THE CONNECTICUT

ECONOMIC DIGEST

Vol.20 No.10 A joint publication of the Connecticut Department of Labor & the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development

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IN THIS ISSUE...

Introducing the Connecticut Town
Economic Index (CTEI) 1-3, 5
Occupational Profile: Information
•
Security Analysts4
Essessia le disetana
Economic Indicators
on the Overall Economy
Individual Data Items 6-8
Comparative Regional Data9
Economic Indicator Trends 10-11
Help Wanted OnLine15
Business and Employment Changes
Announced in the News Media 19
Labor Market Areas:
Nonfarm Employment 12-17
Sea. Adj. Nonfarm Employment14
Labor Force18
Hours and Earnings19
Cities and Towns:
Labor Force 20-21
Housing Permits22
Technical Notes

In August...

At a Glance 24

In August
Nonfarm Employment Connecticut
United States142,288,000 Change over month +0.12% Change over year +2.1%
Unemployment Rate Connecticut5.3% United States5.1%
Consumer Price Index United States

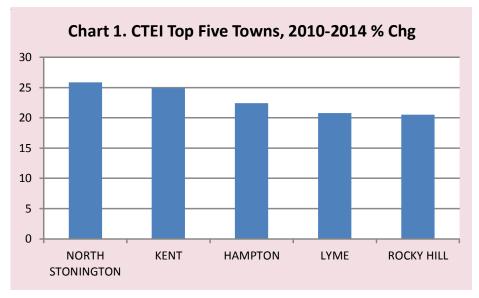
Introducing the Connecticut Town Economic Index (CTEI)

By Jungmin Charles Joo, DOL, jungmin.joo@ct.gov

he Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research developed the **Connecticut Town Economic** Index (CTEI), an annual composite index of all 169 cities and towns in Connecticut. This index measures each town or city's overall economic health, which can be ranked and compared to others to gain perspective of its performance each year. Four annual average town economic indicators were used as components, which are total covered business establishments, total covered employment, real covered wages, and the unemployment rate.

Establishments are the physical work units located in the town. Employment is the number of employees on payroll in the establishments that are

located in the town who are covered under the unemployment insurance law (nearly the universe count of all the employees in each town). Wages are the average of the aggregate wages earned divided by the total average employment. Establishments, employment and wages are proxy for each town's business activities and its overall economic strength, while the unemployment rate measures the overall economic health of its residents. Each of the four components was given a 25 percent weight. CTEI's base year is 2010, which equals 100. The wage component was adjusted to 2010 dollars and unemployment rate changes were inversed to reflect the right direction. By combining these four major economic indicators, the index



ECONOMIC DIGEST

The Connecticut Economic Digest is published monthly by the Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research, and the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development. Its purpose is to regularly provide users with a comprehensive source for the most current, up-to-date data available on the workforce and economy of the state, within perspectives of the region and nation.

The annual subscription is \$50. Send subscription requests to: *The Connecticut Economic Digest*, Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research, 200 Folly Brook Boulevard, Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114. Make checks payable to the Connecticut Department of Labor. Back issues are \$4 per copy. The Digest can be accessed free of charge from the DOL Web site. Articles from *The Connecticut Economic Digest* may be reprinted if the source is credited. Please send copies of the reprinted material to the Managing Editor. The views expressed by the authors are theirs alone and may not reflect those of the DOL or DECD.

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We would like to acknowledge the contributions of many DOL Research and DECD staff and Rob Damroth to the publication of the Digest.

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E-Mail: decd@ct.gov Website: http://www.decd.org gives a broad measure of business and resident economic health of each town, and can be compared with among them.

CTEI: 2013 to 2014

Reflecting an ongoing economic recovery, business and labor conditions of nearly all cities and towns in Connecticut continued to improve over the year (Table 1). The biggest percentage increase occurred in Canaan (+16.7%), Cornwall (+15.9%), and Hampton (+13.3%). Just five towns out of 169 experienced a decrease in 2014, which are Scotland (-4.9%), Sterling (-1.7%), Warren (-1.0%), Chaplin (-0.5%), and Franklin (-0.4%).

