

# SOUTHWEST WIA



Andover **Ansonia** Ashford Avon Barkhamsted **Beacon Falls** Berlin Bethany  
Bethel Bethlehem Bloomfield Bolton Bozrah Branford **Bridgeport**  
Bridgewater Bristol Brookfield Brooklyn Burlington Canaan Canterbury  
Canton Chaplin Cheshire Chester Clinton Colchester Colebrook Columbia  
Cornwall Coventry Cromwell Danbury **Darien** Deep River **Derby** Durham  
Eastford East Granby East Haddam East Hampton East Hartford  
East Haven East Lyme **Easton** East Windsor Ellington Enfield Essex  
**Fairfield** Farmington Franklin Glastonbury Goshen Granby **Greenwich**  
Griswold Groton Guilford Haddam Hamden Hampton Hartford Hartland  
Harwinton Hebron Kent Killingly Killingworth Lebanon Ledyard Lisbon  
Litchfield Lyme Madison Manchester Mansfield Marlborough Meriden  
Middlebury Middlefield Middletown Milford **Monroe** Montville Morris  
Naugatuck New Britain **New Canaan** New Fairfield New Hartford  
New Haven Newington New London New Milford Newtown Norfolk  
North Branford North Canaan North Haven North Stonington **Norwalk**  
Norwich Old Lyme Old Saybrook Orange **Oxford** Plainfield Plainville  
Plymouth Pomfret Portland Preston Prospect Putnam Redding Ridgefield  
Rocky Hill Roxbury Salem Salisbury Scotland **Seymour** Sharon **Shelton**  
Sherman Simsbury Somers Southbury Southington South Windsor  
Sprague Stafford **Stamford** Sterling Stonington **Stratford** Suffield  
Thomaston Thompson Tolland Torrington **Trumbull** Union Vernon  
Voluntown Wallingford Warren Washington Waterbury Waterford  
Watertown Westbrook West Hartford West Haven **Weston** **Westport**  
Wethersfield Willington **Wilton** Winchester Windham Windsor  
Windsor Locks Wolcott Woodbridge Woodbury Woodstock

# INFORMATION FOR WORKFORCE INVESTMENT PLANNING 2007





EASTERN WIA 41 TOWNS	NORTH CENTRAL WIA 37 TOWNS	NORTHWEST WIA 41 TOWNS	SOUTH CENTRAL WIA 30 TOWNS	SOUTHWEST WIA 20 TOWNS
Ashford	Andover	Barkhamsted	Bethany	Ansonia
Bozrah	Avon	Bethel	Branford	Beacon Falls
Brooklyn	Berlin	Bethlehem	Chester	Bridgeport
Canterbury	Bloomfield	Bridgewater	Clinton	Darien
Chaplin	Bolton	Brookfield	Cromwell	Derby
Colchester	Bristol	Canaan	Deep River	Easton
Columbia	Burlington	Cheshire	Durham	Fairfield
Coventry	Canton	Colebrook	East Haddam	Greenwich
Eastford	East Granby	Cornwall	East Hampton	Monroe
East Lyme	East Hartford	Danbury	East Haven	New Canaan
Franklin	East Windsor	Goshen	Essex	Norwalk
Griswold	Ellington	Hartland	Guilford	Oxford
Groton	Enfield	Harwinton	Haddam	Seymour
Hampton	Farmington	Kent	Hamden	Shelton
Killingly	Glastonbury	Litchfield	Killingworth	Stamford
Lebanon	Granby	Middlebury	Madison	Stratford
Ledyard	Hartford	Morris	Meriden	Trumbull
Lisbon	Hebron	Naugatuck	Middlefield	Weston
Lyme	Manchester	New Fairfield	Middletown	Westport
Mansfield	Marlborough	New Hartford	Milford	Wilton
Montville	New Britain	New Milford	New Haven	
New London	Newington	Newtown	North Branford	
North Stonington	Plainville	Norfolk	North Haven	
Norwich	Plymouth	North Canaan	Old Saybrook	
Old Lyme	Rocky Hill	Prospect	Orange	
Plainfield	Simsbury	Redding	Portland	
Pomfret	Somers	Ridgefield	Wallingford	
Preston	Southington	Roxbury	Westbrook	
Putnam	South Windsor	Salisbury	West Haven	
Salem	Stafford	Sharon	Woodbridge	
Scotland	Suffield	Sherman		
Sprague	Tolland	Southbury		
Sterling	Vernon	Thomaston		
Stonington	West Hartford	Torrington		
Thompson	Wethersfield	Warren		
Union	Windsor	Washington		
Voluntown	Windsor Locks	Waterbury		
Waterford		Watertown		
Willington		Winchester		
Windham		Wolcott		
Woodstock		Woodbury		

## PREFACE

The Office of Research is Connecticut's leading producer of information and statistics on the economy, workforce, occupations, and careers. Our mission is to produce, analyze, and deliver timely and reliable workforce information and statistics to assist in decision-making for those planning economic development initiatives, for education and training providers, and for job seekers and students who are seeking guidance in making career choices.

The Workforce Investment Act provides a valuable framework through which to organize and coordinate a broad range of undertakings to support workforce investment activities. State and local Workforce Investment Boards are important customers of the workforce information system. The Office of Research provides much of the core information needed by administrators and service providers to plan, evaluate, and effectively serve the business and individual customers of the workforce system.

Our office is pleased to provide the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2007*. This publication includes data on Connecticut's population, its labor force, industry employment and wages, employment by town, and on persons with barriers to employment. In this current edition, we've added 2006 data on employment by industry clusters and their relative importance statewide and for each workforce investment area; home sales and median home prices, housing inventory and fair market rents; highlights of Connecticut's regional occupational forecast, 2004 to 2014; along with additional historical data for comparisons and trends.

We believe this information will be useful for the Workforce Investment Board planners and policy makers who make critical workforce system decisions.

Sources for the data are cited on each table, and include other State agencies, the Connecticut Department of Labor and the United States Census Bureau. We wish to thank these providers for their contribution to this year's publication. The charts and tables in the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2007* are within the public domain, and may be copied and/or quoted. However, we do request that you attribute such material to this publication.

We hope that you find this publication helpful and informative.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Cynthia DeLisa, Rachel Meyerhoff, and Mark Stankiewicz of the Office of Research prepared this publication.

We would like to thank the following Department of Labor and Office of Research staff who provided data for this publication: John DiSette, Edward Doukas, Jessy George, Nicholas Jolly, Doreen LeBel, Dana Placzek, David Post, and Joseph Slepiski. Special thanks go to John Tirinzonie, State Labor Economist and Director of Job Development, and to Brandon T. Hooker for providing the regional and statewide employment forecasts included in this publication.

Questions regarding information in this report may be directed to:

Connecticut Department of Labor  
Office of Research  
200 Folly Brook Boulevard  
Wethersfield, CT 06109  
(860) 263-6275  
E-mail: [dol.lmi@po.state.ct.us](mailto:dol.lmi@po.state.ct.us)



The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2007* and other Office of Research publications are available on the Internet at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).

# INFORMATION FOR WORKFORCE INVESTMENT PLANNING-2007

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE #
<b>WIA ECONOMIC DATA:</b>	
POPULATION AND POPULATION DENSITY .....	1
LABOR FORCE .....	2
EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY.....	3-4
EMPLOYMENT CONCENTRATION AND INDUSTRY CLUSTERS .....	5-6
NEW HOUSING PERMITS .....	7
HOME SALES AND MEDIAN SALES PRICES.....	8
<b>WIA DATA ON RESIDENTS IN NEED OF WORKFORCE INVESTMENT SERVICES:</b>	
FOOD STAMP AND TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS .....	9
STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID RECIPIENTS .....	10
STATE ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS.....	11
DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION—ACTIVE CLIENTS.....	12
ADULT PROBATIONERS .....	13
HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND DROPOUT RATES .....	14
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT.....	15
BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS .....	16
<b>APPENDIX TABLES</b>	
<b>WIA ECONOMIC DATA:</b>	
POPULATION AND POPULATION DENSITY .....	17
LABOR FORCE .....	18
WORKSITES BY SIZE CLASS.....	19
EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY.....	20-22
EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY TOWN .....	23
REGIONAL EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK BY OCCUPATION .....	24
NEW HOUSING PERMITS .....	25
HOME SALES AND MEDIAN SALES PRICES.....	26
HOUSING SITUATION.....	27
FAIR MARKET RENTS.....	28
<b>WIA DATA ON RESIDENTS IN NEED OF WORKFORCE INVESTMENT SERVICES:</b>	
FOOD STAMP AND TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS .....	29
STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID RECIPIENTS .....	30
STATE ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS.....	31
DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION—ACTIVE CLIENTS.....	32
DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH AND ADDICTION SERVICES—SUBSTANCE ABUSE CLIENTS .....	33
ADULT PROBATIONERS .....	34
HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND DROPOUT RATES .....	35
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT.....	36
BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS .....	37
<b>STATEWIDE DATA:</b>	
POPULATION CHANGE (MAP) .....	38
LABOR FORCE.....	39
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (MAP) .....	40
WORKSITES BY SIZE CLASS .....	41
CONNECTICUT EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY .....	42-44
EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK BY OCCUPATION.....	45
HOME SALES AND MEDIAN SALES PRICES (MAP).....	46
POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES AND LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS .....	47
PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME, AND MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME.....	48
BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA.....	49-55
CHARACTERISTICS OF CTWORKS APPLICANTS .....	56-59
GLOSSARY OF TERMS.....	60-62

# Southwest WIA

## POPULATION AND POPULATION DENSITY

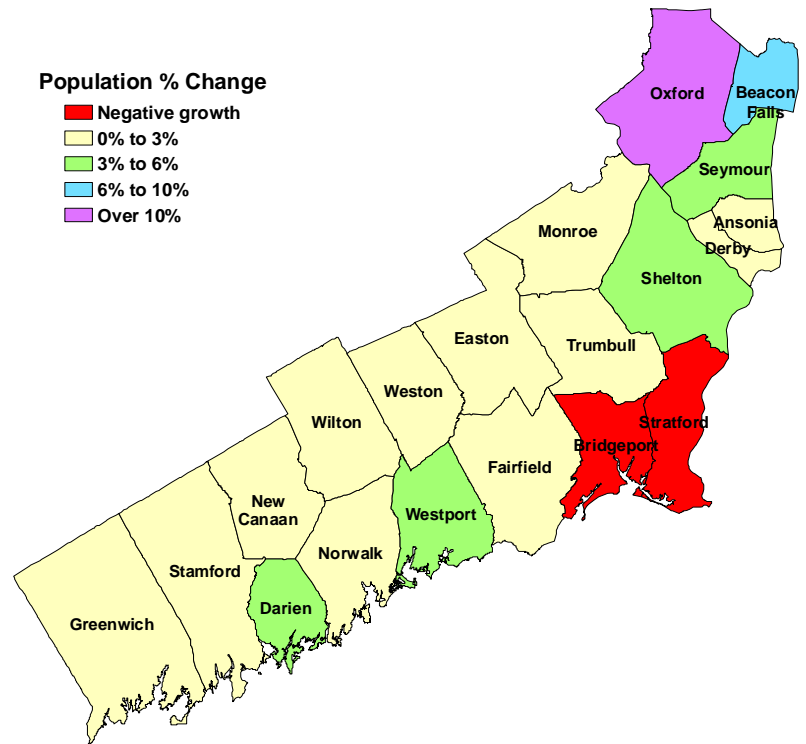
From 2000 to 2006, Connecticut's population increased from 3,405,602 to 3,504,809 residents (+2.9%), and was up just 4,108 residents from its revised 2005 level. Over the six-year period, the North Central WIA saw the largest population increase (+26,614 residents), followed by South Central (+21,543), Northwest (+21,250), Eastern (+17,319), and finally the Southwest (+12,481) area. Nine towns in the State reported a net decline in population from 2000 to 2006, including Bridgeport (-1,617) and Stratford (-462).

The Southwest WIA, which has the second largest population (773,211 residents) among the State's five workforce investment areas, was the only region to record an over-the-year decline, down 782 from a revised 773,993 in 2005.

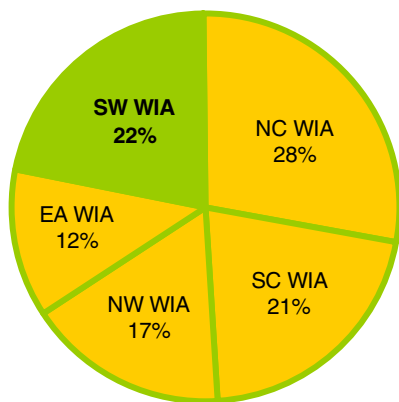
From 2000 to 2006, the Southwest WIA population grew by 12,481 residents (+1.6%). This was the smallest gain among the five regions. Oxford trumped the other area towns with the largest over-the-period population increase, up 2,488 residents to 12,309 in 2006. Stamford had the WIA's second highest increase (+2,178 residents), followed by Shelton (+2,041), Norwalk (+1,236), and Greenwich (+976).

Despite its population loss, Bridgeport still held its rank as the city with the highest population in Connecticut. In 2006, Bridgeport (137,912), together with Stamford (119,261), Norwalk (84,187), Greenwich (62,077), and Fairfield (57,829) had population counts of over 50,000 residents. Together, these five towns represented 60% of the total Southwest WIA population in 2006. Only two of the WIA's 20 towns had populations below 10,000: Easton (7,437) and Beacon Falls (5,700).

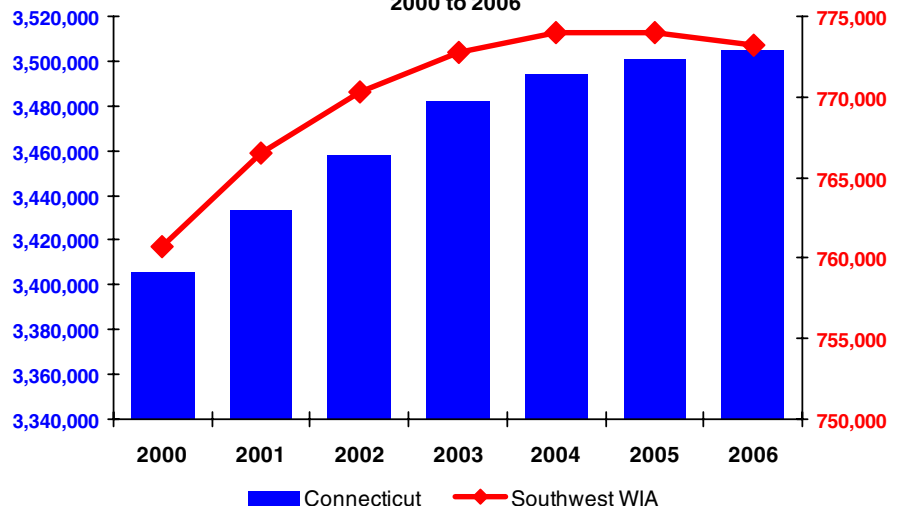
In 2006, the Southwest WIA was Connecticut's most densely populated region with 1,720 persons per square mile, and Bridgeport was the most densely populated (8,620 persons/16 sq. mi.) among the area's 20 towns. Norwalk (3,691 persons/23 sq. mi.) ranked second in population density, followed by Stamford (3,159 persons/38 sq. mi.). Of note, however, Ansonia was fourth in rank with 3,087 persons in only 6 square miles of land area. In contrast, Oxford (374 persons/33 sq. mi.), and Easton (271 persons/27 sq. mi.) were the WIA's least densely populated towns.



In 2006, the Southwest WIA accounted for 22% of CT's total population



U.S. Census Bureau - Population Estimates 2000 to 2006



See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 17 and 38





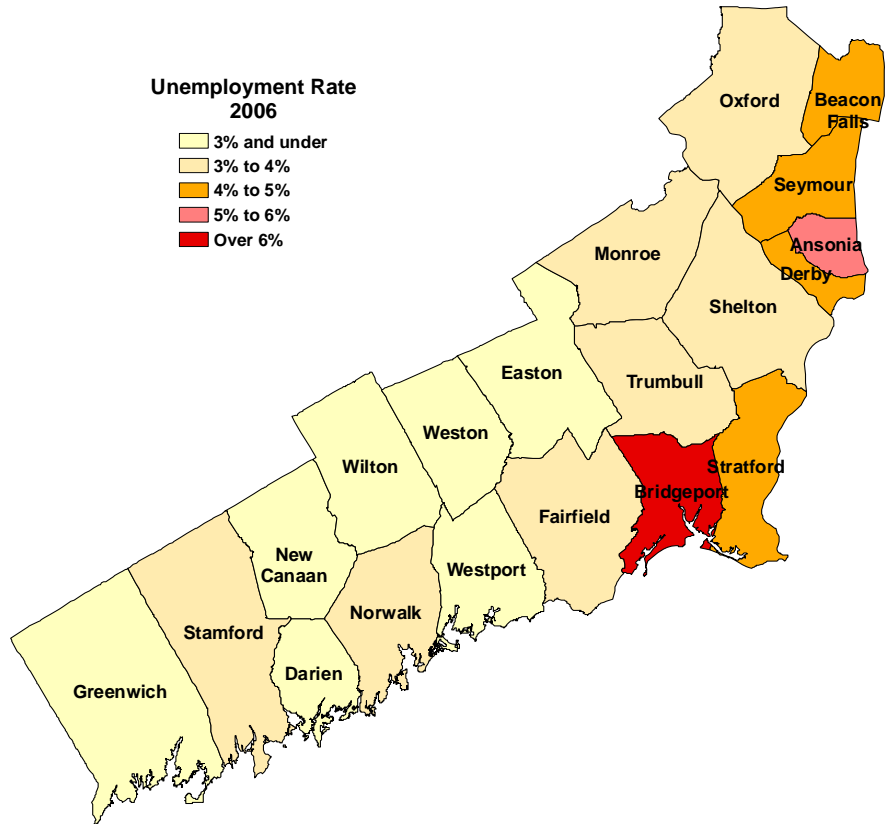
## LABOR FORCE

From 2005 to 2006, Connecticut's labor force increased by 21,300 (+1.2%) to 1,844,200. Over the year, the total number of employed residents increased by 30,700 to 1,765,100 residents, while 9,300 fewer residents were unemployed, bringing their total to 79,200. This is noteworthy considering that from 2004 to 2005 there was a decline of only 400 in the number of unemployed residents. In 2006, Connecticut's unemployment rate fell to 4.3%, down from 4.9% in both 2004 and 2005.

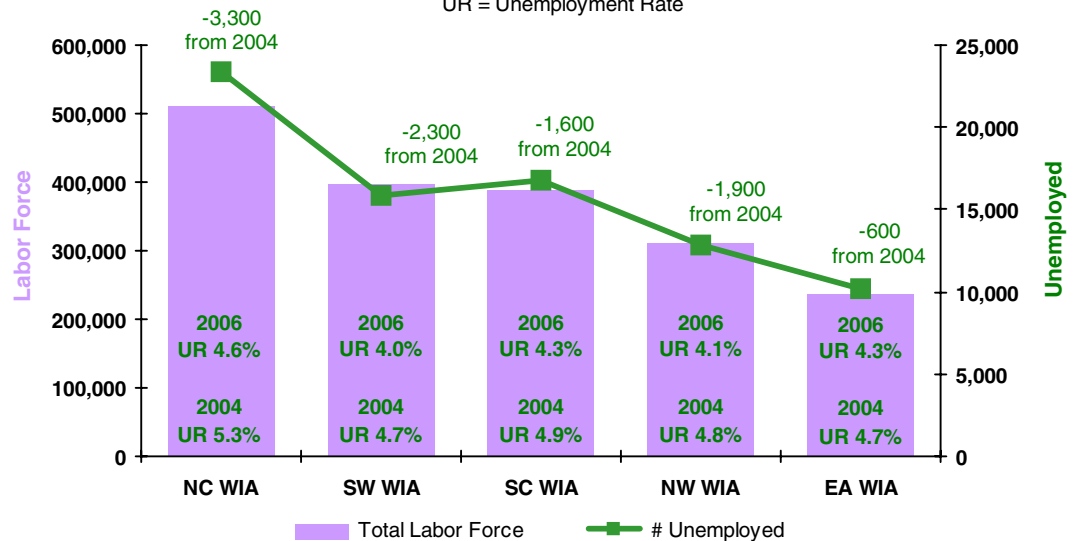
The North Central WIA reported the largest labor force (511,000 residents) and highest unemployment rate (4.6%) among Connecticut's five workforce investment areas in 2006. The Southwest WIA reported the second largest total labor force (396,300 residents), and the lowest unemployment rate (4.0%). All five areas followed the statewide trend of higher employment and lower unemployment in 2006.

From 2005 to 2006, the Southwest WIA labor force increased by 5,400 residents (+7,600 employed; -2,200 unemployed). In 2006, over half (52%) of the area's labor force resided in Stamford (at 66,428, the largest in the WIA and Connecticut), Bridgeport (62,259), Norwalk (48,423), and Greenwich (30,219). Half of the Southwest WIA's 20 towns had a labor force total below than 10,000 residents. Beacon Falls had the smallest labor force, with 3,235 residents in 2006.

The City of Bridgeport (6.6%) had the WIA's highest unemployment rate. In addition to Bridgeport, Ansonia (5.2%), Derby (4.9%), Stratford (4.5%), Seymour (4.3%), and Beacon Falls (4.2%) represented the Southwest WIA towns with unemployment rates of 4.0% or higher in 2006. The town of Weston reported the Southwest WIA's lowest unemployment rate, at 2.6% in 2006.



**WIA Labor Force and Unemployed Residents - 2006**  
UR = Unemployment Rate

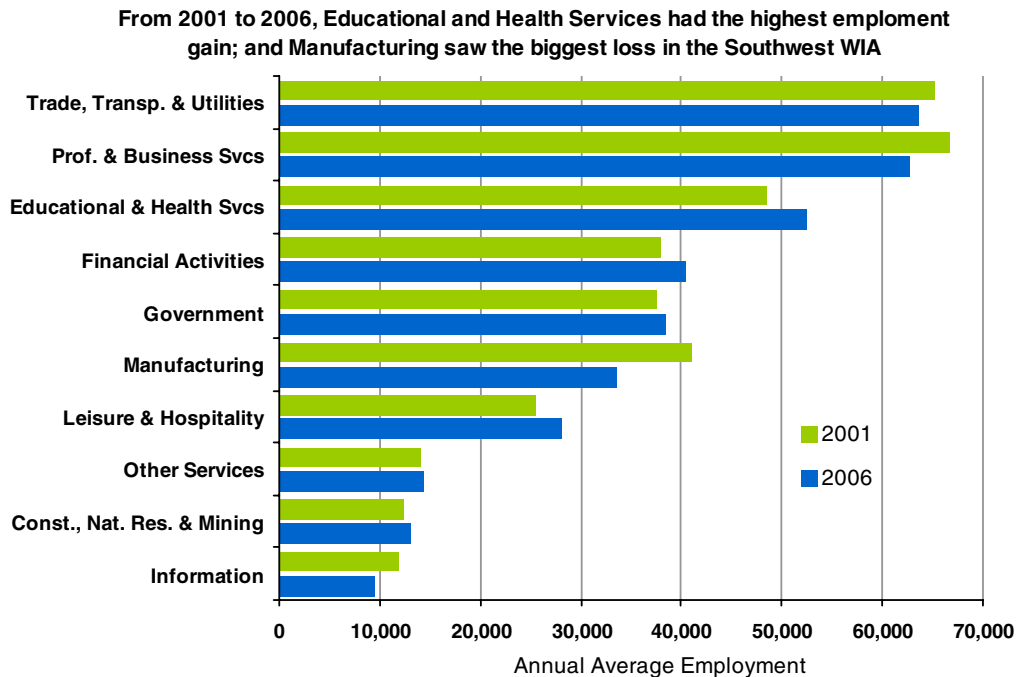


See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 18, 39-40



## EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

Connecticut's employment grew by 28,198 (+1.7%) to 1,672,161 from 2005 to 2006. Professional & Business Services added 6,474 jobs (+3.2%), and Educational & Health Services was up 5,962 jobs (+2.2%). These industries accounted for 44% of the State's total over-the-year growth. Leisure & Hospitality, which gained 3,113 jobs (+2.4%), and Other Services, up 1,545 (+2.7%), also saw impressive gains during the same period. The industry sectors losing employment over the year were Manufacturing (-1,526 jobs, -0.8%), Trade, Transportation, & Utilities (-1,177 jobs, -0.4%), and Information (-328 jobs, -0.9%).



Educational & Health Services (+25,049 jobs, +10.1%), and Leisure & Hospitality (+12,436 jobs, +10.4%) had the highest employment growth from 2001 to 2006. In contrast, the Manufacturing (-32,821 jobs, -14.5%), and Information (-6,942, -15.5%) sectors had the greatest employment declines over the same period.

From 2005 to 2006, the Southwest WIA experienced an overall gain of 5,151 jobs (+1.5%), bringing its employment total to 356,629 in 2006. Among the State's five workforce investment areas, the Southwest WIA accounted for 21 percent of Connecticut's total employment. Professional & Business Services (+1,558 or 2.5%) and Financial Activities (+908 jobs or 2.3%) industries experienced the Southwest WIA's largest employment increase, and accounted for 48 percent of the area's over-the-year gain.

The Southwest WIA was the only region that had an employment decline (-4,414 jobs, -1.2%), from 2001 to 2006. The Manufacturing (-7,321 jobs, -18%), and Prof. & Business Services (-4,075 jobs, -6%) industries had the largest employment declines.

During the same period, Educational & Health Services (+4,081 jobs, +8.4%), and Leisure & Hospitality (+2,390, +9%) did report employment gains. In 2006, half of all Southwest WIA workers were employed in the Trade, Transp. & Utilities (18%), Prof. & Business Services (18%), and Educ. & Health Services (15%).

