

# Information for Workforce Investment Planning 2004

## NORTH CENTRAL WIA

Andover Ansonia Ashford Avon Barkhamsted Beacon Falls Berlin Bethany Bethel  
Bethlehem Bloomfield Bolton Bozrah Branford Bridgeport Bridgewater Bristol  
Brookfield Brooklyn Burlington Canaan Canterbury Canton Chaplin Cheshire Chester  
Clinton Colchester Colebrook Columbia Cornwall Coventry Cromwell Danbury Darien  
Deep River Derby Durham East Granby East Haddam East Hampton East Hartford  
East Haven East Lyme East Windsor Eastford Easton Ellington Enfield Essex Fairfield  
Farmington Franklin Glastonbury Goshen Granby Greenwich Griswold Groton  
Guilford Haddam Hamden Hampton Hartford Hartland Harwinton Hebron Kent  
Killingly Killingworth Lebanon Ledyard Lisbon Litchfield Lyme Madison Manchester  
Mansfield Marlborough Meriden Middlebury Middlefield Middletown Milford Monroe  
Montville Morris Naugatuck New Britain New Canaan New Fairfield New Hartford  
New Haven New London New Milford Newington Newtown Norfolk North Branford  
North Canaan North Haven North Stonington Norwalk Norwich Old Lyme Old Saybrook  
Orange Oxford Plainfield Plainville Plymouth Pomfret Portland Preston Prospect  
Putnam Redding Ridgefield Rocky Hill Roxbury Salem Salisbury Scotland Seymour  
Sharon Shelton Sherman Simsbury Somers South Windsor Southbury Southington  
Sprague Stafford Stamford Sterling Stonington Stratford Suffield Thomaston  
Thompson Tolland Torrington Trumbull Union Vernon Voluntown Wallingford Warren  
Washington Waterbury Waterford Watertown West Hartford West Haven Westbrook  
Weston Westport Wethersfield Willington Wilton Winchester Windham Windsor  
Windsor Locks Wolcott Woodbridge Woodbury Woodstock

# PREFACE

The Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research is the state's leading producer of data on the economy, workforce, occupations, and careers. Our Office prepares a variety of resources for assessing the state's needs for skilled workers, for assisting in economic development initiatives, for aiding in the program planning of education and training providers, and for guiding the career choices of job seekers and students.

State and local Workforce Investment Boards are important customers of the workforce information system. They need information for strategic planning, developing programs and evaluating services delivered by the State's workforce investment system. Feedback from the Workforce Investment Board planners is collected and implemented, where applicable, into the Office of Research products.

Our Office is pleased to provide the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2004*. In addition to data on the labor force, industry employment and wages, population, and persons with barriers to employment, this year's publication contains several new data items, including: *Commuting Patterns, Poverty Status by Town and Workforce Investment Area, Education Levels and Languages Spoken At Home, and the Characteristics of the CTWorks Clients by Jobs First Employment Services (JFES), Wagner-Peyser and Workforce Investment Act*. We believe these additional data items will be extremely useful for the Workforce Investment Board planners and policy makers who make critical workforce system decisions.

The data is based on information from several sources including other State agencies, the Connecticut Department of Labor and the United States Census Bureau. We wish to thank these data providers for their contribution to this year's publication.

The charts and tables in the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2004* are within the public domain, and may be copied and/or quoted. We do, however, request that you attribute such material to this publication.

We hope that you find this material useful and informative.

Roger Therrien  
Director, Office of Research

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

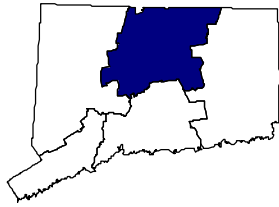
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The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2004* and other Office of Research publications are available on the Internet at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).



# North Central Workforce Investment Area



The North Central Workforce Investment Area (WIA) is comprised of 37 cities and towns and covers 969 square miles, or nearly 20 percent of the total State land acreage. The region borders Massachusetts in the north, and combines urban, including the capital city of Hartford, suburban and rural characteristics. Several major roadways serve the area. It is intersected by two interstate highways, Route I-91, which traverses north and south, and Route I-84, running east and west. The Connecticut River divides the North Central WIA nearly evenly.



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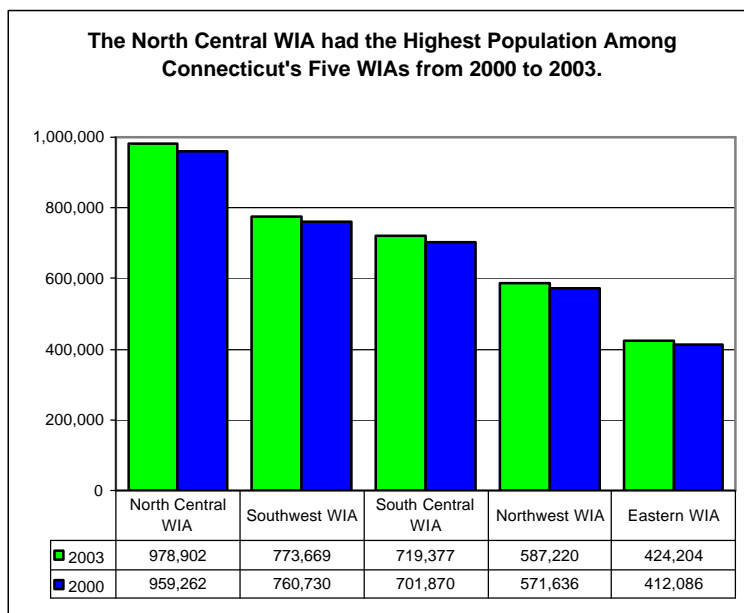
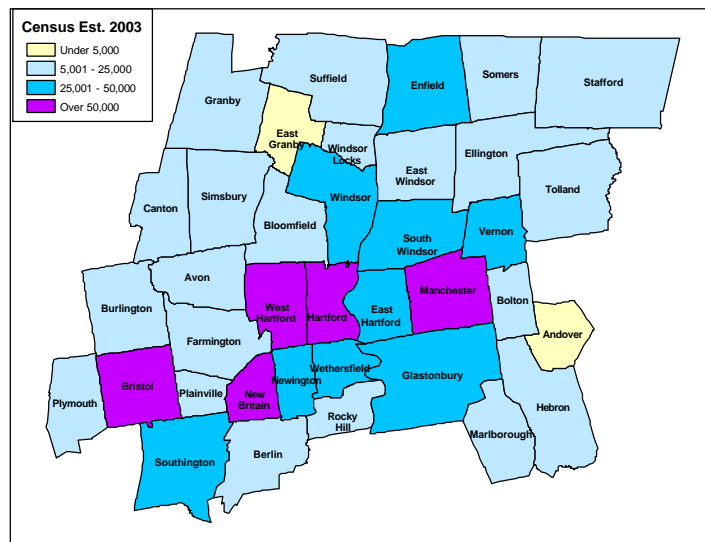
## GLOSSARY .....

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# North Central WIA

## Population

- From 2000 to 2003, Connecticut's population increased from 3,405,584 to 3,483,372. This represented an increase of 77,788 persons; or 2.3 percent.
- In 2003, the North Central WIA's estimated population was 978,902 - the largest among the WIAs. The region's population increased by 19,640 from 2000 to 2003 - also the largest among the WIAs. Even with the sizeable population increase, the North Central WIA reported only the fourth highest percentage increase in population (2.0%) from 2000 to 2003.
- Southington (+1,669), Tolland (+1,178), Vernon (+1,143), Berlin (+1,107) and Ellington (+1,031) reported the highest population increases from 2000 to 2003. Together, these five towns accounted for 31 percent of the North Central WIA's total population increase during this period.
- New Britain (+34) and East Hartford (+21) reported the lowest population increases in the North Central WIA from 2000 to 2003.
- Hartford (124,387), New Britain (71,572), West Hartford (61,424), Bristol (60,722) and Manchester (55,390) had the highest population totals in the WIA in 2003. Together, these five towns made up 38 percent of the North Central WIA's population in 2003.



	Population			
	2003	2000	Change 00 - 03	% Change 00 - 03
Connecticut	3,483,372	3,405,584	77,788	2.3%
North Central WIA	978,902	959,262	19,640	2.0%
% of Connecticut	28.1%	28.2%	---	---

See Also Appendix Table on Page A-21



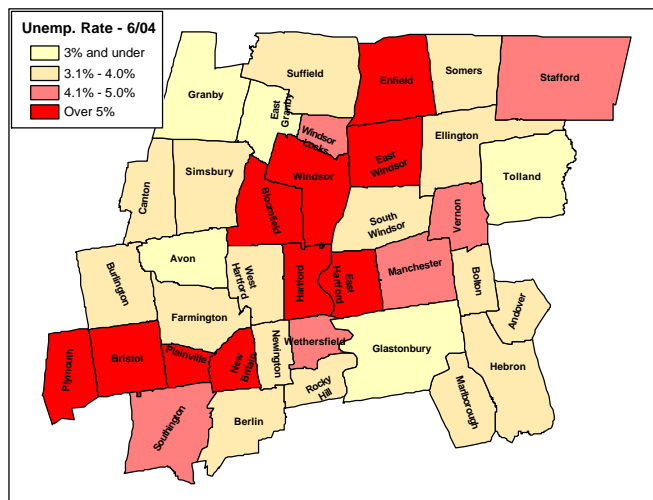
# North Central WIA

## Labor Force Data

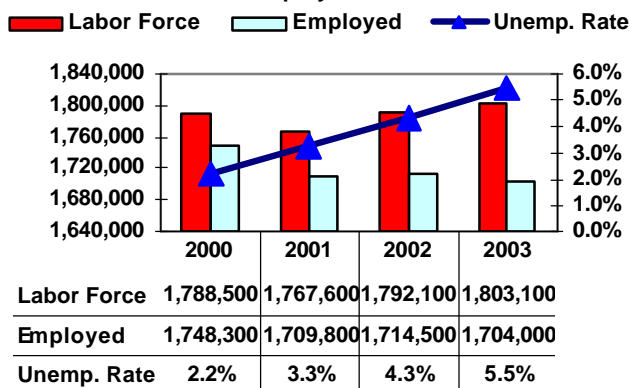
- From 2002 to 2003, Connecticut's labor force increased by 11,000. The number of unemployed increased by 21,500 and the number employed declined by 10,500 so that the rate of unemployment increased from 4.3 to 5.5 percent.
- In 2003, the North Central WIA reported an increase of 1,400 residents in the labor force—the fourth highest increase among the WIAs. The number employed decreased by 5,800, which represented the largest decrease among the WIAs in 2003. At the same time, unemployment in the North Central WIA increased by 7,200 from 22,700 to 29,900 in 2003—also the largest increase among the WIAs.
- Twenty-three of the North Central WIA's 37 towns showed increases in labor force levels in 2003, led by Hartford (+926) and New Britain (+233). The largest labor force decreases were in Glastonbury (-61) and South Windsor (-59).
- All thirty-seven towns in the North Central WIA reported a drop in employment in 2003. The most significant losses occurred in Hartford (-573), New Britain (-392), Bristol (-373), West Hartford (-345) and Manchester (-344). This WIA accounted for 55.2 percent of the total state employment decline.
- All of the North Central WIA's towns showed increases in the number of unemployed in 2003. As in 2002, Hartford (+1,499), New Britain (+625), Manchester (+397), Bristol (+394) and East Hartford (+356) recorded the largest increases in unemployed residents in 2003.
- From 2000 to 2003, the North Central WIA reported a decrease of 100 residents in the labor force—fourth among the WIAs. Employment decreased by 18,100—highest among the WIAs, while unemployment increased by 17,900—the largest increase among the WIAs during the same period.

Employment Change 2000 – 2003			
	2003 Total	Change 2003- 2000	Change 2003-2002
Hartford	45,821	-2,262	-573
New Britain	31,443	-1,638	-392
Bristol	29,882	-1,353	-373
West Hartford	27,609	-1,321	-345
Manchester	27,484	-1,286	-344

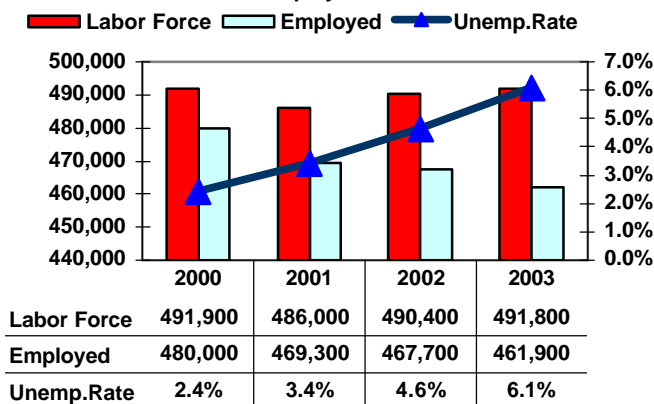
Labor Force Change 2000 - 2003			
	2003 Total	Change 2003- 2000	Change 2003-2002
Hartford	51,792	1,089	926
New Britain	34,436	-3	233
Bristol	31,947	-68	21
Manchester	29,195	-201	53
West Hartford	28,836	-578	9



Connecticut: Labor Force, Employment, Unemployment Rate



North Central WIA: Labor Force, Employment, Unemployment Rate



See Also Appendix Table on Pages A-22 and A-57



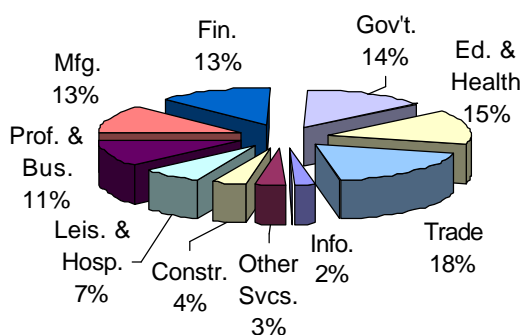


# North Central WIA

## Employment by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

- In 2003, annual average employment in the North Central WIA declined by 10,524 jobs (-2.0%) – representing the largest decrease among all WIAs in Connecticut. Since 2001, the area has lost nearly 19,000 jobs.
- Nearly 37 percent of the job losses were in Manufacturing, down 3,891 (-5.8%) since 2002. The next highest job losses were recorded in Government, down 3,062 (-4.1%), and in Trade, Transportation and Utilities, with a reduction of 2,490 jobs (-2.6%). The Trade, Transportation and Utilities sector represents 18 percent of this area's total employment.
- Only Leisure and Hospitality, with an increase of nearly 1,500 jobs, and Educational and Health Services, with a small increase of 271, recorded employment gains over 2002.

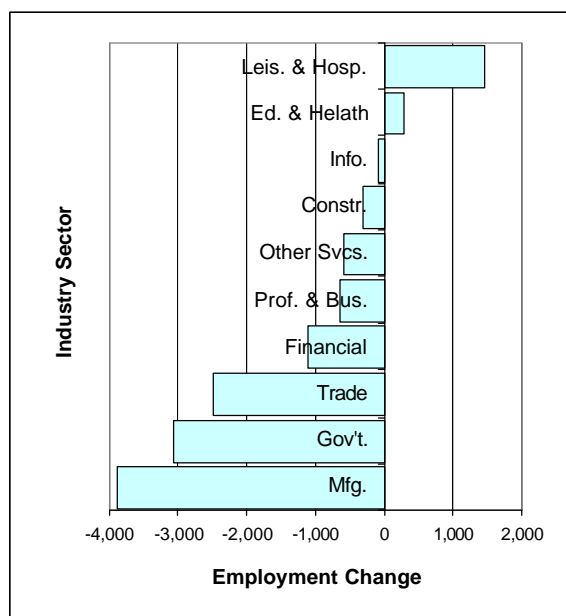
**North Central WIA  
Employment by Industry Sector - 2003**



**North Central WIA  
Annual Average Employment by Industry  
2001 - 2003**

	2003	2002	2001
Connecticut	1,625,932	1,648,986	1,665,699
North Central WIA	504,310	514,834	523,253
Construction & Mining	20,484	20,797	22,114
Manufacturing	63,259	67,150	71,504
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	91,579	94,069	95,304
Information	10,846	10,936	11,838
Financial Activities	64,500	65,609	66,341
Prof. & Business Svcs.	56,622	57,283	59,430
Educational & Health Svcs.	73,837	73,566	72,036
Leisure & Hospitality	35,369	33,914	34,186
Other Services	16,639	17,224	17,331
Government	71,142	74,204	73,052

**North Central WIA  
Net Job Change 2002 - 2003**



See Also Appendix Table on Pages A-24 - A-26 and A-59 - A-61





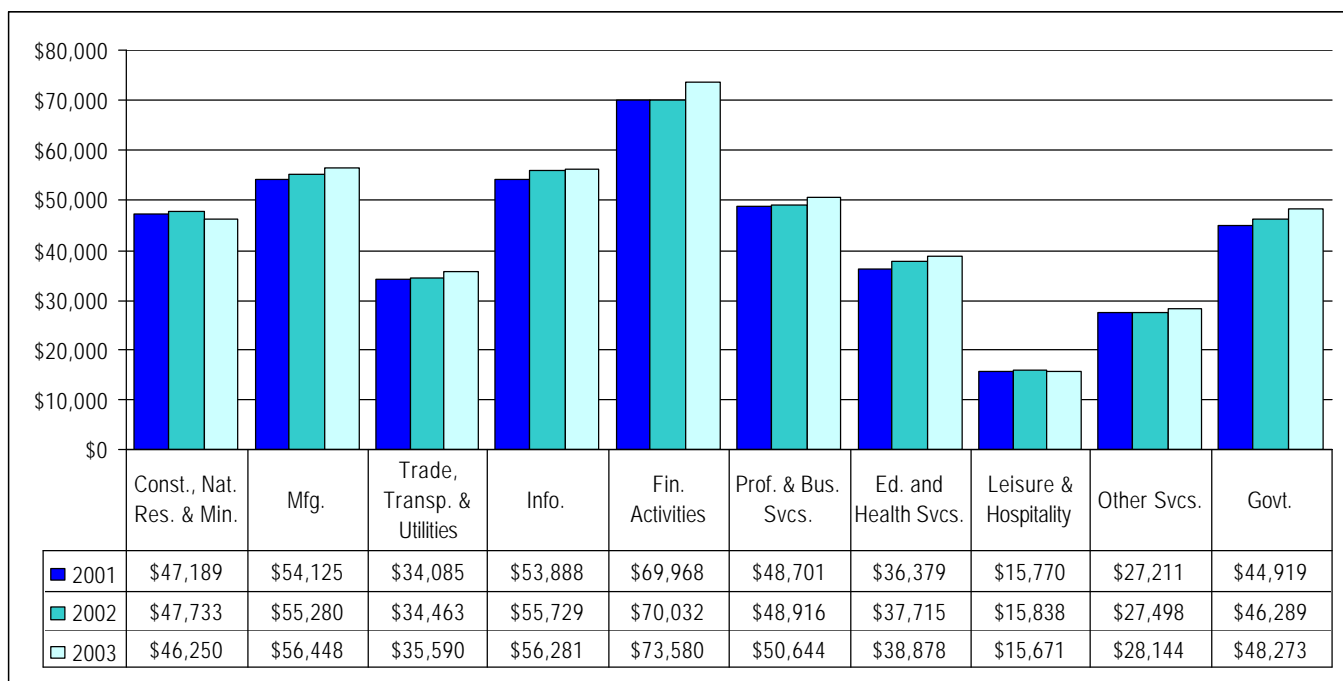
# North Central WIA

## Annual Average Wages by Industry

- The annual average wages for all industries in the North Central WIA increased by 2.8 percent in 2003, up over \$1,200 to \$46,261. Area wages were still below Connecticut's average of \$48,318. The overall average wages among the State's five workplace investment areas ranged from \$38,159 in the Eastern WIA to \$65,050 in the Southwest WIA.
- Wages had increased in all but two of the industries in the North Central WIA, the exceptions being the construction and the leisure and hospitality sectors.
- The largest over-the-year increases occurred in the financial activities sector, up \$3,548. This sector also reported the highest wages in this WIA, at \$73,580 in 2003.
- The lowest wages were paid to workers in the Leisure and Hospitality sector, at \$15,671, reflecting the part-time schedule of many workers in the recreation, accommodation, and food service industries.