Of the five largest cities in the State with a 2010 Census population of 100,000 or more, New Haven had the fastest overall economic recovery in 2014 (+6.6%). Waterbury experienced the slowest growth (+3.9%), and was below the statewide growth rate of 5.2%. All in all, almost half of the cities and towns had index growth rates above the statewide rate (See table on page 3).

CTEI: 2010 to 2014

When compared with 2010, when the employment recovery began in Connecticut, almost all

cities and towns showed positive economic growth as well. North Stonington (+25.8%), Kent (+24.9%), Hampton (+22.4%), Lyme (20.8%), and Rocky Hill (20.5%) topped the list (Chart 1). Only Colebrook (-7.9%), Warren (-2.8%), Union (-2.4%), Norfolk (-1.2%), and New London (-1.0%) have yet to show signs of overall economic recovery when new business formations, jobs, real wages, and unemployment rates are all factored in.

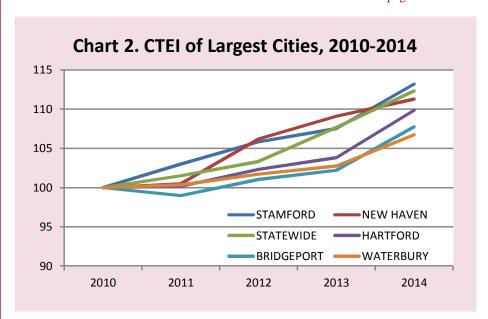
Among the largest cities, as Chart 2 shows, Stamford had performed the best between 2010 and 2014 (+13.2%). Both Stamford and New Haven grew above the statewide economic recovery rate of 10.7%. Overall, nearly 60% of all cities and towns in Connecticut recovered faster than that over the five year period.

The Components of CTEI:

Establishments

The total number of business establishments in Connecticut rose by 0.8% to 114,608 over the year. Stamford continued to have the largest number of businesses, with 5,668 units in 2014, an increase of 1.6% over the year. Greenwich, Hartford,