**Annual Average Employment by Industry**

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,672,161</b>	<b>1,643,963</b>	<b>1,631,848</b>	<b>1,625,932</b>	<b>1,648,986</b>	<b>1,665,699</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>356,629</b>	<b>351,478</b>	<b>349,816</b>	<b>351,389</b>	<b>354,787</b>	<b>361,043</b>
Const., Nat. Res. & Mining	13,198	12,565	12,162	11,954	12,211	12,355
Manufacturing	33,621	34,310	34,925	35,720	38,171	40,942
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	63,541	62,943	62,968	63,209	64,513	65,170
Information	9,569	9,673	9,885	9,990	10,374	11,934
Financial Activities	40,528	39,620	38,348	38,635	37,838	37,918
Prof. & Business Svcs	62,726	61,168	61,241	62,420	62,442	66,801
Educational & Health Svcs	52,500	51,638	51,143	50,649	50,231	48,419
Leisure & Hospitality	27,993	27,556	27,358	26,833	26,377	25,603
Other services	14,444	14,088	13,976	14,036	14,175	14,094
Government	38,450	37,795	37,752	37,897	38,387	37,569

See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 20-22, and 42-44

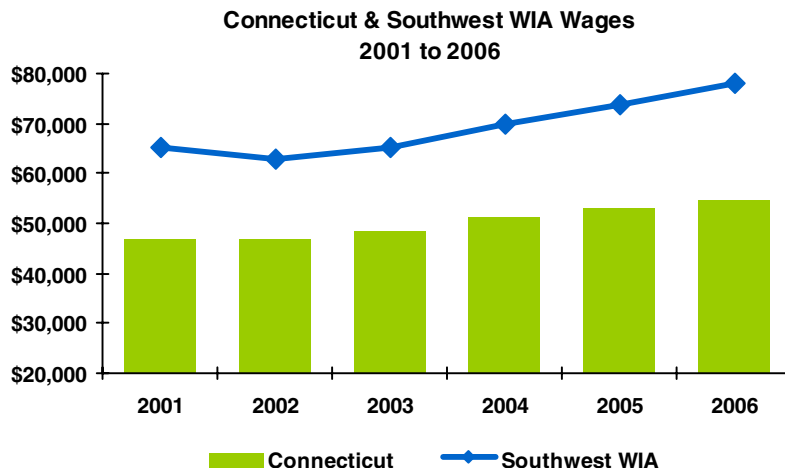




## ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES BY INDUSTRY

From 2005 to 2006, annual average wages for Connecticut’s workers increased by \$1,879, from \$52,964 to \$54,843 (+3.5%). Workers in the Financial Activities sector saw the largest boost in their paychecks, up \$6,603 from 2005 to 2006, and more than three times higher than the overall statewide increase. Manufacturing (+\$2,907), Professional & Business Services (+\$2,705), and Information (+\$2,258) also experienced over-the-year gains greater than the annual average wage increase for all industries. Financial Activities workers in the State earned the highest annual average wages in 2006 (\$122,874) among all industries, followed by Professional & Business Services (\$66,746), Manufacturing (\$65,940), and Information (\$65,719). Those employed in Other Services\* (\$28,302) and in Leisure & Hospitality (\$19,005) averaged the lowest annual wages.

Connecticut workers experienced a net increase of \$7,853 (+16.7%) in annual average wages from 2001 to 2006. During the same period, the Financial Activities sector (+\$32,916) again reported the largest net gains among Connecticut’s industries, followed by Manufacturing (+\$10,216), Information (+\$8,015), and Professional & Business Services (+\$7,871). Workers in the Other Services (+\$2,533) and Leisure & Hospitality (+\$1,748) sectors received the smallest annual average wage increases from 2001.



In 2006, the Southwest WIA reported the highest annual average wages (\$77,901) as well as the highest over-the-year increase (+\$3,998) among the State’s five workforce investment areas. Moreover, workers in the area’s Financial Activities sector earned the highest annual average wages (\$225,507) among all workers in all industries in Connecticut. Wages in this sector recorded the largest increase from 2005, up by \$17,476 or 8.4 percent. Those employed in the Professional & Business Services (\$89,354), Information (\$77,756), and Manufacturing (\$75,512) sectors received the next highest wages in 2006. Manufacturing (+\$4,088) and Professional & Business Services (+\$3,123) workers received the area’s second and third highest ‘raise’ in their paychecks from 2005.

Similar to the statewide trend, Southwest WIA workers in the Other Services (\$30,464) and Leisure & Hospitality (\$24,996) sectors received the lowest earnings in 2006. However, they did earn more than their peers working elsewhere in Connecticut. Those employed in the Information sector reported the area’s lowest over-the-year average wage increase (+\$756).

From 2001 to 2006, the Financial Activities sector reported the Southwest WIA’s largest net increase in annual average wages (+\$64,415), which was more than five times the total over-the-period increase for the area (+12,586). Manufacturing (+\$13,160) and Construction, Natural Resources, & Mining (+\$7,435) workers ranked second and third in wage increases over this period.

Southwest WIA - Annual Average Wages

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$54,843</b>	<b>\$52,964</b>	<b>\$51,004</b>	<b>\$48,318</b>	<b>\$46,849</b>	<b>\$46,990</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>\$77,901</b>	<b>\$73,903</b>	<b>\$69,849</b>	<b>\$65,050</b>	<b>\$62,665</b>	<b>\$65,315</b>
Const., Nat. Res. & Min.	\$57,242	\$55,182	\$53,104	\$50,641	\$50,891	\$49,807
Manufacturing	\$75,512	\$71,424	\$67,861	\$64,470	\$61,986	\$62,352
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	\$54,198	\$51,572	\$50,621	\$46,898	\$45,769	\$49,875
Information	\$77,756	\$77,000	\$74,553	\$69,546	\$67,294	\$74,713
Financial Activities	\$225,507	\$208,031	\$192,134	\$167,779	\$160,388	\$161,092
Prof. & Business Svcs.	\$89,354	\$86,231	\$81,033	\$77,776	\$75,416	\$83,757
Educational & Health Svcs.	\$45,768	\$44,689	\$43,156	\$41,884	\$40,779	\$39,724
Leisure & Hospitality	\$24,996	\$23,918	\$23,725	\$23,027	\$22,809	\$22,911
Other Services	\$30,464	\$29,418	\$29,215	\$29,445	\$28,970	\$27,612
Government	\$52,269	\$51,248	\$50,215	\$47,457	\$45,631	\$44,146

\*repair and maintenance, personal and laundry services, membership associations, private households

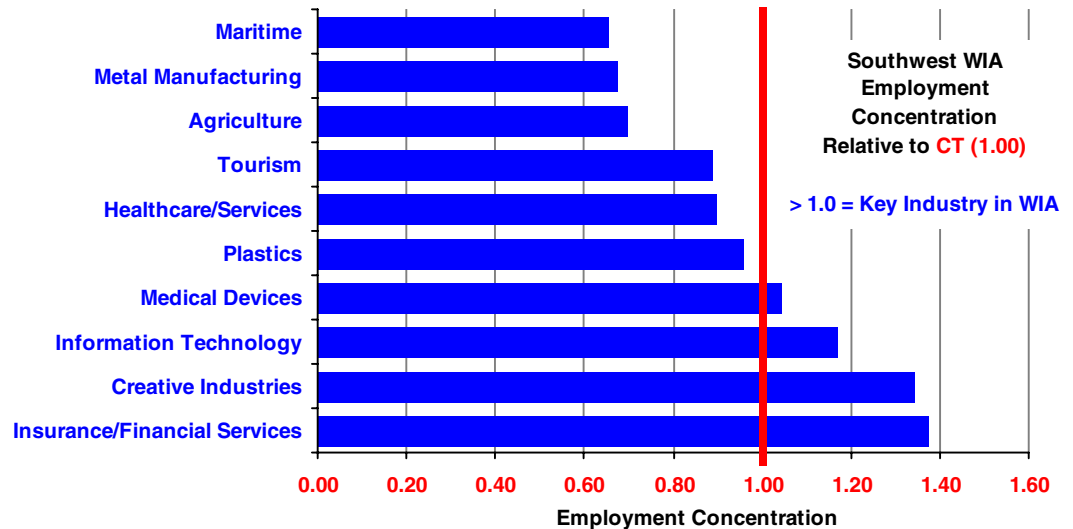
See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 20-22, and 42-44



## EMPLOYMENT CONCENTRATION AND INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

The industry clusters with the greatest employment concentration in Connecticut relative to the U.S. were aerospace (5.22), insurance/financial services (1.29), and metal manufacturing (1.21). The clusters with the smallest were agriculture (0.53), bioscience (0.81), and plastics (0.81). Between 2003 and 2006, the fastest growing industry clusters in Connecticut were maritime (4%), tourism (4%), and healthcare/services (4%). The fastest shrinking were plastics (-8%), bioscience (-6%), and creative industries (-2%).

As a percentage of 2006 Southwest WIA employment, the largest industry clusters were healthcare/services (12%), insurance/financial services (10%), and tourism (9%). The smallest were maritime (0.5%), plastics (0.4%), and bioscience. The industry clusters with the greatest employment concentration in the WIA relative to Connecticut were insurance/financial services (1.37), creative industries (1.34), and information technology (1.17). The clusters with the smallest concentrations were metal manufacturing (0.68), maritime (0.66), and bioscience.



Between 2003 and 2006, the fastest growing industry clusters in the Southwest WIA were insurance/financial services (7%), tourism (4%), and aerospace. The fastest shrinking clusters were maritime (-10%), medical devices (-11%), and plastics (-17%). The industry cluster that provides more employment in the WIA relative to Connecticut, but provides less employment in the State relative to the U.S. is information technology.

Southwest WIA - Industry Cluster Employment Concentration - 2006

Industry Cluster <sup>1</sup>	SW WIA Employment	% of SW WIA Employment	SW WIA % Change 2003-06	SW WIA Concentration Relative to CT	SW WIA % of CT Employment	CT % Change 2003-06	CT Concentration Relative to U.S.
Aerospace	N	N	N	N	N	2.4%	5.22
Agriculture	3,877	1.1%	-8.9%	0.70	0.2%	2.1%	0.53
Bioscience	N	N	N	N	N	-5.9%	0.81
Creative Industries	9,709	2.7%	-4.5%	1.34	0.6%	-2.3%	1.01
Healthcare/Services	41,032	11.5%	1.8%	0.90	2.5%	3.7%	1.11
Information Technology	11,838	3.3%	-8.3%	1.17	0.7%	-1.7%	0.89
Insurance/Financial Services	34,202	9.6%	7.0%	1.37	2.0%	2.5%	1.29
Maritime	1,851	0.5%	-10.3%	0.66	0.1%	4.4%	1.17
Medical Devices	2,023	0.6%	-11.2%	1.04	0.1%	2.9%	1.19
Metal Manufacturing	8,740	2.5%	-0.3%	0.68	0.5%	-2.1%	1.21
Plastics	1,561	0.4%	-16.8%	0.96	0.1%	-8.0%	0.81
Tourism	31,206	8.8%	4.2%	0.89	1.9%	4.4%	0.93
<b>WIA Total</b>	<b>356,606</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1.5%</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>21.3%</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

<sup>1</sup> Industry Clusters are defined by the Department of Economic and Community Development.

N = employment data subject to 'non-disclosure'

See Also Industry Cluster Components listing on Page 6



# CONNECTICUT INDUSTRY CLUSTER COMPONENTS



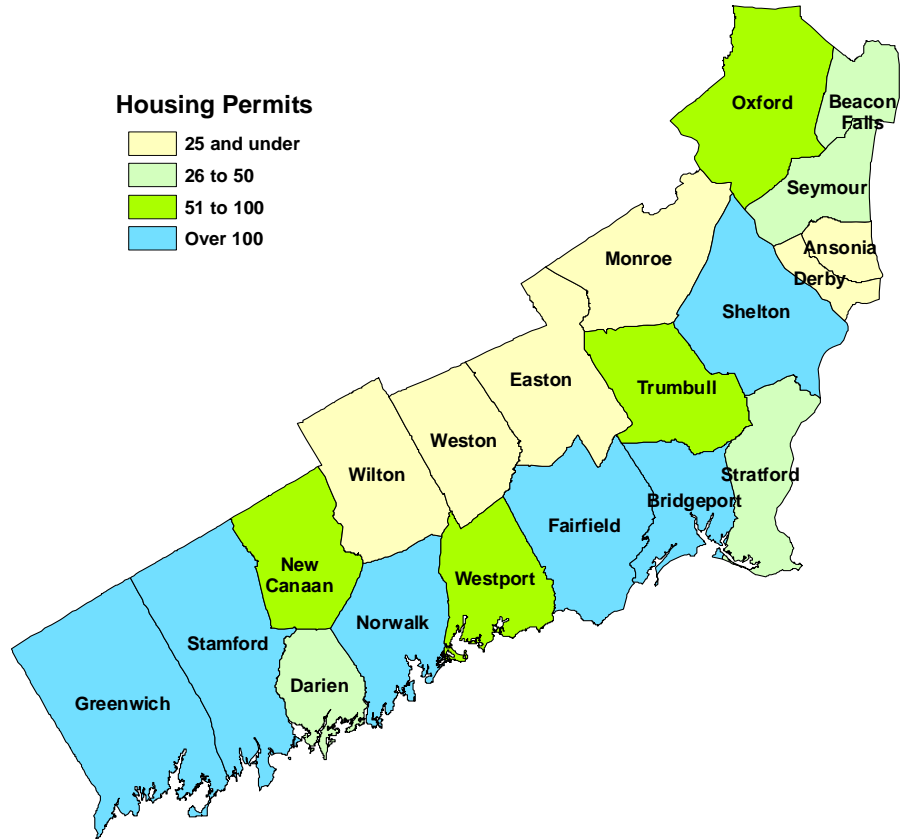
NAICS Code	Connecticut Industry Cluster Components		
	<b>AEROSPACE</b>		
3364	Aerospace Product & Parts Manufacturing		
	<b>AGRICULTURE</b>		
111	Crop Production	3342	Communications Equipment Manufacturing
1121	Cattle Ranching & Farming	3343	Audio & Video Equipment Manufacturing
1122	Hog & Pig Farming	3344	Semiconductor & Other Electronic Component Manufacturing
1123	Poultry & Egg Production	334611	Software Reproducing
1124	Sheep & Goat Farming	334613	Magnetic & Optical Recording Media Manufacturing
1129	Other Animal Production	42343	Computer & Computer Peripheral Equipment & Software Merchant Wholesalers
1151	Support Activities for Crop Production	42511	Business-to-Business Electronic Markets
1152	Support Activities for Animal Production	44312	Computer & Software Stores
311	Food Manufacturing	454111	Electronic Shopping
312	Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	454112	Electronic Auctions
3253	Pesticide, Fertilizer, & Other Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing	5112	Software Publishers
4244	Grocery & Related Product Wholesalers	517	Telecommunications
4245	Farm Product Raw Material Merchant Wholesalers	518	Internet Service Providers, Web Search Portals, & Data Processing Services
4248	Beer, Wine, & Distilled Alcoholic Beverage Merchant Wholesalers	5415	Computer Systems Design & Related Services
42491	Farm Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	61142	Computer Training
42493	Flower, Nursery Stock, & Florists' Supplies Merchant Wholesalers		<b>INSURANCE &amp; FINANCIAL SERVICES</b>
42494	Tobacco & Tobacco Product Merchant Wholesalers	524113	Direct Life Insurance Carriers
49312	Refrigerated Warehousing & Storage	52412	Direct Insurance (except Life, Health, & Medical) Carriers
49313	Farm Product Warehousing & Storage	52413	Reinsurance Carriers
	<b>BIOSCIENCE</b>	5242	Agencies, Brokerages, & Other Insurance Related Activities
3254	Pharmaceutical & Medicine Manufacturing	531	Real Estate
54138	Testing Laboratories	521	Monetary Authorities - Central Bank
54171	Research & Development in the Physical, Engineering, & Life Sciences	522	Credit Intermediation & Related Activities
6215	Medical & Diagnostic Laboratories	523	Securities, Commodity Contracts, & Other Financial Investments & Related Activities
	<b>CREATIVE INDUSTRIES</b>	525	Funds, Trusts, & Other Financial Vehicles
5111	Newspaper, Periodical, Book, & Directory Publishers		<b>MARITIME</b>
51211	Motion Picture & Video Production	1125	Animal Aquaculture
51212	Motion Picture & Video Distribution	1141	Fishing
512131	Motion Picture Theaters (except Drive-In's)	3366	Ship & Boat Building
51219	Post-production Services & Other Motion Picture & Video Industries	483	Water Transportation
5122	Sound Recording Industries	488	Support Activities for Transportation
515	Broadcasting (except Internet)		<b>MEDICAL DEVICES</b>
516	Internet Publishing & Broadcasting	334510	Electromedical & Electrotherapeutic Apparatus Manufacturing
519	Other Information Services	334516	Analytical Laboratory Instrument Manufacturing
54131	Architectural Services	334517	Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing
54132	Landscape Architectural Services	3391	Medical Equipment & Supplies Manufacturing
5414	Specialized Design Services	42345	Medical, Dental, & Hospital Equipment & Supplies Merchant Wholesalers
5418	Advertising & Related Services	42346	Ophthalmic Goods Merchant Wholesalers
7111	Performing Arts Companies		<b>METAL MANUFACTURING</b>
7113	Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, & Similar Events	331	Primary Metal Manufacturing
7114	Agents & Managers for Artists, Athletes, Entertainers, & Other Public Figures	332	Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing
7115	Independent Artists, Writers, & Performers	333	Machinery Manufacturing
	<b>HEALTHCARE &amp; HEALTHCARE SERVICES</b>	3363	Motor Vehicle Parts Manufacturing
524114	Direct Health & Medical Insurance Carriers	337124	Metal Household Furniture Manufacturing
54194	Veterinary Services	33991	Jewelry & Silverware Manufacturing
6211	Offices of Physicians	42351	Metal Service Centers & Other Metal Merchant Wholesalers
6212	Offices of Dentists		<b>PLASTICS</b>
6213	Offices of Other Health Practitioners	325211	Plastics Material & Resin Manufacturing
6214	Outpatient Care Centers	3261	Plastics Product Manufacturing
6216	Home Health Care Services	32622	Rubber & Plastics Hoses & Belting Manufacturing
6219	Other Ambulatory Healthcare Services	339991	Gasket, Packing, & Sealing Device Manufacturing
622	Hospitals		<b>TOURISM</b>
6231	Nursing Care Facilities	481111	Scheduled Passenger Air Transportation
6232	Residential Mental Retardation, Mental Health & Substance Abuse Facilities	481211	Nonscheduled Chartered Passenger Air Transportation
6233	Community Care Facilities for the Elderly	4853	Taxi & Limousine Service
6239	Other Residential Care Facilities	4855	Charter Bus Industry
62412	Services for the Elderly & Persons with Disabilities	487	Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation
6243	Vocational Rehabilitation Services	5321	Automotive Equipment Rental & Leasing
	<b>INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY</b>	532292	Recreational Goods Rental
3341	Computer & Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing	5615	Travel Arrangement & Reservation Services
		7112	Spectator Sports
		712	Museums, Historical Sites, & Similar Institutions
		713	Amusement, Gambling, & Recreation Industries
		72	Accommodation & Food Services

# Southwest WIA

## NEW HOUSING PERMITS

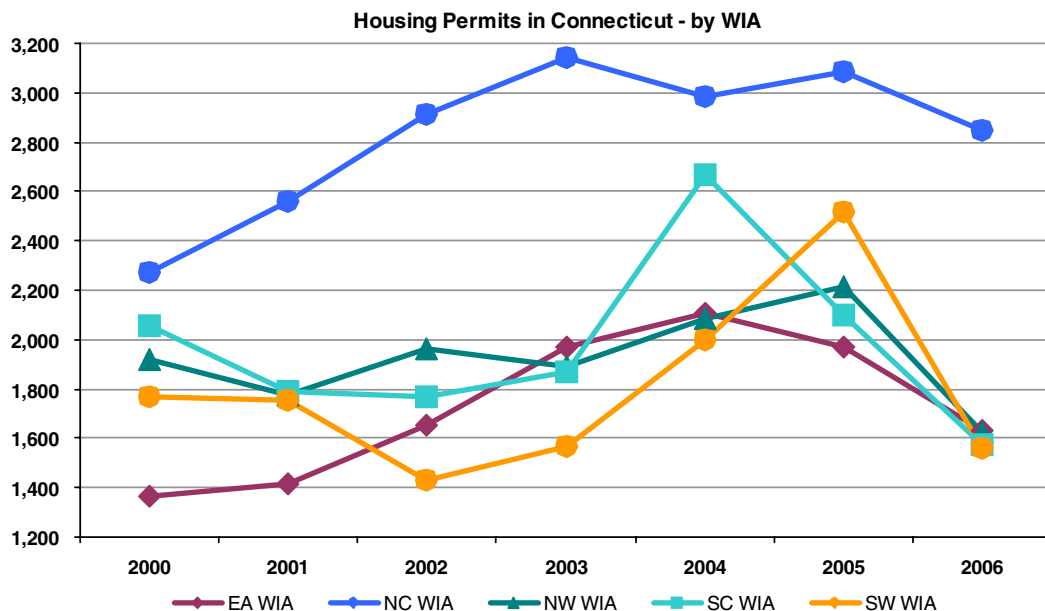
From 2005 to 2006, new housing permits in Connecticut decreased from 11,885 to 9,236, which represented the first decline since 2001, the largest over-the-year decrease (-2,649) since 2000, and the lowest number of new housing permits issued in the State since 1996. All five of the State's workforce investment areas reported over-the-year decreases in new housing permits issued. The Southwest WIA had the largest decrease (-952), followed by the Northwest (-594), South Central (-528), Eastern (-335), and North Central (-240) WIAs.

The Southwest WIA reported 1,562 new housing permits issued in 2006, which was the lowest total among the workforce investment areas. Stamford (247), Greenwich (226), Bridgeport (156), Shelton (130), Fairfield (116), and Norwalk (107) had the area's highest number of new housing permits in 2006.



In 2006, four of the Southwest WIA's 20 towns reported an increase in housing permit activity from 2005. Sixteen area towns reported an over-the-year decrease in housing permit activity, led by Shelton (-344), Norwalk (-226), and Oxford (-150).

Among the five areas, the Southwest WIA experienced the third largest net decrease (-208) in new housing permits issued from 2000 to 2006. Twelve WIA towns reported an over-the-period decrease, led by Stamford (-324). Greenwich (+90) and Fairfield (+74) led the eight area towns that posted an over-the-period net increase.



See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 25-28, and 46



# Southwest WIA

## HOME SALES AND MEDIAN SALES PRICES

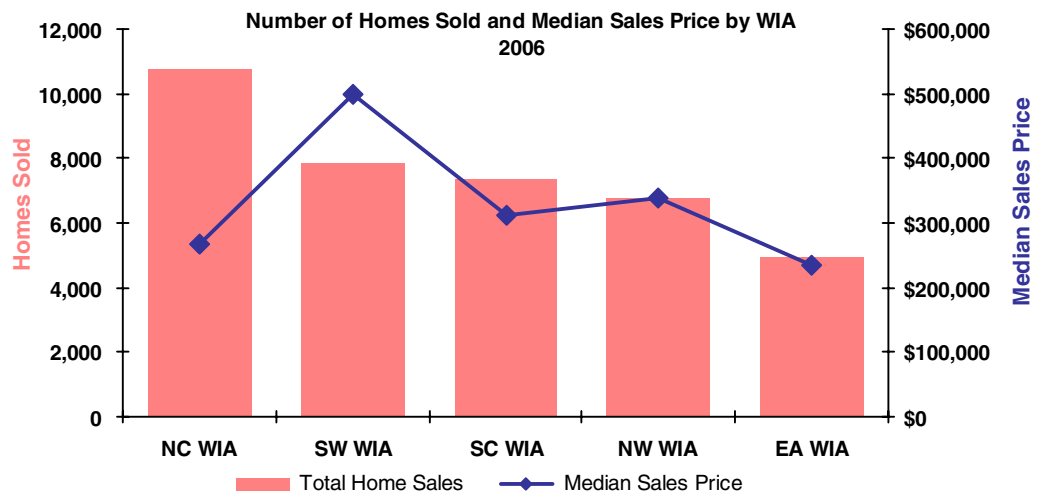
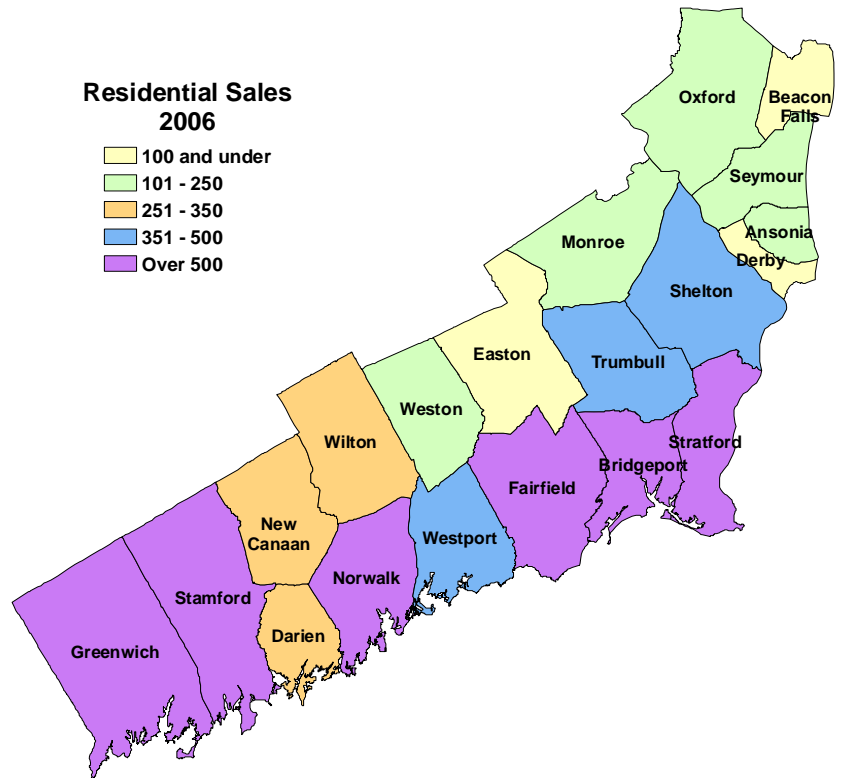
In 1996, 56,333 homes were sold throughout Connecticut with a median sales price of \$138,000. During 2000, the State had home sales of 56,032, a decrease of 301 units, and a lower median sales price of \$135,500. The number of home sales took a big tumble in 2006 when 37,665 homes sold (-18,367), possibly reflecting an increase in the median sales price to \$275,000.

All five of Connecticut's workforce investment areas experienced net declines in total home sales from 1996 to 2006. The Southwest WIA reported the most significant decline (-7,294), followed by the South Central (-3,373), North Central (-3,730), Northwest (-3,327), and Eastern (-944) regions. All five areas showed significant increases in median home sales prices during this period, led by the Southwest WIA (+\$280,000), and followed by the Northwest (+\$187,500), South Central (+\$170,250), North Central (+\$134,000), and Eastern (+\$119,100) regions.

From 1996 to 2006, all 169 Connecticut towns saw an increase in median home sales prices, ranging from Union (+\$36,550) to Greenwich (+\$1,242,500). However, 143 towns (85%) reported a net decline in home sales during the same ten-year period. Only twelve towns reported a net increase of 10 or more homes sold in Connecticut from 1996 to 2006.