Annual Average Wages  
2002 - 2003

Industry	Annual Average Wages		Change from 2002	
	2003	2002	No.	%
<i>North Central WIA</i>	\$46,261	\$45,015	\$1,246	2.8%
Const., Nat. Res. & Min.	\$46,250	\$47,733	-\$1,482	-3.1%
Manufacturing	\$56,448	\$55,280	\$1,168	2.1%
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	\$35,590	\$34,463	\$1,127	3.3%
Information	\$56,281	\$55,729	\$552	1.0%
Financial Activities	\$73,580	\$70,032	\$3,548	5.1%
Prof. & Bus. Svcs.	\$50,644	\$48,916	\$1,728	3.5%
Ed. and Health Svcs.	\$38,878	\$37,715	\$1,163	3.1%
Leisure & Hospitality	\$15,671	\$15,838	-\$167	-1.1%
Other Services	\$28,144	\$27,498	\$646	2.3%
Government	\$48,273	\$46,289	\$1,984	4.3%



See Also Appendix Table on Pages A-24 - A-26 and A-59 - A-61

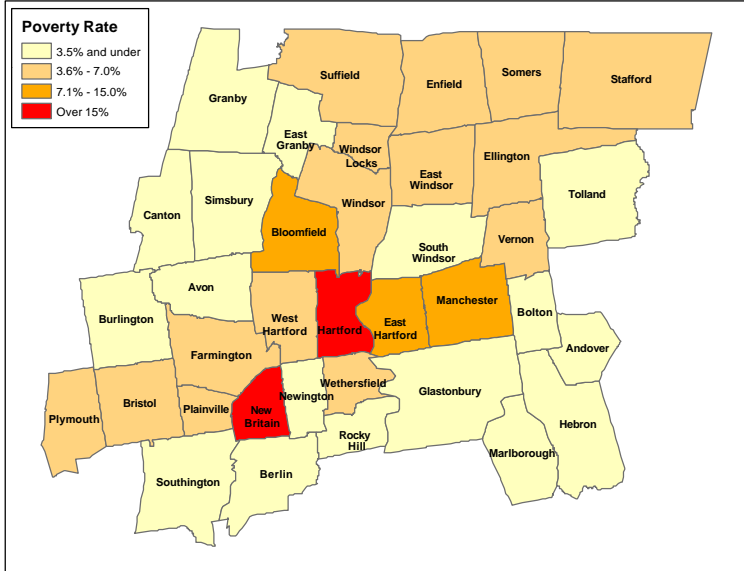




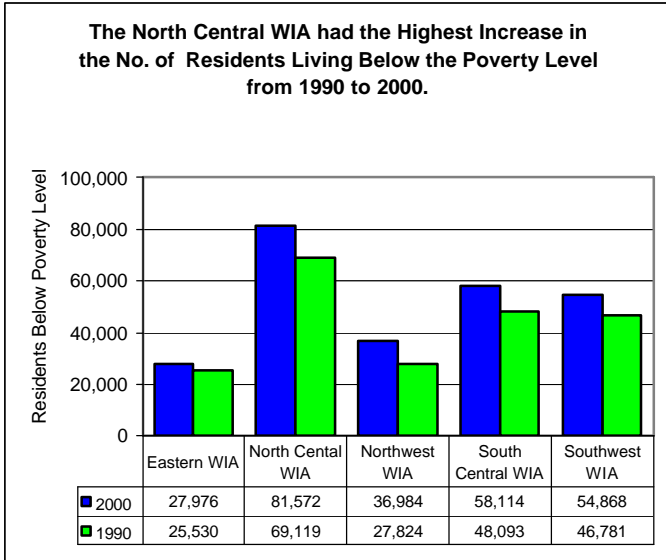
# North Central WIA

## Poverty Status

- Of the 3,300,416 Connecticut residents surveyed in the 2000 Census, 259,514, or 7.9 percent, were living below the poverty level. This represented an increase of 42,167 residents, or 19.4 percent, from the 1990 Census.
- According to the 2000 Census, 81,572 residents in the North Central WIA (8.8%) were living below the poverty level. This represented an increase of 12,453 residents—the highest net increase among the WIAs—from the 1990 Census level of 69,119.



2000 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES	
FAMILY SIZE	POVERTY INCOME LEVEL
1	\$8,350
2	\$11,250
3	\$14,150
4	\$17,050
5	\$19,950
6	\$22,850
7	\$25,750
8	\$28,650



- Three out of ten Hartford residents were living below the poverty level in 2000. At 30.6 percent, this was the highest poverty level in the North Central WIA. At 35,741 in 2000, and accounting for 44 percent of the WIA's total, the number of Hartford residents living below the poverty level actually declined from 36,397 in 1990.
- Next to Hartford, New Britain (16.4%), East Hartford (10.3%), Manchester (8.0%), and Bloomfield (7.6%) reported the highest percentage of residents living below the poverty level in 2000 (+1,989), and in Bristol (+1,311).
- Burlington, Hebron, East Granby, Avon, and South Windsor reported poverty rates below 2.0 percent during this same period.
- From 1990 to 2000, 30 of North Central WIA's 37 towns showed increases in the number of residents living below the poverty level. The highest increases were recorded in East Hartford (+2,365), Manchester (+2,326), New Britain (+1,989), and in Bristol (+1,311).

See Also Appendix Table on Pages A-48 and A-62

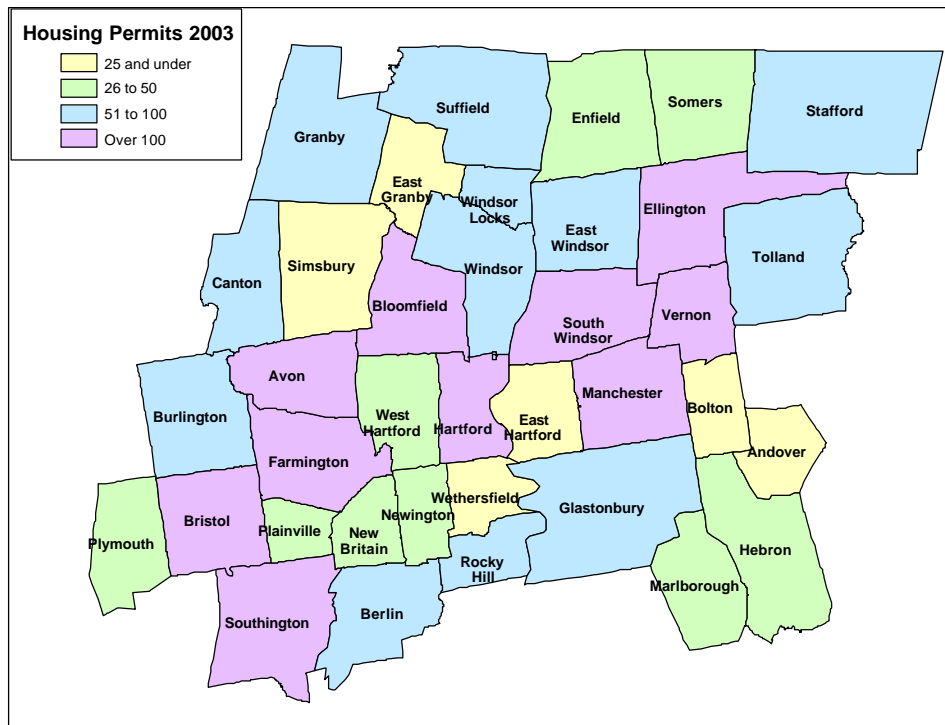




# North Central WIA

## New Housing Permits

- In 2003, new housing permits issued in Connecticut increased by 704, from 9,731 to 10,435. From 2000 to 2003, Connecticut experienced a net increase of 1,059 new housing permits issued.
- Between 2000 and 2003, the North Central WIA had an increase of 873 new housing permits issued – the highest among the WIAs. Overall, 19 towns reported net increases in new housing permits, led by Bloomfield (+276), Hartford (+274), South Windsor (+107) and Vernon (+101).



- Of the 17 towns experiencing decreases in new housing permits issued, Tolland (-58) and Glastonbury (-50) experienced the most significant declines. Granby was the only town in the WIA to have the same number of new housing permits issued in both 2000 and 2003.
- Four towns had housing permit increases in 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003: Bloomfield, Bristol, South Windsor and Stafford. The town of Bolton was the only area to report housing permit decreases in 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003, consecutively.
- In 2003, the North Central WIA reported 3,143 new housing permits issued – the most among the State’s five WIAs for the second consecutive year. This represented a modest increase of 229 from 2002.
- Ten of the WIA’s 37 towns reported housing permit increases in 2003, led by Hartford (+264) and Bloomfield (+248).
- Twenty-six towns reported housing permit decreases in 2003. However, most of the decreases were minimal, with only Canton (-65) and Manchester (-50) showing significant decreases from the previous year.

	New Housing Permits						
	2003	2002	2001	2000	Change over Year	Net Change 00 - 03	% Change 00 - 03
Connecticut	10,435	9,731	9,290	9,376	704	1,059	11.3%
North Central WIA	3,143	2,914	2,561	2,270	229	873	10.1%
% of Connecticut	30.1%	29.9%	27.6%	24.2%	---	---	---

See Also Appendix Table on Page A-37

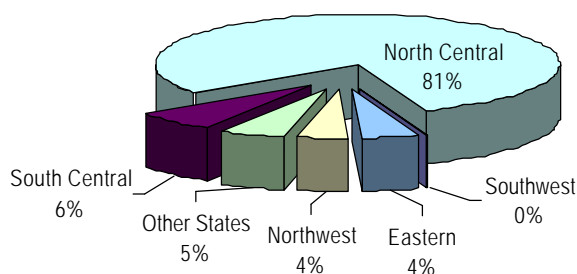


# North Central WIA

## Commuting Patterns - 2000

- In Connecticut, only 4.0 percent of workers (16 years and over) used public transportation to commute to work, while 9.4 percent car-pooled. In the North Central WIA, where car-pools were much more likely to be used, public transportation use was below two percent for residents of 29 out of 37 area towns. However, nearly 19 percent of Hartford residents and six percent of East Hartford residents used public transportation.
- Nearly 402,000 WIA residents commuted to work in towns within the WIA. This represented over 80 percent of the North Central WIA workers. While 106,869 workers commuted to the City of Hartford, only 41,009 were town residents. In contrast, Manchester, East Hartford, West Hartford, and New Britain reported more resident commuters than workers.
- Out-of-state workers commuting to the North Central WIA numbered 26,431. Most (22,021) came from Massachusetts. Just two percent (10,512) of North Central WIA residents commuted to work out-of-state. Nearly two-thirds commuted to Massachusetts, and one-eighth (1,301) commuted to New York.

**Over 80% of North Central WIA workers commuted to work from WIA towns, while six percent commuted from the South Central WIA, and five percent commuted from out-of-state, mainly from Massachusetts**

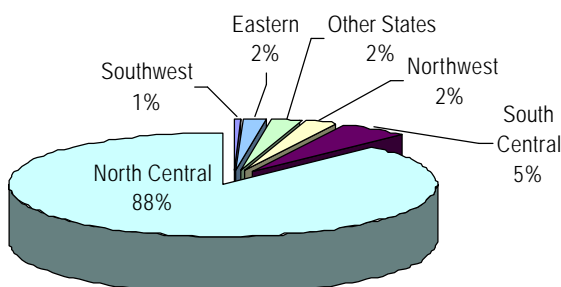


**WIA Towns where Most Commuters Live or Work**

	Workers Commuting to Work in:	Residents Commuting to Work from:
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>505,190</b>	<b>457,498</b>
Hartford	106,869	41,009
Manchester	28,848	31,071
East Hartford	27,445	30,798
West Hartford	27,179	28,996
New Britain	25,557	28,374
Windsor Locks	24,034	23,070
Bristol	22,940	21,479
Farmington	22,275	21,020
Enfield	18,028	16,482
Bloomfield	17,581	15,299

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

**North Central WIA Resident Commuters and Where They Work**



See Also Appendix Table on Pages A-38 - A-41





## North Central WIA

### Food Stamps, Temporary Family Assistance (TFA), State Supplement and Medicaid

- In 2003, the North Central WIA reported 59,303 Food Stamps, 18,354 TFA, 6,588 State Supplement, and 119,903 Medicaid recipients.
- Hartford, New Britain, East Hartford, Bristol, Manchester, and West Hartford accounted for nearly 87 percent of the Food Stamps and TFA recipients, and 74 percent of the State Supplement, and Medicaid clients in the North Central WIA.
- Thirty-three towns reported increases in Food Stamp recipients in 2003, led by Hartford (+1,391), New Britain (+762) and Manchester (+ 201). Also of note was Plainville (+102), which experienced a 31% gain compared with its total in 2002.
- Nineteen towns showed decreases in the number of TFA recipients from 2002 to 2003. Of these, Hartford (-1,195), New Britain (-158), and East Hartford (-153) showed the most significant decline.
- Between 2002 and 2003, 24 of the 37 towns in the North Central WIA reported declines in State Supplement recipients. However, only Hartford (-418) had a significant reduction of recipients during this period.
- All 37 towns reported increases in Medicaid clients again in 2003, led by New Britain (930), Hartford (892), Manchester (591), East Hartford (509), and Bristol (499). The North Central WIA was one of three regions (along with South Central and Southwest WIAs) to see Medicaid recipient increases in every town.

#### Towns with the Highest Number of Assistance Recipients

Town	Food Stamps	TFA	State Supp.	Medicaid
Hartford	32,229	9,549	2,405	45,571
New Britain	9,349	3,288	861	17,076
East Hartford	3,272	1,075	366	8,401
Bristol	2,920	948	234	7,150
Manchester	2,230	778	378	6,505
West Hartford	1,527	297	636	4,555
<b>Total 6 towns</b>	<b>51,527</b>	<b>15,935</b>	<b>4,880</b>	<b>89,258</b>
<b>% of WIA</b>	<b>86.9%</b>	<b>86.8%</b>	<b>74.1%</b>	<b>74.4%</b>

	Food Stamps			
	2003	2002	Change	% Change
Connecticut	166,615	157,028	9,587	6.1%
North Central WIA	59,303	55,903	3,400	6.1%
% of CT	35.6%	35.6%		

	TFA			
	2003	2002	Change	% Change
Connecticut	50,746	56,006	-5,260	-9.4%
North Central WIA	18,354	20,048	-1,694	-8.4%
% of CT	36.2%	35.8%		

	State Supp.			
	2003	2002	Change	% Change
Connecticut	19,112	21,154	-2,042	-9.7%
North Central WIA	6,588	7,355	-767	-10.4%
% of CT	34.5%	34.8%		

	Medicaid			
	2003	2002	Change	% Change
Connecticut	379,421	355,498	23,923	6.7%
North Central WIA	119,903	113,081	6,822	6.0%
% of CT	31.6%	31.8%		

See Also Appendix Table on Page A-49

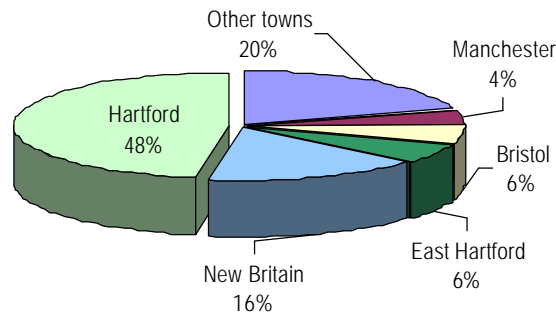


# North Central WIA

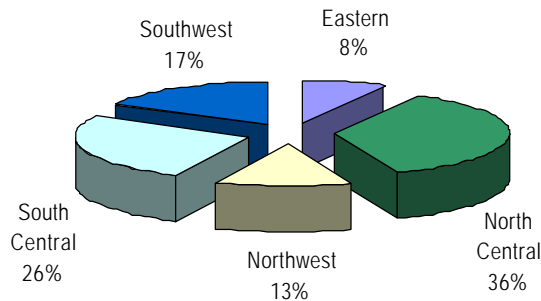
## State Administered General Assistance (SAGA)

- In 2003, 4,757 Connecticut residents received cash assistance under the State Administered General Assistance Program (SAGA)—an increase of 431, or ten percent, from the previous year. During this same period, 25,643 residents received medical assistance under SAGA—an increase of 3,279 (15 percent).
- In Connecticut as well as in the North Central WIA, the number of persons receiving Medical assistance under SAGA was more than five times greater than the number receiving cash assistance.
- In the North Central WIA, SAGA cash assistance recipients numbered 1,715, an increase of nine percent from 2002, while medical assistance recipients numbered 9,291, up eleven percent. Both totals were the highest among the State's five WIAs.
- Hartford (814), New Britain (279), Bristol (101), East Hartford (101), and Manchester (69) had the highest number of cash assistance recipients under SAGA in 2003. These towns also reported the highest number of medical assistance recipients, led by Hartford (5,205) and New Britain (1,223).

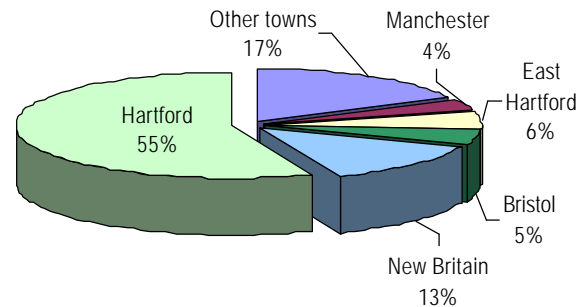
Towns with Highest Number of SAGA Cash Recipients



The North Central WIA Accounted for 36 Percent of Connecticut's Recipients of Cash and Medical Assistance Under SAGA in 2003



Towns with Highest Number of SAGA Medical Recipients



Area	Cash			% Chge 02 - 03	% Chge 01 - 02	Medical			% Chge 02 - 03	% Chge 01 - 02
	2003	2002	2001			2003	2002	2001		
<b>CT</b>	<b>4,757</b>	<b>4,326</b>	<b>4,179</b>	<b>10.0%</b>	<b>3.5%</b>	<b>25,643</b>	<b>22,364</b>	<b>20,403</b>	<b>14.7%</b>	<b>9.6%</b>
Eastern	384	331	315	16.0%	5.1%	1,992	1,733	1,633	14.9%	6.1%
No. Central	1,715	1,569	1,480	9.3%	6.0%	9,291	8,349	7,723	11.3%	8.1%
Northwest	551	458	471	20.3%	-2.8%	3,292	2,721	2,304	21.0%	18.1%
So. Central	1,115	1,012	980	10.2%	3.3%	6,631	5,719	5,309	15.9%	7.7%
Southwest	919	881	853	4.3%	3.3%	4,359	3,762	3,352	15.9%	12.2%

See Also Appendix Table on Page A-50

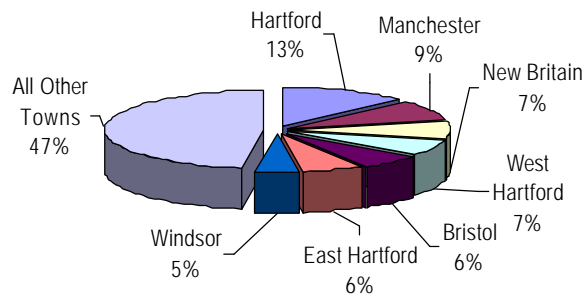


# North Central WIA

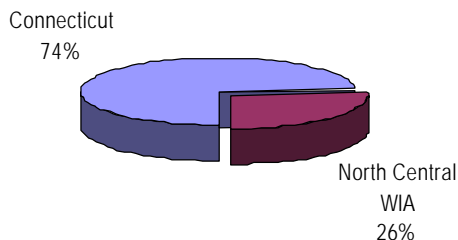
## Active Mental Retardation Clients - 2004

- According to the Department of Mental Retardation (DMR), studies indicate that approximately one percent of the general population has mental retardation. In Connecticut, where the latest population estimate was 3,483,372 for 2003, 14,936 residents were active clients of DMR as of June 2004.
- As of June 2004, the North Central WIA reported 3,944 active mental retardation clients, again representing 0.4 percent of the WIA population and 26 percent of Connecticut's active DMR clients.
- More than half (52.3 percent) of the mental retardation clients in the North Central WIA were residents of Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, West Hartford, Bristol, East Hartford and Windsor. The towns of Bolton (17), and East Granby (6) had the fewest mental retardation clients.

Hartford, Manchester, New Britain, West Hartford, Bristol, East Hartford, and Windsor accounted for 52.3% (2,062) of the total mental retardation clients in the North Central Region.



As of June 2004, the North Central WIA reported 26% (3,944) of the State's 14,936 active mental retardation clients.



### Active Mental Retardation Clients as of June 2004

	Clients
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>14,936</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>3,944</b>

### Top Towns

Hartford	515
Manchester	340
New Britain	278
West Hartford	272
Bristol	240
East Hartford	235
Windsor	182

See Also Appendix Table on Page A-51



# North Central WIA

## Adult Probationers

- From May 2003 to June 2004, the number of probationers in Connecticut declined by 5,799. Probationers in the North Central WIA decreased by 3,188, or 19.5%, almost twice the overall statewide drop of 10.5%.
- As of June 2004, the North Central WIA had 13,127 adult probationers, 26.6 percent of the State's total.
- Hartford, New Britain, Bristol, East Hartford, Manchester, and Enfield had the largest numbers of adult probationers. Together they totaled 9,135 or 69.6 percent of all adult probationers in the Eastern WIA—nearly identical to last year.
- Eight towns had fewer than 50 probationers: Burlington, Canton, Hebron, Avon, Marlborough, Bolton, East Granby, and Andover. Andover had the fewest probationers (19) in the North Central WIA.