-continued on page 5-



	CC	NNF	CTIC	:UT	TOWN ECON	IOMI	C INC	FX (2010-	-100) 2011	-2014	*		
Town/City	2011				Town/City	2011				Town/City		2012	2013	2014
Andover	96.2				Griswold	99.1	96.0			Prospect		106.7		
Ansonia	99.8	99.6			Groton	101.2	103.7			Putnam	99.6	100.5	103.1	109.9
Ashford	102.2				Guilford	100.9	107.5	108.9	114.7	Redding	101.2	103.4	105.6	114.6
Avon					Haddam					Ridgefield		102.6		
Barkhamsted					Hamden					Rocky Hill		104.0		
Beacon Falls					Hampton					Roxbury		103.5		
Bethlehem					Hartford		102.3							104.0
Berlin	103.9	107.2	110.4	114.9	Hartland	101.3	101.6	105.8	109.1	Salisbury	100.5	103.7	104.7	112.1
Bethany	104.2	106.8	108.4	115.5	Harwinton					Scotland	110.4	106.5	105.9	100.7
Bethel	103.4	103.0	108.4	109.8	Hebron	103.4	104.7	107.9	111.9	Seymour	101.2	103.7	106.8	111.4
Bloomfield	102.2	104.2	106.9	112.2	Kent	106.9	112.0	116.3	124.9	Sharon	99.7	102.2	102.2	107.8
Bolton	99.4	104.3	106.9	113.0	Killingly	101.2	101.2	104.7	112.9	Shelton	98.7	103.1	106.7	110.8
Bozrah	99.8				Killingworth	101.0	100.3	99.0	105.5	Sherman	99.9	102.3	106.8	113.2
Branford	100.5	101.7	106.1	112.6	Lebanon			107.3	113.8	Simsbury	102.3	104.2	105.6	110.4
Bridgeport	99.0	101.1	102.2	107.8	Ledyard	98.5	97.4	99.8	103.7	Somers	103.0	101.1	104.8	107.8
Bridgewater	95.2	96.8	97.2	101.1	Lisbon	101.4	102.7	104.5	105.9	South Windsor	102.8	105.9	108.2	112.2
Bristol	102.6	107.4	110.2	116.8	Litchfield	101.6	102.6	106.1	110.4	Southbury	101.3	103.3	103.0	107.3
Brookfield	101.8	103.6	107.1	113.3	Lyme	107.3	114.5	117.2	120.8	Southington	101.1	103.1	106.2	113.0
Brooklyn	101.3	102.4	106.1	111.0	Madison	100.5	102.4	105.8	113.3	Sprague	95.7			102.2
Burlington	99.6	101.5	108.8	116.0	Manchester					Stafford	100.2	99.7	102.5	108.4
Canaan	93.3	93.7	99.0	115.5	Mansfield	98.8	99.5	101.7	109.4	Stamford	103.0	105.8	107.5	113.2
Canterbury	100.8	103.0	107.3	113.9	Marlborough	103.9	108.2	111.0	115.9	Sterling	101.2	101.8	104.5	102.7
Canton	105.0	110.7	115.4	119.6	Meriden	100.8	102.8	103.7	108.0	Stonington	102.2	103.8	104.6	105.7
Chaplin	102.1	105.5	108.5	107.9	Middlebury	101.2	104.1	110.5	113.8	Stratford	100.0	101.5	103.0	108.1
Cheshire	100.3	104.3	108.3	113.9	Middlefield	103.6	107.8	109.6	116.2	Suffield	99.4	100.2	103.9	109.9
Chester	103.2	107.5	109.6	115.0	Middletown	100.4	102.2	103.7	108.9	Thomaston	103.5	104.6	108.3	114.4
Clinton	100.7	103.1	104.8	109.7	Milford	102.2	105.8	109.7	114.9	Thompson	103.7	107.8	109.0	120.4
Colchester	100.3	104.4	107.7	116.9	Monroe	101.3	105.3	109.2	113.7	Tolland	104.4	106.4	102.9	108.5
Colebrook	96.2	89.0	92.1	92.1	Montville	99.7	99.8	101.3	107.9	Torrington	101.5	104.1	107.3	112.8
Columbia	99.5	102.5	104.2	107.8	Morris	100.6	108.8	114.2	116.4	Trumbull	101.7	101.4	102.6	104.3
Cornwall	105.4	103.9	99.5	115.3	Naugatuck	101.6	104.3	106.6	111.7	Union	90.3	93.4	94.1	97.6
Coventry	102.1	102.1	106.4	110.9	New Britain	101.1	102.4	104.5	110.5	Vernon	101.6	100.0	103.6	109.0
Cromwell	101.5	105.7	111.2	116.9	New Canaan	103.0	103.2	104.8	111.8	Voluntown	100.6	102.0	102.0	109.3
Danbury	102.0	104.9	108.8	115.3	New Fairfield	100.5	101.4	103.3	111.3	Wallingford	101.3	105.0	109.1	114.3
Darien	101.4	101.5	103.2	111.1	New Hartford	102.1	104.3	105.1	109.1	Warren	100.9	99.1	98.2	97.2
Deep River					New Haven	99.9	102.0	104.6	111.5	Washington	99.6	101.6	103.9	107.6
Derby					New London	95.7				Waterbury	100.4	101.7	102.7	106.7
Durham	100.5	106.2	109.1	111.3	New Milford	99.0	100.1	101.7	107.9	Waterford	98.9	98.4	101.2	109.0
East Granby					Newington	100.4	103.5	108.3	117.8	Watertown	101.3	103.0	105.5	110.4
East Haddam	100.5	100.6	103.6	107.9	Newtown	101.0	103.1	110.2	117.5	West Hartford	101.4	103.9	107.9	114.0
East Hampton					North Branford	100.1				West Haven	99.8	101.1	103.9	110.1
East Hartford					North Canaan	95.6	93.6	91.7	98.8	Westbrook		105.8		
East Haven					North Haven					Weston		101.0		
East Lyme					North Stonington					Westport	102.1	100.2	98.2	103.5
East Windsor					Norfolk					Wethersfield		102.8		
Eastford	103.4	110.5	113.0	118.2	Norwalk					Willington		104.3		
Easton					Norwich		119.1				98.8	97.4	103.9	112.8
Ellington					Old Lyme					Winchester		105.5		
Enfield					Old Saybrook					Windham		102.7		
Essex					Orange					Windsor		102.1		
Fairfield					Oxford					Windsor Locks		102.1		
Farmington					Plainfield					Wolcott		103.4		
Franklin					Plainville					Woodbridge		107.4		
Glastonbury					Plymouth					Woodbury		104.3		
Goshen					Pomfret					Woodstock	101.4	103.4	106.3	114.2
Granby					Portland		106.2				400.5	1000	405.5	110=
Greenwich	98.9	99.8	100.4	107.1	Preston	100.1	100.6	103.1	105.9	CONNECTICUT	100.9	102.8	105.2	110.7
* 2010 - 100 fc	11.400		1.4											