The top seven Connecticut towns that had the highest net increase in median home sales prices, from 1996 to 2006, were located in the Southwest WIA: Greenwich (+\$1.2 million), New Canaan (+\$900,042), Westport (+\$749,000), Darien (+\$605,000), Wilton (+\$515,000), Weston (+\$502,500), and Stamford (+\$473,250). Not surprisingly, these same towns reported a net decrease in total home sales over-the-period. Connecticut's largest net declines in total home sales, from 1996 to 2006, were reported in Bridgeport (-2,074) and Stamford (-1,382). Only the town of Oxford showed a net increase (+3) in total home sales during this ten-year period.

In 2006, the highest median home sales prices within the Southwest WIA were in Greenwich (\$1,767,500), New Canaan (\$1,475,292), Westport (\$1,199,000), and Darien (\$1,095,000). The lowest median home sales prices were in Bridgeport (\$245,000), Derby (\$247,500), and Ansonia (\$250,000). Home sales in Norwalk (910), Bridgeport (869), Stamford (808), Fairfield (795), Greenwich (634), and Stratford (628) were the highest among the Southwest WIA towns, accounting for 59% of the area's annual total in 2006.



See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 25-28, and 46





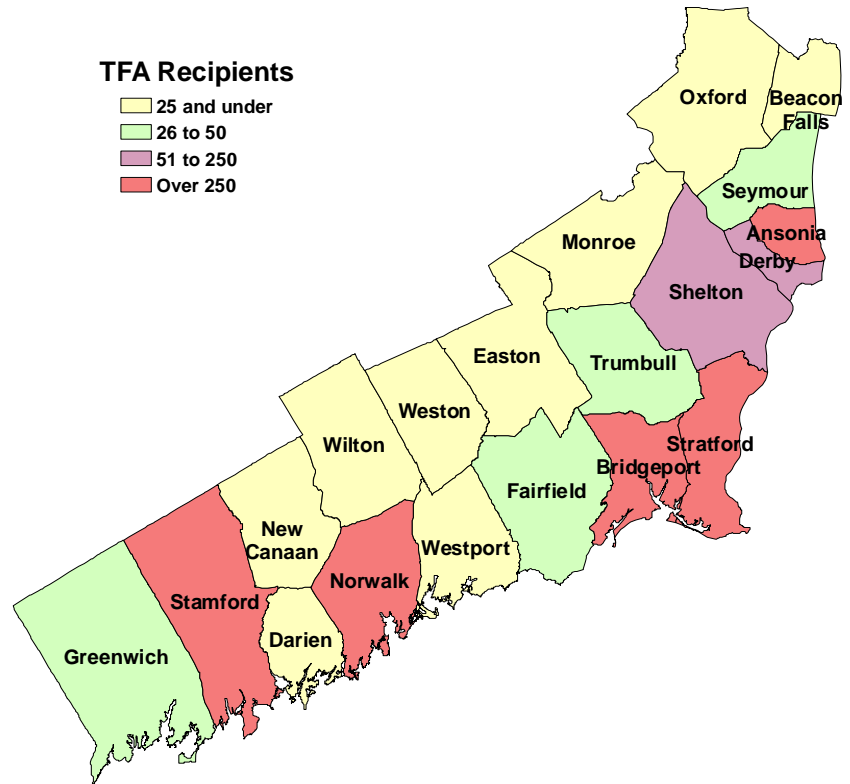
# Southwest WIA

## FOOD STAMP AND TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

From 2000 to 2006, Connecticut saw a 35% decline in the total number of Temporary Family Assistance (TFA) recipients (-24,407). Each of the State's five workforce investment areas experienced a similar trend during this period. Among the five workforce investment areas, the North Central (-8,352), South Central (-7,798), and Southwest (-5,274) showed the largest net decreases in Temporary Family Assistance recipients from 2000 to 2006.

In 2006, the total number of Temporary Family Assistance recipients in Connecticut decreased over the year by 3,809 to 44,365, which represented the lowest level over the past ten years. The North Central (-1,417) and South Central (-1,172) areas reported the largest over-the-year decreases among the five WIAs.

The Southwest WIA reported 6,999 Temporary Family Assistance recipients in 2006, which was the third largest total among the five WIAs. Within the area, the largest number of TFA recipients were in Bridgeport (4,322), Norwalk (599), Stamford (595), and Ansonia (431). Bridgeport (-465), Norwalk (-113), and Stamford (-68) also reported the largest decreases in Temporary Family Assistance recipients from 2005 to 2006.



In 2006, the number of Food Stamp recipients in Connecticut increased by 5,720 (+3.0%) from 188,591 to 194,311, which represented the highest level over the past eight years, and fifth consecutive year of increases. With the exception of the Southwest, which experienced a slight decrease (-78), each of the State's workforce investment areas reported increases over the year, led by North Central (+1,654), Northwest (+1,436), Eastern (+1,433), and South Central (+1,277). These areas also reported increases in Food Stamp recipients for five consecutive years.

The Southwest WIA reported 32,098 Food Stamp recipients in 2006, which was the third largest total among the WIAs. However, the Southwest WIA was the only workforce investment area to have a decrease (-78) in Food Stamp recipients from 2005 to 2006. Within the Southwest WIA, Bridgeport (-306) and Norwalk (-157) recorded the largest decreases. In total, seven of the Southwest WIA's 20 towns showed decreases in Food Stamp recipients in 2006.

From 2000 to 2006, Connecticut experienced a net increase of 31,629 Food Stamp recipients. The largest net increases were reported in the North Central (+11,058), Northwest (+8,518), and Eastern (+4,926) workforce investment areas. In all, each of the State's five workforce investment areas reported net increases during this period.

Food Stamp Recipients

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	Change 2000-06	
								#	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>194,311</b>	<b>188,591</b>	<b>180,941</b>	<b>166,615</b>	<b>157,028</b>	<b>151,733</b>	<b>162,682</b>	<b>31,629</b>	<b>19.4%</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>32,098</b>	<b>32,176</b>	<b>31,283</b>	<b>28,699</b>	<b>27,197</b>	<b>26,637</b>	<b>29,616</b>	<b>2,482</b>	<b>8.4%</b>
Bridgeport	19,324	19,630	19,491	18,104	17,095	16,749	18,615	709	3.8%
Stamford	3,707	3,621	3,201	2,884	2,758	2,826	3,165	542	17.1%
Norwalk*	2,615	2,772	2,823	2,625	2,627	2,608	2,915	-300	-10.3%

\* Norwalk was the only large town in Connecticut that had a decrease in the number of Food Stamp recipients over the 2000 to 2006 period

See Also Appendix Table on Page 29





# Southwest WIA

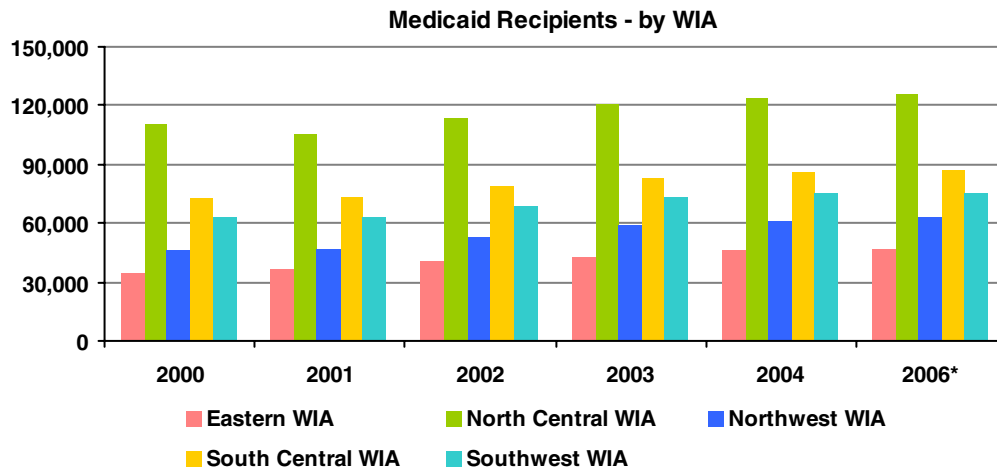
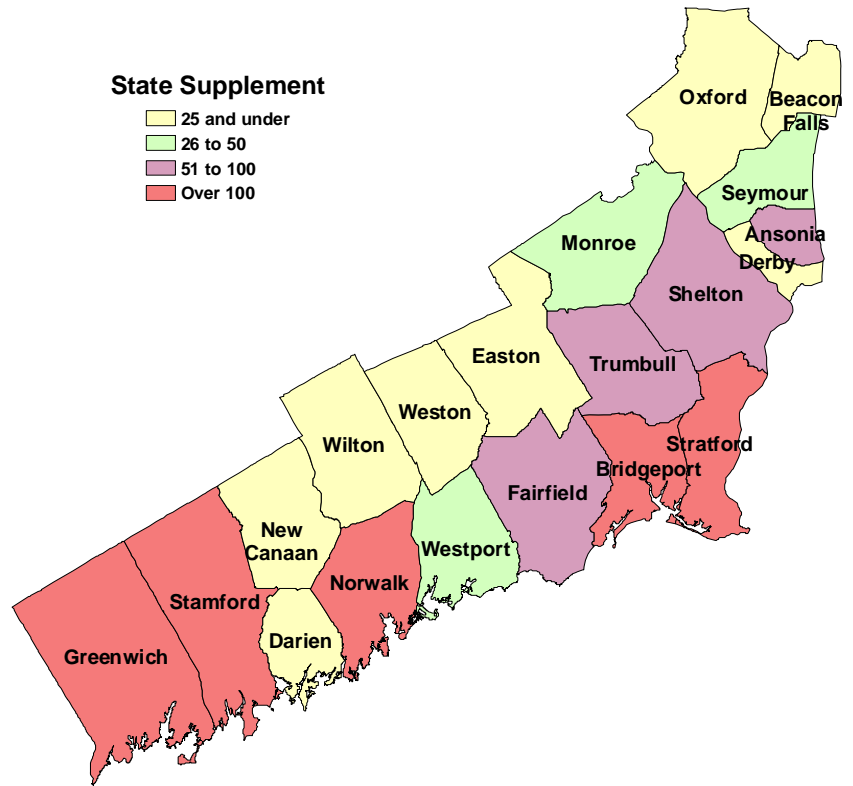
## STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID RECIPIENTS

Connecticut experienced a 37% decrease in the total number of State Supplement recipients, down by 9,211 from 2000 to 2006. Each of the State's five workforce investment areas reported net decreases, led by the Southwest (-1,847 recipients, -43%) and the North Central (-3,187 recipients, -38%) areas, whose declines exceeded the statewide percentage drop.

From 2005 to 2006, the total number of State Supplement recipients in Connecticut decreased by 893 (-5%) to 15,599, representing a steady decline during the past seven years. With 2,473 total State Supplement recipients in 2006, the Southwest WIA experienced a sizable 8.0% over-the-year drop (-216). In 2006, Bridgeport (1,074 recipients) and Stamford (473 recipients) accounted for 63% of the area's total State Supplement population.

From 2000 to 2006\*, Connecticut saw a 22% rise in the total number of Medicaid recipients (+70,717), with all of the State's five workforce investment areas following this trend. The Northwest (+17,557 recipients, +38%) and Eastern (+11,661 recipients, +33%) areas experienced percentage increases greater than the statewide total. The South Central (+14,337 recipients, +20%) and Southwest (+11,873 recipients, +19%) areas were on par with the statewide percentage increase, while the North Central WIA (+15,318 recipients, +14%) had the smallest increase over the six-year period.

The total number of Medicaid recipients in Connecticut increased by 5,614 (+1.4%) from 2004\* to 2006 and, at 397,641, was at its highest level in the past ten years. Among the State's five, the Southwest WIA was the only area to experience an over-the-period decline (-174, -0.2%) in the number of Medicaid recipients. Ansonia (+272), Stratford (+200) and Greenwich (+176) reported the area's largest increases from 2004 to 2006. Bridgeport, Stamford and Norwalk accounted for 72% of the WIA's total Medicaid population of 75,329 in 2006.



\*2005 data not available

See Also Appendix Table on Page 30



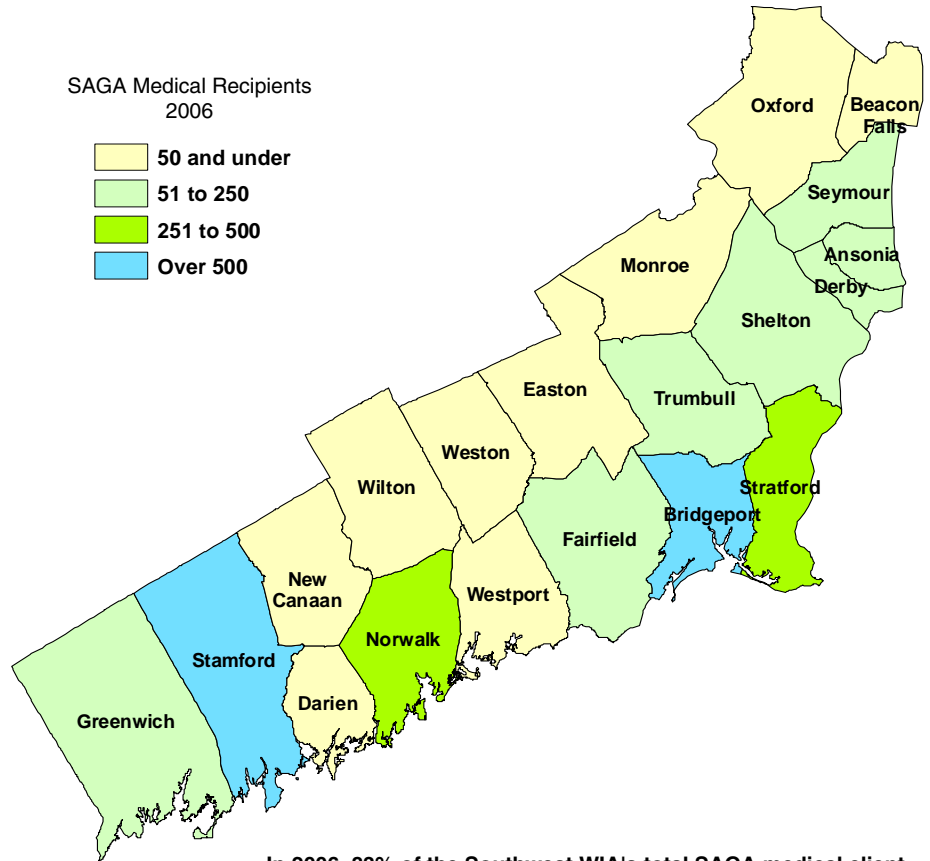
# Southwest WIA

## STATE ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

The number of State Administered General Assistance (SAGA) recipients, who received cash assistance in Connecticut, declined by 33 to 4,100 from 2000 to 2006, with an over-the-period high of 4,757 in 2003. The number of SAGA medical assistance recipients had a steady annual increase over the same period, rising 73% from 18,085 in 2000 to 31,307 in 2006. The Southwest WIA accounted for 16% of Connecticut's SAGA cash as well as medical assistance recipients, in 2006.

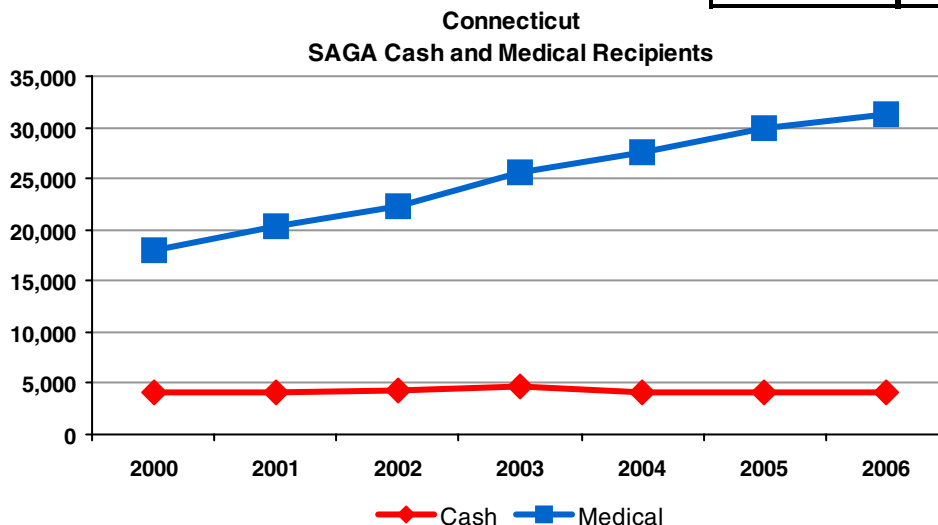
With a total of 641 in 2006, the Southwest WIA recorded the largest declines among the five areas in the number of SAGA cash assistance recipients from 2000 (-253) as well as from 2005 (-72). It was also the only area to record an over-the-year decline in the number of medical assistance recipients (-67), but their number was up by 2,078 from 2000 to a total of 5,136 in 2006.

The City of Bridgeport, with 328 SAGA cash assistance and 2,850 medical assistance recipients, accounted for over half of the WIA's total in 2006. From 2000 to 2006, the largest increases in the number of SAGA medical assistance recipients occurred in Bridgeport (+1,203), Stamford (+229), Stratford (+119) and Norwalk (+91).



In 2006, 83% of the Southwest WIA's total SAGA medical client population resided in these four towns

	2006	2005	2004	2003	Change 2003-06
Bridgeport	2,850	2,866	2,763	2,458	392
Stamford	684	707	620	534	150
Norwalk	468	502	499	460	8
Stratford	258	271	242	194	64



See Also Appendix Table on Page 31



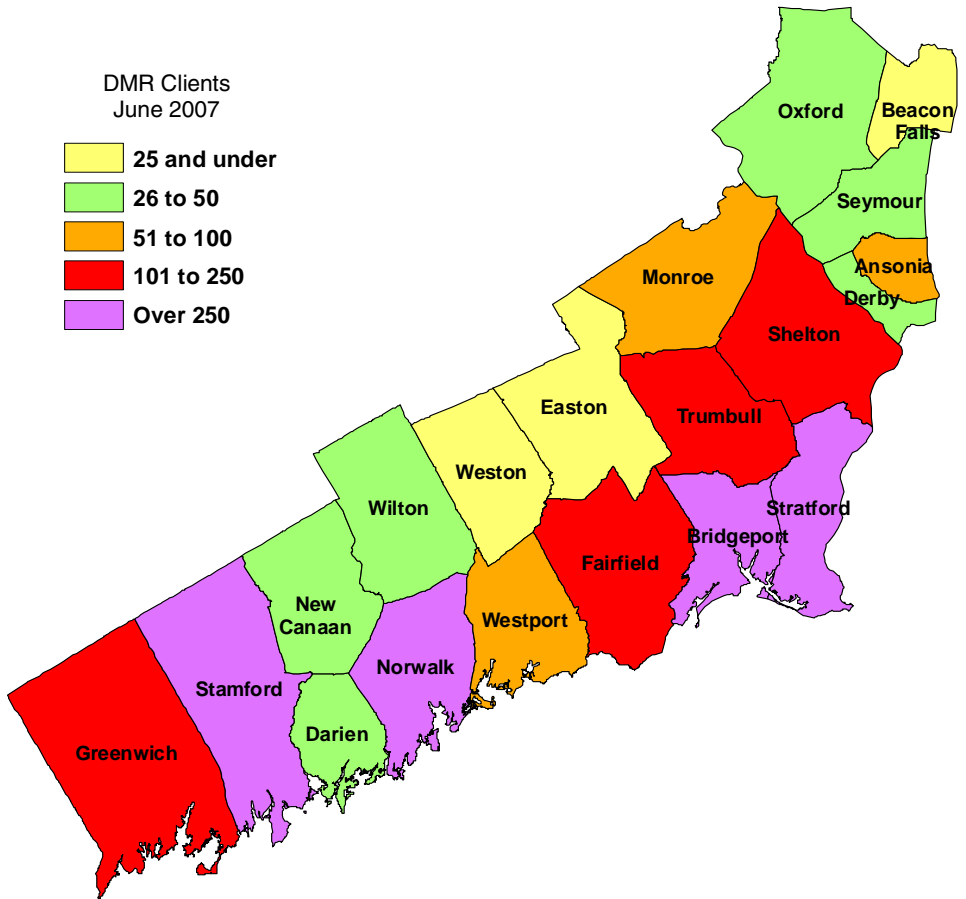
# Southwest WIA

## DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION-ACTIVE CLIENTS

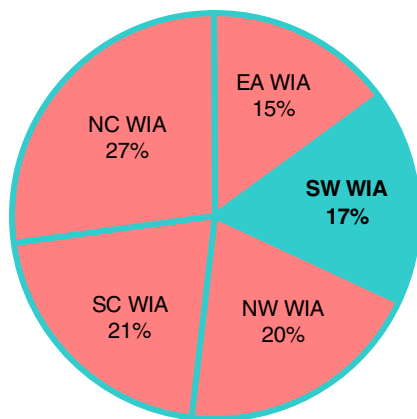
The number of active Connecticut Department of Mental Retardation (DMR) clients decreased by 14 from June 2006 to June 2007, going from 15,018 to 15,004. However, this small decline did snap the steady annual increase of the State's DMR client population over the past five years. The North and South Central areas reported the highest annual counts, the Northwest area ranked third, while the Southwest and Eastern WIAs had the lowest annual DMR client counts.

As of June 2007, the Southwest WIA had a total of 2,553 active DMR clients, and was the only area among the State's five to post an over-the-year decline (-20) in the number of DMR clients. Four towns recorded a client population of over 200, representing 59% of the area's total number of DMR clients. This included Bridgeport, with a total of 670, which had the highest number of active DMR clients in the State. Nine of the area's 20 towns reported fewer than 50 active DMR clients.

From June 2002 to June 2007, Stratford (+37), Greenwich (+13), Oxford (+10), and Stamford (+10) had the highest increase in the number of active DMR clients. Norwalk (-18) reported the Southwest WIA's largest decline during this period, and also reported the Southwest WIA's largest over-the-year decline (-14). Stamford (+7) and Stratford (+7) had the greatest increase in the number of active DMR clients from June 2006 to June 2007.



The Southwest WIA accounted for 17% of Connecticut's total active DMR client population as of June 2007



In 2007, 59% of the Southwest WIA's total DMR client population resided in these four towns

	June 2007	June 2002	Change 2002-07
Bridgeport	670	269	401
Norwalk	319	556	-237
Stamford	269	662	-393
Stratford	256	304	-48

See Also Appendix Table on Page 32

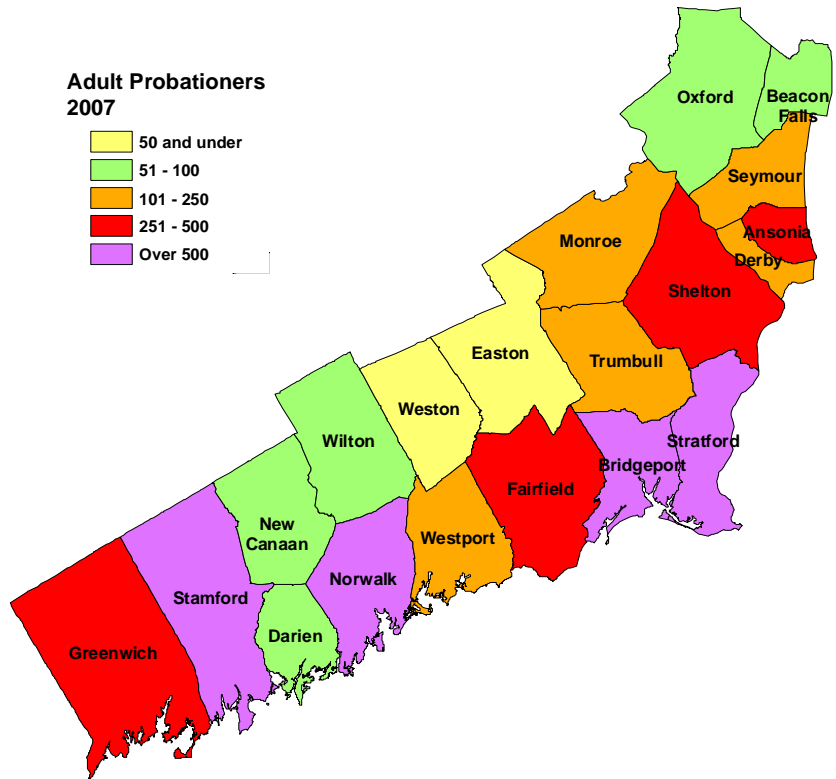


# Southwest WIA

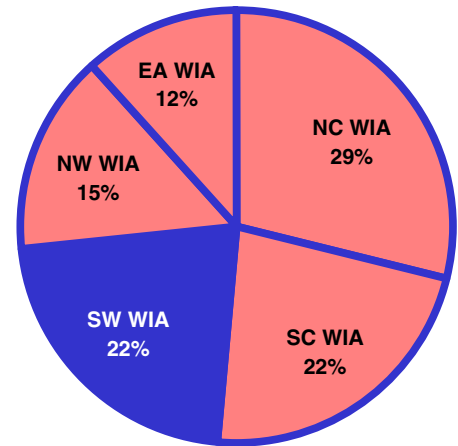
## ADULT PROBATIONERS

The total number of adult probationers in Connecticut increased by 3,694 to 53,125, up 7.5% from June 2004 to June 2007. Nearly one-fourth of the adult probationers (12,505) were provided services by the General Security Services Corp. Among the State's five workforce investment areas, the Eastern and Northwest areas reported the highest rate increases (+28% and +22% respectively), while the North Central WIA experienced the largest over-the-period gain (+2,155) in the number of adult probationers. The South Central and Southwest areas had the smallest over-the-period increases.

The Southwest area accounted for 22% of the total number of adult probationers in Connecticut as of June 2007. From June 2006 to June 2007, The Southwest area experienced a 1.7% increase, and was up by 199 to 11,715. During the same period, only three towns in Connecticut reported an increase of over 100 in the number of adult probationers, including Norwalk (+139). Conversely, Stamford (-77) was among three towns in Connecticut that reported a decrease of over 50 from June 2006 to June 2007.



As of June 2007,  
22% of Connecticut's total adult probationer population  
resided in the Southwest WIA



SW WIA Top 5 Towns with Most Adult Probationers

	June 2007	June 2006	June 2005	June 2004	# Change 2004-07
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>53,125</b>	<b>52,132</b>	<b>50,579</b>	<b>49,431</b>	<b>3,694</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>11,715</b>	<b>11,516</b>	<b>11,003</b>	<b>10,900</b>	<b>815</b>
Bridgeport	5,220	5,130	4,780	5,105	115
Stamford	1,915	1,992	2,083	1,814	101
Norwalk	1,308	1,169	1,174	1,113	195
Stratford	672	672	603	672	0
Ansonia	416	408	390	333	83

From June 2004 to June 2007, the Southwest WIA towns with increases of over 100 adult probationers were Norwalk (+195), Bridgeport (+115) and Stamford (+101). As of June 2007, these three Southwest WIA towns reported the highest number of adult probationers: Bridgeport (5,220)—which also had the highest total among the State's 169 towns—Stamford (1,915), and Norwalk (1,308). Their combined total accounted for 72% of the WIA total and 16% of the statewide count.