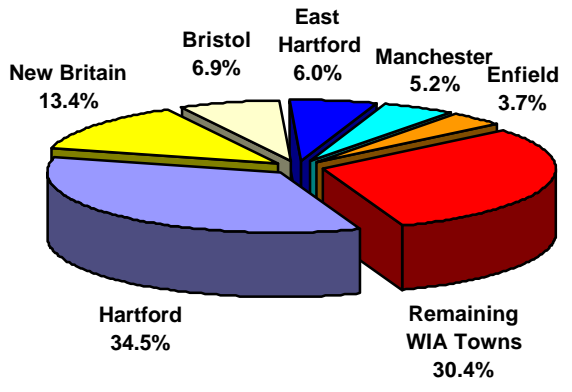
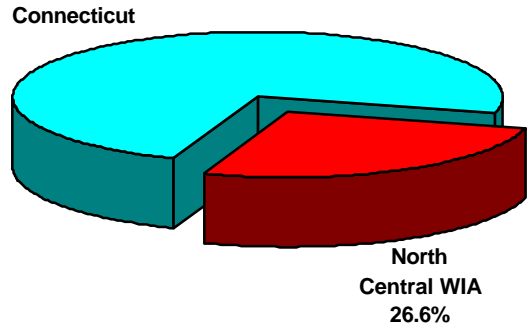
**Probationers by Residence  
 June 2004 – May 2003**

	June 2004	May 2003	Change
<b>Connecticut<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>49,431</b>	<b>55,230</b>	<b>-5,799</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>13,127</b>	<b>16,315</b>	<b>-3,188</b>
Hartford	4,530	5,558	-1,028
New Britain	1,753	2,246	-493
Bristol	908	1,024	-116
East Hartford	782	1,025	-243
Manchester	677	820	-143
Enfield	485	659	-174

<sup>1</sup>June 2004 Connecticut totals include 3,235 (1,482 State and 1,753 General Security Services Corp.) probationers without town designations.

**Hartford, New Britain, Bristol, East Hartford, Manchester, and Enfield had 69.6 percent of the adult probationers in the WIA.**

As of June 2004, the North Central WIA accounted for 26.6 percent of the total number of adult probationers in Connecticut.



See Also Appendix Table on Page A-52





# North Central WIA

## Foreign-Born Residents, Language, School Enrollment, and Educational Attainment

- In the North Central WIA, the five towns with the largest number of persons over 25, without High School diplomas, comprise 9.6 percent of the total over 25 population, and 55.9 percent of the total without diplomas.
- According to the U.S. Census Bureau's 2000 Census, Hartford has the lowest percentage of residents with High School diplomas (60.8 percent) among all Connecticut towns.
- The five towns with the largest number of persons who don't speak English at home, and who have difficulties with English, also include 70.1 percent of the total WIA population who speak English less than well.

- While most persons who have difficulty with English speak Spanish at home, in New Britain, persons who speak other Indo-European languages and speak English less than well account for a larger number (6,587) than those who speak Spanish (6,214).

**WIA Towns with Most Foreign-Born Residents**

	Total Population	Foreign Born	Foreign Born- Entered 1990 to March 2000	Foreign Born % Total	% Foreign Born - Entered 1990 to March 2000
Connecticut	3,405,565	369,967	144,271	10.86	39.00
NC WIA	959,322	105,393	36,332	10.99	34.47
Hartford	121,578	22,671	9,946	18.65	43.87
New Britain	71,538	12,863	5,384	17.98	41.86
West Hartford	63,589	9,382	3,317	14.75	35.35
East Hartford	49,575	7,445	2,726	15.02	36.62
Manchester	54,740	4,650	2,001	8.49	43.03

- Hartford and New Britain have the largest number of foreign-born residents, with over 40 percent having arrived in the 90's.

- The five towns of Hartford, New Britain, West Hartford, East Hartford, and Manchester are home to 54.1 percent of the WIA's foreign-born residents.

**Persons 5 and Older Speaking Other than English at Home**

	Total 5 and Older	Language Other than English	Other than English - Speak English less than Very Well	Spanish - Speak English Less than Very Well	Other Indo-European Languages - Speak English less than Very Well	Asian & Pacific Island Languages - Speak English less than Very Well
Connecticut	3,184,514	583,913	234,799	116,538	90,355	23,246
NC WIA	898,227	182,540	72,785	34,467	30,484	6,775
Hartford	111,380	51,832	24,478	19,007	4,460	803
New Britain	67,095	29,141	13,614	6,214	6,587	670
East Hartford	46,464	12,098	5,012	2,455	1,582	850
West Hartford	59,869	12,950	4,836	1,086	2,484	1,202
Bristol	56,303	8,874	3,102	915	1,894	223

- Foreign-born residents of the same 5 towns comprise 64.3 percent of the WIA total of those who arrived during the 90's.

- Bristol, Windsor, Wethersfield, Bloomfield, and Newington each have more than 3000 foreign-born residents.

**North Central WIA Towns with Largest Number of Residents, 25 and Older, Lacking HS Diplomas**

	25 and Older	Less than 9th Grade	Some HS Not Grad	Total No HS Diploma	% HS Grads or Higher	% Bachelor's or Higher
Connecticut	2,295,617	132,917	234,739	367,656	84.0	31.4
NC WIA	649,617	40,310	70,657	110,967	82.9	29.5
Hartford	69,868	11,541	15,821	27,362	60.8	12.4
New Britain	44,987	5,376	8,548	13,924	69.0	16.6
Bristol	41,867	2,824	5,215	8,039	80.8	16.2
East Hartford	33,957	2,558	5,109	7,667	77.4	13.4
Enfield	31,576	1,320	3,767	5,087	83.9	18.2

See Also Appendix Table on Pages A-42 and A-44





# North Central WIA

## Annual High School Enrollment and Dropout Rates

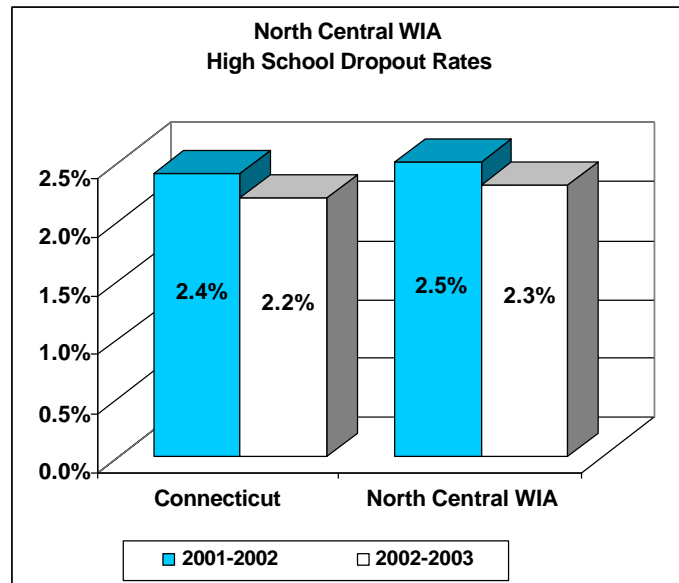
- In Connecticut's increasingly high tech economy, the importance of at least a high school education as a foundation for employment and continued learning is critical.
- In Connecticut, high school enrollment decreased by 5.2 percent from 2002 to 2003, while the number of dropouts declined by 14.8 percent. The overall dropout rate for grades 9 through 12 declined from 2.4 to 2.2 percent.
- In the North Central WIA, enrollment increased by 0.6 percent while the number of dropouts was 9.1 percent lower. This was reflected in the dropout rate, which declined from 2.5 percent in 2002 to 2.3 percent in 2003.
- The highest dropout rate in the North Central WIA was 7.6 percent reported in New Britain. Hartford had the largest number of dropouts (203) and a rate of 4.2 percent. The New Britain rate was up from 6.9 percent in 2002, an increase of 11 persons. The Hartford rate declined from 6.2 percent, a decrease of 85 dropouts. Hartford and New Britain with 16.6 percent of the WIA enrollment accounted for 39.5 percent of the WIA dropouts.

**Annual High School Enrollment, Dropouts, and Dropout Rate 2002-2003**

	Total Enrollment	Number of Dropouts	Dropout Rate
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>150,694</b>	<b>3,315</b>	<b>2.2%</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>45,312</b>	<b>1,024</b>	<b>2.3%</b>
Hartford	4,883	203	4.2%
West Hartford	2,870	47	1.6%
Bristol	2,732	62	2.3%
New Britain	2,647	201	7.6%
East Hartford	2,417	88	3.6%
Manchester	2,241	31	1.4%
Enfield	2,159	57	2.6%
Southington	2,036	35	1.7%

**Connecticut and North Central WIA Annual Enrollment, Dropouts and Dropout Rate**

	2001-2002	2002-2003
<b>Connecticut</b>		
Total Enrollment	158,996	150,694
No. of Dropouts	3,891	3,315
Dropout Rate	2.4%	2.2%
<b>North Central WIA</b>		
Total Enrollment	45,030	45,312
No. of Dropouts	1,127	1,024
Dropout Rate	2.5%	2.3%



See Also Appendix Table on Page A-45



# North Central WIA

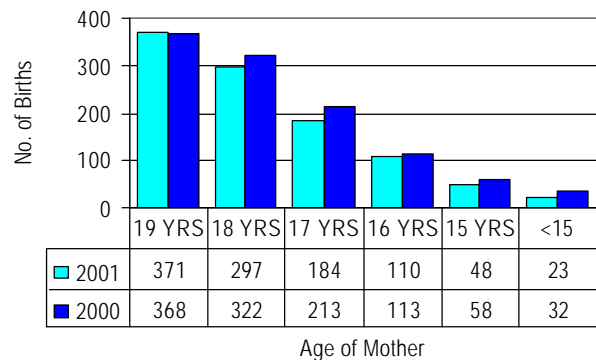
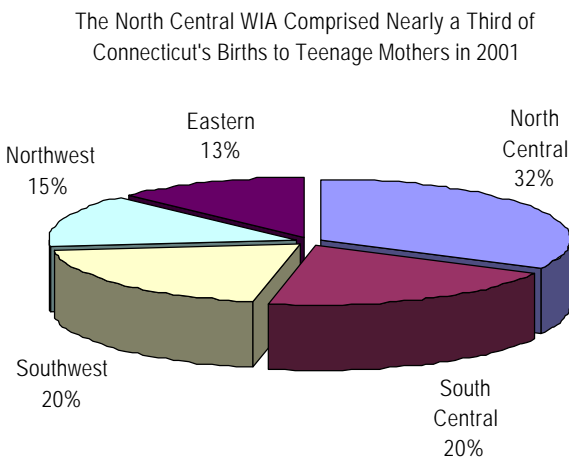
## Births to Teenage Mothers by Age and Residence

- From 2000 to 2001, Connecticut's population of teenage mothers decreased by 208, from 3,350 to 3,142. This represented a 6.2 percent decrease over the period. In 2001, the number of births to teenage mothers declined in all five WIAs.
- The North Central WIA reported 1,033 births to teenage mothers – the highest among the WIAs, and 32 percent of the State total in 2001.
- While 34 of the WIA's 37 towns reported births to teenage mothers, the North Central WIA also posted the largest decrease (-73) among the five WIAs over the previous year.
- Hartford (444), New Britain (185), East Hartford (63), Bristol (55) and Manchester (46) reported the highest number of births to teenage mothers in 2001. Together, these five towns accounted for 77 percent of the WIA's total.
- The highest percentage of teenage mothers (36%) were 19 years of age, followed by 18 year olds (29%). Eighteen percent of the teenage mothers (181) were 16 years of age or younger.
- Avon and Simsbury, which did not report births to teenage mothers in 2000, reported some in 2001. Conversely, East Granby and Marlborough did not report any births to teenage mothers in 2001.

Births to Teenage Mothers – 2000 and 2001				
	2001	2000	Change over Year	% Change
Connecticut	3,142	3,350	-208	-6.20%
North Central WIA	1,033	1,106	-73	-6.60%

Towns with Highest Number of Births to Teenage Mothers - 2001							
	Total	<15 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.
North Central WIA	1,033	23	48	110	184	297	371
Hartford	444	13	23	51	84	130	143
New Britain	185	5	9	25	35	47	64
East Hartford	63	0	1	3	13	17	29
Bristol	55	1	3	4	14	16	17
Manchester	46	0	0	4	9	16	17

In 2001, 36 Percent of the Teenage Mothers in the North Central WIA were 19 Years of Age.



See Also Appendix Table on Page A-46



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# CT TOWNS BY WORKFORCE INVESTMENT AREA

## **Eastern WIA**

### **41 towns**

Ashford  
Bozrah  
Brooklyn  
Canterbury  
Chaplin  
Colchester  
Columbia  
Coventry  
East Lyme  
Eastford  
Franklin  
Griswold  
Groton  
Hampton  
Killingly  
Lebanon  
Ledyard  
Lisbon  
Lyme  
Mansfield  
Montville  
New London  
North Stonington  
Norwich  
Old Lyme  
Plainfield  
Pomfret  
Preston  
Putnam  
Salem  
Scotland  
Sprague  
Sterling  
Stonington  
Thompson  
Union  
Voluntown  
Waterford  
Willington  
Windham  
Woodstock

## **North Central WIA**

### **37 towns**

Andover  
Avon

Berlin  
Bloomfield  
Bolton  
Bristol  
Burlington  
Canton  
East Granby  
East Hartford  
East Windsor  
Ellington  
Enfield  
Farmington  
Glastonbury  
Granby  
Hartford  
Hebron  
Manchester  
Marlborough  
New Britain  
Newington  
Plainville  
Plymouth  
Rocky Hill  
Simsbury  
Somers  
South Windsor  
Southington  
Stafford  
Suffield  
Tolland  
Vernon  
West Hartford  
Wethersfield  
Windsor  
Windsor Locks

## **Northwest WIA**

### **41 towns**

Barkhamsted  
Bethel  
Bethlehem  
Bridgewater  
Brookfield  
Canaan  
Cheshire  
Colebrook  
Cornwall  
Danbury

Goshen  
Hartland  
Harwinton  
Kent  
Litchfield  
Middlebury  
Morris  
Naugatuck  
New Fairfield  
New Hartford  
New Milford  
Newtown  
Norfolk  
North Canaan  
Prospect  
Redding  
Ridgefield  
Roxbury  
Salisbury  
Sharon  
Sherman  
Southbury  
Thomaston  
Torrington  
Warren  
Washington  
Waterbury  
Watertown  
Winchester  
Wolcott  
Woodbury

## **South Central WIA**

### **30 towns**

Bethany  
Branford  
Chester  
Clinton  
Cromwell  
Deep River  
Durham  
East Haddam  
East Hampton  
East Haven  
Essex  
Guilford  
Haddam  
Hamden

Killingworth  
Madison  
Meriden  
Middlefield  
Middletown  
Milford  
New Haven  
North Branford  
North Haven  
Old Saybrook  
Orange  
Portland  
Wallingford  
West Haven  
Westbrook  
Woodbridge

## **Southwest WIA**

### **20 towns**

Ansonia  
Beacon Falls  
Bridgeport  
Darien  
Derby  
Easton  
Fairfield  
Greenwich  
Monroe  
New Canaan  
Norwalk  
Oxford  
Seymour  
Shelton  
Stamford  
Stratford  
Trumbull  
Weston  
Westport  
Wilton





# North Central WIA

## Population by Town

### Connecticut Population by Town 2000 and 2003

Area	Estimate July 2003	Census 2000*	Difference Percent Change	
<b>CONNECTICUT</b>	<b>3,483,372</b>	<b>3,405,584</b>	<b>77,788</b>	<b>2.3%</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>978,902</b>	<b>959,262</b>	<b>19,640</b>	<b>2.0%</b>
Andover	3,165	3,036	129	4.2%
Avon	16,709	15,832	877	5.5%
Berlin	19,322	18,215	1,107	6.1%
Bloomfield	19,803	19,587	216	1.1%
Bolton	5,199	5,017	182	3.6%
Bristol	60,722	60,062	660	1.1%
Burlington	8,808	8,190	618	7.5%
Canton	9,413	8,840	573	6.5%
East Granby	4,977	4,745	232	4.9%
East Hartford	49,596	49,575	21	0.0%
East Windsor	10,185	9,818	367	3.7%
Ellington	13,952	12,921	1,031	8.0%
Enfield	45,539	45,212	327	0.7%
Farmington	24,507	23,641	866	3.7%
Glastonbury	32,789	31,876	913	2.9%
Granby	10,869	10,347	522	5.0%
Hartford	124,387	124,121	266	0.2%
Hebron	9,047	8,610	437	5.1%
Manchester	55,390	54,740	650	1.2%
Marlborough	6,094	5,709	385	6.7%
New Britain	71,572	71,538	34	0.0%
Newington	29,695	29,306	389	1.3%
Plainville	17,461	17,328	133	0.8%
Plymouth	12,067	11,634	433	3.7%
Rocky Hill	18,528	17,966	562	3.1%
Simsbury	23,496	23,234	262	1.1%
Somers	10,870	10,417	453	4.3%
Southington	41,397	39,728	1,669	4.2%
South Windsor	25,270	24,412	858	3.5%
Stafford	11,743	11,307	436	3.9%
Suffield	14,217	13,552	665	4.9%
Tolland	14,264	13,086	1,178	9.0%
Vernon	29,206	28,063	1,143	4.1%
West Hartford	61,424	61,046	378	0.6%
Wethersfield	26,398	26,271	127	0.5%
Windsor	28,565	28,237	328	1.2%
Windsor Locks	12,256	12,043	213	1.8%

\*Corrected count, 12/27/02

Source: U. S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates, June 2004





# North Central WIA

## Labor Force Data by Town

### Employment Status of Area Residents

	2003 Annual Average				2002 Annual Average			
	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			No.	%			No.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,803,100</b>	<b>1,704,000</b>	<b>99,100</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>1,792,100</b>	<b>1,714,500</b>	<b>77,600</b>	<b>4.3</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>491,800</b>	<b>461,900</b>	<b>29,900</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>490,400</b>	<b>467,700</b>	<b>22,700</b>	<b>4.6</b>
<b>Towns</b>								
Andover	1,717	1,632	85	5.0	1,712	1,653	59	3.4
Avon	8,256	7,992	264	3.2	8,293	8,092	201	2.4
Berlin	9,745	9,264	481	4.9	9,729	9,380	349	3.6
Bloomfield	10,249	9,588	661	6.4	10,187	9,708	479	4.7
Bolton	2,872	2,760	112	3.9	2,868	2,794	74	2.6
Bristol	31,947	29,882	2,065	6.5	31,926	30,255	1,671	5.2
Burlington	4,673	4,464	209	4.5	4,662	4,520	142	3.0
Canton	4,999	4,785	214	4.3	4,986	4,845	141	2.8
East Granby	2,647	2,534	113	4.3	2,661	2,565	96	3.6
East Hartford	26,433	24,476	1,957	7.4	26,383	24,782	1,601	6.1
East Windsor	5,549	5,189	360	6.5	5,544	5,253	291	5.2
Ellington	7,670	7,362	308	4.0	7,720	7,453	267	3.5
Enfield	23,465	22,204	1,261	5.4	23,429	22,481	948	4.0
Farmington	12,389	11,892	497	4.0	12,406	12,041	365	2.9
Glastonbury	17,058	16,451	607	3.6	17,119	16,657	462	2.7
Granby	5,711	5,490	221	3.9	5,732	5,559	173	3.0
Hartford	51,792	45,821	5,971	11.5	50,866	46,394	4,472	8.8
Hebron	4,662	4,463	199	4.3	4,667	4,518	149	3.2
Manchester	29,195	27,484	1,711	5.9	29,142	27,828	1,314	4.5
Marlborough	3,100	2,958	142	4.6	3,083	2,995	88	2.9
New Britain	34,436	31,443	2,993	8.7	34,203	31,835	2,368	6.9
Newington	15,772	14,996	776	4.9	15,780	15,183	597	3.8
Plainville	9,496	8,868	628	6.6	9,420	8,979	441	4.7
Plymouth	6,301	5,838	463	7.3	6,255	5,911	344	5.5
Rocky Hill	10,302	9,822	480	4.7	10,290	9,945	345	3.4
Simsbury	12,039	11,661	378	3.1	12,089	11,807	282	2.3
Somers	4,434	4,238	196	4.4	4,444	4,290	154	3.5
Southington	21,756	20,601	1,155	5.3	21,681	20,858	823	3.8
South Windsor	14,092	13,554	538	3.8	14,151	13,724	427	3.0
Stafford	5,704	5,356	348	6.1	5,683	5,423	260	4.6
Suffield	6,920	6,649	271	3.9	6,959	6,732	227	3.3
Tolland	7,683	7,408	275	3.6	7,700	7,500	200	2.6
Vernon	15,863	15,004	859	5.4	15,848	15,191	657	4.1
West Hartford	28,836	27,609	1,227	4.3	28,827	27,954	873	3.0
Wethersfield	12,492	11,874	618	4.9	12,449	12,022	427	3.4
Windsor	14,829	13,939	890	6.0	14,759	14,113	646	4.4
Windsor Locks	6,701	6,337	364	5.4	6,736	6,416	320	4.8

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research





## North Central WIA

### Worksites by Size Class - December 2003

Size Class (No. of Employees)	Worksites*		Employment*	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
0 - 4	13,604	53.4%	23,679	5.4%
5 - 9	4,780	18.8%	31,682	7.2%
10 - 19	3,315	13.0%	44,803	10.2%
20 - 49	2,254	8.8%	68,389	15.6%
50 - 99	843	3.3%	58,135	13.3%
100 - 249	492	1.9%	75,183	17.2%
250 - 499	127	0.5%	43,615	10.0%
500 - 999	46	0.2%	29,490	6.7%
1,000 & over	28	0.1%	62,820	14.3%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25,489</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>437,796</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Excludes government.