^{* 2010 = 100} for all 169 cities and towns

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE: Information Security Analysts

By Sarah Pilipaitis, Economist, DOL, sarah.pilipaitis@ct.gov

nformation security analysts plan, implement, upgrade, or monitor security measures for the protection of computer networks and information. They may ensure appropriate security controls are in place that will safeguard digital files and vital electronic infrastructure. Additionally, information security analysts may respond to computer security breaches and viruses.¹

To become an information security analyst, a bachelor's degree in computer science, programming, or a related field is typically required. Employers sometimes prefer applicants who have a Master's of Business Administration (MBA) in information systems. An MBA program in information systems generally requires two years of study beyond the undergraduate level and includes both business and computer-related courses.²

As of May 2014, 780 of the nation's 80,180 information security analysts work in Connecticut. Connecticut has

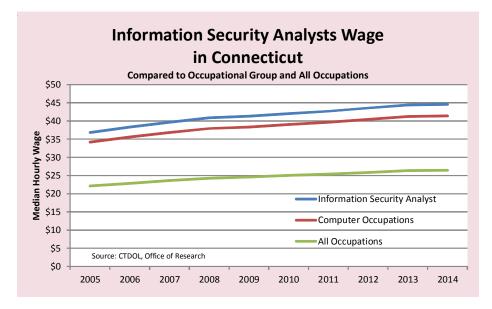
a below average concentration of the occupation with a location quotient of 0.79. A location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. The states with the largest employment level of information security analysts are: Virginia (10,270), California (7,700), Texas (6,170), New York (4,760), and Florida (3,790). The highest concentration of jobs and location quotients for this occupation can be found in Virginia, Arkansas, Maryland, District of Columbia, and Arizona.1

The annual mean wage in 2014 for information security analysts in Connecticut was \$91,920. This is slightly higher than the national annual mean wage of \$88,890 for the occupation. The top paying states for this occupation are: New York (\$111,970), New Jersey (\$107,390), California (\$106,200), District of Columbia (\$105,440), and Virginia (\$104,700).1

As cyberattacks continue to grow in frequency and sophistication, businesses have shown an increase in demand for information security analysts. In fact, the occupation is expected to grow much faster than the average for all occupations at 37% according to the 2012 to 2022 outlook. Computer occupations in general are expected to grow 18% and all occupations have an expected growth rate of 11%. In Connecticut, the occupation is expected to have a lower, though still above average, growth rate at 19%.³

The top employing industries for information security analysts in Connecticut are financial activities with 47% and professional and business services with 45%. The remaining analysts can be found in the manufacturing, trade, transportation & utilities, and education & health services industries.⁴ Nationally, the largest employing industries for the occupation are professional, scientific and technical services (39%), finance and insurance (19%), and information (10%).⁵

As the reliance on computers grows, so will the need for the information security analyst occupation. It is crucial for industries ranging from healthcare to government to protect their vital information from hackers.