Adult Probationers - By WIA

	June 2007	June 2006	June 2005	June 2004
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>53,125</b>	<b>52,132</b>	<b>50,579</b>	<b>49,431</b>
North Central WIA	15,282	14,791	14,786	13,127
South Central WIA	11,901	11,827	11,420	10,857
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>11,715</b>	<b>11,516</b>	<b>11,003</b>	<b>10,900</b>
Northwest WIA	7,872	7,737	7,111	6,432
Eastern WIA	6,254	6,049	6,259	4,880

See Also Appendix Table on Page 34



# Southwest WIA

## HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND DROPOUT RATES

During the school year ending 2006, high school enrollment in Connecticut increased by just 484 to 173,709 students, after having gained nearly 4,600 students during the prior year. The number of high school dropouts rose by 185 to 3,212 from the prior school year ending (SYE) 2005, and the dropout rate in Connecticut rose from 1.7% to 1.8%. Despite the large number of students enrolled in Connecticut's Technical High School System, at 10,325 in 2006, the dropout rate was below 1.0% for each year from SYE 2004 to 2006. During this period, however, total enrollment declined by over 900, or 8%, in the State's Technical High School System.

From SYE 2004 to 2006, the total roll count of Southwest WIA high schools increased by 2,119 to 36,025 students. This by far was the biggest high school enrollment increase among all five WIAs in the State. From SYE 2004 to 2006, Bridgeport (+303 students) and Stamford (+280 students) recorded the WIA's largest increases in high school enrollment.

**SW WIA's Highest Dropout Rates for SYE 2006**

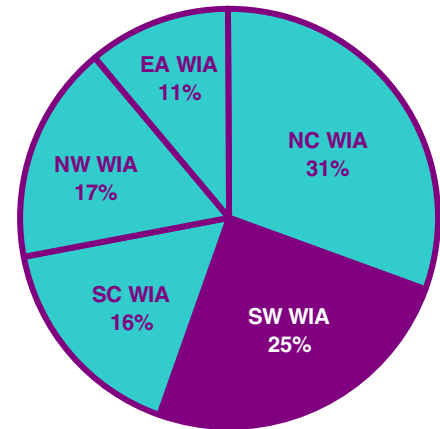
	Total Enrollment	Dropouts	
		#	%
Bridgeport	5,439	442	8.1%
Shelton	1,765	96	5.4%
Seymour	948	29	3.1%
Ansonia	700	14	2.0%

The Southwest WIA had the highest high school dropout rate among Connecticut's five WIAs in 2006, after recording the lowest dropout rate during the prior year. Bridgeport (8.1%) and Shelton (+5.4%) reported the highest dropout rates in the WIA during SYE 2006. Bridgeport's dropout rate was also the highest in Connecticut among high school districts with over 1,000 students. Among the WIA's thirteen Southwest WIA school districts with over 1,000 high school students, Darien, New Canaan, Westport, and Wilton were the only districts to report zero dropouts during SYE 2006.

**These five districts accounted for 51% of the Southwest WIA's total high school enrollment in SYE 2006**

	Total Enrollment	Dropouts	
		#	%
Bridgeport	5,439	442	8.1%
Stamford	4,545	85	1.9%
Norwalk	3,291	21	0.6%
Greenwich	2,751	21	0.8%
Fairfield	2,462	18	0.7%

**The Southwest WIA accounted for 25% of Connecticut's total HS dropout population for SYE 2006**



		School Year Ending (SYE)					Change SYE 2002-06	
		2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	#	%
CT	Total Enrollment	173,709	173,225	168,628	150,694	158,996	14,713	9.3%
	Number of Dropouts	3,212	3,027	2,956	3,315	3,891	-679	-17.5%
	Dropout Rate	1.8%	1.7%	1.8%	2.2%	2.4%	---	---
Southwest WIA	Total Enrollment	36,025	35,170	33,906	32,215	31,019	5,006	16.1%
	Number of Dropouts	796	607	598	766	893	-97	-10.9%
	Dropout Rate	2.2%	1.7%	1.8%	2.4%	2.9%	---	---

See Also Appendix Table on Page 35



# Southwest WIA

## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

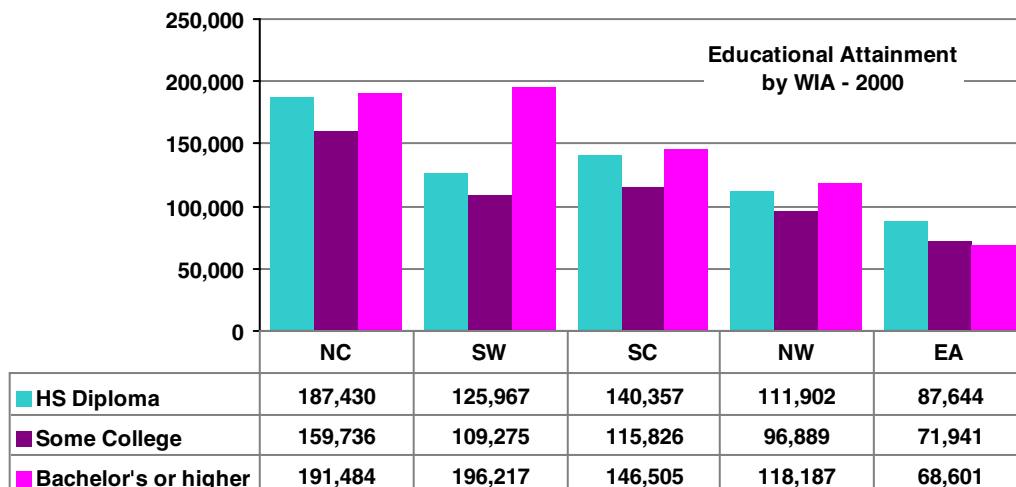
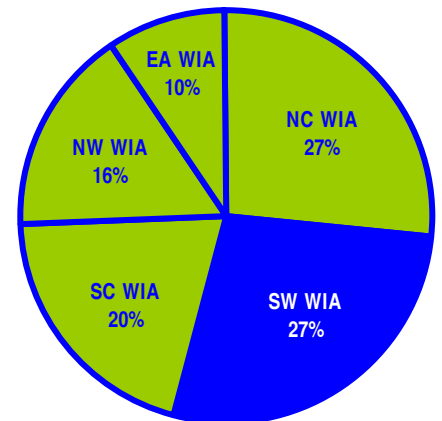
From 2000 to 2005, the number of Connecticut residents (age 25 or older) with a high school diploma or higher increased by 94,131 (+5%) to 2,022,092. Nearly 90% of this increase can be attributed to residents who earned a Bachelor's degree or higher, up 82,221 (+11%).

In 2005, 88% of Connecticut's population age 25 or older had at least a high school diploma – up from 84% in 2000. The number of residents age 25 or older with a high school diploma increased by 22,401 (+3%) from 2000 to 2005.

In 2000, 22% of Connecticut's population (age 25 or older) with a high school diploma or higher resided in the Southwest WIA – the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest percentage among the State's five workforce investment areas.

Of the Southwest WIA's total population age 25 or older, 84% had at least a high school diploma – 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest among the five areas; and 38% had at least a Bachelor's degree – highest among the five areas in 2000.

**In 2000, 27% of Connecticut's total population (age 25 or older) with a bachelor's degree or higher resided in the Southwest WIA**



**In 2000, 38% of the Southwest WIA's total population (age 25 or older) had a Bachelor's Degree or higher**

	Total Population age 25 or older	Educated Population*				Total	% of Total Population with HS Diploma or Higher	% of Total Population with a Bachelor's or Higher
		High School Diploma	Some College**	Bachelor's or higher				
CT	2,295,617	653,300	553,667	720,994	1,927,961	84.0%	31.4%	
SW WIA	514,823	125,967	109,275	196,217	431,459	83.8%	38.1%	
NC WIA	649,617	187,430	159,736	191,484	538,650	82.9%	29.5%	
SC WIA	473,337	140,357	115,826	146,505	402,688	85.1%	31.0%	
NW WIA	388,743	111,902	96,889	118,187	326,978	84.1%	30.4%	
EA WIA	269,097	87,644	71,941	68,601	228,186	84.8%	25.5%	

\* Educated Population: age 25 or older - with a HS Diploma, or some college, or Bachelor's Degree or higher

\*\* Some College: no degree up to associate's degree

See Also Appendix Table on Page 36

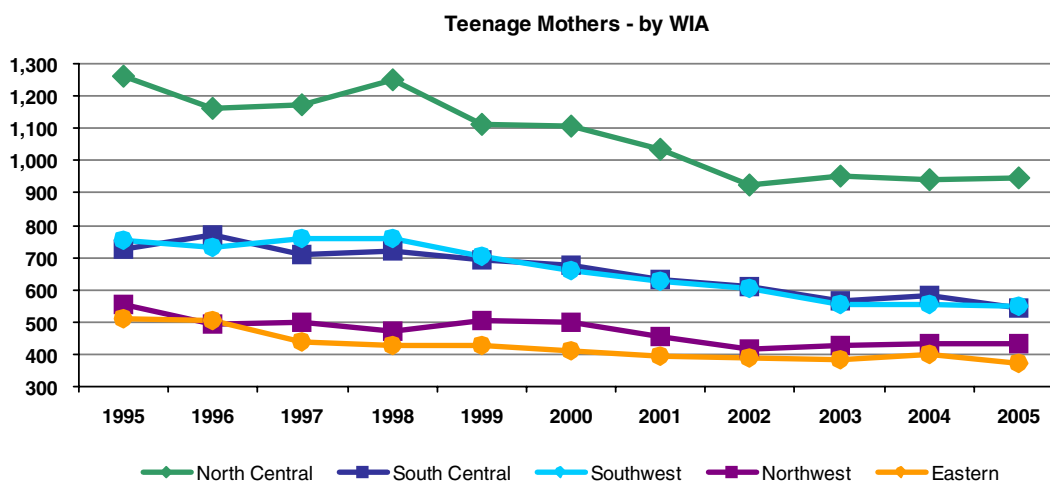




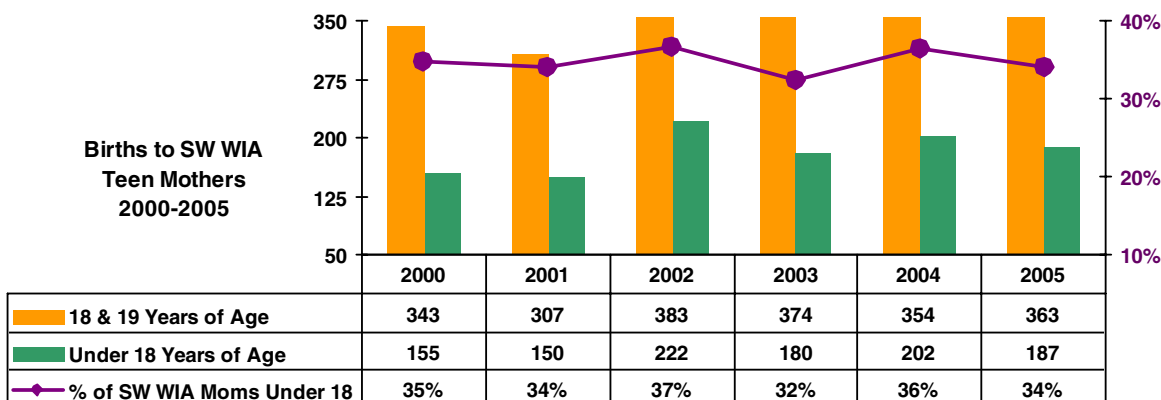
## BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS

From 2000 to 2005, Connecticut experienced a net decline (-508) in the total number of births to teenage mothers. Each of the State's five workforce investment areas reported net declines in births to teenage mothers, led by the North Central (-160), South Central (-133), and Southwest (-108) areas. More specifically, the births to teenagers under the age of 18 dropped by 206 (18%), while births to 18 and 19 year olds decreased by 302 (14%).

From 2004 to 2005, the total number of births to teenage mothers in Connecticut decreased by 67 (2%) to 2,842, representing the lowest level in over ten years. Births to 18 and 19 year olds dropped by 48, the first decrease since 2002; while births to teenagers under the age of 18 declined by 19, representing the fourth over-the-year decrease in the past five years.



From 2000 to 2005, the North Central WIA reported the highest cumulative total number of births to teenage mothers (5,905) among the five workforce investment areas. The Southwest WIA reported 3,548 births to teenage mothers, ranking in the middle among the five workforce investment areas.



In 2005, there were 550 births to teenage mothers in the Southwest WIA, accounting for 19% of Connecticut's total. Bridgeport (308), Norwalk (70) and Stamford (69) reported the highest number of births to teenage mothers. Collectively, these three towns accounted for 81% of the WIA's total in 2005.

**Births to Teenage Mothers**

	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	1997	1996	1995	# Change 2004-05	# Change 1995-05	% Change 1995-05
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>2,842</b>	2,909	2,881	2,946	3,142	3,350	3,433	3,620	3,578	3,655	3,806	<b>-67</b>	-964	-25%
<b>SW WIA</b>	<b>550</b>	556	554	605	625	658	704	758	758	729	755	<b>-6</b>	-205	-27%
<b>SW WIA % of CT</b>	<b>19.4%</b>	19.1%	19.2%	20.5%	19.9%	19.6%	20.5%	20.9%	21.2%	19.9%	19.8%			

See Also Appendix Table on Page 37



# **Appendix**

## **Tables**

# Southwest WIA

## POPULATION AND POPULATION DENSITY

	Population				Population Density (persons/sq. mile)			
	Estimate July 2006	Census 2000*	# Change 2000-06	% Change 2000-06	Land Area	Estimate July 2006	Census 2000	# Change 2000-06
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,504,809</b>	<b>3,405,602</b>	<b>99,207</b>	<b>2.9%</b>	<b>4,844.8</b>	<b>723.4</b>	<b>702.9</b>	<b>20.5</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>773,211</b>	<b>760,730</b>	<b>12,481</b>	<b>1.6%</b>	<b>449.5</b>	<b>1,720.3</b>	<b>1,692.5</b>	<b>27.8</b>
Ansonia	18,614	18,554	60	0.3%	6.0	<b>3,086.9</b>	3,076.9	10.0
Beacon Falls	5,700	5,246	454	8.7%	9.8	<b>582.8</b>	536.4	46.4
Bridgeport	<b>137,912</b>	139,529	-1,617	-1.2%	16.0	<b>8,619.5</b>	8,720.6	-101.1
Darien	<b>20,393</b>	19,607	786	4.0%	12.9	<b>1,585.8</b>	1,524.7	61.1
Derby	<b>12,457</b>	12,391	66	0.5%	5.0	<b>2,501.4</b>	2,488.2	13.3
Easton	<b>7,437</b>	7,272	165	2.3%	27.4	<b>271.2</b>	265.2	6.0
Fairfield	<b>57,829</b>	57,340	489	0.9%	30.0	<b>1,925.7</b>	1,909.4	16.3
Greenwich	<b>62,077</b>	61,101	976	1.6%	47.8	<b>1,297.9</b>	1,277.5	20.4
Monroe	<b>19,562</b>	19,247	315	1.6%	26.1	<b>748.6</b>	736.6	12.1
New Canaan	<b>19,939</b>	19,395	544	2.8%	22.1	<b>901.0</b>	876.4	24.6
Norwalk	<b>84,187</b>	82,951	1,236	1.5%	22.8	<b>3,690.8</b>	3,636.6	54.2
Oxford	<b>12,309</b>	9,821	2,488	25.3%	32.9	<b>374.2</b>	298.6	75.6
Seymour	<b>16,218</b>	15,454	764	4.9%	14.6	<b>1,113.1</b>	1,060.7	52.4
Shelton	<b>40,142</b>	38,101	2,041	5.4%	30.6	<b>1,313.1</b>	1,246.4	66.8
Stamford	<b>119,261</b>	117,083	2,178	1.9%	37.8	<b>3,159.2</b>	3,101.5	57.7
Stratford	<b>49,514</b>	49,976	-462	-0.9%	17.6	<b>2,814.9</b>	2,841.2	-26.3
Trumbull	<b>34,963</b>	34,243	720	2.1%	23.3	<b>1,501.2</b>	1,470.3	30.9
Weston	<b>10,251</b>	10,037	214	2.1%	19.8	<b>517.7</b>	506.9	10.8
Westport	<b>26,592</b>	25,749	843	3.3%	20.0	<b>1,328.9</b>	1,286.8	42.1
Wilton	<b>17,854</b>	17,633	221	1.3%	27.0	<b>661.3</b>	653.1	8.2

\* Corrected count - 12/22/04

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates - June 28, 2007



## LABOR FORCE

	2006 Annual Average				2005 Annual Average				2004 Annual Average			
	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			No.	%			No.	%			No.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,844,200</b>	<b>1,765,100</b>	<b>79,200</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>1,822,900</b>	<b>1,734,400</b>	<b>88,500</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>1,803,700</b>	<b>1,714,800</b>	<b>88,900</b>	<b>4.9</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>396,306</b>	<b>380,413</b>	<b>15,893</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>390,934</b>	<b>372,840</b>	<b>18,094</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>388,586</b>	<b>370,352</b>	<b>18,234</b>	<b>4.7</b>
Ansonia	9,919	9,405	514	5.2	9,811	9,218	593	6.0	9,767	9,194	573	5.9
Beacon Falls	3,235	3,099	136	4.2	3,209	3,061	148	4.6	3,171	3,017	154	4.9
Bridgeport	62,259	58,159	4,100	6.6	61,694	56,998	4,696	7.6	61,723	56,889	4,834	7.8
Darien	9,182	8,926	256	2.8	9,042	8,747	295	3.3	8,980	8,698	282	3.1
Derby	6,850	6,513	337	4.9	6,768	6,383	385	5.7	6,765	6,361	404	6.0
Easton	3,756	3,645	111	3.0	3,686	3,572	114	3.1	3,667	3,549	118	3.2
Fairfield	28,231	27,273	958	3.4	27,801	26,728	1,073	3.9	27,628	26,533	1,095	4.0
Greenwich	30,219	29,337	882	2.9	29,717	28,752	965	3.2	29,447	28,527	920	3.1
Monroe	10,615	10,264	351	3.3	10,461	10,059	402	3.8	10,384	10,013	371	3.6
New Canaan	8,902	8,662	240	2.7	8,762	8,489	273	3.1	8,669	8,418	251	2.9
Norwalk	48,423	46,701	1,722	3.6	47,709	45,769	1,940	4.1	47,449	45,397	2,052	4.3
Oxford	6,878	6,647	231	3.4	6,769	6,514	255	3.8	6,385	6,143	242	3.8
Seymour	9,134	8,738	396	4.3	8,981	8,563	418	4.7	8,919	8,505	414	4.6
Shelton	22,477	21,650	827	3.7	22,160	21,218	942	4.3	22,016	21,035	981	4.5
Stamford	66,428	64,094	2,334	3.5	65,572	62,814	2,758	4.2	65,139	62,452	2,687	4.1
Stratford	25,999	24,827	1,172	4.5	25,667	24,331	1,336	5.2	25,631	24,292	1,339	5.2
Trumbull	17,895	17,299	596	3.3	17,628	16,954	674	3.8	17,555	16,865	690	3.9
Weston	4,911	4,783	128	2.6	4,837	4,687	150	3.1	4,801	4,653	148	3.1
Westport	12,652	12,292	360	2.8	12,457	12,046	411	3.3	12,330	11,921	409	3.3
Wilton	8,341	8,099	242	2.9	8,203	7,937	266	3.2	8,160	7,890	270	3.3

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

## WORKSITES BY SIZE CLASS

Size Class	Number of Employees	2006 - 4th Qtr		2005 - 4th Qtr		2004 - 4th Qtr	
		Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*
1	0 - 4	17,371	27,538	16,978	27,466	16,738	26,832
2	5 - 9	4,409	29,171	4,352	28,821	4,364	28,870
3	10 - 19	2,771	37,180	2,758	37,045	2,722	36,694
4	20 - 49	1,863	56,980	1,775	53,749	1,768	53,913
5	50 - 99	622	42,564	624	42,775	587	40,982
6	100 - 249	350	54,157	357	55,462	371	57,606
7	250 - 499	93	32,230	92	31,901	84	28,619
8	500 - 999	25	16,270	25	16,054	27	17,447
9	1000 & over	16	29,661	14	26,599	14	27,139
<b>Total</b>		<b>27,520</b>	<b>325,751</b>	<b>26,975</b>	<b>319,872</b>	<b>26,675</b>	<b>318,102</b>

\* Excludes government

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms only report statewide employment and are not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county and labor market area is available online at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi)

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2006 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>28,032</b>	<b>356,629</b>	<b>\$27,781,900,389</b>	<b>\$77,901</b>	<b>\$1,498</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>\$6,055,243</b>	<b>\$34,601</b>	<b>\$665</b>
111	Crop production	9	70	\$1,168,024	\$16,686	\$321
112	Animal production	9	56	\$2,724,174	\$48,646	\$935
114	Fishing, hunting and trapping	*	*	*	*	*
115	Agriculture and forestry support activities	*	*	*	*	*
<b>21</b>	<b>Mining</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>\$3,139,427</b>	<b>\$71,351</b>	<b>\$1,372</b>
211	Oil and gas extraction	*	*	*	*	*
212	Mining, except oil and gas	*	*	*	*	*
213	Support activities for mining	*	*	*	*	*
<b>22</b>	<b>Utilities</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>1,707</b>	<b>\$198,345,890</b>	<b>\$116,196</b>	<b>\$2,235</b>
221	Utilities	39	1,707	\$198,345,890	\$116,196	\$2,235
<b>23</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>2,465</b>	<b>12,979</b>	<b>\$746,290,648</b>	<b>\$57,500</b>	<b>\$1,106</b>
236	Construction of buildings	782	3,005	\$195,730,342	\$65,135	\$1,253
237	Heavy and civil engineering construction	111	1,272	\$101,728,770	\$79,975	\$1,538
238	Specialty trade construction	1,572	8,702	\$448,831,536	\$51,578	\$992
<b>31-33</b>	<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>1,012</b>	<b>33,621</b>	<b>\$2,538,805,702</b>	<b>\$75,512</b>	<b>\$1,452</b>
311	Food manufacturing	58	1,379	\$53,238,047	\$38,606	\$742
312	Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
313	Textile mills	5	13	\$686,509	\$52,808	\$1,016
314	Textile product mills	34	252	\$10,758,750	\$42,693	\$821
315	Apparel manufacturing	9	67	\$3,583,674	\$53,488	\$1,029
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
321	Wood product manufacturing	23	316	\$16,498,574	\$52,211	\$1,004
322	Paper manufacturing	21	609	\$42,141,656	\$69,198	\$1,331
323	Printing and related support activities	124	1,197	\$64,993,082	\$54,297	\$1,044
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
325	Chemical manufacturing	46	2,208	\$194,607,529	\$88,137	\$1,695
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	39	1,520	\$73,166,364	\$48,136	\$926
327	Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	29	214	\$10,965,937	\$51,243	\$985
331	Primary metal manufacturing	16	397	\$21,360,659	\$53,805	\$1,035
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing	167	3,704	\$200,286,942	\$54,073	\$1,040
333	Machinery manufacturing	106	4,399	\$369,255,638	\$83,941	\$1,614
334	Computer and electronic product manufacturing	75	3,348	\$228,710,706	\$68,313	\$1,314
335	Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing	44	2,659	\$306,266,299	\$115,181	\$2,215
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	91	856	\$40,073,470	\$46,815	\$900
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	75	2,236	\$110,697,495	\$49,507	\$952
<b>42</b>	<b>Wholesale trade</b>	<b>1,846</b>	<b>12,645</b>	<b>\$1,291,818,985</b>	<b>\$102,160</b>	<b>\$1,965</b>
423	Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	631	6,077	\$537,296,408	\$88,415	\$1,700
424	Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	402	4,646	\$490,649,131	\$105,607	\$2,031
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	813	1,922	\$263,873,446	\$137,291	\$2,640
<b>44-45</b>	<b>Retail trade</b>	<b>2,981</b>	<b>41,280</b>	<b>\$1,479,938,322</b>	<b>\$35,851</b>	<b>\$689</b>
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	226	4,007	\$225,640,715	\$56,312	\$1,083
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	232	2,025	\$73,326,436	\$36,211	\$696
443	Electronics and appliance stores	150	1,482	\$77,194,635	\$52,088	\$1,002
444	Building material and garden supply stores	207	3,523	\$143,440,425	\$40,715	\$783
445	Food and beverage stores	500	8,988	\$237,647,671	\$26,441	\$508
446	Health and personal care stores	194	2,633	\$81,561,249	\$30,977	\$596
447	Gasoline stations	247	1,380	\$36,240,776	\$26,261	\$505
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	459	5,230	\$124,902,790	\$23,882	\$459





## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2006 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>28,032</b>	<b>356,629</b>	<b>\$27,781,900,389</b>	<b>\$77,901</b>	<b>\$1,498</b>
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	215	1,897	\$40,698,484	\$21,454	\$413
452	General merchandise stores	66	4,280	\$101,457,133	\$23,705	\$456
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	336	2,373	\$75,882,162	\$31,977	\$615
454	Nonstore retailers	149	3,462	\$261,945,846	\$75,663	\$1,455
<b>48-49</b>	<b>Transportation and warehousing</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>7,909</b>	<b>\$473,711,773</b>	<b>\$59,895</b>	<b>\$1,152</b>
481	Air transportation	25	632	\$53,106,943	\$84,030	\$1,616
483	Water transportation	20	459	\$55,158,411	\$120,171	\$2,311
484	Truck transportation	107	891	\$40,780,738	\$45,770	\$880
485	Transit and ground passenger transportation	120	2,657	\$89,275,501	\$33,600	\$646
486	Pipeline transportation	*	*	*	*	*
487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	*	*	*	*	*
488	Support activities for transportation	95	1,211	\$139,232,461	\$114,973	\$2,211
491	Postal service	*	*	*	*	*
492	Couriers and messengers	35	1,309	\$52,400,808	\$40,031	\$770
493	Warehousing and storage	16	641	\$34,104,148	\$53,205	\$1,023
<b>51</b>	<b>Information</b>	<b>489</b>	<b>9,569</b>	<b>\$744,051,470</b>	<b>\$77,756</b>	<b>\$1,495</b>
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	162	4,065	\$290,619,760	\$71,493	\$1,375
512	Motion picture and sound recording industries	106	601	\$24,483,031	\$40,737	\$783
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	18	613	\$50,937,956	\$83,096	\$1,598
516	Internet publishing and broadcasting	24	345	\$29,664,828	\$85,985	\$1,654
517	Telecommunications	106	2,750	\$245,467,948	\$89,261	\$1,717
518	ISPs, search portals, and data processing	60	867	\$91,357,402	\$105,372	\$2,026
519	Other information services	13	328	\$11,520,545	\$35,124	\$675
<b>52</b>	<b>Finance and insurance</b>	<b>2,356</b>	<b>35,164</b>	<b>\$8,735,680,803</b>	<b>\$248,427</b>	<b>\$4,777</b>
522	Credit intermediation and related activities	641	9,719	\$1,153,894,334	\$118,726	\$2,283
523	Securities, commodity contracts, investments	1,157	16,305	\$6,399,848,456	\$392,508	\$7,548
524	Insurance carriers and related activities	525	8,599	\$1,031,500,792	\$119,956	\$2,307
525	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	33	541	\$150,437,221	\$278,072	\$5,348
<b>53</b>	<b>Real estate and rental and leasing</b>	<b>1,056</b>	<b>5,364</b>	<b>\$403,666,377</b>	<b>\$75,255</b>	<b>\$1,447</b>
531	Real estate	892	3,749	\$275,132,859	\$73,388	\$1,411
532	Rental and leasing services	149	1,559	\$123,188,716	\$79,018	\$1,520
533	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	15	56	\$5,344,802	\$95,443	\$1,835
<b>54</b>	<b>Professional and technical services</b>	<b>3,775</b>	<b>27,628</b>	<b>\$2,599,633,532</b>	<b>\$94,094</b>	<b>\$1,810</b>
541	Professional and technical services	3,775	27,628	\$2,599,633,532	\$94,094	\$1,810
<b>55</b>	<b>Management of companies and enterprises</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>9,995</b>	<b>\$2,071,173,078</b>	<b>\$207,221</b>	<b>\$3,985</b>
551	Management of companies and enterprises	247	9,995	\$2,071,173,078	\$207,221	\$3,985
<b>56</b>	<b>Administrative and waste management</b>	<b>1,770</b>	<b>25,103</b>	<b>\$934,005,010</b>	<b>\$37,207</b>	<b>\$716</b>
561	Administrative and support activities	1,638	23,972	\$877,593,898	\$36,609	\$704
562	Waste management and remediation services	132	1,131	\$56,411,112	\$49,877	\$959
<b>61</b>	<b>Educational services</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>8,070</b>	<b>\$337,324,268</b>	<b>\$41,800</b>	<b>\$804</b>
611	Educational services	358	8,070	\$337,324,268	\$41,800	\$804
<b>62</b>	<b>Health care and social assistance</b>	<b>2,205</b>	<b>44,430</b>	<b>\$2,065,515,718</b>	<b>\$46,489</b>	<b>\$894</b>
621	Ambulatory health care services	1,583	15,924	\$887,597,714	\$55,740	\$1,072
622	Hospitals	10	11,416	\$645,790,143	\$56,569	\$1,088
623	Nursing and residential care facilities	193	8,917	\$300,687,607	\$33,721	\$648
624	Social assistance	419	8,173	\$231,440,254	\$28,318	\$545
<b>71</b>	<b>Arts, entertainment, and recreation</b>	<b>461</b>	<b>7,630</b>	<b>\$278,021,543</b>	<b>\$36,438</b>	<b>\$701</b>
711	Performing arts and spectator sports	168	1,435	\$104,949,541	\$73,136	\$1,406
712	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	22	504	\$14,509,920	\$28,790	\$554
713	Amusement, gambling, and recreation	271	5,691	\$158,562,082	\$27,862	\$536



## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2006 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>28,032</b>	<b>356,629</b>	<b>\$27,781,900,389</b>	<b>\$77,901</b>	<b>\$1,498</b>
<b>72</b>	<b>Accommodation and food services</b>	<b>1,631</b>	<b>20,363</b>	<b>\$421,697,352</b>	<b>\$20,709</b>	<b>\$398</b>
721	Accommodation	68	2,263	\$68,627,842	\$30,326	\$583
722	Food services and drinking places	1,563	18,100	\$353,069,510	\$19,507	\$375
<b>81</b>	<b>Other services, except public administration</b>	<b>4,295</b>	<b>14,444</b>	<b>\$440,027,696</b>	<b>\$30,464</b>	<b>\$586</b>
811	Repair and maintenance	529	3,002	\$114,577,801	\$38,167	\$734
812	Personal and laundry services	820	4,688	\$126,573,929	\$27,000	\$519
813	Membership associations and organizations	456	3,526	\$109,063,851	\$30,931	\$595
814	Private households	2,490	3,228	\$89,812,115	\$27,823	\$535
	<b>Total government</b>	<b>514</b>	<b>38,450</b>	<b>\$2,009,727,089</b>	<b>\$52,269</b>	<b>\$1,005</b>
	Federal	86	3,087	\$189,867,157	\$61,505	\$1,183
	State	77	4,845	\$230,589,724	\$47,593	\$915
	Local	351	30,518	\$1,589,270,208	\$52,076	\$1,001
<b>99</b>	<b>Nonclassifiable establishments</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>\$3,270,463</b>	<b>\$55,432</b>	<b>\$1,066</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Note: State Government sector data may not be fully comparable with last year's data due mainly to a new reporting system for State Government that was in use this year.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research (2006 QCEW Program Data)

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY TOWN

	# of Worksites		Annual Average Employment		Total Annual Wages		Annual Average Wages	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
Ansonia	338	317	3,753	3,794	\$138,558,477	\$137,588,076	\$36,920	\$36,265
Beacon Falls	112	111	883	841	\$38,933,960	\$36,635,267	\$44,109	\$43,587
Bridgeport	2,425	2,427	44,926	44,863	\$2,036,871,393	\$1,979,311,459	\$45,338	\$44,119
Darien	940	926	7,184	7,059	\$438,579,171	\$421,250,175	\$61,051	\$59,674
Derby	329	339	5,428	5,486	\$178,240,955	\$175,998,567	\$32,836	\$32,083
Easton	200	206	886	877	\$38,092,607	\$36,699,120	\$42,990	\$41,862
Fairfield	2,220	2,188	24,105	23,561	\$1,364,167,231	\$1,234,108,237	\$56,592	\$52,379
Greenwich	3,980	3,944	35,421	34,875	\$4,911,126,298	\$4,258,851,327	\$138,651	\$122,119
Monroe	633	639	7,293	7,027	\$268,431,173	\$248,969,852	\$36,806	\$35,431
New Canaan	930	916	6,427	6,430	\$446,247,941	\$430,220,666	\$69,432	\$66,909
Norwalk	3,242	3,178	45,443	43,870	\$2,985,446,285	\$2,662,520,980	\$65,696	\$60,691
Oxford	286	281	2,394	2,364	\$104,018,466	\$98,108,215	\$43,457	\$41,502
Seymour	340	333	4,404	4,406	\$175,543,832	\$167,729,734	\$39,857	\$38,073
Shelton	1,229	1,173	21,636	20,951	\$1,508,346,966	\$1,410,074,302	\$69,716	\$67,304
Stamford	5,310	5,172	75,680	75,958	\$8,257,334,813	\$7,984,710,459	\$109,109	\$105,120
Stratford	1,321	1,325	25,121	24,905	\$1,381,751,815	\$1,268,528,751	\$55,005	\$50,934
Trumbull	1,040	984	17,425	17,193	\$898,420,544	\$952,351,734	\$51,560	\$55,391
Weston	297	277	1,377	1,358	\$68,291,622	\$63,967,912	\$49,607	\$47,093
Westport	1,932	1,902	16,257	15,800	\$1,436,688,110	\$1,394,742,061	\$88,374	\$88,276
Wilton	920	930	10,226	10,214	\$1,032,280,460	\$1,024,370,242	\$100,950	\$100,287

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

## REGIONAL EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK BY OCCUPATION: 2004-2014

Occupational Category	Employment		Change 2004-2014		Total Annual Openings
	2004	2014	Net	%	
<b>TOTAL, ALL OCCUPATIONS</b>	<b>376,820</b>	<b>411,420</b>	<b>34,600</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>12,581</b>
Management Occupations	21,400	<b>24,170</b>	2,770	12.9%	673
Business and Financial Operations Occupations	23,080	<b>27,300</b>	4,220	18.3%	822
Computer and Mathematical Occupations	11,720	<b>14,330</b>	2,610	22.3%	430
Architecture and Engineering Occupations	8,070	<b>8,670</b>	600	7.4%	245
Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations	3,480	<b>4,020</b>	540	15.5%	142
Community and Social Services Occupations	5,410	<b>6,340</b>	930	17.2%	198
Legal Occupations	3,660	<b>4,020</b>	360	9.8%	78
Education, Training, and Library Occupations	22,670	<b>24,540</b>	1,870	8.2%	666
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations	6,890	<b>7,880</b>	990	14.4%	233
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	18,800	<b>21,710</b>	2,910	15.5%	640
Healthcare Support Occupations	10,150	<b>11,870</b>	1,720	16.9%	329
Protective Service Occupations	7,870	<b>8,250</b>	380	4.8%	260
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	22,240	<b>25,210</b>	2,970	13.4%	1,194
Building, Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	15,800	<b>17,740</b>	1,940	12.3%	509
Personal Care and Service Occupations	13,830	<b>15,960</b>	2,130	15.4%	541
Sales and Related Occupations	44,910	<b>49,260</b>	4,350	9.7%	1,833
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	68,610	<b>69,860</b>	1,250	1.8%	1,900
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations	430	<b>460</b>	30	7.0%	16
Construction and Extraction Occupations	12,680	<b>13,870</b>	1,190	9.4%	365
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	12,320	<b>13,200</b>	880	7.1%	370
Production Occupations	22,610	<b>21,540</b>	-1,070	-4.7%	580
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	20,190	<b>21,200</b>	1,010	5.0%	556

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

# Southwest WIA

## NEW HOUSING PERMITS

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	# Change 2005-06	# Change 2000-06
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>9,236</b>	<b>11,885</b>	<b>11,837</b>	<b>10,435</b>	<b>9,731</b>	<b>9,290</b>	<b>9,376</b>	<b>-2,649</b>	<b>-140</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>1,562</b>	<b>2,514</b>	<b>1,999</b>	<b>1,565</b>	<b>1,429</b>	<b>1,753</b>	<b>1,770</b>	<b>-952</b>	<b>-208</b>
Ansonia	8	13	13	21	22	22	38	-5	-30
Beacon Falls	38	59	30	17	14	24	48	-21	-10
Bridgeport	156	202	134	86	64	101	106	-46	50
Darien	42	56	46	222	32	42	48	-14	-6
Derby	10	7	14	15	17	20	22	3	-12
Easton	5	11	17	6	6	20	42	-6	-37
Fairfield	116	154	170	95	70	43	42	-38	74
Greenwich	226	221	214	140	150	126	136	5	90
Monroe	20	42	29	32	36	34	51	-22	-31
New Canaan	71	66	65	54	59	54	58	5	13
Norwalk	107	333	294	130	121	328	116	-226	-9
Oxford	95	245	229	145	96	97	84	-150	11
Seymour	41	96	39	46	122	45	43	-55	-2
Shelton	130	474	126	85	141	119	121	-344	9
Stamford	247	258	290	96	219	394	571	-11	-324
Stratford	42	55	44	78	57	47	23	-13	19
Trumbull	68	46	67	135	88	123	69	22	-1
Weston	24	31	27	15	12	26	32	-7	-8
Westport	94	114	114	115	79	66	76	-20	18
Wilton	22	31	37	32	24	22	44	-9	-22

Source: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development

## HOME SALES AND MEDIAN SALES PRICES

	2006		2000		1996		Change 2000 to 2006		Change 1996 to 2006	
	Total Home Sales	Median Sales Price	Total Home Sales	Median Sales Price	Total Home Sales	Median Sales Price	Total Home Sales	Median Sales Price	Total Home Sales	Median Sales Price
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>37,665</b>	<b>\$275,000</b>	<b>56,032</b>	<b>\$135,500</b>	<b>56,333</b>	<b>\$138,000</b>	<b>-18,367</b>	<b>\$139,500</b>	<b>-18,668</b>	<b>\$137,000</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>7,858</b>	<b>\$500,000</b>	<b>14,084</b>	<b>\$216,750</b>	<b>15,152</b>	<b>\$220,000</b>	<b>-6,226</b>	<b>\$283,250</b>	<b>-7,294</b>	<b>\$280,000</b>
Ansonia	185	\$250,000	251	\$107,250	194	\$120,000	-66	\$142,750	-9	\$130,000
Beacon Falls	47	\$275,000	96	\$119,500	78	\$110,000	-49	\$155,500	-31	\$165,000
Bridgeport	869	\$245,000	1,658	\$80,000	2,943	\$77,000	-789	\$165,000	-2,074	\$168,000
Darien	323	\$1,095,000	457	\$499,000	428	\$490,000	-134	\$596,000	-105	\$605,000
Derby	79	\$247,500	188	\$96,000	161	\$98,000	-109	\$151,500	-82	\$149,500
Easton	60	\$714,950	140	\$410,000	144	\$347,500	-80	\$304,950	-84	\$367,450
Fairfield	795	\$570,000	1,150	\$252,000	1,181	\$250,000	-355	\$318,000	-386	\$320,000
Greenwich	634	\$1,767,500	1,242	\$550,000	1,247	\$525,000	-608	\$1,217,500	-613	\$1,242,500
Monroe	184	\$449,406	464	\$218,500	384	\$221,250	-280	\$230,906	-200	\$228,156
New Canaan	304	\$1,475,292	421	\$625,000	504	\$575,250	-117	\$850,292	-200	\$900,042
Norwalk	910	\$545,000	1,710	\$205,750	1,495	\$185,000	-800	\$339,250	-585	\$360,000
Oxford	140	\$385,000	134	\$180,000	137	\$172,000	6	\$205,000	3	\$213,000
Seymour	203	\$280,000	212	\$130,250	384	\$130,000	-9	\$149,750	-181	\$150,000
Shelton	408	\$375,000	765	\$175,000	730	\$175,000	-357	\$200,000	-322	\$200,000
Stamford	808	\$693,250	2,390	\$230,000	2,190	\$220,000	-1,582	\$463,250	-1,382	\$473,250
Stratford	628	\$290,000	993	\$131,500	932	\$133,000	-365	\$158,500	-304	\$157,000
Trumbull	412	\$455,000	522	\$215,000	595	\$220,000	-110	\$240,000	-183	\$235,000
Weston	150	\$972,500	253	\$555,000	264	\$470,000	-103	\$417,500	-114	\$502,500
Westport	455	\$1,199,000	637	\$495,000	664	\$450,000	-182	\$704,000	-209	\$749,000
Wilton	264	\$940,000	401	\$422,000	497	\$425,000	-137	\$518,000	-233	\$515,000

Source: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development



# Southwest WIA

## HOUSING SITUATION

	Total Housing Inventory			Change 2000-2006	Change 1996-2000	Total Owner-Occupied		Change 1996-2000	Subsidized Housing Units 2001*
	2006	2000	1996			2000*	1996		
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,439,221</b>	<b>1,399,819</b>	<b>1,366,410</b>	<b>39,402</b>	<b>33,409</b>	<b>869,742</b>	<b>807,559</b>	<b>62,183</b>	<b>148,930</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>303,500</b>	<b>297,140</b>	<b>292,464</b>	<b>6,360</b>	<b>4,676</b>	<b>191,851</b>	<b>180,090</b>	<b>11,761</b>	<b>29,063</b>
Ansonia	8,009	7,799	7,694	210	105	4,177	4,135	42	1,190
Beacon Falls	2,285	2,264	2,120	21	144	1,596	1,466	130	32
Bridgeport	54,328	55,625	56,216	-1,297	-591	21,758	23,104	-1,346	12,238
Darien	7,020	6,852	6,794	168	58	5,800	5,491	309	128
Derby	5,637	5,496	5,365	141	131	3,054	2,882	172	447
Easton	2,566	2,520	2,360	46	160	2,324	1,984	340	0
Fairfield	21,368	21,128	20,795	240	333	16,960	15,557	1,403	501
Greenwich	24,882	24,200	23,943	682	257	15,988	15,049	939	1,149
Monroe	6,772	6,495	6,151	277	344	6,053	4,940	1,113	45
New Canaan	7,157	7,212	7,110	-55	102	5,649	5,141	508	160
Norwalk	34,923	33,186	32,798	1,737	388	20,277	18,940	1,337	3,859
Oxford	4,309	3,536	3,227	773	309	3,044	2,590	454	45
Seymour	6,733	6,340	6,140	393	200	4,384	4,006	378	283
Shelton	15,748	14,643	13,977	1,105	666	11,584	9,898	1,686	411
Stamford	48,375	47,272	45,975	1,103	1,297	25,716	24,275	1,441	6,546
Stratford	20,878	20,590	20,450	288	140	15,994	15,399	595	1,494
Trumbull	12,623	12,193	11,818	430	375	10,830	10,027	803	204
Weston	3,618	3,488	3,435	130	53	3,086	2,736	350	1
Westport	10,120	9,989	9,911	131	78	8,209	7,687	522	188
Wilton	6,149	6,312	6,185	-163	127	5,368	4,783	585	142

\*current available data

Source: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development

## FAIR MARKET RENTS

### Fair Market Rents (FMRs) For The Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program

FMRs are gross rent estimates. They include the shelter rent plus the cost of all tenant-paid utilities (except telephones, cable or satellite television service, and internet service). HUD sets FMRs to assure that a sufficient supply of rental housing is available to program participants. To accomplish this objective, FMRs must be both high enough to permit a selection of units and neighborhoods, and low enough to serve as many low-income families as possible.

	2008*			2007			2006		
	Efficiency Apartment	1 BR Apartment	2 BR Apartment	Efficiency Apartment	1 BR Apartment	2 BR Apartment	Efficiency Apartment	1 BR Apartment	2 BR Apartment
<b>Connecticut**</b>	<b>\$709</b>	<b>\$856</b>	<b>\$1,033</b>	<b>\$688</b>	<b>\$830</b>	<b>\$1,002</b>	<b>\$654</b>	<b>\$789</b>	<b>\$948</b>
<b>Southwest WIA**</b>	<b>\$903</b>	<b>\$1,110</b>	<b>\$1,335</b>	<b>\$852</b>	<b>\$1,043</b>	<b>\$1,256</b>	<b>\$803</b>	<b>\$984</b>	<b>\$1,184</b>
Ansonia	\$829	\$961	\$1,075	\$803	\$932	\$1,042	\$756	\$877	\$981
Beacon Falls	\$829	\$961	\$1,075	\$803	\$932	\$1,042	\$756	\$877	\$981
Bridgeport	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
Darien	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Derby	\$829	\$961	\$1,075	\$803	\$932	\$1,042	\$756	\$877	\$981
Easton	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
Fairfield	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
Greenwich	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Monroe	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
New Canaan	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Norwalk	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Oxford	\$829	\$961	\$1,075	\$803	\$932	\$1,042	\$756	\$877	\$981
Seymour	\$829	\$961	\$1,075	\$803	\$932	\$1,042	\$756	\$877	\$981
Shelton	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
Stamford	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Stratford	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
Trumbull	\$760	\$982	\$1,171	\$665	\$859	\$1,024	\$627	\$810	\$966
Weston	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Westport	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502
Wilton	\$1,074	\$1,314	\$1,642	\$1,046	\$1,274	\$1,592	\$987	\$1,202	\$1,502

\* Proposed as of July 2007 - final FMRs will be published by October 1, 2008

\*\* CT and WIA average FMRs

Note: Figures represent 100% of Fair Market Rents. For all Section 8 properties - the actual monthly payment amount is influenced by a number of factors including the deduction of utility allowances, condition of the property, market comparisons, and any other policies of the local housing authority. The figures above represent the highest monthly dollar amount that HUD may pay through Section 8.

Source: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

## FOOD STAMP AND TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

	Food Stamp Recipients				Temporary Family Assistance Recipients					
	TOTAL 2006	TOTAL 2005	# Change 05-06	% Change 05-06	Regular	UP*	TOTAL 2006	TOTAL 2005	# Change 05-06	% Change 05-06
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>194,311</b>	<b>188,591</b>	<b>5,720</b>	<b>3.0%</b>	<b>39,822</b>	<b>4,543</b>	<b>44,365</b>	<b>48,174</b>	<b>-3,809</b>	<b>-7.9%</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>32,098</b>	<b>32,176</b>	<b>-78</b>	<b>-0.2%</b>	<b>6,303</b>	<b>696</b>	<b>6,999</b>	<b>7,807</b>	<b>-808</b>	<b>-10.3%</b>
Ansonia	1,624	1,548	76	4.9%	378	53	431	481	-50	-10.4%
Beacon Falls	67	75	-8	-10.7%	17	2	19	30	-11	-36.7%
Bridgeport	19,324	19,630	-306	-1.6%	3,874	448	4,322	4,787	-465	-9.7%
Darien	34	24	10	41.7%	7		7	3	4	133.3%
Derby	804	757	47	6.2%	155	25	180	196	-16	-8.2%
Easton	12	14	-2	-14.3%	2		2	3	-1	-33.3%
Fairfield	420	400	20	5.0%	86	3	89	107	-18	-16.8%
Greenwich	454	409	45	11.0%	76	3	79	92	-13	-14.1%
Monroe	75	69	6	8.7%	21	2	23	22	1	4.5%
New Canaan	55	49	6	12.2%	3		3	10	-7	-70.0%
Norwalk	2,615	2,772	-157	-5.7%	567	32	599	712	-113	-15.9%
Oxford	102	83	19	22.9%	14	3	17	21	-4	-19.0%
Seymour	425	378	47	12.4%	63	20	83	96	-13	-13.5%
Shelton	560	534	26	4.9%	105	33	138	137	1	0.7%
Stamford	3,707	3,621	86	2.4%	558	37	595	663	-68	-10.3%
Stratford	1,481	1,471	10	0.7%	336	30	366	382	-16	-4.2%
Trumbull	229	223	6	2.7%	30	5	35	51	-16	-31.4%
Weston	3	4	-1	-25.0%	1		1	1	0	0.0%
Westport	88	93	-5	-5.4%	10		10	13	-3	-23.1%
Wilton	19	22	-3	-13.6%			0	0	0	N/A

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

N/A - Not Applicable

\*Two parent household - primary wage earner is unemployed

Note: Due to rounding, program/statewide totals may not add

# Southwest WIA

## STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID RECIPIENTS

	State Supplement Recipients							Medicaid Recipients*			
	Aged	Blind	Disabled	TOTAL 2006	TOTAL 2005	# Change 05-06	% Change 05-06	TOTAL 2006	TOTAL 2004**	# Change 04-06	% Change 04-06
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>4,751</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>10,756</b>	<b>15,599</b>	<b>16,492</b>	<b>-893</b>	<b>-5.4%</b>	<b>397,641</b>	<b>392,027</b>	<b>5,614</b>	<b>1.4%</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1,533</b>	<b>2,473</b>	<b>2,689</b>	<b>-216</b>	<b>-8.0%</b>	<b>75,329</b>	<b>75,503</b>	<b>-174</b>	<b>-0.2%</b>
Ansonia	18		39	57	59	-2	-3.4%	3,249	2,977	272	9.1%
Beacon Falls	2		6	9	8	1	12.5%	277	270	7	2.6%
Bridgeport	346	4	723	1,074	1,174	-100	-8.5%	35,809	36,606	-797	-2.2%
Darien	1		5	6	6	0	0.0%	269	277	-8	-2.9%
Derby	9		16	25	33	-8	-24.2%	1,788	1,705	83	4.9%
Easton	1		7	8	7	1	14.3%	106	106	0	0.0%
Fairfield	14		44	59	58	1	1.7%	2,000	1,978	22	1.1%
Greenwich	49		56	106	121	-15	-12.4%	1,958	1,782	176	9.9%
Monroe	4	1	27	32	34	-2	-5.9%	527	550	-23	-4.2%
New Canaan	6		6	12	10	2	20.0%	241	230	11	4.8%
Norwalk	73	2	160	235	270	-35	-13.0%	7,778	7,934	-156	-2.0%
Oxford	1		15	16	16	0	0.0%	489	448	41	9.2%
Seymour	5		30	35	38	-3	-7.9%	1,235	1,192	43	3.6%
Shelton	31		42	73	84	-11	-13.1%	2,234	2,196	38	1.7%
Stamford	294		179	473	512	-39	-7.6%	10,779	10,855	-76	-0.7%
Stratford	35		78	114	115	-1	-0.9%	4,375	4,175	200	4.8%
Trumbull	28		59	88	92	-4	-4.3%	1,370	1,323	47	3.6%
Weston	1		5	6	7	-1	-14.3%	53	63	-10	-15.9%
Westport	5		30	35	36	-1	-2.8%	465	489	-24	-4.9%
Wilton	3		6	10	9	1	11.1%	327	347	-20	-5.8%

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

N/A - Not Applicable

Note: Due to rounding, program and statewide totals may not add

\*State Supp. & Medicaid only, excluding QMB/SLMB

\*\*2005 Medicaid data not available



# Southwest WIA

## STATE ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

	2006		2005		2004		2003		2002		2001		2000	
	Cash	Med	Cash	Med	Cash	Med	Cash	Med	Cash	Med	Cash	Med	Cash	Med
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>4,100</b>	<b>31,307</b>	<b>4,076</b>	<b>29,840</b>	<b>4,170</b>	<b>27,509</b>	<b>4,757</b>	<b>25,643</b>	<b>4,326</b>	<b>22,364</b>	<b>4,179</b>	<b>20,403</b>	<b>4,133</b>	<b>18,085</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>5,136</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>5,203</b>	<b>758</b>	<b>4,873</b>	<b>919</b>	<b>4,359</b>	<b>881</b>	<b>3,762</b>	<b>853</b>	<b>3,352</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>3,058</b>
Ansonia	27	184	32	183	34	154	40	157	39	152	24	120	24	98
Beacon Falls	2	27	2	20	2	18	1	15	1	12	1	10	1	6
Bridgeport	328	2,850	365	2,866	365	2,763	452	2,458	439	2,082	421	1,853	428	1,647
Darien		15	1	12		11		7		6	1	7	1	6
Derby	16	130	24	129	20	105	21	112	18	91	13	67	12	51
Easton		5		5		8	2	5	1	5		4		2
Fairfield	11	96	11	100	13	85	22	82	21	66	23	66	19	57
Greenwich	12	56	12	60	13	47	17	42	14	41	14	42	18	46
Monroe	1	25	2	30	2	25	2	18	2	14	2	14	2	14
New Canaan	1	11	1	9	1	7	2	9		11		7		10
Norwalk	75	468	84	502	98	499	122	460	120	442	117	401	137	377
Oxford	4	20	4	22	5	18	7	18	5	16	5	10	2	6
Seymour	8	81	10	64	16	66	19	52	13	42	14	38	9	36
Shelton	22	123	25	118	21	105	16	99	18	80	16	64	14	49
Stamford	98	684	104	707	128	620	136	534	135	455	135	447	157	455
Stratford	23	258	23	271	25	242	46	194	43	167	49	142	51	139
Trumbull	7	62	7	60	9	58	8	53	6	37	12	31	12	26
Weston		4	1	4	1	5		4		3		1		3
Westport	6	28	5	33	4	26	4	29	4	26	5	19	6	26
Wilton		9		8	1	11	2	11	2	14	1	9	1	4

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services



# Southwest WIA

## DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL RETARDATION-ACTIVE CLIENTS

	June 2007	June 2006	June 2005	June 2004	June 2003	June 2002	Change 2006-07	Change 2002-07
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>15,004</b>	<b>15,018</b>	<b>14,943</b>	<b>14,936</b>	<b>14,667</b>	<b>14,580</b>	<b>-14</b>	<b>424</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>2,553</b>	<b>2,573</b>	<b>2,576</b>	<b>2,605</b>	<b>2,519</b>	<b>2,469</b>	<b>-20</b>	<b>84</b>
Ansonia	78	79	78	80	74	75	-1	3
Beacon Falls	9	9	11	9	8	9	0	0
Bridgeport	670	669	675	698	673	667	1	3
Darien	28	34	33	33	32	31	-6	-3
Derby	44	46	46	51	57	50	-2	-6
Easton	19	19	19	25	23	21	0	-2
Fairfield	141	148	152	152	149	139	-7	2
Greenwich	146	144	140	138	130	133	2	13
Monroe	68	68	67	67	68	66	0	2
New Canaan	33	31	28	29	28	28	2	5
Norwalk	319	333	337	346	336	337	-14	-18
Oxford	35	31	30	28	27	25	4	10
Seymour	40	44	46	42	38	42	-4	-2
Shelton	109	109	108	106	109	103	0	6
Stamford	269	262	258	277	263	259	7	10
Stratford	256	249	244	230	220	219	7	37
Trumbull	161	164	167	165	160	156	-3	5
Weston	16	18	20	17	16	11	-2	5
Westport	71	73	73	70	71	65	-2	6
Wilton	41	43	44	42	37	33	-2	8

Source: Connecticut Department of Mental Retardation, Active Clients as of June 2007.