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms only report statewide employment and are, therefore, not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county is available on-line at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).





# North Central WIA

## Employment and Wages by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

Naics Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wage	Average Weekly Wage
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>26,463</b>	<b>504,310</b>	<b>\$23,329,997,161</b>	<b>\$46,261</b>	<b>\$890</b>
<b>11</b>	<b><i>Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting</i></b>	<b>110</b>	<b>2,004</b>	<b>\$47,691,150</b>	<b>\$23,803</b>	<b>\$458</b>
111	Crop production	79	1,640	\$36,527,402	\$22,268	\$428
112	Animal production	16	197	\$5,957,548	\$30,203	\$581
115	Agriculture and forestry support activities	15	166	\$5,206,200	\$31,363	\$603
<b>21</b>	<b><i>Mining</i></b>	<b>16</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>\$8,844,802</b>	<b>\$55,891</b>	<b>\$1,075</b>
212	Mining, except oil and gas	*	*	*	*	*
213	Support activities for mining	*	*	*	*	*
<b>22</b>	<b><i>Utilities</i></b>	<b>31</b>	<b>3,355</b>	<b>\$237,960,429</b>	<b>\$70,929</b>	<b>\$1,364</b>
221	Utilities	31	3,355	\$237,960,429	\$70,929	\$1,364
<b>23</b>	<b><i>Construction</i></b>	<b>2,643</b>	<b>18,322</b>	<b>\$890,855,974</b>	<b>\$48,623</b>	<b>\$935</b>
236	Construction of buildings	660	3,324	\$172,113,752	\$51,782	\$996
237	Heavy and civil engineering construction	158	1,521	\$85,240,639	\$56,046	\$1,078
238	Specialty trade construction	1,825	13,477	\$633,501,584	\$47,006	\$904
<b>31-33</b>	<b><i>Manufacturing</i></b>	<b>1,689</b>	<b>63,259</b>	<b>\$3,570,854,960</b>	<b>\$56,448</b>	<b>\$1,086</b>
311	Food manufacturing	80	1,904	\$61,587,861	\$32,342	\$622
312	Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	8	246	\$10,933,716	\$44,431	\$854
313	Textile mills	5	334	\$12,170,525	\$36,448	\$701
314	Textile product mills	13	187	\$5,545,469	\$29,681	\$571
315	Apparel manufacturing	9	93	\$2,014,985	\$21,744	\$418
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
321	Wood product manufacturing	31	557	\$22,802,246	\$40,925	\$787
322	Paper manufacturing	23	1,594	\$85,389,327	\$53,555	\$1,030
323	Printing and related support activities	159	2,992	\$138,187,880	\$46,191	\$888
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
325	Chemical manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	65	1,755	\$76,397,326	\$43,527	\$837
327	Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	28	566	\$27,256,618	\$48,178	\$926
331	Primary metal manufacturing	23	803	\$35,332,615	\$43,987	\$846
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing	545	13,660	\$659,913,539	\$48,310	\$929
333	Machinery manufacturing	225	7,481	\$457,690,299	\$61,180	\$1,177
334	Computer and electronic product manufacturing	69	2,857	\$142,889,629	\$50,023	\$962
335	Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing	49	3,390	\$240,995,664	\$71,101	\$1,367
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	108	19,175	\$1,306,234,596	\$68,123	\$1,310
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	91	1,374	\$53,543,390	\$38,974	\$749
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	119	2,812	\$132,867,485	\$47,246	\$909





# North Central WIA

## Employment and Wages by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

Naics Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>42</b>	<b>Wholesale trade</b>	<b>1,714</b>	<b>20,596</b>	<b>\$1,111,344,979</b>	<b>\$53,960</b>	<b>\$1,038</b>
423	Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	802	11,577	\$630,839,767	\$54,491	\$1,048
424	Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	278	7,031	\$357,464,134	\$50,838	\$978
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	634	1,987	\$123,041,078	\$61,915	\$1,191
<b>44-45</b>	<b>Retail trade</b>	<b>3,434</b>	<b>53,117</b>	<b>\$1,406,533,188</b>	<b>\$26,480</b>	<b>\$509</b>
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	354	6,635	\$287,337,794	\$43,307	\$833
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	230	2,361	\$73,374,639	\$31,083	\$598
443	Electronics and appliance stores	206	2,241	\$100,709,392	\$44,934	\$864
444	Building material and garden supply stores	267	4,520	\$147,441,683	\$32,617	\$627
445	Food and beverage stores	580	12,416	\$253,221,890	\$20,395	\$392
446	Health and personal care stores	251	4,144	\$105,716,770	\$25,508	\$491
447	Gasoline stations	261	1,692	\$36,677,331	\$21,677	\$417
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	385	4,810	\$88,312,190	\$18,359	\$353
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	255	2,948	\$54,046,447	\$18,332	\$353
452	General merchandise stores	100	6,647	\$126,272,693	\$18,997	\$365
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	390	2,997	\$63,670,857	\$21,243	\$409
454	Nonstore retailers	155	1,704	\$69,751,502	\$40,930	\$787
<b>48-49</b>	<b>Transportation and warehousing</b>	<b>507</b>	<b>14,511</b>	<b>\$503,469,598</b>	<b>\$34,696</b>	<b>\$667</b>
481	Air transportation	28	1,315	\$47,917,824	\$36,453	\$701
484	Truck transportation	195	1,886	\$78,587,955	\$41,675	\$801
485	Transit and ground passenger transportation	86	3,177	\$80,127,498	\$25,220	\$485
487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	*	*	*	*	*
488	Support activities for transportation	86	1,276	\$49,879,425	\$39,101	\$752
491	Postal service	*	*	*	*	*
492	Couriers and messengers	78	3,915	\$127,658,996	\$32,611	\$627
493	Warehousing and storage	32	2,938	\$119,142,016	\$40,557	\$780
<b>51</b>	<b>Information</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>10,846</b>	<b>\$610,418,354</b>	<b>\$56,281</b>	<b>\$1,082</b>
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	81	2,333	\$116,439,179	\$49,919	\$960
512	Motion picture and sound recording industries	47	556	\$12,802,353	\$23,015	\$443
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	33	3,073	\$217,100,019	\$70,653	\$1,359
516	Internet publishing and broadcasting	10	33	\$1,704,875	\$51,533	\$991
517	Telecommunications	94	2,876	\$171,650,765	\$59,680	\$1,148
518	ISPs, search portals, and data processing	53	1,756	\$85,041,327	\$48,427	\$931
519	Other information services	18	219	\$5,679,836	\$25,945	\$499
<b>52</b>	<b>Finance and insurance</b>	<b>1,707</b>	<b>59,133</b>	<b>\$4,513,880,709</b>	<b>\$76,334</b>	<b>\$1,468</b>
521	Monetary authorities - central bank	*	*	*	*	*
522	Credit intermediation and related activities	571	9,605	\$534,308,059	\$55,626	\$1,070
523	Securities, commodity contracts, investments	288	2,109	\$246,010,723	\$116,662	\$2,243
524	Insurance carriers and related activities	821	44,105	\$3,400,516,537	\$77,101	\$1,483
525	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	*	*	*	*	*



# North Central WIA

## Employment and Wages by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

Naics Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>53</b>	<b>Real estate and rental and leasing</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>5,367</b>	<b>\$232,000,968</b>	<b>\$43,225</b>	<b>\$831</b>
531	Real estate	713	3,813	\$178,365,540	\$46,775	\$900
532	Rental and leasing services	167	1,513	\$51,057,580	\$33,751	\$649
533	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	12	41	\$2,577,849	\$62,493	\$1,202
<b>54</b>	<b>Professional and technical services</b>	<b>2,781</b>	<b>25,766</b>	<b>\$1,671,807,822</b>	<b>\$64,884</b>	<b>\$1,248</b>
541	Professional and technical services	2,781	25,766	\$1,671,807,822	\$64,884	\$1,248
<b>55</b>	<b>Management of companies and enterprises</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>6,492</b>	<b>\$503,903,931</b>	<b>\$77,614</b>	<b>\$1,493</b>
551	Management of companies and enterprises	127	6,492	\$503,903,931	\$77,614	\$1,493
<b>56</b>	<b>Administrative and waste management</b>	<b>1,467</b>	<b>24,364</b>	<b>\$691,863,288</b>	<b>\$28,397</b>	<b>\$546</b>
561	Administrative and support activities	1,374	22,713	\$617,719,837	\$27,197	\$523
562	Waste management and remediation services	93	1,651	\$74,143,452	\$44,908	\$864
<b>61</b>	<b>Educational services</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>8,751</b>	<b>\$309,298,029</b>	<b>\$35,346</b>	<b>\$680</b>
611	Educational services	268	8,751	\$309,298,029	\$35,346	\$680
<b>62</b>	<b>Health care and social assistance</b>	<b>2,480</b>	<b>65,086</b>	<b>\$2,561,329,843</b>	<b>\$39,353</b>	<b>\$757</b>
621	Ambulatory health care services	1,680	19,966	\$1,014,556,208	\$50,815	\$977
622	Hospitals	18	17,782	\$804,228,885	\$45,228	\$870
623	Nursing and residential care facilities	309	17,644	\$534,806,403	\$30,311	\$583
624	Social assistance	473	9,695	\$207,738,347	\$21,427	\$412
<b>71</b>	<b>Arts, entertainment, and recreation</b>	<b>336</b>	<b>6,285</b>	<b>\$109,226,998</b>	<b>\$17,380</b>	<b>\$334</b>
711	Performing arts and spectator sports	64	1,154	\$22,598,919	\$19,592	\$377
712	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	25	605	\$14,473,889	\$23,924	\$460
713	Amusement, gambling, and recreation	247	4,526	\$72,154,190	\$15,942	\$307
<b>72</b>	<b>Accommodation and food services</b>	<b>1,847</b>	<b>29,084</b>	<b>\$445,042,978</b>	<b>\$15,302</b>	<b>\$294</b>
721	Accommodation	104	2,867	\$60,822,923	\$21,217	\$408
722	Food services and drinking places	1,743	26,217	\$384,220,055	\$14,655	\$282
<b>81</b>	<b>Other services, except public administration</b>	<b>3,083</b>	<b>16,639</b>	<b>\$468,285,653</b>	<b>\$28,144</b>	<b>\$541</b>
811	Repair and maintenance	806	4,623	\$169,484,702	\$36,659	\$705
812	Personal and laundry services	866	5,602	\$127,645,802	\$22,787	\$438
813	Membership associations and organizations	616	5,296	\$154,019,401	\$29,080	\$559
814	Private households	795	1,117	\$17,135,748	\$15,335	\$295
	<b>Total government</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>71,142</b>	<b>\$3,434,233,408</b>	<b>\$48,273</b>	<b>\$928</b>
	Federal	164	6,804	\$354,771,913	\$52,140	\$1,003
	State	259	26,228	\$1,404,211,106	\$53,538	\$1,030
	Local	550	38,110	\$1,675,250,389	\$43,958	\$845
<b>99</b>	<b>Nonclassifiable establishments</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>\$1,150,099</b>	<b>\$34,940</b>	<b>\$672</b>

\*Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research  
Covered Employment & Wages by Industry (2003 QCEW Program Data)





# North Central WIA

## Employment by Town - 2003 Annual Average

TOWN	WORKSITES	AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT
<b>ANDOVER</b>		
All Ownership	60	324
Private Ownership	55	233
Federal Government	1	3
State Government	1	1
Local Government	3	87
<b>AVON</b>		
All Ownership	731	8,836
Private Ownership	713	8,117
Federal Government	1	14
State Government	2	17
Local Government	15	688
<b>BERLIN</b>		
All Ownership	668	11,134
Private Ownership	651	10,375
Federal Government	2	36
State Government	1	4
Local Government	14	719
<b>BLOOMFIELD</b>		
All Ownership	808	16,033
Private Ownership	788	15,324
Federal Government	5	53
State Government	2	20
Local Government	13	636
<b>BOLTON</b>		
All Ownership	115	1,092
Private Ownership	103	836
Federal Government	1	15
State Government	1	4
Local Government	10	238
<b>BRISTOL</b>		
All Ownership	1,227	20,432
Private Ownership	1,196	18,306
Federal Government	4	116
State Government	8	107
Local Government	19	1,904
<b>BURLINGTON</b>		
All Ownership	151	1,157
Private Ownership	134	738
Federal Government	1	13
State Government	2	29
Local Government	14	376



# North Central WIA

## Employment by Town - 2003 Annual Average

TOWN	WORKSITES	AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT
<b>CANTON</b>		
All Ownership	348	2,328
Private Ownership	330	1,919
Federal Government	3	12
Local Government	15	396
<b>EAST GRANBY</b>		
All Ownership	204	2,618
Private Ownership	189	2,193
Federal Government	2	175
State Government	4	48
Local Government	9	202
<b>EAST HARTFORD</b>		
All Ownership	1,199	29,015
Private Ownership	1,164	26,708
Federal Government	7	448
State Government	6	52
Local Government	22	1,808
<b>EAST WINDSOR</b>		
All Ownership	426	6,578
Private Ownership	411	6,090
Federal Government	3	12
State Government	2	144
Local Government	10	331
<b>ELLINGTON</b>		
All Ownership	262	2,530
Private Ownership	244	1,956
Federal Government	2	10
State Government	2	18
Local Government	14	546
<b>ENFIELD</b>		
All Ownership	931	18,582
Private Ownership	890	15,749
Federal Government	3	118
State Government	17	1,122
Local Government	21	1,593
<b>FARMINGTON</b>		
All Ownership	1,171	28,826
Private Ownership	1,147	23,520
Federal Government	3	60
State Government	7	4,310
Local Government	14	936





# North Central WIA

## Employment by Town - 2003 Annual Average

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>GLASTONBURY</b>		
All Ownership	1,226	14,772
Private Ownership	1,201	13,160
Federal Government	6	80
State Government	1	13
Local Government	18	1,520
<b>GRANBY</b>		
All Ownership	230	2,056
Private Ownership	216	1,591
Federal Government	4	14
State Government	1	11
Local Government	9	440
<b>HARTFORD</b>		
All Ownership	3,353	114,392
Private Ownership	3,208	93,590
Federal Government	38	2,974
State Government	76	10,489
Local Government	31	7,338
<b>HEBRON</b>		
All Ownership	187	1,646
Private Ownership	171	1,202
Federal Government	2	6
State Government	2	8
Local Government	12	430
<b>MANCHESTER</b>		
All Ownership	1,546	28,066
Private Ownership	1,509	24,769
Federal Government	4	134
State Government	14	934
Local Government	19	2,229
<b>MARLBOROUGH</b>		
All Ownership	147	1,262
Private Ownership	137	1,026
Federal Government	1	13
State Government	2	61
Local Government	7	162
<b>NEW BRITAIN</b>		
All Ownership	1,118	23,249
Private Ownership	1,080	18,705
Federal Government	5	152
State Government	16	1,960
Local Government	17	2,433





# North Central WIA

## Employment by Town - 2003 Annual Average

TOWN	WORKSITES	AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT
<b>NEWINGTON</b>		
All Ownership	927	16,214
Private Ownership	885	12,574
Federal Government	4	675
State Government	24	1,900
Local Government	14	1,064
<b>PLAINVILLE</b>		
All Ownership	569	9,098
Private Ownership	550	8,408
Federal Government	1	28
State Government	2	19
Local Government	16	642
<b>PLYMOUTH</b>		
All Ownership	224	2,025
Private Ownership	206	1,612
Federal Government	3	18
Local Government	15	394
<b>ROCKY HILL</b>		
All Ownership	715	12,627
Private Ownership	687	11,073
Federal Government	5	45
State Government	11	885
Local Government	12	625
<b>SIMSBURY</b>		
All Ownership	644	11,177
Private Ownership	620	10,078
Federal Government	5	42
State Government	2	24
Local Government	17	1,034
<b>SOMERS</b>		
All Ownership	206	2,148
Private Ownership	185	988
Federal Government	2	7
State Government	7	827
Local Government	12	326





# North Central WIA

## Employment by Town - 2003 Annual Average

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>SOUTHINGTON</b>		
All Ownership	1,091	15,442
Private Ownership	1,060	14,092
Federal Government	6	73
State Government	3	29
Local Government	22	1,248
<b>SOUTH WINDSOR</b>		
All Ownership	823	11,522
Private Ownership	799	10,442
Federal Government	3	37
State Government	3	29
Local Government	18	1,014
<b>STAFFORD</b>		
All Ownership	252	3,964
Private Ownership	232	3,468
Federal Government	4	16
State Government	2	5
Local Government	14	474
<b>SUFFIELD</b>		
All Ownership	319	3,890
Private Ownership	298	2,744
Federal Government	2	13
State Government	3	691
Local Government	16	442
<b>TOLLAND</b>		
All Ownership	290	3,387
Private Ownership	273	2,663
Federal Government	3	40
State Government	1	69
Local Government	13	614
<b>VERNON</b>		
All Ownership	699	9,191
Private Ownership	673	7,976
Federal Government	3	59
State Government	7	137
Local Government	16	1,019





## North Central WIA

### Employment by Town - 2003 Annual Average

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>WEST HARTFORD</b>		
All Ownership	1,829	26,500
Private Ownership	1,802	23,180
Federal Government	2	196
State Government	10	312
Local Government	15	2,811
<b>WETHERSFIELD</b>		
All Ownership	706	9,726
Private Ownership	678	7,096
Federal Government	6	180
State Government	8	1,582
Local Government	14	868
<b>WINDSOR</b>		
All Ownership	723	18,698
Private Ownership	695	17,782
Federal Government	6	82
State Government	5	67
Local Government	17	768
<b>WINDSOR LOCKS</b>		
All Ownership	425	14,598
Private Ownership	397	12,949
Federal Government	11	837
State Government	4	297
Local Government	13	515





# STATEWIDE

## Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media - September 2003 - September 2004

Startups and Expansions						
Workforce Investment Area	Startup/Expansion Date	Company And Location	Principal Product	Workers Involved	Reason/Comments	Source
EASTERN	2004-2005	UConn Storrs	University	150	New faculty members are being hired	Hartford Courant 9/9/04
EASTERN	March 2005	Lowe's Cos., Inc. Plainfield	Home-improvement	525	Company plans to build a distribution center	Hartford Courant 12/2/03
EASTERN	Summer 2004	Foxwoods Casino Masanucket	Gaming	325	Expansion	New London Day 4/2/03
EASTERN	2003	Electric Boat Groton	Submarine shipyard	400	Pace of orders from the Navy has picked up	Hartford Courant 12/6/02
NORTH CENTRAL	September 2005	Malibu Fitness Farmington	Health club	30	New gym is being built	New Britain Herald 9/7/04
NORTH CENTRAL	Spring 2006	Super Stop & Shop Berlin	Supermarket	250	New store will be built	New Britain 8/20/04
NORTH CENTRAL	August 2004	Shaw's Canton	Supermarket	180-200	New store has opened at the Shoppes at Farmington Valley	Hartford Courant 8/19/04
NORTH CENTRAL	August 2004	Atlanta Bread Company Newington	Restaurant and bakery	50	National chain has opened a store on the Berlin Turnpike	New Britain Herald 8/20/04
NORTH CENTRAL	October 2004	PriceRite New Britain	Grocery store	80	New store is opening in the old Stop & Shop	New Britain Herald 7/14/04
NORTH CENTRAL	Summer 2005	Prudential CT Realty Rocky Hill	Real estate	400	Seven new offices are opening	New Haven Register 2/5/04
NORTH CENTRAL	August 2004	Northeast Produce Plainville	Tomato distributor	35	Company is building a new plant	New Britain Herald 1/14/04
NORTH CENTRAL	Winter 2004	IWORX, Inc. Bristol	Sales marketing	50-60	Expansion	Bristol Press 1/9/04
NORTH CENTRAL	October 2003	Westfalia, Inc. Bristol	Flexible steel hose	20	German firm has opened a plant on Middle Street	Waterbury Republican-American 10/9/03
NORTH CENTRAL	2003	Castle Development New Britain	Real estate development	50	National company has opened a new office	New Britain Herald 6/12/03
NORTHWEST	November 2004	Modell's Sporting Goods Waterbury	Sporting goods retailer	75	New store is opening	Waterbury Republican-American 9/1/04
NORTHWEST	September 2004	Connecticut Grand Hotel Waterbury	Hotel	100	Hotel & conference center is opening in the old Sheraton	Waterbury Republican-American 7/15/04
NORTHWEST	February 2004	D.e.m.o. Waterbury	Sportswear	10-15	Chain will open a store in the Brass Mill Center	Waterbury Republican-American 1/9/04
NORTHWEST	Fall 2004	ING Waterbury	Financial services	30	Branch has moved from Brookfield and will expand	Waterbury Republican-American 12/4/03