¹ http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes151122.htm

http://www.onetonline.org/link/summary/15-1122.00#Education

Information Security	Emplo	yment	Paraont Change	Projected Annual	
Analysts	2012	2022	Percent Change	Job Openings ¹	
United States	75,100	102,500	37%	3,920	
Connecticut	730	870	19%	30	

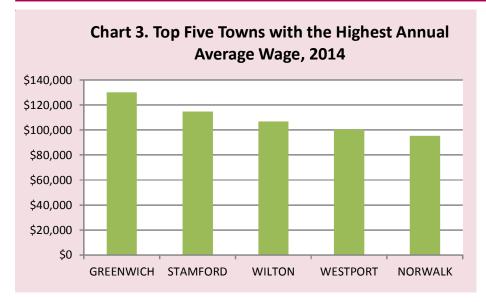
Projected Annual Job Openings refers to the average annual job openings due to growth and net replacement.

² http://www.bls.gov/ooh/computer-and-information-technology/information-security-analysts.htm#tab-4

³ http://www.onetonline.org/link/details/15-

^{1122.00#}WagesEmployment

⁴ http://www1.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/wages/ statewide/15-1122.asp



-continued from page 2-

Norwalk, and New Haven rounded out the top five. From 2010 to 2014, Connecticut's number of businesses rose 3.0%.

Employment

Last year's average statewide employment rose 0.8% from 2013 and 3.6% from 2010. Hartford employment was the largest of all 169 cities and towns at 112,107 in 2014, a 0.6% decline over the year and a 2.9% increase since 2010. Over half of the cities and towns in the State experienced job recovery over the year, and

eight out of ten have added jobs since the employment recovery began in 2010.

Wages

Nearly all cities and towns posted wage gains both over the vear and from 2010. The statewide annual average wage was \$63,909 per worker, a 2.6% increase over 2013 and a 7.5% increase over 2010. The highest average was earned in Greenwich at \$130,268 (Chart 3), a 4.6% increase from 2013 and a -5.5% decline from 2010.

Unemployment Rate

Hartford posted the highest unemployment rate of 12.2% in the State last year, a drop from 15.6% in 2010. The residents of Waterbury (10.7%), Bridgeport (10.2%) and New London (9.7%) also experienced high unemployment rates in 2014. Overall, the statewide rate fell from 9.1% in 2010 to 6.6% in 2014. For a further analysis and the complete table of unemployment rates by all cities and towns for 2010 through 2014, see "Annual Town Unemployment Rates, 2010-2014" in the July 2015 issue of the Connecticut Economic Digest.

Conclusion

All in all, CTEI shows that most cities and towns have been recovering steadily from 2010. Although few towns are still showing no immediate signs of economic recovery, this may all change by the end of 2015. CTEI is planned to be published annually in the Digest so that each town's economic trend can be tracked and analyzed and to gain perspective with respect to each other.

GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS

	2Q	2Q	CHAN	IGE	1Q
(Seasonally adjusted)	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
General Drift Indicator (1996=100)*					
Leading	113.1	113.0	0.1	0.1	113.0
Coincident	114.9	112.9	2.0	1.8	115.0
Farmington Bank Business Barometer (1992=100)**	131.2	128.4	2.8	2.2	131.2
Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index (July 1992=100)***	Aug	Aug			Jul
(Seasonally adjusted)	2015	2014			2015
Connecticut	168.66	161.86	6.80	4.2	168.07
United States	175.11	169.28	5.83	3.4	174.66

Sources: *Dr. Steven P. Lanza, University of Connecticut **Farmington Bank ***Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia

General Drift Indicators are composite measures of the four-quarter change in three coincident (Connecticut Manufacturing Production Index, nonfarm employment, and real personal income) and three leading (housing permits, manufacturing average weekly hours, and initial unemployment claims) economic variables, and are indexed so 1996 = 100.

The Farmington Bank Business Barometer is a measure of overall economic growth in the state of Connecticut that is derived from non-manufacturing employment, real disposable personal income, and manufacturing production.

The Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index summarizes current economic condition by using four coincident variables: nonfarm payroll employment, average hours worked in manufacturing, the unemployment rate, and wage and salary disbursements deflated by the consumer price index (U.S. city average).

Total nonfarm employment increased over the year.