Note: Statewide totals include unknown area or out-of-state DMR clients - 121 in June 2003, 130 in June 2004, 125 in June 2005, and 162 in June 2006.



### Unduplicated Substance and Drug Abuse Clients Served in SFY 2006\*

Connecticut	34,610
Southwest WIA	5,459
Ansonia	234
Beacon Falls	31
Bridgeport	2,549
Darien	22
Derby	133
Easton	12
Fairfield	172
Greenwich	85
Monroe	46
New Canaan	20
Norwalk	513
Oxford	52
Seymour	135
Shelton	207
Stamford	745
Stratford	341
Trumbull	94
Weston	10
Westport	45
Wilton	13

\* Number of persons (unduplicated) receiving any substance abuse treatment services in licensed or state-operated programs as reported to the Dept. of Mental Health and Addiction Services' Substance Abuse Treatment Information System (SATIS) for SFY 2006 (July 1, 2005 to June 30, 2006).

Note: Information based upon client's most current ZIP code reported at time of admission to treatment. Some ZIP codes include more than one town. Individuals are only included in this count if the database indicates that they received services during at least one of their Admissions.

**Source: Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, Substance Abuse Treatment Information System (SATIS), March 17, 2007.**

# Southwest WIA

## ADULT PROBATIONERS

	June 2007			June 2006	June 2005	June 2004	# Change 2006-07	# Change 2004-07
	State	GSSC**	TOTAL					
<b>Connecticut*</b>	<b>40,732</b>	<b>12,505</b>	<b>53,125</b>	<b>52,132</b>	<b>50,579</b>	<b>49,431</b>	<b>993</b>	<b>3,694</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>8,576</b>	<b>3,139</b>	<b>11,715</b>	<b>11,516</b>	<b>11,003</b>	<b>10,900</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>815</b>
Ansonia	306	110	416	408	390	333	8	83
Beacon Falls	42	21	63	56	44	30	7	33
Bridgeport	4,100	1,120	5,220	5,130	4,780	5,105	90	115
Darien	39	31	70	81	78	77	-11	-7
Derby	172	55	227	224	210	195	3	32
Easton	19	14	33	35	28	21	-2	12
Fairfield	192	100	292	272	257	255	20	37
Greenwich	208	131	339	347	316	280	-8	59
Monroe	76	26	102	105	92	103	-3	-1
New Canaan	43	30	73	63	58	46	10	27
Norwalk	900	408	1,308	1,169	1,174	1,113	139	195
Oxford	44	26	70	85	88	74	-15	-4
Seymour	133	50	183	171	153	165	12	18
Shelton	245	116	361	346	317	333	15	28
Stamford	1,354	561	1,915	1,992	2,083	1,814	-77	101
Stratford	491	181	672	672	603	672	0	0
Trumbull	104	60	164	176	179	141	-12	23
Weston	7	19	26	31	24	20	-5	6
Westport	65	51	116	99	76	88	17	28
Wilton	36	29	65	54	53	35	11	30

\* June 2007 Connecticut totals include 213 (190 State and 23 GSSC) probationers without town designations.

\*\* GSSC - General Security Services Corp.

Note: some clients are serviced both by the State and GSSC and may be counted twice.

Source: Connecticut Judicial Department - Office of Adult Probation

# Southwest WIA

## HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND DROPOUT RATES

### GRADES 9 - 12

School District	Total Enrollment			Dropouts					
				Number			Rate		
	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>173,709</b>	<b>173,225</b>	<b>168,628</b>	<b>3,212</b>	<b>3,027</b>	<b>2,956</b>	<b>1.8%</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>1.8%</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>36,025</b>	<b>35,170</b>	<b>33,906</b>	<b>796</b>	<b>607</b>	<b>598</b>	<b>2.2%</b>	<b>1.7%</b>	<b>1.8%</b>
Ansonia	700	684	670	14	19	20	2.0%	2.8%	3.0%
Bridgeport	5,439	5,419	5,136	442	349	252	8.1%	6.4%	4.9%
Darien	1,082	948	960	0	2	4	0.0%	0.2%	0.4%
Derby	425	417	424	7	1	3	1.6%	0.2%	0.7%
Fairfield	2,462	2,407	2,276	18	19	14	0.7%	0.8%	0.6%
Greenwich	2,751	2,702	2,599	21	20	16	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%
Monroe	1,485	1,404	1,323	2	2	2	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%
New Canaan	1,168	1,116	1,059	0	2	1	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%
Norwalk	3,291	3,233	3,223	21	26	26	0.6%	0.8%	0.8%
Seymour	948	895	946	29	25	24	3.1%	2.8%	2.5%
Shelton	1,765	1,800	1,749	96	0	29	5.4%	0.0%	1.7%
Stamford	4,545	4,395	4,265	85	84	136	1.9%	1.9%	3.2%
Stratford	2,369	2,360	2,318	36	33	43	1.5%	1.4%	1.9%
Trumbull	2,022	2,024	1,909	1	0	4	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Weston	739	718	653	0	1	0	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Westport	1,527	1,465	1,399	0	0	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Wilton	1,237	1,216	1,169	0	4	2	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%
Regional School District 9 <sup>a</sup>	987	984	940	2	2	5	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%
Regional School District 16 <sup>b</sup>	784	808	713	15	15	12	1.9%	1.9%	1.7%
The Bridge Academy (Bridgeport)	186	175	175	7	3	4	3.8%	1.7%	2.3%
Stamford Academy	113	102	-	0	0	-	0.0%	0.0%	-
CT Technical High Schools <sup>c</sup>	10,325	10,836	11,253	47	7	63	0.5%	0.1%	0.6%

<sup>a</sup> Regional School District 9 serves the towns of Easton and Redding

<sup>b</sup> Regional School District 16 serves the towns of Beacon Falls and Prospect

<sup>c</sup> CT Tech High School System (4 in EA WIA, 3 in NC, 3 in NW, 4 in SC, 3 in SW) data reflected in CT total--not WIA total

Source: Connecticut Department of Education, Bureau of Evaluation and Student Assessment



## EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

	Total Population (age 25 or older)	Educated Population*			Total	% of Total Population with HS Diploma or Higher	% of Total Population with a Bachelor's or Higher
		High School Diploma	Some College**	Bachelor's or higher			
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>2,295,617</b>	<b>653,300</b>	<b>553,667</b>	<b>720,994</b>	<b>1,927,961</b>	<b>84.0%</b>	<b>31.4%</b>
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>514,823</b>	<b>125,967</b>	<b>109,275</b>	<b>196,217</b>	<b>431,459</b>	<b>83.8%</b>	<b>38.1%</b>
Ansonia	12,535	5,289	3,138	1,876	10,303	82.2%	15.0%
Beacon Falls	3,607	1,074	1,078	977	3,129	86.7%	27.1%
Bridgeport	84,458	26,406	18,137	10,332	54,875	65.0%	12.2%
Darien	12,665	1,338	1,863	8,922	12,123	95.7%	70.4%
Derby	8,762	3,056	2,266	1,564	6,886	78.6%	17.8%
Easton	4,939	657	1,033	2,941	4,631	93.8%	59.5%
Fairfield	38,158	7,271	7,736	19,934	34,941	91.6%	52.2%
Greenwich	43,071	7,205	7,131	25,323	39,659	92.1%	58.8%
Monroe	12,737	2,991	3,368	5,258	11,617	91.2%	41.3%
New Canaan	12,789	1,197	2,007	9,157	12,361	96.7%	71.6%
Norwalk	58,885	14,768	13,823	20,144	48,735	82.8%	34.2%
Oxford	6,563	2,072	1,870	2,115	6,057	92.3%	32.2%
Seymour	10,811	3,712	3,380	2,101	9,193	85.0%	19.4%
Shelton	27,013	7,883	7,612	8,079	23,574	87.3%	29.9%
Stamford	82,886	20,320	15,040	32,785	68,145	82.2%	39.6%
Stratford	35,472	11,861	8,566	9,103	29,530	83.2%	25.7%
Trumbull	23,690	5,501	5,460	10,289	21,250	89.7%	43.4%
Weston	6,403	555	958	4,767	6,280	98.1%	74.4%
Westport	17,864	1,862	2,958	12,406	17,226	96.4%	69.4%
Wilton	11,515	949	1,851	8,144	10,944	95.0%	70.7%

\* Educated Population: age 25 or older - with a HS Diploma, or some college, or Bachelor's Degree or higher

\*\* Some College: no degree up to associate's degree

Source: U.S. Census Bureau - 2000 Census

# Southwest WIA

## BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS

	2005						TOTAL		
	<15 Years	15 Years	16 Years	17 Years	18 Years	19 Years	2005	2004	2003
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>1,125</b>	<b>2,842</b>	2,909	2,881
<b>Southwest WIA</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>550</b>	556	554
Ansonia	0	1	2	2	3	11	<b>19</b>	26	25
Beacon Falls	0	0	0	2	0	2	<b>4</b>	3	2
Bridgeport	5	10	29	55	96	113	<b>308</b>	306	317
Darien	0	0	0	0	0	1	<b>1</b>	0	2
Derby	0	0	1	1	6	6	<b>14</b>	11	10
Easton	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	1	1
Fairfield	1	0	1	1	2	3	<b>8</b>	4	2
Greenwich	0	0	3	0	2	0	<b>5</b>	3	2
Monroe	0	0	0	0	2	0	<b>2</b>	4	0
New Canaan	0	0	0	0	1	0	<b>1</b>	0	0
Norwalk	1	1	5	17	20	26	<b>70</b>	64	51
Oxford	0	0	0	1	1	0	<b>2</b>	1	1
Seymour	0	0	0	1	1	1	<b>3</b>	5	2
Shelton	0	0	0	1	3	2	<b>6</b>	13	9
Stamford	1	4	5	17	12	30	<b>69</b>	75	93
Stratford	1	2	2	11	6	10	<b>32</b>	36	30
Trumbull	0	0	1	2	2	1	<b>6</b>	2	5
Weston	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	1	0
Westport	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>	1	2

Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health - Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation





# STATEWIDE

## LABOR FORCE

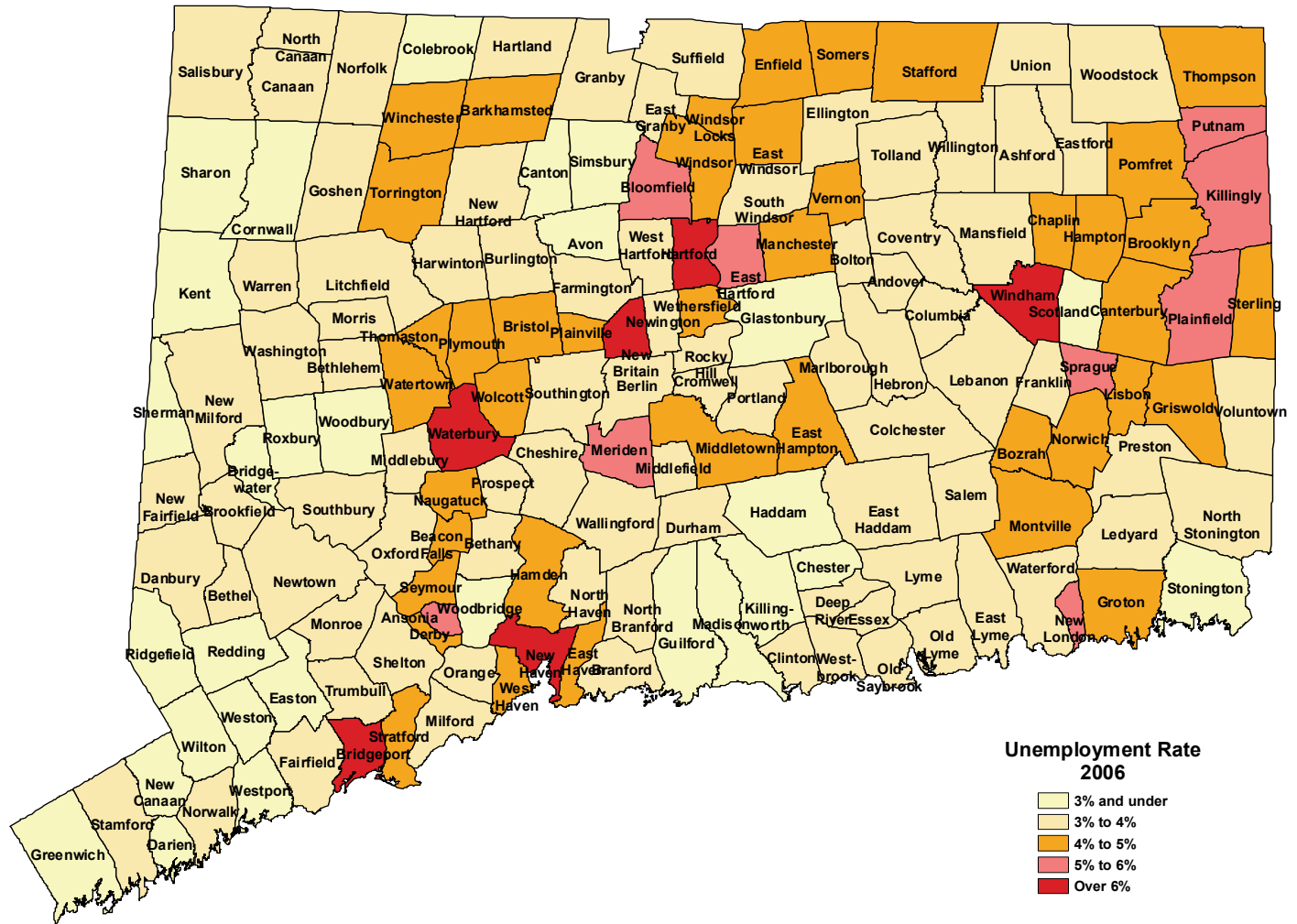
		Annual Average				Change 2005-06	
		2006	2005	2004	2003	#	%
UNITED STATES	Labor Force	151,428,000	149,320,000	147,401,000	146,510,000	2,108,000	1.4
	Employed	144,427,000	141,730,000	139,252,000	137,736,000	2,697,000	1.9
	Unemployed	7,001,000	7,591,000	8,149,000	8,774,000	-590,000	-7.8
	Rate	4.6	5.1	5.5	6.0	-0.5	***
CONNECTICUT	Labor Force	1,844,200	1,817,000	1,803,200	1,806,500	27,200	1.5
	Employed	1,765,100	1,727,900	1,714,000	1,707,500	37,200	2.2
	Unemployed	79,200	89,100	89,100	99,000	-9,900	-11.1
	Rate	4.3	4.9	4.9	5.5	-0.6	***
EASTERN WIA	Labor Force	237,000	233,363	230,332	230,584	3,637	1.6
	Employed	226,800	222,437	219,562	218,887	4,363	2.0
	Unemployed	10,200	10,926	10,770	11,697	-726	-6.6
	Rate	4.3	4.7	4.7	5.1	-0.4	***
NORTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	511,000	503,891	499,152	500,142	7,109	1.4
	Employed	487,600	477,328	472,154	470,154	10,272	2.2
	Unemployed	23,400	26,563	26,998	29,988	-3,163	-11.9
	Rate	4.6	5.3	5.4	6.0	-0.7	***
NORTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	312,000	308,430	306,837	306,889	3,570	1.2
	Employed	299,100	293,788	292,069	290,639	5,312	1.8
	Unemployed	12,900	14,642	14,768	16,250	-1,742	-11.9
	Rate	4.1	4.7	4.8	5.3	-0.6	***
SOUTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	388,000	381,072	378,358	378,137	6,928	1.8
	Employed	371,200	362,397	360,051	357,860	8,803	2.4
	Unemployed	16,800	18,675	18,307	20,277	-1,875	-10.0
	Rate	4.3	4.9	4.8	5.4	-0.6	***
SOUTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	396,300	390,276	388,484	390,757	6,024	1.5
	Employed	380,400	371,984	370,178	369,923	8,416	2.3
	Unemployed	15,900	18,292	18,306	20,834	-2,392	-13.1
	Rate	4.0	4.7	4.7	5.3	-0.7	***

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



# STATEWIDE

## UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



# STATEWIDE

## WORKSITES BY SIZE CLASS

Size Class	Number of Employees	2006 - 4th Qtr		2005 - 4th Qtr		2004 - 4th Qtr	
		Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*
1	0 - 4	64,930	105,250	63,596	103,974	62,847	102,396
2	5 - 9	18,307	121,176	18,293	121,110	18,161	119,963
3	10 - 19	11,980	161,224	11,904	160,006	11,857	158,780
4	20 - 49	8,134	247,646	7,921	239,654	7,892	239,490
5	50 - 99	2,898	198,776	2,805	193,941	2,730	189,123
6	100 - 249	1,682	255,520	1,628	248,904	1,641	251,329
7	250 - 499	357	120,404	363	122,312	352	118,341
8	500 - 999	111	72,618	112	73,089	115	73,619
9	1000+	73	169,721	71	165,849	75	170,450
		<b>108,472</b>	<b>1,452,335</b>	<b>106,693</b>	<b>1,428,839</b>	<b>105,670</b>	<b>1,423,491</b>

\* Excludes government

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms only report statewide employment and are not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county and labor market area is available online at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi)



# STATEWIDE

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2006 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>112,151</b>	<b>1,672,161</b>	<b>\$91,705,530,712</b>	<b>\$54,843</b>	<b>\$1,055</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>5,131</b>	<b>\$137,625,502</b>	<b>\$26,822</b>	<b>\$516</b>
111	Crop production	176	3,810	\$99,637,652	\$26,152	\$503
112	Animal production	91	818	\$25,271,925	\$30,895	\$594
113	Forestry and logging	11	19	\$585,052	\$30,792	\$592
114	Fishing, hunting and trapping	15	53	\$2,390,346	\$45,101	\$867
115	Agriculture and forestry support activities	65	431	\$9,740,527	\$22,600	\$435
<b>21</b>	<b>Mining</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>\$45,236,825</b>	<b>\$61,463</b>	<b>\$1,182</b>
211	Oil and gas extraction	*	*	*	*	*
212	Mining, except oil and gas	48	713	\$42,819,988	\$60,056	\$1,155
213	Support activities for mining	*	*	*	*	*
<b>22</b>	<b>Utilities</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6,669</b>	<b>\$647,474,397</b>	<b>\$97,087</b>	<b>\$1,867</b>
221	Utilities	161	6,669	\$647,474,397	\$97,087	\$1,867
<b>23</b>	<b>Construction</b>	<b>11,159</b>	<b>67,191</b>	<b>\$3,553,761,976</b>	<b>\$52,890</b>	<b>\$1,017</b>
236	Construction of buildings	3,179	14,369	\$827,271,111	\$57,573	\$1,107
237	Heavy and civil engineering construction	558	6,180	\$415,079,071	\$67,165	\$1,292
238	Specialty trade construction	7,422	46,642	\$2,311,411,794	\$49,556	\$953
<b>31-33</b>	<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>5,317</b>	<b>193,727</b>	<b>\$12,774,318,633</b>	<b>\$65,940</b>	<b>\$1,268</b>
311	Food manufacturing	278	7,504	\$286,557,489	\$38,187	\$734
312	Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	38	1,038	\$108,679,819	\$104,701	\$2,013
313	Textile mills	34	867	\$37,179,437	\$42,883	\$825
314	Textile product mills	104	1,288	\$45,843,936	\$35,593	\$684
315	Apparel manufacturing	35	345	\$14,567,756	\$42,225	\$812
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
321	Wood product manufacturing	147	1,745	\$76,705,064	\$43,957	\$845
322	Paper manufacturing	91	4,886	\$309,542,842	\$63,353	\$1,218
323	Printing and related support activities	479	7,937	\$407,747,512	\$51,373	\$988
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
325	Chemical manufacturing	186	16,544	\$1,761,552,444	\$106,477	\$2,048
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	220	7,342	\$351,117,200	\$47,823	\$920
327	Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	153	2,852	\$143,955,331	\$50,475	\$971
331	Primary metal manufacturing	86	4,406	\$249,275,058	\$56,576	\$1,088
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing	1,362	33,877	\$1,835,668,522	\$54,186	\$1,042
333	Machinery manufacturing	573	18,052	\$1,271,669,956	\$70,445	\$1,355
334	Computer and electronic product manufacturing	352	14,534	\$906,411,317	\$62,365	\$1,199
335	Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing	183	10,460	\$762,417,373	\$72,889	\$1,402
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	252	43,624	\$3,343,732,713	\$76,649	\$1,474
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	322	3,572	\$151,814,936	\$42,501	\$817
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	393	12,131	\$618,495,733	\$50,985	\$980
<b>42</b>	<b>Wholesale trade</b>	<b>9,951</b>	<b>67,695</b>	<b>\$5,230,403,057</b>	<b>\$77,264</b>	<b>\$1,486</b>
423	Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	2,933	31,933	\$2,339,264,971	\$73,255	\$1,409
424	Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	1,387	22,023	\$1,523,605,934	\$69,182	\$1,330
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	5,631	13,739	\$1,367,532,152	\$99,537	\$1,914
<b>44-45</b>	<b>Retail trade</b>	<b>13,256</b>	<b>191,287</b>	<b>\$5,641,820,002</b>	<b>\$29,494</b>	<b>\$567</b>
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	1,313	22,295	\$1,048,936,575	\$47,048	\$905
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	843	7,902	\$257,484,510	\$32,585	\$627
443	Electronics and appliance stores	667	6,548	\$278,250,978	\$42,494	\$817
444	Building material and garden supply stores	945	16,441	\$608,932,338	\$37,037	\$712
445	Food and beverage stores	2,241	41,750	\$962,997,230	\$23,066	\$444
446	Health and personal care stores	923	13,998	\$424,436,014	\$30,321	\$583
447	Gasoline stations	1,103	6,480	\$149,257,648	\$23,034	\$443