# STATEWIDE

## Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media - September 2003 - September 2004

Startups and Expansions						
Workforce Investment Area	Startup/Expansion Date	Company And Location	Principal Product	Workers Involved	Reason/Comments	Source
NORTHWEST	Summer 2004	BAE Systems Cheshire	Missiles, tanks & aircraft	150	Production is moving to Cheshire from New Jersey and California	Waterbury Republican-American 10/15/03
NORTHWEST	2004	Yale Farm Golf Course North Canaan	Golf course	50	New golf course is being built	Torrington Register Citizen 8/5/03
SOUTH CENTRAL	2006	Gateway Comm. College & Long Wharf Theatre New Haven	Construction jobs	485	The college and theatre are relocating downtown in a \$230 million project	New Haven Register 6/4/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	December 2004	Pfizer Inc. New Haven	Clinical research	50	New unit is opening	New London Day 4/15/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	May 2004	Staples Branford	Office supplies	30	Chain store will open on Main Street	New Haven Register 2/10/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	November 2003	Drexel Heritage Orange	Furniture outlet	20	High end furniture outlet has opened on Boston Post Road	New Haven Register 11/13/03
SOUTH CENTRAL	Summer 2004	IKEA New Haven	Furniture store	500	New store is being built on the Armstrong/Pirelli Tire site	New Haven Register 9/4/03
SOUTH CENTRAL	February 2004	City Line Distributors West Haven	Food supplier	40	Expansion	New Haven Register 8/14/03
SOUTH CENTRAL	2003	Mangrove Systems Wallingford	Networking devices	20-25	Company has been able to procure more funding	Waterbury Republican-American 4/16/03
SOUTH CENTRAL	2005	Pfizer, Inc. New Haven	Drug maker	50	Pfizer and Yale University will build a clinical research center	Hartford Courant 2/5/03
SOUTHWEST	Winter 2005	Diageo Plc Norwalk	Producer of spirits	300	New jobs will be created when company moves from Stamford	Stamford Advocate 4/13/04
SOUTHWEST	November 2003	Modell's Sporting Goods Bridgeport	Sporting goods	45	Nationwide chain has opened its first Connecticut store	Connecticut Post 11/13/03
SOUTHWEST	2004	Super Stop & Shop Bridgeport	Supermarket	240	New store will be built on Fairfield Avenue	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
SOUTHWEST	2003	Helicopter Support, Inc. Trumbull	Helicopter parts	240	This subsidiary of Sikorsky Aircraft is expanding	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
SOUTHWEST	2003	Unilever Trumbull	Manufacturing	220	Expansion	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
SOUTHWEST	Fall 2003	Big Lots Derby	Closeout retailer	20-40	National chain is moving into the former Service Merchandise	New Haven Register 4/16/03
SOUTHWEST	2003	Microsol, Inc. Oxford	Remote control products	15	New jobs will be created due to merger with overseas company	Waterbury Republican-American 2/13/03





## STATEWIDE

### Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media - September 2003 - September 2004

Layoffs and Staff Reductions						
Workforce Investment Area	Layoffs/Staff Reduction Date	Company And Location	Principal Product	Workers Involved	Comments	Source
EASTERN	July 2004	Electric Boat Groton	Submarines	134	Design work is nearing completion	Hartford Courant 5/5/04
NORTH CENTRAL	September 2004	CIGNA Corp. Bloomfield	Health care	30	Certain data processing jobs are being outsourced	Hartford Courant 9/8/04
NORTH CENTRAL	September 2004	Indalex Aluminum Berlin	Aluminum supplier	111	Plant is closing	New Britain Herald 6/10/04
NORTH CENTRAL	2005	CIGNA Hartford	Insurance	200	Job cuts will result from merger with Prudential Financial	Hartford Courant 4/1/04
NORTH CENTRAL	February 2004	U.S. Foodservice South Windsor	Food distribution	100	Plant is closing	Hartford Courant 2/6/04
NORTHWEST	2005-2006	Nidec America Corp. Torrington	Fans and motors	120	Facility is shutting down	Torrington Register Citizen 9/9/04
NORTHWEST	Fall 2004	Kimberly-Clark New Milford	Tissue maker	350	Company is closing its diaper division	WTNH-Channel 8, 7/21/04
NORTHWEST	Fall 2004	Rexam Torrington	Lipstick cases	150	Plant is closing	Waterbury Republican-American 5/7/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	August 2004	Anthem Blue Cross North Haven	Managed care	47	Cost cutting	New Haven Register 8/13/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	May 2004	Pratt & Whitney Middletown	Aircraft	21	Restructuring	Waterbury Republican-American 5/7/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	2006	Bic USA, Inc. Milford	Ballpoint pens and shavers	300	Operations will be relocated abroad	New Haven Register 4/8/04
SOUTH CENTRAL	Spring 2004	Dana Engine Branford	Engine parts	355	Plant is being shut down	WVIT-NBC 30 7/10/03
SOUTHWEST	March 2005	Wachovia Bank Shelton	Financial services	275	Customer call center is moving to Oregon	Hartford Courant 7/14/04
SOUTHWEST	Summer 2004	Oxford Health Plans Trumbull	Insurance	20	Job cuts result of acquisition by UnitedHealth Group	Hartford Courant 7/9/04
SOUTHWEST	Summer 2004	Sikorsky Aircraft Bridgeport	Helicopters	75	Facility is closing due to ending of the Comanche program	Connecticut Post 6/5/04





## STATEWIDE

### Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media - September 2003 - September 2004

Layoffs and Staff Reductions						
Workforce Investment Area	Layoffs/Staff Reduction Date	Company And Location	Principal Product	Workers Involved	Comments	Source
SOUTHWEST	Spring 2004	Health Net Inc. Shelton	Health plan	125	Company needs to reduce expenses	Hartford Courant 5/5/04
SOUTHWEST	2004	Plastic Molding Tech. Seymour	Precision molding	40	Plant is closing	New Haven Register 4/2/04
SOUTHWEST	April 2004	Purdue Pharma Stamford	Drug maker	300	Patents on OxyContin are invalid	Hartford Courant 4/13/04
SOUTHWEST	March 2004	Tele-Media Cable Seymour	Cable television	36	Call center is moving	Waterbury Republican-American 2/17/04
SOUTHWEST	March 2004	Remington Products Bridgeport	Batteries	217	Operations are moving to Wisconsin	Connecticut Post 1/14/04
SOUTHWEST	Winter 2004	Quebecor World Greenwich	Printing	50	Plant is closing to reduce costs	Stamford Advocate 12/11/03
SOUTHWEST	June 2004	Lacey Manufacturing Bridgeport	Medical products	110	Product line will be produced by another company	Connecticut Post 7/11/03
STATEWIDE	August 2004	Bank of America, Corp. Statewide	Banking	80	Layoffs are the result of merger with Fleet Bank	Hartford Courant 8/19/04
STATEWIDE	October 2004	Kitchen Etc Milford & West Hartford	Kitchen utensils	50	Company is closing all of its stores	New Haven Register 7/14/04
STATEWIDE	Summer 2004	Huffman Koos Milford, Old Saybrook, Manchester, Norwalk, Berlin & Stamford	Furniture stores	200	Financial troubles are causing the chain to close all of their stores	New Haven Register 7/14/04

INA\* -- Information not available or not known

SOURCE: 'Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media' (Sept. 2004). Prepared by the Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research.

This report is also available on our Web site at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).





# North Central WIA

## New Housing Permits

	2003	2002	2001	2000	Change from 2002	Change from 2000
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>9,731</b>	<b>9,290</b>	<b>9,376</b>	<b>704</b>	<b>1,059</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>3,143</b>	<b>2,914</b>	<b>2,561</b>	<b>2,270</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>873</b>
Andover	13	16	8	14	-3	-1
Avon	151	158	89	97	-7	54
Berlin	80	91	225	103	-11	-23
Bloomfield	309	61	40	33	248	276
Bolton	6	11	16	21	-5	-15
Bristol	140	122	117	77	18	63
Burlington	65	64	80	64	1	1
Canton	89	154	50	36	-65	53
East Granby	24	30	31	29	-6	-5
East Hartford	5	8	8	11	-3	-6
East Windsor	53	57	62	50	-4	3
Ellington	122	143	84	129	-21	-7
Enfield	50	50	30	32	0	18
Farmington	115	143	110	98	-28	17
Glastonbury	74	102	128	124	-28	-50
Granby	60	73	60	60	-13	0
Hartford	335	71	90	61	264	274
Hebron	39	40	39	41	-1	-2
Manchester	140	190	110	54	-50	86
Marlborough	44	46	55	35	-2	9
New Britain	34	53	26	13	-19	21
Newington	30	51	71	50	-21	-20
Plainville	44	36	11	19	8	25
Plymouth	28	49	59	53	-21	-25
Rocky Hill	79	113	81	65	-34	14
Simsbury	24	36	26	34	-12	-10
Somers	41	48	48	58	-7	-17
Southington	195	190	202	216	5	-21
South Windsor	171	167	71	64	4	107
Stafford	57	49	44	43	8	14
Suffield	80	86	68	83	-6	-3
Tolland	95	98	92	153	-3	-58
Vernon	163	183	150	62	-20	101
West Hartford	45	52	86	58	-7	-13
Wethersfield	20	21	27	24	-1	-4
Windsor	71	35	42	59	36	12
Windsor Locks	52	17	25	47	35	5

SOURCE: CT DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT





# North Central WIA

## Commute-To-Work Patterns

### Commute-To-Work Patterns in North Central WIA Towns

Number of Commuters - ALPHA		
Town	Commute to Work in Town	Commute from Town of Residence
Andover	414	1,721
Avon	9,200	8,700
Berlin	15,458	12,349
Bloomfield	17,581	15,299
Bolton	1,188	2,551
Bristol	22,940	21,479
Burlington	1,366	2,810
Canton	3,167	5,922
East Granby	2,911	5,430
East Hartford	27,445	30,798
East Windsor	6,175	7,030
Ellington	2,641	5,210
Enfield	18,028	16,482
Farmington	22,275	21,020
Glastonbury	15,486	13,053
Granby	2,327	4,454
Hartford	106,869	41,009
Hebron	1,697	4,073
Manchester	28,848	31,071
Marlborough	1,442	3,012
New Britain	25,557	28,374
Newington	16,420	15,198
Plainville	8,758	7,291
Plymouth	2,477	4,720
Rocky Hill	12,563	11,462
Simsbury	11,874	11,202
Somers	2,355	4,718
South Windsor	11,442	9,519
Southington	15,735	14,619
Stafford	3,190	5,955
Suffield	4,125	6,143
Tolland	3,594	6,076
Vernon	9,753	9,287
West Hartford	27,179	28,996
Wethersfield	9,871	9,452
Windsor	8,805	7,943
Windsor Locks	24,034	23,070
<b>Total NC WIA Commuters</b>	<b>505,190</b>	<b>457,498</b>

Number of Commuters - RANK		
Town	Commute to Work in Town	Commute from Town of Residence
Hartford	106,869	41,009
Manchester	28,848	31,071
East Hartford	27,445	30,798
West Hartford	27,179	28,996
New Britain	25,557	28,374
Windsor Locks	24,034	23,070
Bristol	22,940	21,479
Farmington	22,275	21,020
Enfield	18,028	16,482
Bloomfield	17,581	15,299
Newington	16,420	15,198
Southington	15,735	14,619
Glastonbury	15,486	13,053
Berlin	15,458	12,349
Rocky Hill	12,563	11,462
Simsbury	11,874	11,202
South Windsor	11,442	9,519
Wethersfield	9,871	9,452
Vernon	9,753	9,287
Avon	9,200	8,700
Windsor	8,805	7,943
Plainville	8,758	7,291
East Windsor	6,175	7,030
Suffield	4,125	6,143
Tolland	3,594	6,076
Stafford	3,190	5,955
Canton	3,167	5,922
East Granby	2,911	5,430
Ellington	2,641	5,210
Plymouth	2,477	4,720
Somers	2,355	4,718
Granby	2,327	4,454
Hebron	1,697	4,073
Marlborough	1,442	3,012
Burlington	1,366	2,810
Bolton	1,188	2,551
Andover	414	1,721

Number & Percent of those who Work and Reside in the Same Town		
Town	No.	%
Andover	162	39.1
Avon	1,912	20.8
Berlin	2,407	15.6
Bloomfield	1,707	9.7
Bolton	382	32.2
Bristol	11,111	48.4
Burlington	519	38.0
Canton	1,171	37.0
East Granby	204	7.0
East Hartford	4,647	16.9
East Windsor	1,006	16.3
Ellington	1,033	39.1
Enfield	6,756	37.5
Farmington	2,584	11.6
Glastonbury	4,663	30.1
Granby	957	41.1
Hartford	18,252	17.1
Hebron	619	36.5
Manchester	8,945	31.0
Marlborough	432	30.0
New Britain	9,052	35.4
Newington	2,805	17.1
Plainville	1,847	21.1
Plymouth	990	40.0
Rocky Hill	1,717	13.7
Simsbury	3,178	26.8
Somers	608	25.8
Southington	6,111	38.8
South Windsor	2,327	20.3
Stafford	1,493	46.8
Suffield	1,200	29.1
Tolland	1,115	31.0
Vernon	3,272	33.5
West Hartford	6,848	25.2
Wethersfield	2,314	23.4
Windsor	3,779	15.7
Windsor Locks	1,501	17.0

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census





# North Central WIA

## Commute-To-Work Means

### Means of Commuting to Work - Workers 16 years and over

	Percent in car-pools	Percent using public transportation	Mean travel time to work (minutes)	Percent worked outside county of residence
<b>Connecticut</b>	9.4	4.0	24.4	24.8
<b>North Central WIA Towns</b>				
Andover	6.9	0.8	30.1	73.0
Avon	3.8	0.8	23.3	10.6
Berlin	5.5	0.4	19.1	18.2
Bloomfield	10.8	2.8	23.2	6.8
Bolton	5.3	0.5	23.4	74.5
Bristol	9.8	0.6	22.2	16.1
Burlington	7.9	0.5	27.1	16.1
Canton	6.3	1.1	24.7	11.0
East Granby	6.3	0.0	24.2	9.1
East Hartford	12.9	5.8	21.3	9.9
East Windsor	9.1	0.6	23.0	14.6
Ellington	6.5	1.1	26.7	67.2
Enfield	8.5	0.6	23.3	15.8
Farmington	4.5	0.9	23.4	11.8
Glastonbury	5.1	1.3	21.8	15.2
Granby	7.3	1.2	28.1	9.4
Hartford	16.5	18.6	24.2	6.3
Hebron	8.2	2.0	29.7	79.6
Manchester	9.5	2.9	21.0	13.8
Marlborough	5.5	1.3	28.3	25.8
New Britain	12.2	3.5	20.3	11.8
Newington	7.8	1.1	20.1	12.6
Plainville	8.8	0.8	19.9	14.9
Plymouth	7.5	0.3	25.7	72.1
Rocky Hill	4.8	0.6	21.1	21.3
Simsbury	4.6	1.1	24.1	8.4
Somers	8.5	0.4	23.9	74.9
South Windsor	6.8	1.3	22.5	15.7
Southington	6.6	0.4	21.4	29.5
Stafford	10.9	0.0	30.5	53.5
Suffield	4.9	1.0	22.0	18.2
Tolland	7.7	0.8	26.6	64.2
Vernon	10.3	2.0	23.9	68.6
West Hartford	6.8	3.0	19.7	10.1
Wethersfield	8.4	1.7	19.2	10.8
Windsor	8.3	1.5	21.1	8.0
Windsor Locks	9.7	1.0	19.0	6.2

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000, Summary File 3 (SF 3) - Sample Data



# STATEWIDE

## Interstate Commute-To-Work Data

### Connecticut Residents Commuting to Work Out of State

Commute from Connecticut	EA WIA	% of Total	NC WIA	% of Total	NW WIA	% of Total	SC WIA	% of Total	SW WIA	% of Total	Total WIAs	% of Total
Total Commuters by Residence	206,259	100.0%	457,498	100.0%	278,510	100.0%	341,396	100.0%	357,160	100.0%	1,640,823	100.0%
Total commuting out-of-state	10,607	5.1%	10,512	2.3%	19,353	6.9%	5,562	1.6%	42,429	11.9%	88,463	5.4%

Commute to:	From: EA WIA	% of out-of-state	From: NC WIA	% of out-of-state	From: NW WIA	% of out-of-state	From: SC WIA	% of out-of-state	From: SW WIA	% of out-of-state	Total from CT	% of out-of-state
Massachusetts	5,384	50.8%	6,741	64.1%	875	4.5%	711	12.8%	334	0.8%	14,045	15.9%
New Jersey	104	1.0%	280	2.7%	673	3.5%	380	6.8%	1,507	3.6%	2,944	3.3%
New York	661	6.2%	1,301	12.4%	16,554	85.5%	2,937	52.8%	38,582	90.9%	60,035	67.9%
Rhode Island	3,440	32.4%	222	2.1%	80	0.4%	204	3.7%	48	0.1%	3,994	4.5%
Total to MA-NJ-NY-RI	9,589	90.4%	8,544	81.3%	18,182	93.9%	4,232	76.1%	40,471	95.4%	81,018	91.6%

### Out of State Residents Commuting to Work in Connecticut

Commute to Connecticut	EA WIA	% of Total	NC WIA	% of Total	NW WIA	% of Total	SC WIA	% of Total	SW WIA	% of Total	Total WIAs	% of Total
Total Commuters by Place of Work	192,937	100.0%	505,190	100.0%	236,086	100.0%	334,750	100.0%	373,126	100.0%	1,642,089	100.0%
Total out-of-state commuters	13,449	7.0%	26,431	5.2%	10,719	4.5%	4,205	1.3%	34,925	9.4%	89,729	5.5%

Commute from:	To: EA WIA	% of out-of-state	To: NC WIA	% of out-of-state	To: NW WIA	% of out-of-state	To: SC WIA	% of out-of-state	To: SW WIA	% of out-of-state	Total to CT	% of out-of-state
Massachusetts	2,042	15.2%	22,021	83.3%	1,152	10.7%	1,239	29.5%	549	1.6%	27,003	30.1%
New Jersey	121	0.9%	375	1.4%	212	2.0%	254	6.0%	2,209	6.3%	3,171	3.5%
New York	372	2.8%	1,324	5.0%	8,463	79.0%	1,192	28.3%	29,812	85.4%	41,163	45.9%
Rhode Island	10,135	75.4%	539	2.0%	98	0.9%	362	8.6%	181	0.5%	11,315	12.6%
Total from MA-NJ-NY-RI	12,670	94.2%	24,259	91.8%	9,925	92.6%	3,047	72.5%	32,751	93.8%	82,652	92.1%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census





# STATEWIDE

## Residence to Workplace Flows

### Residence to Workplace Flows within Connecticut: 2000

From:	Total Commuters	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of
		Eastern WIA	Eastern Workers	North Central WIA	North Central Workers	Northwest WIA	Northwest Workers	South Central WIA	South Central Workers	Southwest WIA	Southwest Workers
Eastern	195,648	165,469	92.2%	21,552	4.5%	439	0.2%	7,604	2.3%	584	0.2%
North Central	446,986	7,801	4.3%	401,853	83.9%	10,708	4.8%	24,261	7.3%	2,363	0.7%
Northwest	259,157	357	0.2%	21,584	4.5%	183,491	81.4%	20,990	6.4%	32,735	9.7%
South Central	335,834	5,541	3.1%	31,678	6.6%	13,908	6.2%	255,247	77.2%	29,460	8.7%
Southwest	314,735	320	0.2%	2,092	0.4%	16,821	7.5%	22,443	6.8%	273,059	80.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,552,360</b>	<b>179,488</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>478,759</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>225,367</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>330,545</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>338,201</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

From:	Total Commuters	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of	To work in:	% of
		Eastern WIA	Total Commuters	North Central WIA	Total Commuters	Northwest WIA	Total Commuters	South Central WIA	Total Commuters	Southwest WIA	Total Commuters
Eastern	195,648	165,469	84.6%	21,552	11.0%	439	0.2%	7,604	3.9%	584	0.3%
North Central	446,986	7,801	1.7%	401,853	89.9%	10,708	2.4%	24,261	5.4%	2,363	0.5%
Northwest	259,157	357	0.1%	21,584	8.3%	183,491	70.8%	20,990	8.1%	32,735	12.6%
South Central	335,834	5,541	1.6%	31,678	9.4%	13,908	4.1%	255,247	76.0%	29,460	8.8%
Southwest	314,735	320	0.1%	2,092	0.7%	16,821	5.3%	22,443	7.1%	273,059	86.8%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,552,360</b>	<b>179,488</b>	<b>11.6%</b>	<b>478,759</b>	<b>30.8%</b>	<b>225,367</b>	<b>14.5%</b>	<b>330,545</b>	<b>21.3%</b>	<b>338,201</b>	<b>21.8%</b>