Total nonfarm EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

Aug	Aug	CHA	NGE	Jul
2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
1,698.9	1,665.7	33.2	2.0	1,695.7
0.5	0.6	-0.1	-16.7	0.5
58.1	56.4	1.7	3.0	58.6
161.7	159.2	2.5	1.6	161.2
307.6	300.5	7.1	2.4	306.6
31.7	32.0	-0.3	-0.9	31.7
130.4	128.6	1.8	1.4	131.1
217.0	211.8	5.2	2.5	217.1
332.9	325.9	7.0	2.1	330.4
154.8	149.5	5.3	3.5	155.8
63.9	63.0	0.9	1.4	63.7
240.3	238.2	2.1	0.9	239.0
	2015 1,698.9 0.5 58.1 161.7 307.6 31.7 130.4 217.0 332.9 154.8 63.9	2015 2014 1,698.9 1,665.7 0.5 0.6 58.1 56.4 161.7 159.2 307.6 300.5 31.7 32.0 130.4 128.6 217.0 211.8 332.9 325.9 154.8 149.5 63.9 63.0	2015 2014 NO. 1,698.9 1,665.7 33.2 0.5 0.6 -0.1 58.1 56.4 1.7 161.7 159.2 2.5 307.6 300.5 7.1 31.7 32.0 -0.3 130.4 128.6 1.8 217.0 211.8 5.2 332.9 325.9 7.0 154.8 149.5 5.3 63.9 63.0 0.9	2015 2014 NO. % 1,698.9 1,665.7 33.2 2.0 0.5 0.6 -0.1 -16.7 58.1 56.4 1.7 3.0 161.7 159.2 2.5 1.6 307.6 300.5 7.1 2.4 31.7 32.0 -0.3 -0.9 130.4 128.6 1.8 1.4 217.0 211.8 5.2 2.5 332.9 325.9 7.0 2.1 154.8 149.5 5.3 3.5 63.9 63.0 0.9 1.4

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Source: Connecticut Department of Labor * Includes Native American tribal government employment

Labor force participation rate increased from a year ago.

UNEMPLOYMENT					
•	Aug	Aug	CHANG	Е	Jul
(Seasonally adjusted)	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
Labor Force, resident (000s)	1,903.1	1,886.8	16.3 0	.9	1,910.8
Employed (000s)	1,803.0	1,766.7	36.3 2	.1	1,807.1
Unemployed (000s)	100.2	120.0	-19.8 -16	.5	103.7
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.3	6.4	-1.1 ·		5.4
Labor Force Participation Rate (%)	66.0	65.8	0.2		66.3
Employment to Population Ratio (%)	62.6	61.6	1.0		62.7
Average Weekly Initial Claims	4,086	4,183	-98 -2	.3	3,799
Avg. Insured Unemp. Rate (%)	2.73	3.12	-0.40		2.58
	2Q2015	2Q2014			1Q2015
U-6 Rate (%)	12.1	13.2	-1.1		12.5

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

The production worker weekly earnings rose over the year.

MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY											
	Aug	Aug	СНА	NGE	Jul	Jun					
(Not seasonally adjusted)	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015	2015					
Production Worker Avg Wkly Hours	39.7	40.0	-0.3	-0.7	39.4						
Prod. Worker Avg Hourly Earnings	25.29	22.50	2.79	12.4	25.22						
Prod. Worker Avg Weekly Earnings	1,004.01	900.00	104.01	11.6	993.67						
CT Mfg. Prod. Index, NSA (2009=100)	130.1	130.2	-0.1	-0.1	127.4	128.5					
Production Worker Hours (000s)	3,942	3,869	73	1.9	3,897						
Industrial Electricity Sales (mil kWh)*	314	330	-16.2	-4.9	307	311					
CT Mfg. Prod. Index, SA (2009=100)	118.3	117.0	1.3	1.1	119.2	123.6					

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Department of Energy *Latest two months are forecasted.

Personal income for first quarter 2016 is forecasted to increase 2.5 percent from a year earlier.