# STATEWIDE

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2006 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>112,151</b>	<b>1,672,161</b>	<b>\$91,705,530,712</b>	<b>\$54,843</b>	<b>\$1,055</b>
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,804	21,680	\$445,793,118	\$20,562	\$395
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	909	9,103	\$170,328,053	\$18,711	\$360
452	General merchandise stores	366	24,962	\$521,277,719	\$20,883	\$402
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	1,456	10,634	\$245,788,787	\$23,113	\$444
454	Nonstore retailers	686	9,494	\$528,337,032	\$55,650	\$1,070
<b>48-49</b>	<b>Transportation and warehousing</b>	<b>1,829</b>	<b>41,716</b>	<b>\$1,770,474,755</b>	<b>\$42,441</b>	<b>\$816</b>
481	Air transportation	82	1,932	\$104,911,137	\$54,302	\$1,044
482	Rail transportation	*	*	*	*	*
483	Water transportation	35	849	\$73,922,453	\$87,070	\$1,674
484	Truck transportation	731	7,185	\$314,866,566	\$43,823	\$843
485	Transit and ground passenger transportation	346	11,681	\$320,175,168	\$27,410	\$527
486	Pipeline transportation	5	166	\$15,280,935	\$92,054	\$1,770
487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	18	112	\$2,260,404	\$20,182	\$388
488	Support activities for transportation	329	3,949	\$298,110,341	\$75,490	\$1,452
491	Postal service	*	*	*	*	*
492	Couriers and messengers	152	7,158	\$274,141,060	\$38,299	\$737
493	Warehousing and storage	120	8,595	\$363,127,843	\$42,249	\$812
<b>51</b>	<b>Information</b>	<b>1,801</b>	<b>37,733</b>	<b>\$2,479,762,442</b>	<b>\$65,719</b>	<b>\$1,264</b>
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	483	11,769	\$688,864,528	\$58,532	\$1,126
512	Motion picture and sound recording industries	310	2,192	\$66,744,841	\$30,449	\$586
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	110	5,010	\$409,362,180	\$81,709	\$1,571
516	Internet publishing and broadcasting	64	567	\$45,802,780	\$80,781	\$1,553
517	Telecommunications	488	12,593	\$928,818,607	\$73,757	\$1,418
518	ISPs, search portals, and data processing	251	4,383	\$309,040,209	\$70,509	\$1,356
519	Other information services	95	1,219	\$31,129,297	\$25,537	\$491
<b>52</b>	<b>Finance and insurance</b>	<b>7,181</b>	<b>123,277</b>	<b>\$16,687,544,136</b>	<b>\$135,366</b>	<b>\$2,603</b>
521	Monetary authorities - central bank	*	*	*	*	*
522	Credit intermediation and related activities	2,557	32,029	\$2,548,976,832	\$79,583	\$1,530
523	Securities, commodity contracts, investments	2,056	20,627	\$7,075,801,447	\$343,036	\$6,597
524	Insurance carriers and related activities	2,450	65,510	\$6,396,039,821	\$97,635	\$1,878
525	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	*	*	*	*	*
<b>53</b>	<b>Real estate and rental and leasing</b>	<b>3,722</b>	<b>21,058</b>	<b>\$1,047,501,459</b>	<b>\$49,744</b>	<b>\$957</b>
531	Real estate	3,040	14,380	\$716,744,478	\$49,843	\$959
532	Rental and leasing services	*	*	*	*	*
533	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	*	*	*	*	*
<b>54</b>	<b>Professional and technical services</b>	<b>12,830</b>	<b>91,457</b>	<b>\$7,137,840,439</b>	<b>\$78,046</b>	<b>\$1,501</b>
541	Professional and technical services	12,830	91,457	\$7,137,840,439	\$78,046	\$1,501
<b>55</b>	<b>Management of companies and enterprises</b>	<b>666</b>	<b>26,379</b>	<b>\$3,635,939,501</b>	<b>\$137,835</b>	<b>\$2,651</b>
551	Management of companies and enterprises	666	26,379	\$3,635,939,501	\$137,835	\$2,651
<b>56</b>	<b>Administrative and waste management</b>	<b>6,664</b>	<b>88,202</b>	<b>\$2,978,474,472</b>	<b>\$33,769</b>	<b>\$649</b>
561	Administrative and support activities	6,177	81,979	\$2,678,642,237	\$32,675	\$628
562	Waste management and remediation services	487	6,223	\$299,832,235	\$48,181	\$927
<b>61</b>	<b>Educational services</b>	<b>1,364</b>	<b>47,701</b>	<b>\$2,217,446,460</b>	<b>\$46,486</b>	<b>\$894</b>
611	Educational services	1,364	47,701	\$2,217,446,460	\$46,486	\$894
<b>62</b>	<b>Health care and social assistance</b>	<b>9,462</b>	<b>225,049</b>	<b>\$9,677,496,317</b>	<b>\$43,002</b>	<b>\$827</b>
621	Ambulatory health care services	6,332	73,292	\$3,954,814,697	\$53,960	\$1,038
622	Hospitals	51	56,768	\$2,984,708,675	\$52,577	\$1,011
623	Nursing and residential care facilities	1,172	57,656	\$1,872,288,798	\$32,473	\$624
624	Social assistance	1,907	37,333	\$865,684,147	\$23,188	\$446
<b>71</b>	<b>Arts, entertainment, and recreation</b>	<b>1,711</b>	<b>23,851</b>	<b>\$644,755,620</b>	<b>\$27,033</b>	<b>\$520</b>



# STATEWIDE

## EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2006 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>112,151</b>	<b>1,672,161</b>	<b>\$91,705,530,712</b>	<b>\$54,843</b>	<b>\$1,055</b>
711	Performing arts and spectator sports	533	4,295	\$209,707,457	\$48,826	\$939
712	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	105	2,037	\$53,835,603	\$26,429	\$508
713	Amusement, gambling, and recreation	1,073	17,519	\$381,212,560	\$21,760	\$418
<b>72</b>	<b>Accommodation and food services</b>	<b>7,323</b>	<b>108,732</b>	<b>\$1,875,048,442</b>	<b>\$17,245</b>	<b>\$332</b>
721	Accommodation	462	11,980	\$290,148,127	\$24,219	\$466
722	Food services and drinking places	6,861	96,752	\$1,584,900,315	\$16,381	\$315
<b>81</b>	<b>Other services, except public administration</b>	<b>13,369</b>	<b>57,747</b>	<b>\$1,634,352,339</b>	<b>\$28,302</b>	<b>\$544</b>
811	Repair and maintenance	2,732	14,432	\$537,884,981	\$37,270	\$717
812	Personal and laundry services	3,205	19,554	\$459,820,735	\$23,515	\$452
813	Membership associations and organizations	2,061	15,920	\$469,321,565	\$29,480	\$567
814	Private households	5,371	7,841	\$167,325,058	\$21,340	\$410
	<b>Total government</b>	<b>3,677</b>	<b>246,566</b>	<b>\$11,871,862,373</b>	<b>\$48,149</b>	<b>\$926</b>
	Federal	619	19,669	\$1,124,323,411	\$57,162	\$1,099
	State	760	69,761	\$3,650,038,583	\$52,322	\$1,006
	Local**	2,298	157,136	\$7,097,500,379	\$45,168	\$869
<b>99</b>	<b>Nonclassifiable establishments</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>\$16,391,565</b>	<b>\$63,780</b>	<b>\$1,227</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

\*\* Includes Indian tribal government employment

Note: State Government sector data may not be fully comparable with last year's data due mainly to a new reporting system for State Government that was in use this year.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research (2006 QCEW Program Data)



## EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK BY OCCUPATION: 2004-2014

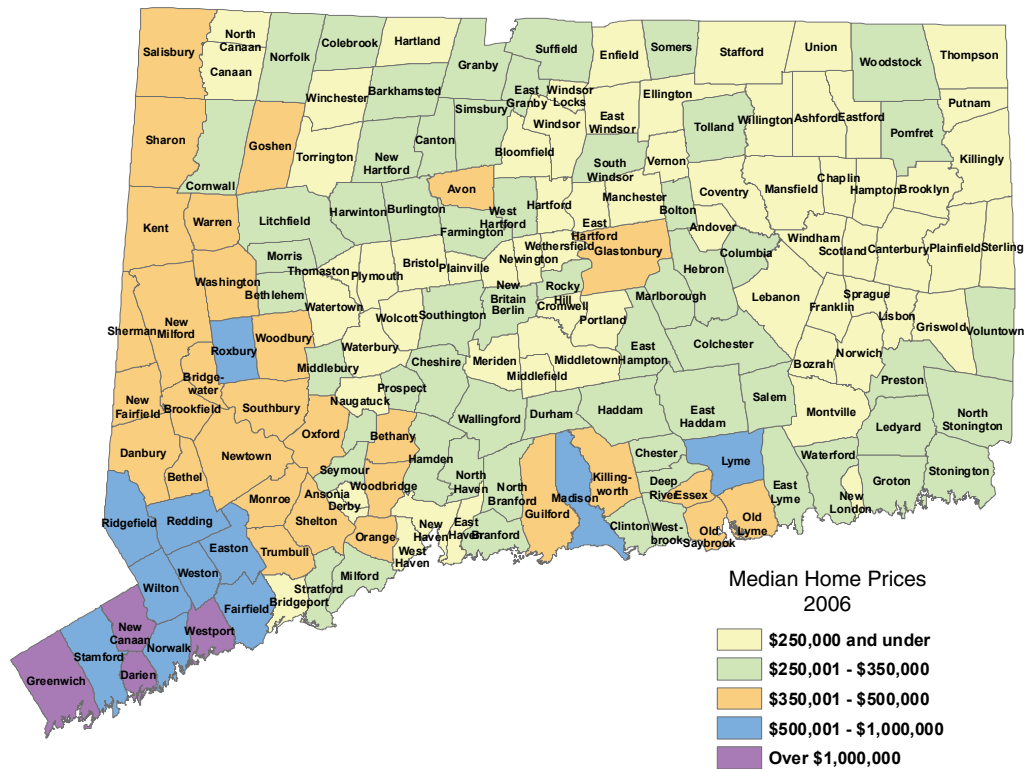
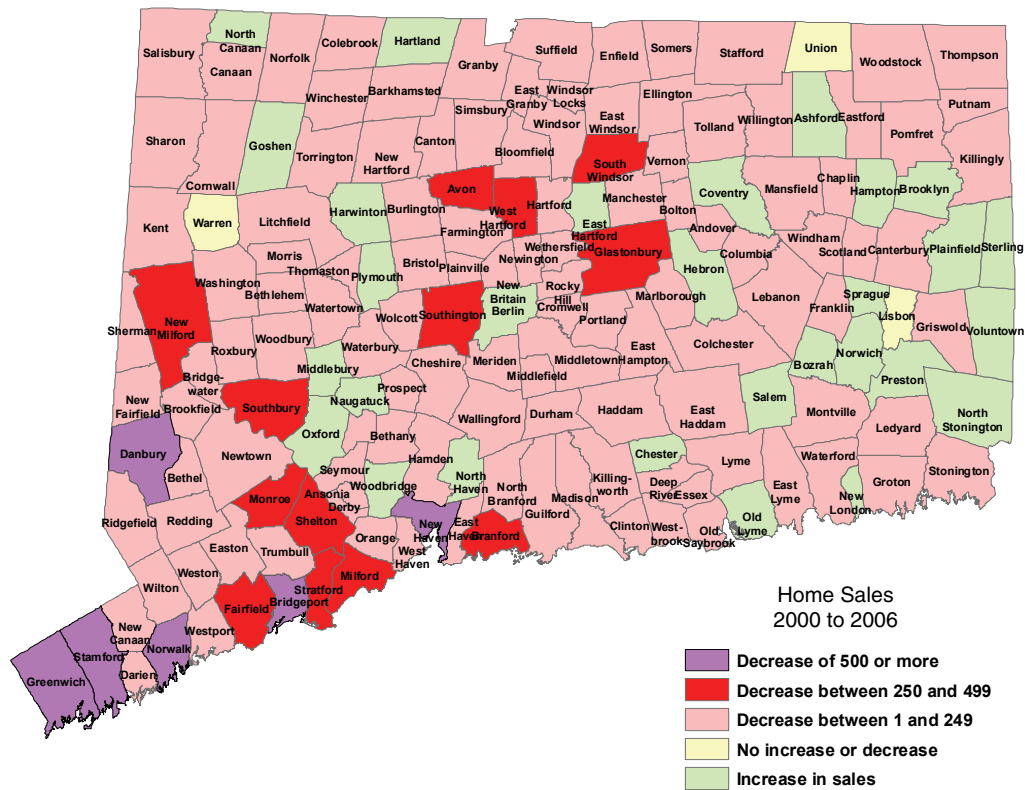
### Connecticut's Major Occupational Categories by 2014 Projected Employment

Occupational Category	Employment		Change 2004-2014		Total Annual Openings
	2004	2014	Net	%	
<b>TOTAL, ALL OCCUPATIONS</b>	<b>1,760,690</b>	<b>1,910,870</b>	<b>150,180</b>	<b>8.5%</b>	<b>57,533</b>
Office & Administrative Support	300,310	<b>308,310</b>	8,000	2.7%	8,233
Sales & Related	198,420	<b>214,700</b>	16,280	8.2%	8,102
Food Preparation & Serving Related	116,100	<b>131,070</b>	14,970	12.9%	6,164
Education, Training, & Library	113,070	<b>123,270</b>	10,200	9.0%	3,390
Production	119,190	<b>115,100</b>	-4,090	-3.4%	2,967
Healthcare Practitioners & Technical	94,750	<b>108,490</b>	13,740	14.5%	3,111
Management	93,250	<b>104,050</b>	10,800	11.6%	2,815
Business & Financial Operations	91,740	<b>103,270</b>	11,530	12.6%	2,759
Transportation & Material Moving	97,290	<b>102,840</b>	5,550	5.7%	2,734
Building & Grounds Cleaning & Maintenance	65,900	<b>73,480</b>	7,580	11.5%	2,065
Construction & Extraction	68,180	<b>73,300</b>	5,120	7.5%	1,844
Personal Care & Service	64,040	<b>73,160</b>	9,120	14.2%	2,459
Installation, Maintenance, & Repair	59,250	<b>64,940</b>	5,690	9.6%	1,914
Healthcare Support	50,700	<b>59,050</b>	8,350	16.5%	1,611
Computer & Mathematical	47,890	<b>57,260</b>	9,370	19.6%	1,605
Architecture & Engineering	39,940	<b>42,140</b>	2,200	5.5%	1,147
Protective Service	37,810	<b>40,560</b>	2,750	7.3%	1,331
Community & Social Services	31,990	<b>37,440</b>	5,450	17.0%	1,159
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, & Media	28,550	<b>32,280</b>	3,730	13.1%	911
Life, Physical, & Social Science	20,490	<b>22,810</b>	2,320	11.3%	740
Legal	16,880	<b>18,160</b>	1,280	7.6%	318
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	4,960	<b>5,200</b>	240	4.9%	155

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

# STATEWIDE

## HOME SALES AND MEDIAN SALES PRICES



# STATEWIDE

## POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES AND LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS

### 2007 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES\*

FAMILY SIZE	POVERTY INCOME LEVEL
1	\$ 10,210
2	\$ 13,690
3	\$ 17,170
4	\$ 20,650
5	\$ 24,130
6	\$ 27,610
7	\$ 31,090
8	\$ 34,570

For the poverty income level for families of more than eight members, add \$3,480 for each additional member.

\* For the 48 contiguous States and D.C.

Source: U. S. Department of Health and Human Services

<http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/07poverty.shtml>

### 2007 LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS (LLSIL)

#### 70% LLSIL\*

U.S. Northeast Region	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
METRO	\$ 10,210	\$ 14,900	\$ 20,460	\$ 25,250	\$ 29,800	\$ 34,850
NON-METRO	\$ 10,210	\$ 14,310	\$ 19,640	\$ 24,240	\$ 28,610	\$ 33,460

For a family with over six members, add \$5,050 (Metro) or \$4,850 (Non-Metro).

\* Where the poverty income level is higher than the 70% LLSIL, the table shows the poverty income level.

### UPDATED 2007 LLSIL, Minimum Level for Establishing Self-Sufficiency

#### 100% LLSIL\*

U.S. Northeast Region	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
METRO	\$ 12,990	\$ 21,290	\$ 29,220	\$ 36,070	\$ 42,570	\$ 49,780
NON-METRO	\$ 12,470	\$ 20,440	\$ 28,060	\$ 34,630	\$ 40,870	\$ 47,790

For a family with over six members, add \$7,210 (Metro) or \$6,920 (Non-Metro).

\* Where the poverty income level is higher than the 70% LLSIL, the table shows the poverty income level.

Note: Effective June 4, 2007

SOURCE: United States Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration



# STATEWIDE

## PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME, AND MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME

	Per Capita Income				Family Median Income				Household Median Income			
	2006 <sub>p</sub>	2005 <sub>r</sub>	U.S. Rank		2006	2005	U.S. Rank		2006	2005	U.S. Rank	
			2006	2005			2006	2005			2006	2005
United States	\$36,276	\$34,471	--	--	\$58,526	\$55,832	--	--	\$48,451	\$46,242	--	--
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$49,852</b>	<b>\$47,388</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$78,154</b>	<b>\$75,541</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$63,422</b>	<b>\$60,941</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
Maine	\$32,348	\$30,808	34	37	\$52,793	\$52,338	37	32	\$43,439	\$42,801	35	33
Massachusetts	\$45,877	\$43,501	3	3	\$74,463	\$71,655	4	4	\$59,963	\$57,184	5	5
New Hampshire	\$39,311	\$37,768	7	6	\$71,176	\$67,354	5	5	\$59,683	\$56,768	6	6
New Jersey	\$46,344	\$43,831	2	2	\$77,875	\$75,311	2	2	\$64,470	\$61,672	2	1
New York	\$42,392	\$39,967	5	5	\$62,138	\$59,686	16	16	\$51,384	\$49,480	18	15
Pennsylvania	\$36,680	\$34,937	18	18	\$58,148	\$55,904	21	21	\$46,259	\$44,537	26	25
Rhode Island	\$37,388	\$35,324	15	17	\$64,733	\$64,657	10	9	\$51,814	\$51,458	17	12
Vermont	\$34,264	\$32,717	24	25	\$58,163	\$57,170	20	19	\$47,665	\$45,686	21	23

p preliminary, r revised

### SOURCE:

**Per Capita Income:** U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

**Median Family and Household Income:** U.S. Census Bureau, 2006 American Community Survey

# STATEWIDE

## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### STARTUPS AND EXPANSIONS

WIA	STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Statewide	2007	Aldi's South Windsor, Torrington, Bristol, Wallingford, Waterbury	Grocery Store & Warehouse	575	Grocery stores and a warehouse are being built	Hartford Courant 1/25/07
Statewide	Spring 2007	Houlihan's Stamford, Danbury	Restaurant	200	Franchise will open two new restaurants	Stamford Advocate 12/19/06
Eastern	2010	Mohegan Sun Uncasville	Casino	2,000	2nd round of expansion plan	Waterbury Republican- American 11/14/06
Eastern	2008	NuPower Plainfield	Wood-Burning Energy	275	Company will build a new facility	Stamford Advocate 3/9/06
Eastern	Summer 2008	Foxwoods Ledyard	Resort & Casino	2,300	Expansion	New London Day 2/1/05
Eastern	Summer 2008	Capitol Theater New London	Live Music Venue	80	Historic building will be renovated	New London Day 5/4/06
Eastern	Spring 2008	Target Lisbon	Retail	450	Store will be built in new plaza across from Lisbon Landing	New London Day 10/10/06
Eastern	2007	Center for Excellence Plainfield	Medical Databases	70-75	New business is opening	Norwich Bulletin 9/13/06
Eastern	2007	Plainfield Renewable Energy Plainfield	Utility Services	25-30	New business is opening	Norwich Bulletin 9/13/06
Eastern	2007	Stop & Shop Stonington	Supermarket	200	Store will be built on the Regal Cinemas property	New London Day 4/5/06
Eastern	Fall 2007	Utopia Studios Preston	Movie Studio - Theme Park	4,700	Movie studio/theme park to be built at Norwich Hospital site	Hartford Courant 5/24/06
Eastern	February 2007	Home Depot Montville	Home Improvement	120	Store has opened in the new Montville Commons Plaza	New London Day 2/15/07
North Central	2009	The Hartford Windsor	Financial Services	300	Company will build a new campus	New London Day 12/8/06
North Central	2009	Nufern Inc. East Granby	Optical Fibers & Fiber Lasers	180	Company plans to expand	Hartford Courant 6/6/07
North Central	2008	Walgreen Corp. Windsor	Drugstore Distribution	550	Company building a new distribution center	Hartford Courant 1/18/06
North Central	Fall 2008	Lowe's Cromwell	Home Improvement	165-180	New Store will open on Route 372	Hartford Courant 3/24/07
North Central	Spring 2008	ClarkWestern Bldg. Systems Bristol	Steel Manufacturer	80-100	Company will open a plant in the old GM factory	Bristol Press 5/11/07
North Central	March 2008	Carval Corp. New Britain	Food Production	225	Company is moving its headquarters and expanding	New Britain Herald 6/13/07
North Central	2007- 2008	Aero Gear, Inc. Windsor	Aircraft Parts	48	Company is expanding	Manchester Journal Inquirer 8/17/07
North Central	2007- 2008	C&M Screw Machine Bristol	Manufacturing	25	Company is expanding	Bristol Press 9/9/05
North Central	2007	St. Paul Travelers Hartford & Windsor	Insurance	600	Increase in business	Hartford Courant 7/25/06
North Central	2007	City of East Hartford	Municipality	10	City is hiring new police officers	Hartford Courant 10/3/06
North Central	2007	Embraer Windsor Locks	Servicing Jets	60	Company will build a service center at Bradley Airport	Hartford Courant 10/17/06



# STATEWIDE

## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### STARTUPS AND EXPANSIONS

WIA	STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
North Central	2007	Moriarty & Associates Windsor	Construction	150	New ING headquarters building project	Hartford Courant 11/7/06
North Central	2007	Volvo Aero Newington	Fan Cases for Jet Engines	40	Company is a subcontractor for Pratt & Whitney	Manchester Journal Inquirer 10/10/06
North Central	2007	St. Paul Travelers Hartford & Windsor	Insurance	600	Increase in business and profits	Hartford Courant 7/25/06
North Central	2007	Cabela's Inc. East Hartford	Outdoor Merchandise	450	Superstore is being planned for the Rentschler Field site	Hartford Courant 8/11/05
North Central	Winter 2007	Comcast Enfield	Cable, Phone & Internet	170	New call center is opening	Hartford Courant 12/12/06
North Central	Winter 2007	Stew Leonard's Newington	Retail Food Store	400	New store will open in former Caldor building	Hartford Courant 2/4/06
North Central	Winter 2007	TyMetrix Hartford	Software Developer	20	Expansion	Hartford Business Journal 12/12/06
North Central	December 2007	Cummings & Lockwood West Hartford	Law Firm	10	Office will move to Blue Back Square and expand	Hartford Courant 2/3/07
North Central	Fall 2007	Oakleaf Waste Management East Hartford	Waste Disposal	100	Company rec'd new financing	Hartford Courant 8/3/07
North Central	Fall 2007	Emhart Glass Windsor	Glass Making	10	Company is building a new research center	Hartford Courant 4/17/07
North Central	Fall 2007	TIGHITCO Berlin	Aerospace Manufacturing	60	Company is relocating from Vernon and expanding	New Britain Herald 5/3/07
North Central	Fall 2007	Goodwin College East Hartford	Higher Education	300	College is undergoing an \$80M expansion	Manchester Journal Inquirer 9/9/05
North Central	Summer 2007	Westinghouse Electric Windsor	Power Plant Fuel	100	New nuclear power plants are being built	Hartford Courant 6/20/07
North Central	August 2007	L.L. Bean South Windsor	Outdoor Merchandise	125	Maine-based retailer opened a store at Evergreen Walk	Manchester Journal Inquirer 8/1/07
North Central	August 2007	SPARTA Insurance Co. Hartford	Commercial Insurance	21	New company opened in City Place II	Hartford Courant 8/3/07
North Central	June 2007	Frank Pepe's Pizzeria Manchester	Restaurant	30	New restaurant will open at Buckland Hills	Manchester Journal Inquirer 12/6/06
North Central	March 2007	Bliss Market Hartford	Grocery Store	32	New store opened in the Hartford 21 Tower	Hartford Courant 9/8/06
North Central	December 2006	GlobeOp Financial Services Hartford	Admin. & Financial Svcs	150	Company is opening new office	Hartford Courant 8/26/06
Northwest	2009	MannKind Corp. Danbury	Pharmaceuticals	400	Expansion	Danbury News-Times 9/27/06
Northwest	2009	F&S Oil Waterbury	Bio-Fuel	24	Company is building a new factory	Waterbury Republican- American 4/4/07
Northwest	2008	TnT Expense Management Newtown	Payroll	60	Company is building a new office and will expand	Danbury News-Times 6/20/07
Northwest	2007	Chef's Warehouse Ridgefield	Specialty Food Distribution	50-100	Company's moving its distrib. center from NY to CT	Danbury News-Times 6/20/07
Northwest	2007	Target Corp. Torrington	Retail Store	200	New store will be built off East Main Street	Waterbury Republican- American 4/12/06





## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### STARTUPS AND EXPANSIONS

WIA	STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Northwest	September 2007	Volubilis Food Inc. Waterbury	Olive Oil Processing	12	Company is establishing operations on Brookside Road	Waterbury Republican-American 7/22/07
Northwest	Summer 2007	Music Theatre International New Hartford	Scripts & Sheet Music	12	Company is relocating its warehouse from NY to CT	Waterbury Republican-American 3/6/07
Northwest	July 2007	Goodwill Industries Brookfield	Used Clothing Retailer	25	New 'Super Store' will open	Danbury News-Times 4/13/07
Northwest	July 2007	First Nat'l Bank of Litchfield New Milford	Bank	10	New branch will open	Waterbury Republican-American 5/10/06
Northwest	Spring 2007	Big Y Bethel	Supermarket	225	New supermarket is being built on Route 6	New Haven Register 1/29/07
Northwest	January 2007	Thomaston Savings Bank Middlebury	Banking Services	10	Bank is opening a new branch on Straits Turnpike	Waterbury Republican-American 7/12/06
Northwest	December 2006	Oil Purification Systems Waterbury	Oil Filters	45	Company has moved to CT from Florida	Waterbury Republican-American 12/14/06
South Central	2008	Yale-New Haven Hospital New Haven	Hospital	400	A new cancer center will be built	Hartford Courant 12/1/04
South Central	2008	Pilgrim Furniture Milford	Furniture Retailer	75-100	New store will open on Boston Post Road	Connecticut Post 8/10/07
South Central	October 2008	Griffin Hospital Wallingford	Healthcare	60	Hospital is expanding	Meriden Record-Journal 6/20/07
South Central	Summer 2008	Capitol Theater New London	Live Music Venue	80	Historic building will be renovated	New Londay Day 5/4/06
South Central	2007-2008	City of New Haven	Municipality	85	City will hire new police officers	WTNH-Channel 8 11/16/06
South Central	2007-2008	Premier eSecurity Milford	Spam Filters	20	Growing market for computer security	Hartford Courant 8/23/07
South Central	2007	Lowe's Milford	Home Improvement	500	New store will be built at the former jai-alai site	Connecticut Post 5/4/06
South Central	2007	Mortgage Lenders Network Wallingford	Financial Services	1,000	Company has expanded	New Haven Register 12/2/05
South Central	November 2007	Humphrey's Wallingford	Restaurant	40	New restaurant will open in the Wallingford Plaza	New Haven Register 8/15/07
South Central	September 2007	Health Haven Middletown	Nursing Home	100	Need more staff	Havenhealthcare.com
South Central	September 2007	L.L. Bean Orange	Outdoor Merchandise	25	Maine-based retailer will open an outlet store on Post Road	New Haven Register 8/8/07
South Central	Summer 2007	The Shack New London	Restaurant	15	Restaurant is moving from East Lyme and will expand	New Londay Day 7/19/07
South Central	August 2007	Wal-Mart Milford	Retail Store	286	New store opened in the Milford Crossing Center	New Haven Register 8/2/07
South Central	Spring 2007	Polylok, Inc. Wallingford	Molded Plastics	20	New headquarters will be built	New Haven Register 1/20/06
South Central	April 2007	Saybrook Country Barn Old Saybrook	Home Furnishings	10	Store is expanding at its current location	New Londay Day 1/23/07
South Central	April 2007	Golf Galaxy Milford	Golf Equipment Retailer	21	New store has opened on Boston Post Road	New Haven Register 4/10/07



# STATEWIDE

## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### STARTUPS AND EXPANSIONS