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000





# North Central WIA

## Foreign-Born Residents

### North Central WIA – Foreign Born Residents

	Total Population	Foreign Born	Foreign Born- Entered 1990 to March 2000	Foreign Born - % Total	% Foreign Born - Entered 1990 to March 2000
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,405,565</b>	<b>369,967</b>	<b>144,271</b>	<b>10.86</b>	<b>39.00</b>
<b>NC WIA</b>	<b>959,322</b>	<b>105,393</b>	<b>36,332</b>	<b>10.99</b>	<b>34.47</b>
Andover	3,036	108	21	3.56	19.44
Avon	15,832	1,171	358	7.40	30.57
Berlin	18,215	1,560	251	8.56	16.09
Bloomfield	19,587	3,513	898	17.94	25.56
Bolton	5,017	310	54	6.18	17.42
Bristol	60,062	4,672	1,204	7.78	25.77
Burlington	8,190	390	193	4.76	49.49
Canton	8,840	456	169	5.16	37.06
East Granby	4,745	160	52	3.37	32.50
East Hartford	49,575	7,445	2,726	15.02	36.62
East Windsor	9,818	396	129	4.03	32.58
Ellington	12,921	467	145	3.61	31.05
Enfield	45,212	2,191	638	4.85	29.12
Farmington	23,641	2,807	861	11.87	30.67
Glastonbury	31,876	2,396	699	7.52	29.17
Granby	10,347	392	114	3.79	29.08
Hartford	121,578	22,671	9,946	18.65	43.87
Hebron	8,610	230	62	2.67	26.96
Manchester	54,740	4,650	2,001	8.49	43.03
Marlborough	5,709	313	63	5.48	20.13
New Britain	71,538	12,863	5,384	17.98	41.86
Newington	29,306	3,853	888	13.15	23.05
Plainville	17,328	2,003	486	11.56	24.26
Plymouth	11,634	396	28	3.40	7.07
Rocky Hill	17,942	2,197	616	12.25	28.04
Simsbury	23,234	1,500	415	6.46	27.67
Somers	10,417	507	67	4.87	13.21
Southington	39,728	2,620	637	6.59	24.31
South Windsor	24,471	2,417	655	9.88	27.10
Stafford	11,307	368	68	3.25	18.48
Suffield	13,552	615	138	4.54	22.44
Tolland	13,146	545	131	4.15	24.04
Vernon	28,063	1,837	641	6.55	34.89
West Hartford	63,589	9,382	3,317	14.75	35.35
Wethersfield	26,236	3,808	950	14.51	24.95
Windsor	28,237	3,324	1,004	11.77	30.20
Windsor Locks	12,043	860	323	7.14	37.56

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census





# North Central WIA

## Language, School Enrollment, and Educational Attainment

Universe:	Population 5 yrs+			Population 3 yrs+			Population 25 yrs+			Pop. 18 yrs+
	Geographic area	Total	Who speak a language other than English at home	Who speak English less than "very well"	Enrolled in private elementary or high school	Age 16 to 19 not enrolled in school and not high school graduates	Age 18 to 24 enrolled in college or graduate school	With less than a 9th grade education	High school graduate or higher	With bachelor's degree or higher
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,184,514</b>	<b>583,913</b>	<b>234,799</b>	<b>60,458</b>	<b>12,580</b>	<b>103,425</b>	<b>132,917</b>	<b>1,927,961</b>	<b>720,994</b>	<b>158,625</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>898,227</b>	<b>182,540</b>	<b>72,785</b>	<b>13,496</b>	<b>4,048</b>	<b>25,330</b>	<b>40,310</b>	<b>538,650</b>	<b>191,484</b>	<b>41,729</b>
Andover	2,790	177	43	8	0	35	36	1,944	707	122
Avon	14,820	1,371	352	246	20	185	154	10,600	6,893	930
Berlin	17,205	2,512	857	229	9	424	575	11,120	3,922	846
Bloomfield	18,609	1,795	493	409	30	535	686	12,086	4,422	652
Bolton	4,744	517	180	75	9	109	62	3,222	1,259	205
Bristol	56,303	8,874	3,102	1,041	171	964	2,824	33,828	6,762	1,902
Burlington	7,563	555	104	103	18	198	90	5,130	2,379	499
Canton	8,263	393	118	105	0	108	117	5,814	2,692	513
East Granby	4,436	303	69	64	0	74	41	3,069	1,227	204
East Hartford	46,464	12,098	5,012	723	241	790	2,558	26,290	4,536	1,138
East Windsor	9,266	773	264	170	20	170	278	5,765	1,417	339
Ellington	12,114	782	215	108	10	272	200	8,076	2,822	707
Enfield	42,688	4,436	1,359	700	172	811	1,320	26,489	5,746	1,363
Farmington	22,286	3,805	1,272	409	10	436	554	15,386	8,269	1,789
Glastonbury	29,622	3,254	904	349	49	481	524	20,617	12,089	2,001
Granby	9,638	673	155	92	9	144	87	6,671	3,722	604
Hartford	111,380	51,832	24,478	1,321	1,665	4,338	11,541	42,506	8,664	2,552
Hebron	7,846	329	78	49	7	133	57	5,278	2,418	550
Manchester	51,355	7,057	2,255	943	164	893	1,457	33,277	11,190	3,403
Marlborough	5,319	361	89	79	0	80	145	3,581	1,727	277
New Britain	67,095	29,141	13,614	1,417	619	3,873	5,376	31,063	7,447	2,458
Newington	27,749	5,651	2,228	336	59	627	1,158	18,518	6,311	1,461
Plainville	16,454	3,057	1,097	133	43	303	704	10,499	2,525	624
Plymouth	10,904	845	293	136	17	206	553	6,416	1,099	287
Rocky Hill	17,060	2,973	1,027	187	9	394	586	11,690	4,913	1,479
Simsbury	21,573	1,818	467	470	9	241	304	14,685	9,533	1,267
Somers	9,973	1,386	417	101	75	308	337	6,080	1,670	197
Southington	37,296	3,843	1,231	543	73	930	1,196	24,041	7,609	1,296
South Windsor	22,909	3,108	951	247	28	493	609	15,112	6,876	1,788
Stafford	10,575	758	156	143	11	143	349	6,349	1,285	303
Suffield	12,834	1,448	440	186	70	197	320	8,281	3,296	505
Tolland	12,141	759	153	116	22	317	213	8,137	3,711	716
Vernon	26,338	2,885	777	187	127	600	917	16,847	5,253	1,328
West Hartford	59,869	12,950	4,836	1,171	116	4,365	1,796	39,235	23,022	4,453
Wethersfield	24,905	5,306	2,157	354	48	369	1,467	16,509	6,571	1,477
Windsor	26,499	3,419	1,024	495	101	579	807	17,128	6,043	1,140
Windsor Locks	11,342	1,296	518	51	17	205	312	7,311	1,457	354

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 4. Data based on a sample.





# North Central WIA

## Language, School Enrollment, and Educational Attainment

Percent of: Language, School Enrollment, and Educational Attainment - 2000									
Universe:	Population 5 yrs+		Population 3 yrs+			Population 25 yrs+			Pop. 18 yrs+
Geographic area	Percent who speak a language other than English at home	Percent who speak English less than "very well"	Enrolled in elementary or high school-- Percent in private school	Age 16 to 19 Percent not enrolled in school and not a high school graduate	Age 18 to 24 Percent enrolled in college or graduate school	Percent with less than a 9th grade education	Percent high school graduate or higher	Percent with bachelor's degree or higher	Age 25 to 34 Percent with bachelor's degree or higher
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>38.3</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>84.0</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>35.3</b>
Andover	6.3	1.5	1.6	0.0	26.5	1.7	93.4	34.0	30.5
Avon	9.3	2.4	8.2	2.8	31.4	1.4	95.4	62.0	70.9
Berlin	14.6	5.0	7.2	1.1	43.6	4.5	87.3	30.8	47.7
Bloomfield	9.6	2.6	13.5	3.4	48.2	4.8	84.2	30.8	32.0
Bolton	10.9	3.8	7.8	3.8	38.2	1.8	94.0	36.7	47.0
Bristol	15.8	5.5	10.7	6.5	22.3	6.7	80.8	16.2	21.0
Burlington	7.3	1.4	6.3	4.4	49.0	1.6	93.8	43.5	53.2
Canton	4.8	1.4	6.8	0.0	33.1	1.9	92.9	43.0	45.8
East Granby	6.8	1.6	7.3	0.0	37.0	1.2	93.0	37.2	40.9
East Hartford	26.0	10.8	8.5	10.9	21.6	7.5	77.4	13.4	16.6
East Windsor	8.3	2.8	10.9	5.8	27.5	4.0	82.4	20.2	25.4
Ellington	6.5	1.8	4.7	1.7	32.0	2.3	91.8	32.1	36.4
Enfield	10.4	3.2	9.3	8.7	23.6	4.2	83.9	18.2	19.7
Farmington	17.1	5.7	9.8	1.2	40.1	3.3	91.6	49.2	62.4
Glastonbury	11.0	3.1	5.9	3.6	36.6	2.4	93.7	55.0	61.0
Granby	7.0	1.6	4.8	2.0	41.0	1.2	92.9	51.8	58.0
Hartford	46.5	22.0	5.1	20.1	28.5	16.5	60.8	12.4	13.8
Hebron	4.2	1.0	2.9	1.7	34.2	1.0	93.8	43.0	56.0
Manchester	13.7	4.4	10.8	7.0	20.9	3.8	87.5	29.4	37.1
Marlborough	6.8	1.7	7.5	0.0	29.9	3.7	91.9	44.3	47.9
New Britain	43.4	20.3	11.2	14.2	41.5	12.0	69.0	16.6	24.2
Newington	20.4	8.0	7.8	5.3	36.6	5.3	85.5	29.1	40.5
Plainville	18.6	6.7	4.8	7.0	25.6	5.6	84.0	20.2	24.2
Plymouth	7.7	2.7	6.5	3.5	26.8	7.0	81.4	13.9	19.1
Rocky Hill	17.4	6.0	7.3	1.5	35.2	4.4	88.2	37.1	57.6
Simsbury	8.4	2.2	9.6	0.8	27.6	2.0	94.5	61.4	60.8
Somers	13.9	4.2	5.9	15.3	31.3	4.6	83.6	23.0	12.8
Southington	10.3	3.3	8.1	3.9	39.9	4.3	86.0	27.2	36.2
South Windsor	13.6	4.2	5.1	2.4	39.4	3.7	91.4	41.6	53.1
Stafford	7.2	1.5	6.9	1.9	19.4	4.5	82.5	16.7	21.0
Suffield	11.3	3.4	7.5	9.4	18.7	3.4	87.4	34.8	30.7
Tolland	6.3	1.3	4.6	3.3	45.5	2.4	93.3	42.5	48.3
Vernon	11.0	3.0	4.4	11.7	26.1	4.7	85.8	26.8	31.1
West Hartford	21.6	8.1	11.9	2.8	70.3	4.1	90.3	53.0	64.2
Wethersfield	21.3	8.7	9.4	4.9	30.4	7.4	83.6	33.3	50.7
Windsor	12.9	3.9	10.1	6.9	33.4	4.1	87.7	30.9	37.0
Windsor Locks	11.4	4.6	2.5	3.5	29.9	3.7	86.4	17.2	22.5

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000 Summary File 4. Data based on a sample.





## North Central WIA

### High School Enrollment and Dropout Rates - 2002-2003

	Number of Dropouts	Total Enrollment	Dropout Rate
Connecticut	3,315	150,694	2.2%
North Central WIA	1,024	45,312	2.3%
<b>Towns</b>			
Avon	0	822	0.0
Berlin	12	1,031	1.2
Bloomfield	17	735	2.3
Bolton	2	313	0.6
Bristol	62	2,732	2.3
Canton	5	475	1.1
East Granby	4	236	1.7
East Hartford	88	2,417	3.6
East Windsor	8	429	1.9
Ellington	10	670	1.5
Enfield	57	2,159	2.6
Farmington	15	1,286	1.2
Glastonbury	9	1,792	0.5
Granby	3	591	0.5
Hartford	203	4,883	4.2
Manchester	31	2,241	1.4
New Britain	201	2,647	7.6
Newington	5	1,399	0.4
Plainville	3	812	0.4
Plymouth	16	499	3.2
Rocky Hill	2	693	0.3
Simsbury	6	1,458	0.4
Somers	6	521	1.2
Southington	35	2,036	1.7
South Windsor	17	1,441	1.2
Stafford	21	583	3.6
Suffield	6	686	0.9
Tolland	7	810	0.9
Vernon	23	1,206	1.9
West Hartford	47	2,870	1.6
Wethersfield	23	1,106	2.1
Windsor	29	1,451	2.0
Windsor Locks	25	582	4.3
Regional School District 8 <sup>a</sup>	20	995	2.0
Regional School District 10 <sup>b</sup>	6	705	0.9

<sup>a</sup>Regional School District 8 serves the towns of Andover, Hebron, Marlborough

<sup>b</sup>Regional School District 10 serves the towns of Burlington and Harwinton

Source: Connecticut Department of Education, Bureau of Evaluation and Student Assessment





# North Central WIA

## Births to Teenage Mothers by Age and Residence - 2001

	<15 Years	15 Years	16 Years	17 Years	18 Years	19 Years	TOTAL
<i>Connecticut</i>	63	122	341	541	875	1,200	3,142
<b>North Central WIA</b>	23	48	110	184	297	371	1,033
<i>Towns</i>							
Andover	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Avon	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Berlin	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
Bloomfield	1	1	2	2	8	5	19
Bolton	0	0	1	1	0	1	3
Bristol	1	3	4	14	16	17	55
Burlington	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
East Hartford	0	1	3	13	17	29	63
East Windsor	0	0	1	1	0	4	6
Ellington	0	1	0	0	2	2	5
Enfield	0	3	0	3	6	16	28
Farmington	0	0	1	0	1	1	3
Glastonbury	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Granby	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
Hartford	13	23	51	84	130	143	444
Hebron	0	0	0	1	1	1	3
Manchester	0	0	4	9	16	17	46
New Britain	5	9	25	35	47	64	185
Newington	0	0	0	1	1	2	4
Plainville	0	0	0	0	5	3	8
Plymouth	0	0	0	0	1	4	5
Rocky Hill	0	0	3	0	3	1	7
Simsbury	0	0	0	2	2	2	6
Somers	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
Southington	0	0	0	2	4	6	12
South Windsor	0	0	0	2	0	3	5
Stafford	0	0	0	2	6	5	13
Suffield	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Tolland	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Vernon	0	3	2	3	4	11	23
West Hartford	3	4	6	3	3	13	32
Wethersfield	0	0	1	1	2	5	9
Windsor	0	0	3	3	11	7	24
Windsor Locks	0	0	2	0	2	4	8

Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health, Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation





## North Central WIA

### Poverty Income Guidelines and LLSIL

#### 2004 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES

FAMILY SIZE	POVERTY INCOME LEVEL
1	\$ 9,310
2	\$ 12,490
3	\$ 15,670
4	\$ 18,850
5	\$ 22,030
6	\$ 25,210
7	\$ 28,390
8	\$ 31,570

**NOTE:** For the poverty income level for families of more than eight members, add \$3,180 for each additional member

**SOURCE:** United States Department of Health and Human Services

#### 2004 LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS 70% LLSIL \*

	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>METRO</b>	\$ 9,310	\$ 13,490	\$ 18,510	\$ 22,850	\$ 26,970	\$ 31,540
<b>NON-METRO</b>	\$ 9,310	\$ 12,960	\$ 17,790	\$ 21,960	\$ 25,920	\$ 30,310

Where family size is over six, for each additional member add: Metro \$4,570; Non-metro \$4,390

\* Where the poverty income level is higher than the 70% LLSIL, the table shows the poverty income level.

**NOTE:** Effective June 2004

**SOURCE:** United States Department of Labor





# North Central WIA

## Poverty Status by Town

Area	2000 CENSUS			1990 CENSUS			Change from 1990 to 2000			
	Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	Below poverty level	Percent below poverty level	Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	Below poverty level	Percent below poverty level	Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	% Change	Below poverty level	% Change
<b>United States</b>	<b>273,882,232</b>	<b>33,899,812</b>	<b>12.4%</b>	<b>241,977,859</b>	<b>31,742,864</b>	<b>13.1%</b>	<b>31,904,373</b>	<b>13.2%</b>	<b>2,156,948</b>	<b>6.8%</b>
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,300,416</b>	<b>259,514</b>	<b>7.9%</b>	<b>3,188,125</b>	<b>217,347</b>	<b>6.8%</b>	<b>112,291</b>	<b>3.5%</b>	<b>42,167</b>	<b>19.4%</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>929,537</b>	<b>81,572</b>	<b>8.8%</b>	<b>923,397</b>	<b>69,119</b>	<b>7.5%</b>	<b>6,140</b>	<b>0.7%</b>	<b>12,453</b>	<b>18.0%</b>
Andover	3,027	75	2.5%	2,538	57	2.2%	489	19.3%	18	31.6%
Avon	15,634	263	1.7%	13,767	207	1.5%	1,867	13.6%	56	27.1%
Berlin	18,067	450	2.5%	16,658	472	2.8%	1,409	8.5%	-22	-4.7%
Bloomfield	18,952	1,448	7.6%	18,891	781	4.1%	61	0.3%	667	85.4%
Bolton	5,017	131	2.6%	4,575	80	1.7%	442	9.7%	51	63.8%
Bristol	59,266	3,921	6.6%	59,999	2,610	4.4%	-733	-1.2%	1,311	50.2%
Burlington	8,184	93	1.1%	7,026	124	1.8%	1,158	16.5%	-31	-25.0%
Canton	8,695	238	2.7%	8,262	321	3.9%	433	5.2%	-83	-25.9%
East Granby	4,745	69	1.5%	4,302	74	1.7%	443	10.3%	-5	-6.8%
East Hartford	48,870	5,048	10.3%	49,604	2,683	5.4%	-734	-1.5%	2,365	88.1%
East Windsor	9,538	391	4.1%	9,799	481	4.9%	-261	-2.7%	-90	-18.7%
Ellington	12,880	468	3.6%	11,185	369	3.3%	1,695	15.2%	99	26.8%
Enfield	41,421	1,648	4.0%	43,668	1,262	2.9%	-2,247	-5.1%	386	30.6%
Farmington	23,327	1,051	4.5%	20,350	531	2.6%	2,977	14.6%	520	97.9%
Glastonbury	31,559	660	2.1%	27,666	651	2.4%	3,893	14.1%	9	1.4%
Granby	10,202	317	3.1%	9,370	95	1.0%	832	8.9%	222	233.7%
Hartford	116,756	35,741	30.6%	132,294	36,397	27.5%	-15,538	-11.7%	-656	-1.8%
Hebron	8,610	122	1.4%	7,046	303	4.3%	1,564	22.2%	-181	-59.7%
Manchester	53,824	4,290	8.0%	50,697	1,964	3.9%	3,127	6.2%	2,326	118.4%
Marlborough	5,573	122	2.2%	5,441	70	1.3%	132	2.4%	52	74.3%
New Britain	68,688	11,278	16.4%	72,577	9,289	12.8%	-3,889	-5.4%	1,989	21.4%
Newington	28,803	1,005	3.5%	28,636	513	1.8%	167	0.6%	492	95.9%
Plainville	17,102	874	5.1%	17,170	680	4.0%	-68	-0.4%	194	28.5%
Plymouth	11,541	470	4.1%	11,769	361	3.1%	-228	-1.9%	109	30.2%
Rocky Hill	16,990	492	2.9%	15,487	455	2.9%	1,503	9.7%	37	8.1%
Simsbury	22,955	500	2.2%	21,799	328	1.5%	1,156	5.3%	172	52.4%
Somers	8,069	370	4.6%	7,688	130	1.7%	381	5.0%	240	184.6%
Southington	39,063	1,287	3.3%	38,123	1,067	2.8%	940	2.5%	220	20.6%
South Windsor	24,213	437	1.8%	21,897	313	1.4%	2,316	10.6%	124	39.6%
Stafford	11,134	607	5.5%	10,986	567	5.2%	148	1.3%	40	7.1%
Suffield	11,877	430	3.6%	11,100	302	2.7%	777	7.0%	128	42.4%
Tolland	12,971	290	2.2%	10,965	197	1.8%	2,006	18.3%	93	47.2%
Vernon	27,756	1,641	5.9%	29,500	1,568	5.3%	-1,744	-5.9%	73	4.7%
West Hartford	58,862	2,669	4.5%	57,869	2,103	3.6%	993	1.7%	566	26.9%
Wethersfield	25,891	1,145	4.4%	25,362	684	2.7%	529	2.1%	461	67.4%
Windsor	27,536	1,011	3.7%	27,147	660	2.4%	389	1.4%	351	53.2%
Windsor Locks	11,939	520	4.4%	12,184	370	3.0%	-245	-2.0%	150	40.5%

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census - Census 2000 and 1990 Summary Tape File 3 (Sample Data).







