nondurable goods are generally purchased when needed.

**Nonfarm Employment:** The total number of persons on establishment payroll employed full- or part-time who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid sick leave, on paid holiday, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, is included. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data exclude proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm

workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed.

**Occupation:** A name or title of a job that identifies a set of activities or tasks that employees are paid to perform. Employees that perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether or not they are in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few particular industries, other occupations are found in the majority of industries.

**Part-Time Employment:** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in which a worker is regularly scheduled to work fewer than 35 hours a week.

**Per Capita Personal Income:** The annual total personal income of residents divided by resident population as of July 1.

**Personal Income:** Measures the net earnings, rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments by place of residence before the deduction of personal income taxes and other personal taxes. Reported in current dollars.

**Private Household Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in private households such as child care workers, cooks, housekeepers or other household staff.

**Production Workers:** Employees, up through the level of working supervisor, who are directly engaged in the manufacture of the product of an establishment. Among those excluded from this category are persons in executive and managerial positions and persons engaged in activities such as accounting, sales, advertising, routine clerical work, and professional and technical functions.

**Retail Sales:** Based on sales taxes received by the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services from firms in Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) industries 52 through 59, Retail Trade.

**SAGA (State-Administered General Assistance):** Provides cash, medical, and emergency assistance to persons who do not qualify for federal and state assistance programs, such as Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), and Medicaid.

**Seasonal Adjustments:** The adjustment of time-series data to eliminate the effect of intrayear variations that tend to occur each year in approximately the same

manner. Examples of such variations include school terms, holidays, and yearly weather patterns.

**Seasonal Industry:** An industry in which activity is affected by regularly recurring weather changes, holidays, vacations, etc. The construction and recreational industries are typically characterized as “seasonal.”

**Self-Employed Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Self-employed persons whose businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation.

**Underemployed:** Persons working full- or part-time in jobs that are below their earning capacity or level of competence. The terms “underemployed” and “underutilized” are used interchangeably. Underemployment has also been defined as “involuntary part-time” employment or employment of a person on a part-time basis when full-time work is desired.

**Unemployed:** Persons who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and: (a) had engaged in any specific job-seeking activity within the past four weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (b) were waiting to be called back from a job from which they had been laid off; or (c) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

**Unemployment Rate:** Represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate eliminates the influence of regularly recurring seasonal fluctuations which can be ascribed to weather, crop-growing cycles, holidays, vacations, etc., and therefore, more clearly shows the underlying basic trend of unemployment.

**Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998:** Represents significant changes to federal statutes governing programs of job training, adult education and literacy, and vocational rehabilitation in order to establish a coordinated, streamlined and more flexible workforce development system. It is a revitalized system that focuses on providing *employers* with skilled workers, and the economic and workforce information they need to conduct business effectively - and on providing *workers* with the information, advice, job search assistance, and training they need to get and keep good jobs.

**Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research Publications:**

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media*

*Connecticut Career Paths*

*Connecticut Careers: Career Directions for Entry-Level Jobs*

*Connecticut Data for Affirmative Action Plans*

*Connecticut Economic Digest, The*

*Connecticut Labor Market Information At-A-Glance*

*Connecticut Labor Situation*

*Connecticut Occupational Employment & Wages*

*Directory of Labor Market Information*

*Equal Employment Opportunity Special Census File*

*Forecast 2010*

*Information for Workforce Investment Planning*

*Labor Force Data for Labor Market Areas & Towns*

*Soaring to New Heights...Connecticut Job Outlook*

*Total Nonfarm Employment by Town*

*Writing Your Résumé for Success*

*Your Job Search Guide*

Many of these publications are available on the Internet at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi)

The Job & Career ConneCTion provides on-line information on career development, occupational profiles, and finding employment, all at one site - [www.ctjobandcareer.org](http://www.ctjobandcareer.org).