WIA	STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
South Central	March 2007	Starbucks New Haven	Coffee Shop	20-25	Franchise will open shop on Chapel Street	New Haven Register 1/24/07
South Central	March 2007	Wal-Mart West Haven	Retail Store	300	New store has opened on Sawmill Road	New Haven Register 3/14/07
South Central	December 2006	Moe's Southwest Grill Milford	Fast Food Restaurant	25	Franchise has opened a restaurant on Boston Post Road	New Haven Register 12/7/06
Southwest	2010	Gilbert & Bennett Mill Georgetown	Housing & Retail	1,500	Housing and retail complex will be built at Mill site	Hartford Courant 1/23/07
Southwest	2009	Swiss Army Brands Monroe	Knives	20-25	New company headquarters will lead to increase in employment	Connecticut Post 6/9/06
Southwest	2008	Walgreens Stamford	Drugstore	35	New store will be built at site of Suburban Cadillac-Pontiac	Stamford Advocate 3/16/06
Southwest	2008	Hawley Lane Shoes Shelton	Shoe Store	40	Company is moving from Trumbull and plans to expand	New Haven Register 1/4/06
Southwest	2008	Royal Bank of Scotland Stamford	Global Finance	800	New jobs when new building is completed	Connecticut Post 9/15/05
Southwest	2007	Webloyalty Norwalk	Online Services Marketing	40-90	Growing customer base	Stamford Advocate 9/5/06
Southwest	2007	Bank of New Canaan Fairfield	Banking Services	12-15	Expansion	Stamford Advocate 9/8/06
Southwest	2007	BJ's Wholesale Club Stratford	Wholesale Club	140	Store will open in the old Bradlees building	Connecticut Post 9/7/06
Southwest	2007	Wendy's Bridgeport	Fast Food Restaurant	30	Franchise will be built on Fairfield Avenue	Connecticut Post 9/19/06
Southwest	2007	Cervalis Stamford	Data Storage	15	New facility is being built	Stamford Advocate 10/13/06
Southwest	2007	Eurospeed USA Ansonia	Motorcycle Components	1,000	Work previously done in China will be done in CT	New Haven Register 1/29/07
Southwest	2007	BML Tool & Mfg. Monroe	Metal Stamping	18	Firm is moving from Fairfield and will expand	Connecticut Post 3/2/07
Southwest	September 2007	Zara Greenwich	Clothing & Accessories	40-50	National chain is opening a new store on Greenwich Avenue	Stamford Advocate 7/19/07
Southwest	August 2007	City of Bridgeport	Municipality	18	City hired new firefighters	Connecticut Post 8/23/07
Southwest	Summer 2007	Health Net Shelton	Health Insurance	110	Jobs resulting from ending venture with Guardian Life Ins.	Hartford Courant 2/28/07
Southwest	July 2007	Credit Suisse Securities Greenwich	Investment Products	25	Company to open a new office in Pickwick Plaza	Stamford Advocate 5/8/07
Southwest	July 2007	B.J. Ryan's Norwalk	Restaurant	20	Restaurant opening on corner of Main and Hoyt Streets	Stamford Advocate 7/11/07
Southwest	April 2007	Saltwater Grille Stamford	Restaurant	50	New restaurant will open at the site of Rusty Scupper	Stamford Advocate 1/19/07
Southwest	February 2007	Moore Physical Therapy Stamford	Physical Therapy	10	New business will open on Danbury Road	Stamford Advocate 12/5/06
Southwest	January 2007	Ferrante's Stamford	Restaurant	22	New restaurant is opening on Summer Street	Stamford Advocate 12/19/06



# STATEWIDE

## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### STARTUPS AND EXPANSIONS

WIA	STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Southwest	2006- 2007	City of Norwalk	Municipality	20	City is recruiting new police officers	Stamford Advocate 8/14/06
Southwest	December 2006	HSBC USA, Inc. Greenwich	Tax Advisory Services	40	New office opening	Stamford Advocate 9/19/06
Southwest	December 2006	Creative Metal Fab Stamford	Metal Work Fabrication	14	Company is moving to a larger building	Stamford Advocate 12/12/06
Southwest	November 2006	Tuesday Morning Corp. Wallingford	Retail Home Goods	20-30	New store has opened in Staples Plaza	New Haven Register 11/3/06
Southwest	November 2006	HSBC USA, Inc. Shelton & Stamford	International Bank	20-24	New branches have opened	New Haven Register 11/21/06

### LAYOFFS AND STAFF REDUCTIONS

WIA	LAYOFF/ REDUCTION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Statewide	Summer 2007	TD Banknorth, Inc. New Britain & Waterbury	Bank	15	Branches are closing	Hartford Courant 3/24/07
Statewide	February 2007	Tribune Company Hartford & New Haven	Television Stations	11	Workers are being replaced by technology	Hartford Courant 2/3/07
Eastern	2007	Pfizer Corp. Groton	Pharmaceuticals	300	Company will phase out manufacturing operations	Norwich Bulletin 6/20/06
Eastern	May 2007	Tweeter No. Haven, Milford, Waterford	Electronics Retailer	26	Stores are closing	New Haven Register 4/6/07
Eastern	April 2007	Helikon Furniture Co. Taftville	Office Furniture	25	Company is closing due to decline in earnings	New London Day 3/23/07
North Central	March 2009	Federal Reserve Bank Windsor Locks	Bank Payment Clearinghouse	146	Check cashing operations are moving to Philadelphia	Manchester Journal- Inquirer 6/28/07
North Central	September 2008	General Electric Plainville	Circuit Breakers	57	Industrial production plant will be closing	Bristol Press 8/10/07
North Central	Fall 2007	Pratt & Whitney East Hartford	Jet Engines	300	Company is trying to cut costs	Hartford Courant 8/14/07
North Central	October 2007	The Hartford Hartford & Windsor	Insurance	48	Information technology jobs are being outsourced	Hartford Courant 3/8/07
North Central	September 2007	Qualex, Inc. East Hartford	Photofinishing	81	Company closing due to digital photography	Hartford Courant 8/8/07
North Central	April 2007	The Hartford Hartford	Insurance	110	Data center jobs are being outsourced to IBM	Hartford Courant 1/24/07
North Central	March 2007	Hoke, Inc. Berlin	Valves	50	Plant has closed	New Britain Herald 3/7/07
North Central	March 2007	Lego Group Enfield	Toy Manufacturer	300	Production is being shifted to Mexico	WTNH-Channel 8 6/20/06
North Central	February 2007	Woodworking Loft Winsted	Woodworking	30	Company closed due to credit problems	Waterbury Republican- American 2/13/07
North Central	January 2007	Westinghouse Electric New Britain	Control Systems	58	Operations will be phased out due to declining workload	New Britain Herald 9/4/06



## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### LAYOFFS AND STAFF REDUCTIONS

WIA	LAYOFF/ REDUCTION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
North Central	January 2007	A.J. Wright Manchester	Retail Store	45	Store is closing	Manchester Journal- Inquirer 12/6/06
North Central	December 2006	Guardsmark, LLC Bristol	Security	40	Lost contract with ESPN	Hartford Courant 12/4/06
North Central	Fall 2006	Aetna, Inc. Hartford	Healthcare	280	Layoffs to reduce the cost structure	Bristol Press 10/13/06
Northwest	2007	The Timken Co. Torrington	Precision Bearings	88	Operations are moving to Ohio & New Hampshire	Hartford Courant 11/28/06
Northwest	Fall 2007	Hershey Co. Naugatuck	Candy Factory	200	Company is closing its Peter Paul facility	Waterbury Republican- American 4/25/07
Northwest	Summer 2007	Voltarc Technologies Waterbury	Electric Lamps	26	Layoffs due to foreign competition	Waterbury Republican- American 8/16/07
Northwest	September 2007	Pitney Bowes Danbury	Mail Equipment	48	Information technology jobs are being outsourced	Connecticut Post 7/20/07
Northwest	August 2007	Mark Ford-Mercury New Milford	Car Dealership	15	Construction on Rte 7 has impacted business	Danbury News-Times 8/24/07
Northwest	June 2007	IBM Southbury	Information Technology	45	Cut in workforce due to decline in earnings	Hartford Courant 5/3/07
Northwest	December 2006	EbLens Torrington	Casual Clothing	10-12	Store is closing	Waterbury Republican- American 12/15/06
Northwest	October 2006	New Milford Hospital New Milford	Hospital	20	Layoffs to reduce expenses	Danbury News-Times 10/3/06
South Central	Winter 2010	Clairol Stamford	Hair Color	235	Plant is closing and operations are moving to Mexico	Stamford Advocate 6/8/07
South Central	March 2008	Bayer West Haven	Pharmaceuticals	1,000	Research operation is closing	WTNH-Channel 8 11/9/06
South Central	2007	New Haven Copper Co. Seymour	Copper Mill	50	Plant closing due to reduced demand for copper	Hartford Courant 11/30/06
South Central	Fall 2007	General Electric Bridgeport	Appliance Switches	32	Plant is closing	Connecticut Post 11/13/06
South Central	July 2007	CuraGen Corp. New Haven	Proteins & Antibodies	40	Plant is closing	Hartford Courant 6/20/07
South Central	Spring 2007	Citigroup, Inc. New Haven	Financial Institution	75	Restructuring to reduce costs	New Haven Register 4/12/07
South Central	May 2007	Anthem Blue Cross North Haven	Insurance	67	Work is being outsourced to a Dallas-based company	New Haven Register 5/2/07
South Central	April 2007	American Medical Response New Haven	Medical Billing	51	Operations are being consolidated in Ohio	New Haven Register 2/14/07
South Central	April 2007	Webster Financial Corp. Hamden	Mortgages & Insurance	20	Mortgage operations have shut down and jobs outsourced	Hartford Courant 4/6/07
South Central	February 2007	Town & Country Corp. Middletown	Auto Dealership	85	Business is reorganizing	Hartford Courant 2/21/07
South Central	February 2007	Bennigan's Milford & Hamden	Restaurant	77	Restaurants closed due to decline in business	New Haven Register 3/1/07
South Central	January 2007	Mortgage Lenders Network Middletown	Subprime Mortgages	800	Slowing housing market and rising defaults by borrowers	Hartford Courant 1/3/07



# STATEWIDE

## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

### LAYOFFS AND STAFF REDUCTIONS

WIA	LAYOFF/ REDUCTION DATE	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# OF WORKERS INVOLVED	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Southwest	2007	Unilever Greenwich	Soap & Detergents	100	Office closing will offset expansion at Trumbull location	Hartford Courant 10/26/06
Southwest	June 2007	PanAmSat Holding Wilton	Data & Voice Communications	129	Office is closing as a result of merger with Intelsat Ltd.	Stamford Advocate 6/2/06
Southwest	April 2007	Ansonia Copper & Brass Ansonia	Copper & Brass Milling	84	Cutbacks due to high prices for energy and raw materials	Connecticut Post 2/2/07
Southwest	April 2007	Ameriquest Shelton	Subprime Mortgages	28	Office has closed	New Haven Register 4/11/07
Southwest	March 2007	Atrium Companies, Inc. Shelton	Windows & Doors	60	Facility is closing due to unfavorable market conditions	New Haven Register 1/10/07
Southwest	February 2007	Madison's Shelton	Restaurant & Banquet Hall	30	Closing due to lack of funding	Connecticut Post 2/13/07
Southwest	October 2006	Amaranth Advisors Greenwich	Hedge Funds	250	Funds are being liquidated	Stamford Advocate 10/7/06

SOURCE: 'Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media' (Aug. 2007)

This report is also available on the Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research website at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi)



## CHARACTERISTICS OF *CTWORKS* APPLICANTS

### Wagner-Peyser Program

#### By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	20,696	11,822	8,874	2,100	15,693	1,613	284	260	32	1,334	345
NC WIA	39,785	22,636	17,148	8,637	19,877	8,542	609	235	49	1,492	438
NW WIA	21,993	12,776	9,217	3,502	14,617	2,655	338	135	21	1,192	298
SC WIA	29,957	16,870	13,086	4,286	17,626	5,988	391	151	22	1,295	268
SW WIA	21,221	11,545	9,676	4,775	9,188	5,703	364	102	34	790	127
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>133,652</b>	<b>75,649</b>	<b>58,001</b>	<b>23,300</b>	<b>77,001</b>	<b>24,501</b>	<b>1,986</b>	<b>883</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>6,103</b>	<b>1,476</b>

#### By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2007							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	335	1,564	4,579	4,512	5,123	3,328	1,255	1,849	10,514	3,754	2,449	2,130
NC WIA	568	2,740	8,913	9,205	9,716	6,153	2,490	3,450	20,591	6,323	4,880	4,541
NW WIA	289	1,330	4,499	5,017	5,404	3,742	1,712	1,790	11,176	3,629	2,559	2,839
SC WIA	334	1,702	6,448	6,821	4,779	4,974	2,199	2,183	16,441	3,457	3,957	3,919
SW WIA	264	1,227	4,491	4,846	5,331	3,420	1,642	1,914	10,802	2,500	2,602	3,403
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>1,790</b>	<b>8,563</b>	<b>28,930</b>	<b>30,401</b>	<b>30,353</b>	<b>21,617</b>	<b>9,298</b>	<b>11,186</b>	<b>69,524</b>	<b>19,663</b>	<b>16,447</b>	<b>16,832</b>



# STATEWIDE

## CHARACTERISTICS OF *CTWORKS* APPLICANTS

### Jobs First Employment Services (JFES) Program

#### By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	1,950	355	1,595	584	1,392	267	16	9	4	24	19
NC WIA	5,895	861	5,034	2,866	2,980	1,497	56	9	6	29	60
NW WIA	2,524	417	2,107	1,034	1,537	474	16	0	1	22	19
SC WIA	3,320	426	2,894	1,061	1,438	1,294	36	0	1	21	83
SW WIA	2,569	338	2,231	1,005	1,010	1,042	28	2	6	23	11
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>16,258</b>	<b>2,397</b>	<b>13,861</b>	<b>6,550</b>	<b>8,357</b>	<b>4,574</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>192</b>

#### By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2007							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	5	224	894	541	242	40	4	711	281	704	232	22
NC WIA	26	1,023	2,672	1,429	602	140	3	2,587	366	2,111	746	85
NW WIA	8	427	1,110	668	260	50	1	1,090	183	924	285	42
SC WIA	7	454	1,550	837	401	68	0	1,162	374	1,316	418	50
SW WIA	7	405	1,173	628	308	48	3	1,025	272	858	368	46
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>2,533</b>	<b>7,399</b>	<b>4,103</b>	<b>1,813</b>	<b>346</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>6,575</b>	<b>1,476</b>	<b>5,913</b>	<b>2,049</b>	<b>245</b>





# STATEWIDE

## CHARACTERISTICS OF *CTWORKS* APPLICANTS

### WIA Programs (Adults, Dislocated Workers, National Emergency Grant, Youth)

#### By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	1,028	607	421	148	749	117	12	17	1	114	50
NC WIA	1,263	431	832	252	541	473	17	9	1	50	48
NW WIA	882	425	457	194	491	190	15	8	0	53	24
SC WIA	918	555	363	175	377	349	5	10	3	48	89
SW WIA	1,644	626	1,018	414	402	865	9	20	3	66	99
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>5,735</b>	<b>2,644</b>	<b>3,091</b>	<b>1,183</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>1,994</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>331</b>	<b>310</b>

#### By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2007							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	100	119	261	161	200	157	30	56	380	335	209	48
NC WIA	31	194	246	205	357	196	34	108	240	532	292	91
NW WIA	85	75	118	180	244	150	30	33	264	406	101	78
SC WIA	108	118	131	178	216	137	30	29	402	278	155	54
SW WIA	58	200	413	400	343	173	57	103	530	671	263	77
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>382</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>1,169</b>	<b>1,124</b>	<b>1,360</b>	<b>813</b>	<b>181</b>	<b>329</b>	<b>1,816</b>	<b>2,222</b>	<b>1,020</b>	<b>348</b>



# STATEWIDE

## CHARACTERISTICS OF *CTWORKS* APPLICANTS

### All Programs—Totals

#### By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	22,057	12,189	9,868	2,462	16,641	1,790	291	271	33	1,374	381
NC WIA	44,143	23,375	20,767	10,608	22,028	9,597	664	240	53	1,514	499
NW WIA	23,894	13,205	10,689	4,275	15,738	2,960	355	138	21	1,212	323
SC WIA	32,697	17,438	15,258	5,176	18,780	7,011	419	157	24	1,308	401
SW WIA	23,886	12,123	11,763	5,662	10,106	6,860	397	116	37	819	201
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>146,677</b>	<b>78,330</b>	<b>68,345</b>	<b>28,183</b>	<b>83,293</b>	<b>28,218</b>	<b>2,126</b>	<b>922</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>6,227</b>	<b>1,805</b>

#### By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2007

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2007							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	424	1,732	5,118	4,818	5,300	3,393	1,272	1,948	10,978	4,358	2,596	2,177
NC WIA	613	3,596	10,715	10,162	10,208	6,336	2,513	3,627	22,206	8,307	5,357	4,646
NW WIA	377	1,631	5,203	5,481	5,640	3,833	1,729	1,876	11,896	4,497	2,722	2,903
SC WIA	442	2,143	7,570	7,477	7,798	5,058	2,209	2,395	17,371	4,732	4,225	3,974
SW WIA	321	1,670	5,473	5,467	5,714	3,557	1,684	2,071	11,681	3,730	2,916	3,488
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>2,177</b>	<b>10,772</b>	<b>34,079</b>	<b>33,405</b>	<b>34,660</b>	<b>22,177</b>	<b>9,407</b>	<b>11,917</b>	<b>74,132</b>	<b>25,624</b>	<b>17,816</b>	<b>17,188</b>



# **Glossary of Terms**

**Base Period:** A selected period of time, frequently one year, against which changes to other points in time are calculated (*also see Index Number*).

**Benchmarking:** The process of re-estimating statistics as more complete data become available. Estimates are usually calculated using only a sample of the universe (total count). Therefore, benchmarking allows for correction of estimating errors. New benchmarking levels are introduced on an annual basis.

**Covered Employment:** Employment in any industry insured under the provisions of the Connecticut Unemployment Compensation Law.

**Current Population Survey:** A national household survey conducted each month by the Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information is gathered from a sample of about 60,000 households (1,200 in Connecticut) designed to represent the civilian non-institutional population of persons 16 years of age and over.

**Discouraged Workers:** Persons not included in the unemployment count who say they did not look for work because they think none is available, or they believe they lack the skills necessary to compete in the labor market.

**Dislocated Worker:** As defined under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, an individual who: 1. (a) has been terminated or laid off, or received notice of same; (b) is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation, or has demonstrated attachment to the workforce but is not eligible for unemployment compensation; and (c) is unlikely to return to a previous industry or occupation. 2. (a) has been terminated or laid off, or has received notice of same, as a result of permanent closure or substantial layoff at a plant, facility or enterprise; or (b) is employed at a facility at which employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close within 180 days; (c) for purposes of receiving certain services, is employed at a facility at which the employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close; (d) was self-employed but is unemployed as a result of general economic conditions in the community in which the individual resides or because of natural disasters; (e) is a displaced homemaker.

**Displaced Homemaker:** An individual who has been providing unpaid services to family members in the home and who: (a) has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by that income; and (b) is unemployed or underemployed and is experiencing difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment.

**Durable Goods:** Items with a normal life expectancy of three years or more. Automobiles, furniture, household appliances, and mobile homes are examples. Because of their nature, expenditures for durable goods are generally

postponable. Consequently, durable goods sales are the most volatile component of consumer expenditures.

**Employed Persons:** Those individuals who are 16 years of age and over who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month, or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-owned business, and individuals who were temporarily absent from their jobs due to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor dispute, or personal reasons. Excluded are persons whose only activity consists of work around the house and volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

**Employment Concentration:** Industry Employment Concentration, or Location Quotient reflects the importance of an industry to the economy of a geographical area, in terms of the number of jobs it provides. It is a calculated ratio that determines whether or not the local economy has a greater share of that industry than expected. This publication uses Location Quotients to compare workforce investment area employment by industry relative to Connecticut. A Location Quotient of greater than 1.0 indicates a higher level of employment concentration in an area, while a Location Quotient of 2.0 shows that an industry has twice the employment concentration in that area relative to Connecticut as a whole.

**Establishment:** An economic unit such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services. It is usually at a single physical location and engaged in one predominant type of economic activity.

**Family:** A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

**Farm Employment:** Persons who work as owners and operators of farms, as unpaid family workers on farms, or as hired workers who are engaged in farm activities.

**Full-Time Employment:** Employment of 35 or more hours per week.

**Household:** A household includes all the people who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence.

**Housing Permits:** Counted by the Bureau of the Census, new housing permits include permits issued for all new privately owned, attached and detached single-family houses.

**Index Number:** A measure of the relative changes occurring in a series of values compared with a base period. The base period usually equals 100, and any changes from it represent percentages. By use of an index number, large or unwieldy data, such as sales in thousands of dollars or costs in dollars and cents, are reduced to a form in which they can be readily understood.



**Industry:** A generic term for a distinct group of economic activities. Industries are described and classified by their primary activity or product.

**Initial Claim:** A notice filed by a worker, at the beginning of a period of unemployment, requesting a determination of insured status for jobless benefits.

**Labor Force:** All persons 16 years of age and over who are classified as employed, unemployed and seeking employment, or involved in a labor-management dispute. The labor force does not include persons who never worked a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer and “discouraged workers” who have been unemployed for a substantial length of time and are no longer actively seeking employment. Members of the armed forces stationed either in the United States or abroad are counted by their place of residence. The civilian labor force excludes members of the armed forces and the institutionalized population.

**Labor Force Participation Rate:** The proportion of the total civilian non-institutional population or of a demographic subgroup of that population classified as “in the labor force.”

**Labor Market Area (LMA):** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, an economically integrated geographic area within which individuals can reside and find employment within a reasonable distance or can readily change employment without changing their place of residence.

**Labor Market Information (LMI):** The body of information that deals with the functioning of labor markets and the determination of the demand for and supply of labor. It includes, but is not limited to, such key factors as changes in the level and/or composition of economic activity, the population, employment and unemployment, income and earnings, wage rates, and fringe benefits.

**Labor Surplus Area:** A civil jurisdiction where the average unemployment rate is at least 20 percent above the average unemployment for all states, or its unemployment during the previous two calendar years was ten percent or more. The designation allows establishments in the area preference in bidding for certain federal contracts.

**Location Quotients:** Measures an industry’s concentration or specialization in one geographical area relative to a larger area (also see *Employment Concentration*).

**Manufacturing:** Includes establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products. These establishments are usually described as plants, factories, or mills and characteristically use power-driven machines and materials handling equipment. The new product of a

manufacturing establishment may be “finished” in the sense that it is ready for utilization and consumption, or it may be “semi-finished” to become a raw material for an establishment engaged in further manufacturing.

**Median:** The middle value or midpoint between two middle values in a set of data arranged in order of increasing or decreasing magnitude. As such, one-half of the items in the set are less than the median and one-half are greater.

**Median Income:** The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families, including those with no income.

**Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA):** The general concept of a Metropolitan Statistical Area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Connecticut currently has seven Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget.

**Money Income:** Census-based money income is derived from a sample of individuals 15 years of age and older, and consists only of income that is received by individuals in cash and its equivalents.

**Nondurable Goods:** Items that generally last for only a short period of time (three years or less). Food, beverages, apparel, and gasoline are common examples. Because of their nature, nondurable goods are generally purchased when needed.

**Nonfarm Employment:** The total number of persons on establishment payroll employed full- or part-time who received pay for any part of the pay-period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid sick leave, on paid holiday, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, is included. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data exclude proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay-period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed.

**Occupation:** A name or title of a job that identifies a set of activities or tasks that employees are paid to perform. Employees that perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether or not they are in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few particular industries, other occupations are found in the majority of industries.



**Part-Time Employment:** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in which a worker is regularly scheduled to work fewer than 35 hours a week.

**Per Capita Personal Income:** The annual total personal income of residents divided by resident population as of July 1st of current year.

**Personal Income:** Measures the net earnings, rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments by place of residence before the deduction of personal income taxes and other personal taxes. Reported in current dollars.

**Private Household Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in private households such as child care workers, cooks, housekeepers or other household staff.

**Production Worker:** Employees, up through the level of working supervisor, who are directly engaged in the manufacture of the product of an establishment. Among those excluded from this category are persons in executive and managerial positions and persons engaged in activities such as accounting, sales, advertising, routine clerical work, and professional and technical functions.

**SAGA (State-Administered General Assistance):** Provides cash, medical, and emergency assistance to persons who do not qualify for federal and state assistance programs, such as Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Family Assistance (TFA), and Medicaid.

**Seasonal Adjustments:** The adjustment of time-series data to eliminate the effect of intra-year variations that tend to occur each year in approximately the same manner. Examples of such variations include school terms, holidays, and yearly weather patterns.

**Seasonal Industry:** An industry in which activity is affected by regularly recurring weather changes, holidays, vacations, etc. The construction and recreational industries are typically characterized as “seasonal.”

**Self-Employed Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Self-employed persons whose businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation.

**Underemployed:** Persons working full- or part-time in jobs that are below their earning capacity or level of competence. The terms “underemployed” and “underutilized” are used interchangeably. Underemployment has also been defined as “involuntary part-time” employment or employment of a person on a part-time basis when full-time work is desired.

**Unemployed:** Persons who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and: (a) had

engaged in any specific job-seeking activity within the past four weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (b) were waiting to be called back from a job from which they had been laid off; or (c) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

**Unemployment Rate:** Represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate eliminates the influence of regularly recurring seasonal fluctuations which can be ascribed to weather, crop-growing cycles, holidays, vacations, etc., and therefore, more clearly shows the underlying basic trend of unemployment.

**Units:** (see *Establishment*)

**Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998:** Represents significant changes to federal statutes governing programs of job training, adult education and literacy, and vocational rehabilitation in order to establish a coordinated, streamlined and more flexible workforce development system. It is a revitalized system that focuses on providing *employers* with skilled workers, and the economic and workforce information they need to conduct business effectively - and on providing *workers* with the information, advice, job search assistance, and training they need to get and keep good jobs.

**Worksite:** A worksite is an economic unit, generally at a single physical location, where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed (e.g. factory, mill, store, hotel, restaurant).



**Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research Publications:**

**BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA**

**CONNECTICUT CAREER PATHS**

**CONNECTICUT DATA FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANS**

**CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST, THE**

**CONNECTICUT LABOR MARKET INFORMATION AT-A-GLANCE**

**CONNECTICUT'S EVOLVING ECONOMY**

**CONNECTICUT LABOR SITUATION**

**CONNECTICUT OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT & WAGES**

**CONNECTICUT WORKFORCE DEMANDS**

**EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY SPECIAL CENSUS FILE**

**INFORMATION FOR WORKFORCE INVESTMENT PLANNING**

**CONNECTICUT FORECAST**

**LABOR FORCE DATA FOR LABOR MARKET AREAS & TOWNS**

**SOARING TO NEW HEIGHTS...CONNECTICUT JOB OUTLOOK**

**WRITING YOUR RÉSUMÉ FOR SUCCESS**

**YOUR JOB SEARCH GUIDE**

**Many of these publications are available online at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi)**