## North Central WIA

### Food Stamps, Temporary Family Assistance (TFA), State Supplement and Medicaid - SFY 2003

	Food Stamps		Temporary Family Assistance				State Supplement				Total Medicaid (TFA & S. Supp & Medicaid only, excl. QMB/SLMB)**	
	Cases	Recip	Regular		UP*		Aged	Blind	Disab.	Total	Cases	Recip
			Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip						
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>86,334</b>	<b>166,615</b>	<b>21,169</b>	<b>46,150</b>	<b>1,258</b>	<b>4,596</b>	<b>5,708</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>13,289</b>	<b>19,112</b>	<b>219,252</b>	<b>379,421</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>30,952</b>	<b>59,303</b>	<b>7,571</b>	<b>16,742</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>1,612</b>	<b>2,115</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>4,411</b>	<b>6,588</b>	<b>68,838</b>	<b>119,903</b>
Andover	9	16	5	8	0	2	2	0	8	10	72	119
Avon	33	57	4	7	0	1	8	0	14	22	242	335
Berlin	85	115	17	29	1	2	33	0	38	71	401	663
Bloomfield	412	702	127	223	2	8	44	4	82	131	1,521	2,258
Bolton	11	20	6	14	0	0	0	0	9	9	90	165
Bristol	1,479	2,920	366	826	34	122	48	0	186	234	3,960	7,150
Burlington	25	54	7	13	1	7	2	2	12	17	125	247
Canton	32	48	6	12	0	0	1	2	9	12	212	331
East Granby	27	50	8	18	0	2	2	0	3	5	93	196
East Hartford	1,735	3,272	482	1,029	12	46	100	3	262	366	4,802	8,401
East Windsor	145	275	43	91	1	4	9	1	29	39	642	1,049
Ellington	64	107	10	25	1	6	0	0	19	19	254	459
Enfield	477	958	131	286	8	33	69	0	99	169	1,889	3,370
Farmington	178	257	21	47	0	1	35	2	119	157	698	981
Glastonbury	122	199	23	45	0	0	25	1	46	73	662	1,030
Granby	29	43	4	7	0	2	0	1	6	7	206	333
Hartford	16,680	32,229	3,883	8,810	203	739	717	10	1,677	2,405	24,919	45,571
Hebron	13	29	5	9	0	1	4	0	18	22	145	281
Manchester	1,131	2,230	333	721	17	57	87	2	289	378	3,754	6,505
Marlborough	17	25	4	5	0	0	1	0	9	11	175	267
New Britain	4,555	9,349	1,274	2,899	103	389	260	1	599	861	9,288	17,076
Newington	244	403	48	97	1	5	30	4	39	74	1,128	1,761
Plainville	258	434	50	103	6	26	18	0	63	82	840	1,308
Plymouth	152	299	47	92	2	9	12	0	23	35	553	1,080
Rocky Hill	106	163	11	22	1	6	19	0	36	55	697	939
Simsbury	53	73	9	18	0	0	12	0	18	30	391	577
Somers	35	56	7	15	1	5	3	0	8	12	148	253
Southington	304	546	75	148	8	28	16	2	50	69	1,255	2,074
South Windsor	78	116	19	37	0	2	20	1	24	45	510	791
Stafford	131	233	39	75	2	7	5	0	22	26	570	996
Suffield	50	88	13	22	0	2	3	0	19	24	277	429
Tolland	30	42	9	16	0	3	5	0	13	18	234	370
Vernon	524	1,038	154	334	11	42	34	4	156	195	1,745	3,030
West Hartford	919	1,527	141	273	6	24	394	2	238	636	3,193	4,555
Wethersfield	287	432	46	94	1	3	32	1	56	90	977	1,475
Windsor	380	644	117	218	4	14	56	1	92	149	1,686	2,567
Windsor Locks	142	254	27	54	4	14	9	0	21	30	484	911

\* Two parent household where the primary wage earner is unemployed.

\*\* Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries (QMB) and Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB) are excluded from the total due to extensive overlap with other Medicaid groups.

Figures may not add due to rounding.

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services





# North Central WIA

## State Administered General Assistance (SAGA) - SFY 2003

	State-Administered General Assistance			
	Cash		Medical	
	Cases	Recip.	Cases	Recip.
<i>Connecticut</i>	4,653	4,757	25,628	25,643
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>1,695</b>	<b>1,715</b>	<b>9,285</b>	<b>9,291</b>
<b>Towns</b>				
Andover	0	0	4	4
Avon	5	5	23	23
Berlin	12	12	39	39
Bloomfield	23	24	140	140
Bolton	0	0	7	7
Bristol	98	101	512	512
Burlington	3	4	12	12
Canton	3	3	14	14
East Granby	3	3	6	6
East Hartford	99	101	423	423
East Windsor	7	7	29	29
Ellington	6	7	28	28
Enfield	23	23	99	99
Farmington	9	9	39	39
Glastonbury	10	10	54	54
Granby	2	2	15	15
Hartford	807	814	5,200	5,205
Hebron	2	2	8	8
Manchester	69	69	327	327
Marlborough	0	0	2	2
New Britain	278	279	1,222	1,223
Newington	21	22	111	111
Plainville	19	19	93	93
Plymouth	10	10	49	49
Rocky Hill	13	13	38	38
Simsbury	4	4	24	24
Somers	1	1	13	13
Southington	19	19	112	112
South Windsor	7	7	39	39
Stafford	6	6	38	38
Suffield	2	2	9	9
Tolland	3	4	15	15
Vernon	34	34	104	104
West Hartford	48	48	202	202
Wethersfield	15	15	66	66
Windsor	24	26	132	132
Windsor Locks	10	10	37	37

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Service





## North Central WIA

### Active Mental Retardation Clients

	June 2003	June 2004	Change
<i>Connecticut</i>	14,936	14,667	269
North Central WIA	3,944	3,884	60
<i>Towns</i>			
Andover	20	20	0
Avon	45	43	2
Berlin	63	60	3
Bloomfield	127	122	5
Bolton	17	15	2
Bristol	240	246	-6
Burlington	31	30	1
Canton	26	28	-2
East Granby	6	7	-1
East Hartford	235	234	1
East Windsor	32	30	2
Ellington	33	38	-5
Enfield	145	135	10
Farmington	83	82	1
Glastonbury	81	79	2
Granby	45	43	2
Hartford	515	496	19
Hebron	36	36	0
Manchester	340	339	1
Marlborough	21	21	0
New Britain	278	296	-18
Newington	173	167	6
Plainville	72	71	1
Plymouth	36	36	0
Rocky Hill	77	78	-1
Simsbury	75	70	5
Somers	24	24	0
Southington	137	136	1
South Windsor	86	80	6
Stafford	35	36	-1
Suffield	38	36	2
Tolland	43	42	1
Vernon	139	130	9
West Hartford	272	276	-4
Wethersfield	103	101	2
Windsor	182	171	11
Windsor Locks	33	30	3

Source: Connecticut Department of Mental Retardation, Active Clients as of June.

Note: Statewide total includes 121 out-of-state clients in June 2003, and 130 in June 2004.





# North Central WIA

## Adult Probationers

### North Central WIA

Probationers by Residence					
	June 2004	June 2004	June 2004	May 2003	Change
<b>Connecticut<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>Total 49,431</b>	<b>State 30,328</b>	<b>GSSC<sup>2</sup> 19,103</b>	<b>55,230</b>	<b>- 5,799</b>
<b>North Central WIA</b>	<b>13,127</b>	<b>8,302</b>	<b>4,825</b>	<b>16,315</b>	<b>- 3,188</b>
<b>Towns</b>					
Andover	19	4	15	27	- 8
Avon	43	18	25	49	- 6
Berlin	117	59	58	149	- 32
Bloomfield	276	178	98	319	- 43
Bolton	33	16	17	39	- 6
Bristol	908	597	311	1,024	- 116
Burlington	49	28	21	65	- 16
Canton	48	21	27	60	- 12
East Granby	21	8	13	29	- 8
East Hartford	782	456	326	1,025	- 243
East Windsor	116	63	53	168	- 52
Ellington	89	42	47	120	- 31
Enfield	485	257	228	659	- 174
Farmington	139	58	81	147	- 8
Glastonbury	118	55	63	161	- 43
Granby	65	34	31	82	- 17
Hartford	4,530	3,356	1,174	5,558	- 1,028
Hebron	45	16	29	55	- 10
Manchester	677	377	300	820	- 143
Marlborough	40	12	28	33	7
New Britain	1,753	1,152	601	2,246	- 493
Newington	195	121	74	252	- 57
Plainville	217	137	80	271	- 54
Plymouth	155	103	52	179	- 24
Rocky Hill	114	64	50	141	- 27
Simsbury	115	38	77	132	- 17
Somers	52	21	31	85	- 33
Southington	323	172	151	395	- 72
South Windsor	128	57	71	176	- 48
Stafford	92	46	46	140	- 48
Suffield	83	35	48	110	- 27
Tolland	72	26	46	79	- 7
Vernon	325	188	137	415	- 90
West Hartford	313	176	137	326	- 13
Wethersfield	177	100	77	195	- 18
Windsor	297	155	142	424	- 127
Windsor Locks	116	56	60	160	- 44

1. June 2004 Connecticut totals include 3,235 (1,482 State and 1,753 GSSC) probationers without town designations.

2. GSSC - General Security Services Corp.

Source: Connecticut Judicial Department, Office of Adult Probation, Clients as of June, 2004.



# North Central WIA

## Characteristics of Active *CTWorks* Applicants

### By Ethnic Group, Sex, etc. Fiscal Year 2004

Total All Programs	Active Clients	Male	Female	Hispanic	Black	White	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
Eastern	11,949	6,140	5,809	1,174	1,304	8,359	131	162	24	1,956	245
North Central	21,033	9,001	12,028	4,840	5,391	8,533	324	124	31	1,716	448
Northwest	14,560	7,627	6,933	2,188	2,172	9,299	311	84	15	2,168	452
South Central	15,553	7,157	8,395	2,296	5,097	6,868	207	119	17	1,726	281
Southwest	12,122	5,787	6,334	2,504	4,058	4,412	243	72	6	1,372	201
Area Unknown	146	95	51	46	18	60	1	0	0	22	2
<b>Program Total</b>	<b>75,363</b>	<b>35,807</b>	<b>39,550</b>	<b>13,048</b>	<b>18,040</b>	<b>37,531</b>	<b>1,217</b>	<b>561</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>8,960</b>	<b>1,629</b>

JFES	Active Clients	Male	Female	Hispanic	Black	White	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
Eastern	1,385	207	1,178	398	187	785	5	0	3	31	8
North Central	5,534	696	4,838	2,670	1,472	1,319	46	1	0	39	9
Northwest	2,093	364	1,729	802	409	845	25	0	0	16	10
South Central	3,193	313	2,880	987	1,325	845	33	1	0	25	33
Southwest	2,256	278	1,978	815	898	495	40	0	0	15	9
Area Unknown	12	1	11	4	1	6	1	0	0	0	0
<b>Program Total</b>	<b>14,473</b>	<b>1,859</b>	<b>12,614</b>	<b>5,676</b>	<b>4,292</b>	<b>4,295</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>69</b>

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor



# North Central WIA

## Characteristics of Active *CTWorks* Applicants

### By Ethnic Group, Sex, etc. Fiscal Year 2004

Wagner-Peyser	Active Clients	Male	Female	Hispanic	Black	White	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
Eastern	10,896	5,870	5,026	901	1,173	7,719	129	154	20	1,908	211
North Central	15,912	8,110	7,798	2,439	4,039	7,165	275	114	29	1,690	317
Northwest	12,932	7,242	5,690	1,563	1,893	8,551	289	81	13	2,143	395
South Central	12,756	6,746	6,009	1,428	4,067	5,984	171	111	16	1,714	224
Southwest	9,968	5,394	4,573	1,794	3,201	3,851	201	71	5	1,349	147
Area Unknown	134	94	40	42	17	54	0	0	0	22	2
<b>Program Total</b>	<b>62,598</b>	<b>33,456</b>	<b>29,136</b>	<b>8,167</b>	<b>14,390</b>	<b>33,324</b>	<b>1,065</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>8,826</b>	<b>1,296</b>

WIA	Active Clients	Male	Female	Hispanic	Black	White	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
Eastern	556	242	314	67	69	411	1	12	2	57	37
North Central	1,145	465	680	291	386	526	16	12	2	39	136
Northwest	749	370	379	151	170	472	22	7	2	51	74
South Central	778	345	433	139	288	374	11	10	2	34	46
Southwest	889	362	527	183	401	312	16	5	1	57	61
<b>Program Total</b>	<b>4,117</b>	<b>1,784</b>	<b>2,333</b>	<b>831</b>	<b>1,314</b>	<b>2,095</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>354</b>

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor



# North Central WIA

## Characteristics of Active CTWorks Applicants

### By Age and Education Level Attained Fiscal Year 2004

Total All Programs	Age as of June 30, 2004							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	HS Diploma/GED	Some Post-H.S.	College Degree
<b>Eastern</b>	202	830	2,626	2,874	2,967	1,802	638	2,840	1,440	4,433	2,536	700
<b>North Central</b>	641	1,825	5,030	4,795	4,668	2,819	1,227	4,296	3,931	7,445	4,223	1,138
<b>Northwest</b>	232	793	2,639	3,373	3,685	2,704	1,115	1,621	2,039	5,559	3,757	1,584
<b>South Central</b>	249	1,211	3,852	3,924	3,436	2,134	717	2,647	2,344	6,255	3,346	961
<b>Southwest</b>	195	913	2,724	2,974	2,780	1,816	707	2,029	1,889	4,354	2,902	948
<b>Area Unknown</b>	1	7	28	35	25	20	27	40	41	38	16	11
<b>Program Total</b>	1,520	5,579	16,899	17,975	17,561	11,295	4,431	13,473	11,684	28,084	16,780	5,342

JFES	Age as of June 30, 2004							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	HS Diploma/GED	Some Post-H.S.	College Degree
<b>Eastern</b>	15	174	616	416	146	17	1	37	469	677	187	15
<b>North Central</b>	57	892	2,415	1,438	638	87	7	221	2,236	2,438	574	65
<b>Northwest</b>	26	281	887	618	252	26	2	68	810	912	277	26
<b>South Central</b>	23	457	1,320	942	392	58	1	137	1,106	1,528	387	35
<b>Southwest</b>	15	375	923	612	282	47	2	82	842	1,014	275	43
<b>Area Unknown</b>	0	1	3	5	2	0	0	5	4	2	1	0
<b>Program Total</b>	136	2,180	6,164	4,031	1,712	235	13	550	5,467	6,571	1,701	184

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor





# North Central WIA

## Characteristics of Active *CTWorks* Applicants

### By Age and Education Level Attained Fiscal Year 2004

Wagner-Peyser	Age as of June 30, 2004							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/ Unknown	No Diploma/ GED	HS Diploma/ GED	Some Post-H.S.	College Degree
<b>Eastern</b>	134	687	2,258	2,634	2,810	1,738	625	2,810	1,073	3,969	2,358	686
<b>North Central</b>	217	926	3,060	3,643	4,115	2,708	1,215	4,096	1,595	5,368	3,775	1,078
<b>Northwest</b>	102	567	2,052	2,956	3,483	2,652	1,102	1,560	1,344	4,900	3,578	1,550
<b>South Central</b>	161	770	2,810	3,197	3,066	2,020	702	2,524	1,336	4,959	3,018	919
<b>Southwest</b>	127	536	1,943	2,444	2,491	1,723	691	1,952	1,106	3,399	2,625	886
<b>Area Unknown</b>	1	6	25	30	23	20	27	35	37	36	15	11
<b>Program Total</b>	742	3,492	12,148	14,904	15,988	10,861	4,362	12,977	6,491	22,631	15,369	5,130

WIA	Age as of June 30, 2004							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/ Unknown	No Diploma/ GED	HS Diploma/ GED	Some Post-H.S.	College Degree
<b>Eastern</b>	63	68	80	89	138	100	18	0	129	259	151	17
<b>North Central</b>	377	203	94	120	194	126	31	1	518	370	189	67
<b>Northwest</b>	117	69	85	144	197	112	25	0	193	331	172	53
<b>South Central</b>	68	107	110	142	184	138	29	5	155	405	171	42
<b>Southwest</b>	58	121	168	188	187	144	23	0	186	428	224	51
<b>Program Total</b>	683	568	537	683	900	620	126	6	1,181	1,793	907	230

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor





# STATEWIDE

## Labor Force Data

### LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

		Annual Average		Change	
		2003	2002	Number	Percent
UNITED STATES	Labor Force	146,510,000	144,863,000	1,647,000	1.1
	Employed	137,736,000	136,485,000	1,251,000	0.9
	Unemployed	8,774,000	8,378,000	396,000	4.5
	Rate	6.0	5.8	0.2	***
CONNECTICUT	Labor Force	1,803,100	1,792,100	11,000	0.6
	Employed	1,704,000	1,714,500	-10,500	-0.6
	Unemployed	99,100	77,600	21,500	21.7
	Rate	5.5	4.3	1.2	***
EASTERN WIA	Labor Force	230,200	226,600	3,600	1.6
	Employed	218,500	217,800	700	0.3
	Unemployed	11,700	8,900	2,800	23.9
	Rate	5.1	3.9	1.2	***
NORTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	491,800	490,400	1,400	0.3
	Employed	461,900	467,700	-5,800	-1.3
	Unemployed	29,900	22,700	7,200	24.1
	Rate	6.1	4.6	1.4	***
NORTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	304,600	302,000	2,600	0.9
	Employed	288,200	288,500	-300	-0.1
	Unemployed	16,400	13,500	2,900	17.7
	Rate	5.4	4.5	0.9	***
SOUTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	380,000	379,200	800	0.2
	Employed	359,700	363,700	-4,000	-1.1
	Unemployed	20,300	15,500	4,800	23.6
	Rate	5.4	4.1	1.3	***
SOUTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	396,500	393,800	2,700	0.7
	Employed	375,600	376,800	-1,200	-0.3
	Unemployed	20,900	17,000	3,900	18.7
	Rate	5.3	4.3	0.9	***

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research





# STATEWIDE

## Worksites by Size Class - December 2003

Size Class (No. of Employees)	Worksites*		Employment*	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
0 - 4	62,791	59.7%	102,276	7.3%
5 - 9	18,049	17.2%	119,379	8.5%
10 - 19	11,704	11.1%	157,168	11.2%
20 - 49	7,766	7.4%	235,201	16.7%
50 - 99	2,682	2.6%	184,525	13.1%
100 - 249	1,564	1.5%	239,379	17.0%
250 - 499	358	0.3%	121,534	8.6%
500 - 999	114	0.1%	74,768	5.3%
1,000 & over	76	0.1%	172,225	12.2%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>105,104</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>1,406,455</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Excludes government.

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms only report statewide employment and are, therefore, not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county is available on-line at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).





# STATEWIDE

## Employment and Wages by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

Naics Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>		<b>109,142</b>	<b>1,625,932</b>	<b>\$78,560,989,695</b>	<b>\$48,318</b>	<b>\$929</b>
<b>11</b>	<b><i>Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting</i></b>	<b>352</b>	<b>5,496</b>	<b>\$136,087,582</b>	<b>\$24,761</b>	<b>\$476</b>
111	Crop production	174	4,081	\$97,604,551	\$23,917	\$460
112	Animal production	84	862	\$24,602,715	\$28,541	\$549
113	Forestry and logging	10	28	\$899,039	\$32,109	\$617
114	Fishing, hunting and trapping	18	56	\$2,064,786	\$36,871	\$709
115	Agriculture and forestry support activities	66	469	\$10,916,490	\$23,276	\$448
<b>21</b>	<b><i>Mining</i></b>	<b>66</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>\$39,681,603</b>	<b>\$56,047</b>	<b>\$1,078</b>
212	Mining, except oil and gas	61	682	\$38,404,766	\$56,312	\$1,083
213	Support activities for mining	5	25	\$1,276,837	\$51,073	\$982
<b>22</b>	<b><i>Utilities</i></b>	<b>140</b>	<b>8,816</b>	<b>\$705,488,219</b>	<b>\$80,024</b>	<b>\$1,539</b>
221	Utilities	140	8,816	\$705,488,219	\$80,024	\$1,539
<b>23</b>	<b><i>Construction</i></b>	<b>10,705</b>	<b>61,782</b>	<b>\$2,967,617,722</b>	<b>\$48,034</b>	<b>\$924</b>
236	Construction of buildings	2,974	13,367	\$696,122,975	\$52,078	\$1,002
237	Heavy and civil engineering construction	577	6,508	\$376,324,701	\$57,825	\$1,112
238	Specialty trade construction	7,154	41,907	\$1,895,170,046	\$45,223	\$870
<b>31-33</b>	<b><i>Manufacturing</i></b>	<b>5,599</b>	<b>199,444</b>	<b>\$11,577,790,110</b>	<b>\$58,050</b>	<b>\$1,116</b>
311	Food manufacturing	282	7,242	\$250,874,065	\$34,642	\$666
312	Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	31	1,374	\$141,328,989	\$102,860	\$1,978
313	Textile mills	37	1,215	\$45,063,023	\$37,089	\$713
314	Textile product mills	101	1,190	\$38,554,195	\$32,398	\$623
315	Apparel manufacturing	47	693	\$28,863,436	\$41,650	\$801
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
321	Wood product manufacturing	155	1,857	\$72,357,332	\$38,965	\$749
322	Paper manufacturing	91	6,090	\$382,201,901	\$62,759	\$1,207
323	Printing and related support activities	538	8,025	\$373,258,509	\$46,512	\$894
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
325	Chemical manufacturing	193	17,670	\$1,603,935,828	\$90,772	\$1,746
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	246	8,094	\$344,151,056	\$42,519	\$818
327	Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	138	2,639	\$121,897,578	\$46,191	\$888
331	Primary metal manufacturing	101	4,849	\$237,098,419	\$48,896	\$940
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing	1,419	33,288	\$1,536,699,829	\$46,164	\$888
333	Machinery manufacturing	635	18,662	\$1,149,095,876	\$61,574	\$1,184
334	Computer and electronic product manufacturing	392	15,882	\$883,073,144	\$55,602	\$1,069
335	Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing	190	10,634	\$711,776,083	\$66,934	\$1,287
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	246	43,291	\$2,873,826,788	\$66,384	\$1,277
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	321	3,365	\$129,745,367	\$38,557	\$741
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	412	12,801	\$595,819,487	\$46,545	\$895



# STATEWIDE

## Employment and Wages by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

Naics Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>42</b>	<b>Wholesale trade</b>	<b>9,560</b>	<b>65,483</b>	<b>\$4,352,549,770</b>	<b>\$66,468</b>	<b>\$1,278</b>
423	Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	2,964	31,950	\$1,956,514,994	\$61,237	\$1,178
424	Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	1,392	21,235	\$1,336,401,343	\$62,934	\$1,210
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	5,204	12,298	\$1,059,633,433	\$86,163	\$1,657
<b>44-45</b>	<b>Retail trade</b>	<b>13,357</b>	<b>191,755</b>	<b>\$5,340,577,751</b>	<b>\$27,851</b>	<b>\$536</b>
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	1,334	22,555	\$1,031,842,223	\$45,748	\$880
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	863	7,850	\$250,497,290	\$31,910	\$614
443	Electronics and appliance stores	713	6,238	\$260,982,723	\$41,838	\$805
444	Building material and garden supply stores	973	15,915	\$515,089,709	\$32,365	\$622
445	Food and beverage stores	2,231	44,285	\$983,816,019	\$22,216	\$427
446	Health and personal care stores	928	14,624	\$403,660,087	\$27,603	\$531
447	Gasoline stations	1,080	6,404	\$140,910,806	\$22,004	\$423
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,637	19,282	\$374,460,278	\$19,420	\$373
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	952	9,566	\$169,996,163	\$17,771	\$342
452	General merchandise stores	365	23,905	\$457,755,361	\$19,149	\$368
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	1,626	11,654	\$250,359,307	\$21,483	\$413
454	Nonstore retailers	655	9,477	\$501,207,786	\$52,887	\$1,017
<b>48-49</b>	<b>Transportation and warehousing</b>	<b>1,860</b>	<b>37,944</b>	<b>\$1,400,395,207</b>	<b>\$36,907</b>	<b>\$710</b>
481	Air transportation	87	1,862	\$86,663,551	\$46,543	\$895
482	Rail transportation	*	*	*	*	*
483	Water transportation	31	980	\$74,226,758	\$75,742	\$1,457
484	Truck transportation	745	6,788	\$272,843,392	\$40,195	\$773
485	Transit and ground passenger transportation	358	11,423	\$276,868,309	\$24,238	\$466
486	Pipeline transportation	4	183	\$15,874,846	\$86,748	\$1,668
487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	20	193	\$4,853,304	\$25,147	\$484
488	Support activities for transportation	337	3,785	\$204,494,610	\$54,028	\$1,039
491	Postal service	*	*	*	*	*
492	Couriers and messengers	171	7,345	\$249,280,158	\$33,939	\$653
493	Warehousing and storage	98	5,310	\$212,649,447	\$40,047	\$770
<b>51</b>	<b>Information</b>	<b>1,754</b>	<b>39,649</b>	<b>\$2,278,899,433</b>	<b>\$57,477</b>	<b>\$1,105</b>
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	504	12,763	\$672,885,566	\$52,722	\$1,014
512	Motion picture and sound recording industries	302	2,249	\$68,191,050	\$30,321	\$583
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	104	4,321	\$284,838,615	\$65,920	\$1,268
516	Internet publishing and broadcasting	60	618	\$42,011,029	\$67,979	\$1,307
517	Telecommunications	393	14,198	\$919,455,540	\$64,760	\$1,245
518	ISPs, search portals, and data processing	295	4,325	\$259,930,198	\$60,099	\$1,156
519	Other information services	96	1,174	\$31,587,435	\$26,906	\$517
<b>52</b>	<b>Finance and insurance</b>	<b>6,534</b>	<b>122,543</b>	<b>\$12,774,866,216</b>	<b>\$104,248</b>	<b>\$2,005</b>
521	Monetary authorities - central bank	*	*	*	*	*
522	Credit intermediation and related activities	2,229	32,340	\$2,445,597,691	\$75,621	\$1,454
523	Securities, commodity contracts, investments	1,829	17,363	\$4,383,324,267	\$252,452	\$4,855
524	Insurance carriers and related activities	2,359	67,833	\$5,435,767,371	\$80,135	\$1,541
525	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	*	*	*	*	*



# STATEWIDE

## Employment and Wages by Industry - 2003 Annual Average

Naics Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>53</b>	<b><i>Real estate and rental and leasing</i></b>	<b>3,514</b>	<b>20,265</b>	<b>\$870,237,014</b>	<b>\$42,943</b>	<b>\$826</b>
531	Real estate	2,811	13,474	\$606,462,816	\$45,010	\$866
532	Rental and leasing services	*	*	*	*	*
533	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	*	*	*	*	*
<b>54</b>	<b><i>Professional and technical services</i></b>	<b>12,856</b>	<b>88,145</b>	<b>\$6,242,334,303</b>	<b>\$70,819</b>	<b>\$1,362</b>
541	Professional and technical services	12,856	88,145	\$6,242,334,303	\$70,819	\$1,362
<b>55</b>	<b><i>Management of companies and enterprises</i></b>	<b>630</b>	<b>27,783</b>	<b>\$2,918,347,768</b>	<b>\$105,041</b>	<b>\$2,020</b>
551	Management of companies and enterprises	630	27,783	\$2,918,347,768	\$105,041	\$2,020
<b>56</b>	<b><i>Administrative and waste management</i></b>	<b>6,460</b>	<b>81,342</b>	<b>\$2,455,897,043</b>	<b>\$30,192</b>	<b>\$581</b>
561	Administrative and support activities	5,963	75,667	\$2,207,449,137	\$29,173	\$561
562	Waste management and remediation services	497	5,675	\$248,447,906	\$43,779	\$842
<b>61</b>	<b><i>Educational services</i></b>	<b>1,228</b>	<b>43,711</b>	<b>\$1,913,170,853</b>	<b>\$43,769</b>	<b>\$842</b>
611	Educational services	1,228	43,711	\$1,913,170,853	\$43,769	\$842
<b>62</b>	<b><i>Health care and social assistance</i></b>	<b>9,156</b>	<b>214,810</b>	<b>\$8,363,813,252</b>	<b>\$38,936</b>	<b>\$749</b>
621	Ambulatory health care services	6,096	70,875	\$3,436,424,863	\$48,486	\$932
622	Hospitals	57	54,569	\$2,553,754,585	\$46,799	\$900
623	Nursing and residential care facilities	1,133	56,826	\$1,678,270,448	\$29,533	\$568
624	Social assistance	1,870	32,540	\$695,363,355	\$21,369	\$411
<b>71</b>	<b><i>Arts, entertainment, and recreation</i></b>	<b>1,689</b>	<b>23,961</b>	<b>\$564,551,735</b>	<b>\$23,561</b>	<b>\$453</b>
711	Performing arts and spectator sports	525	4,718	\$169,713,932	\$35,972	\$692
712	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	99	1,991	\$49,662,951	\$24,944	\$480
713	Amusement, gambling, and recreation	1,065	17,252	\$345,174,853	\$20,008	\$385
<b>72</b>	<b><i>Accommodation and food services</i></b>	<b>6,965</b>	<b>101,150</b>	<b>\$1,623,049,614</b>	<b>\$16,046</b>	<b>\$309</b>
721	Accommodation	435	11,344	\$250,248,317	\$22,060	\$424
722	Food services and drinking places	6,530	89,806	\$1,372,801,297	\$15,286	\$294
<b>81</b>	<b><i>Other services, except public administration</i></b>	<b>12,792</b>	<b>55,481</b>	<b>\$1,487,554,300</b>	<b>\$26,812</b>	<b>\$516</b>
811	Repair and maintenance	2,818	14,423	\$507,145,602	\$35,162	\$676
812	Personal and laundry services	3,154	18,663	\$415,339,932	\$22,255	\$428
813	Membership associations and organizations	2,006	15,627	\$431,471,158	\$27,611	\$531
814	Private households	4,814	6,768	\$133,597,608	\$19,740	\$380
	<b><i>Total government</i></b>	<b>3,640</b>	<b>235,350</b>	<b>\$10,532,086,947</b>	<b>\$44,751</b>	<b>\$861</b>
	Federal	580	20,586	\$1,050,192,229	\$51,015	\$981
	State	780	59,534	\$3,019,341,162	\$50,716	\$975
	Local**	2,280	155,230	\$6,462,553,556	\$41,632	\$801
<b>99</b>	<b><i>Nonclassifiable establishments</i></b>	<b>285</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>\$15,993,252</b>	<b>\$50,612</b>	<b>\$973</b>

\*Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

\*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research  
Covered Employment & Wages by Industry (2003 QCEW Program Data)





# STATEWIDE

## Poverty Status by WIA

### Poverty Status by Workforce Investment Area

Area	2000 CENSUS			1990 CENSUS			Change from 1990 to 2000			
	All individuals for whom poverty status is determined	Below poverty level	Percent below poverty level	All individuals for whom poverty status is determined	Below poverty level	Percent below poverty level	All individuals for whom poverty status is determined	% Change	Below poverty level	% Change
United States	273,882,232	33,899,812	12.4%	241,977,859	31,742,864	13.1%	31,904,373	13.2%	2,156,948	6.8%
Connecticut	3,300,416	259,514	7.9%	3,188,125	217,347	6.8%	112,291	3.5%	42,167	19.4%
Eastern WIA	388,195	27,976	7.2%	373,513	25,530	6.8%	14,682	3.9%	2,446	9.6%
North Central WIA	929,537	81,572	8.8%	923,397	69,119	7.5%	6,140	0.7%	12,453	18.0%
Northwest WIA	558,377	36,984	6.6%	523,256	27,824	5.3%	35,121	6.7%	9,160	32.9%
South Central WIA	676,963	58,114	8.6%	656,164	48,093	7.3%	20,799	3.2%	10,021	20.8%
Southwest WIA	747,344	54,868	7.3%	711,795	46,781	6.6%	35,549	5.0%	8,087	17.3%

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census - Census 2000 and 1990 Summary Tape File 3 (Sample Data).





## STATEWIDE

### Per Capita Personal Income, Median Family Income, and Median Household Income

State	Per Capita Income		Rank in the U.S.		FFY 2003* 4-Person Family	2000 Median Household
	2003p	2002r	2003	2002		
United States	\$31,632	\$30,906	--	--	\$62,228	\$41,343
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$43,173</b>	<b>\$42,468</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$82,702</b>	<b>\$53,108</b>
Maine	\$28,831	\$28,038	34	32	\$56,186	\$36,400
Massachusetts	\$39,815	\$39,085	3	3	\$78,025	\$49,505
New Hampshire	\$34,702	\$33,985	6	6	\$71,661	\$49,509
New Jersey	\$40,427	\$39,461	2	2	\$78,560	\$54,226
New York	\$36,574	\$35,805	5	5	\$64,520	\$43,640
Pennsylvania	\$31,998	\$31,116	16	15	\$65,411	\$39,562
Rhode Island	\$31,916	\$30,859	17	17	\$68,418	\$43,185
Vermont	\$30,740	\$29,764	22	22	\$59,125	\$39,317

p preliminary

r revised

\*Federal Fiscal Year 2003 covers the period of October 1, 2002 through September 30, 2003.

Sources:

Per capita income:

Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Median income, 4-person families:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services,  
Federal Register/Vol.67, No. 20.

Median Household Income:

U.S. Census Bureau,  
Census 2000 Supplementary Survey Summary Tables.



**Base Period:** A selected period of time, frequently one year, against which changes to other points in time are calculated (also see Index Number).

**Benchmarking:** The process of reestimating statistics as more complete data become available. Estimates are usually calculated using only a sample of the universe (total count). Therefore, benchmarking allows for correction of estimating errors. New benchmarking levels are introduced on an annual basis.

**Covered Employment:** Employment in any industry insured under the provisions of the Connecticut Unemployment Compensation Law.

**Current Population Survey:** A national household survey conducted each month by the Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information is gathered from a sample of about 60,000 households (1,200 in Connecticut) designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population of persons 16 years of age and over.

**Discouraged Workers:** Persons not included in the unemployment count who say they did not look for work because they think none is available, or they believe they lack the skills necessary to compete in the labor market.

**Dislocated Worker:** As defined under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, an individual who: (A) 1. has been terminated or laid off, or received notice of same; and 2. is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation, or has demonstrated attachment to the workforce but is not eligible for unemployment compensation; and 3. is unlikely to return to a previous industry or occupation. Or (B) 1. has been terminated or laid off, or has received notice of same, as a result of permanent closure or substantial layoff at a plant, facility or enterprise; or 2. is employed at a facility at which employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close within 180 days; or, 3. for purposes of receiving certain services, is employed at a facility at which the employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close. Or (C) was self-employed but is unemployed as a result of general economic conditions in the community in which the individual resides or because of natural disasters. Or (D) is a displaced homemaker.

**Displaced Homemaker:** An individual who has been providing unpaid services to family members in the home and who (A) has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by that income; and (B) is unemployed or underemployed and is experiencing difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment.

**Durable Goods:** Items with a normal life expectancy of three years or more. Automobiles, furniture, household appliances, and mobile homes are examples. Because of their nature, expenditures for durable goods are generally postponable.

Consequently, durable goods sales are the most volatile component of consumer expenditures.

**Employed Persons:** Those individuals who are 16 years of age and over who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month, or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-owned business, and individuals who were temporarily absent from their jobs due to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor dispute, or personal reasons. Excluded are persons whose only activity consists of work around the house and volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

**Establishment:** An economic unit such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services. It is usually at a single physical location and engaged in one predominant type of economic activity.

**Family:** A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

**Farm Employment:** Persons who work as owners and operators of farms, as unpaid family workers on farms, or as hired workers who are engaged in farm activities.

**Full-Time Employment:** Employment of 35 or more hours per week.

**Household:** A household includes all the people who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence.

**Housing Permits:** Counted by the Bureau of the Census, new housing permits include permits issued for all new privately owned, attached and detached single-family houses.

**Index Number:** A measure of the relative changes occurring in a series of values compared with a base period. The base period usually equals 100, and any changes from it represent percentages. By use of an index number, large or unwieldy data, such as sales in thousands of dollars or costs in dollars and cents, are reduced to a form in which they can be readily understood.

**Industry:** A generic term for a distinct group of economic activities. Industries are described and classified by their primary activity or product.

**Initial Claim:** A notice filed by a worker, at the beginning of a period of unemployment, requesting a determination of insured status for jobless benefits.

**Labor Force:** All persons 16 years of age and over who are classified as employed, unemployed and seeking employment, or involved in a labor-management dispute. The labor force does not include persons who never worked a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer and "discouraged workers" who have been unemployed for a substantial length of time and





are no longer actively seeking employment. Members of the armed forces stationed either in the United States or abroad are counted by their place of residence. The civilian labor force excludes members of the armed forces and the institutionalized population.

**Labor Force Participation Rate:** The proportion of the total civilian noninstitutional population or of a demographic subgroup of that population classified as "in the labor force."

**Labor Market Area (LMA):** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, an economically integrated geographic area within which individuals can reside and find employment within a reasonable distance or can readily change employment without changing their place of residence.

**Labor Market Information (LMI):** The body of information that deals with the functioning of labor markets and the determination of the demand for and supply of labor. It includes, but is not limited to, such key factors as changes in the level and/or composition of economic activity, the population, employment and unemployment, income and earnings, wage rates, and fringe benefits.

**Labor Surplus Area:** A civil jurisdiction where the average unemployment rate is at least 20 percent above the average unemployment for all states, or its unemployment during the previous two calendar years was ten percent or more. The designation allows establishments in the area preference in bidding for certain federal contracts.

**Location Quotients:** Measure an industry's concentration or specialization in one geographical area relative to a larger area.

**Manufacturing:** Includes establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products. These establishments are usually described as plants, factories, or mills and characteristically use power-driven machines and materials handling equipment. The new product of a manufacturing establishment may be "finished" in the sense that it is ready for utilization and consumption, or it may be "semi-finished" to become a raw material for an establishment engaged in further manufacturing.

**Median:** The middle value or midpoint between two middle values in a set of data arranged in order of increasing or decreasing magnitude. As such, one-half of the items in the set are less than the median and one-half are greater.

**Median Income:** The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families, including those with no income.

**Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA):** The general concept of a Metropolitan Statistical Area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Connecticut currently has seven Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget.

**Money Income:** Census-based money income is derived from a sample of individuals 15 years of age and older, and consists only of income that is received by individuals in cash and its equivalents.

**Nondurable Goods:** Items that generally last for only a short period of time (three years or less). Food, beverages, apparel, and gasoline are common examples. Because of their nature, nondurable goods are generally purchased when needed.

**Nonfarm Employment:** The total number of persons on establishment payroll employed full- or part-time who received pay for any part of the pay-period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid sick leave, on paid holiday, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, is included. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data exclude proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay-period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed.

**Occupation:** A name or title of a job that identifies a set of activities or tasks that employees are paid to perform. Employees that perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether or not they are in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few particular industries, other occupations are found in the majority of industries.

**Part-Time Employment:** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in which a worker is regularly scheduled to work fewer than 35 hours a week.

**Per Capita Personal Income:** The annual total personal income of residents divided by resident population as of July 1 of current year.

**Personal Income:** Measures the net earnings, rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments by place of residence before the deduction of personal income taxes and other personal taxes. Reported in current dollars.

**Private Household Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in private households such as child care workers, cooks, housekeepers or other household staff.



**Production Worker:** Employees, up through the level of working supervisor, who are directly engaged in the manufacture of the product of an establishment. Among those excluded from this category are persons in executive and managerial positions and persons engaged in activities such as accounting, sales, advertising, routine clerical work, and professional and technical functions.

**SAGA (State-Administered General Assistance):** Provides cash, medical, and emergency assistance to persons who do not qualify for federal and state assistance programs, such as Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Family Assistance (TFA), and Medicaid.

**Seasonal Adjustments:** The adjustment of time-series data to eliminate the effect of intra-year variations that tend to occur each year in approximately the same manner. Examples of such variations include school terms, holidays, and yearly weather patterns.

**Seasonal Industry:** An industry in which activity is affected by regularly recurring weather changes, holidays, vacations, etc. The construction and recreational industries are typically characterized as "seasonal."

**Self-Employed Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Self-employed persons whose businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation.

**Underemployed:** Persons working full- or part-time in jobs that are below their earning capacity or level of competence. The terms "underemployed" and "underutilized" are used interchangeably. Underemployment has also been defined as "involuntary part-time" employment or employment of a person on a part-time basis when full-time work is desired.

**Unemployed:** Persons who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and: (a) had engaged in any specific job-seeking activity within the past four weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (b) were waiting to be called back from a job from which they had been laid off; or (c) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

**Unemployment Rate:** Represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate eliminates the influence of regularly recurring seasonal fluctuations which can be ascribed to weather, crop-growing cycles, holidays, vacations, etc., and therefore, more clearly shows the underlying basic trend of unemployment.

**Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998:** Represents significant changes to federal statutes governing programs of job training, adult education and literacy, and vocational rehabilitation in order to establish a coordinated, streamlined and more flexible workforce development system. It is a revitalized system that focuses on providing *employers* with skilled workers, and the economic and workforce information they need to conduct business effectively - and on providing *workers* with the information, advice, job search assistance, and training they need to get and keep good jobs.



**Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research Publications:**

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*Connecticut Career Paths*

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*Connecticut's Evolving Economy*

*Connecticut Labor Situation*

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*Labor Force Data for Labor Market Areas & Towns*

*Soaring to New Heights...Connecticut Job Outlook*

*Writing Your Résumé for Success*

*Your Job Search Guide*

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