INCOME					
(Seasonally adjusted)	1Q*	1Q	CHAI	NGE	4Q*
(Annualized; \$ Millions)	2016	2015	NO.	%	2015
Personal Income	\$235,233	\$229,450	5,783	2.5	\$233,774
UI Covered Wages**	\$111,714	\$108,350	3,363	3.1	\$110,863

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

*Forecasted by Connecticut Department of Labor

**1Q 2015 is estimated

BUSINESS ACTIVITY

•			Y/Y %	YEAR TO	DATE	%
	MONTH	LEVEL	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
New Housing Permits*	Aug 2015	304	-27.4	3,517	3,766	-6.6
Electricity Sales (mil kWh)	Jul 2015	2,757	0.1	17,385	17,365	0.1
Construction Contracts						
Index (1980=100)	Aug 2015	223.7	-11.2			
New Auto Registrations	Aug 2015	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Exports (Bil. \$)	2Q 2015	4.10	3.3	8.03	8.09	-0.7
S&P 500: Monthly Close	Aug 2015	1,972.18	-1.6			

S&P 500 monthly close fell over the year.

Sources: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development; U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration; Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; F.W. Dodge; Connecticut Department of Motor Vehicles; Wisertrade.org

BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS

			Y/Y % YEAR TO DATE			%
	MO/QTR	LEVEL	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
STARTS						
Secretary of the State	Jul 2015	2,427	5.8	15,007	15,960	-6.0
Department of Labor	4Q 2014	1,545	-7.6	7,631	8,231	-7.3
TERMINATIONS						
Secretary of the State	Jul 2015	931	12.7	6,868	5,503	24.8
Department of Labor	4Q 2014	2,071	-28.7	6,765	8,246	-18.0

Net business formation, as measured by starts minus stops registered with the Secretary of the State, was up over the year.

Sources: Connecticut Secretary of the State; Connecticut Department of Labor

STATE REVENUES

Gaming payments were down from a year ago.

				YEAR TO DATE		
	Aug	Aug	%			%
(Millions of dollars)	2015	2014	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
TOTAL ALL REVENUES*	776.5	658.9	17.9	11,790.0	11,163.1	5.6
Corporate Tax	14.9	34.3	-56.5	564.7	460.2	22.7
Personal Income Tax	295.3	284.1	3.9	6,510.0	6,141.2	6.0
Real Estate Conv. Tax	11.3	13.2	-14.4	120.2	119.4	0.7
Sales & Use Tax	351.6	217.9	61.4	2,846.2	2,631.0	8.2
Gaming Payments**	24.2	26.1	-7.2	179.5	186.4	-3.7

Sources: Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; Division of Special Revenue *Includes all sources of revenue; Only selected sources are displayed; Most July receipts are credited to the prior fiscal year and are not shown. **See page 23 for explanation.

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IUUK			NAVL

			Y/Y %	YEAR TO DATE %
	MONTH	LEVEL	CHG	CURRENT PRIOR CHG
Info Center Visitors	Aug 2015	38,331	-25.3	144,216 221,339 -34.8
Major Attraction Visitors*	Aug 2015	1,000,491	16.5	4,602,398 4,477,686 2.8
Air Passenger Count	Jul 2015	534,071	-1.0	3,457,061 3,411,365 1.3
Gaming Slots (Mil.\$)**	Aug 2015	1,170.3	-5.6	8,617.4 8,902.3 -3.2

Gaming slots fell over the year.

Sources: Connecticut Department of Transportation, Bureau of Aviation and Ports; Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism; Division of Special Revenue

^{*} Estimated by the Bureau of the Census

^{*}Attraction participants expanded from 6 to 23 beginning with July 2015 data

^{**}See page 23 for explanation

Compensation cost for the nation rose 1.9 percent over the year.

EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX

	Seasonally Adjusted			Not Seasonally Adjusted		
Private Industry Workers	Jun	Mar	3-Mo	Jun	Jun	12-Mo
(Dec. 2005 = 100)	2015	2015	% Chg	2015	2014	% Chg
UNITED STATES TOTAL	123.2	123.2	0.0	123.3	121.0	1.9
Wages and Salaries	122.8	122.6	0.2	122.9	120.3	2.2
Benefit Costs	124.2	124.5	-0.2	124.4	122.7	1.4
NORTHEAST TOTAL				124.3	121.8	2.1
Wages and Salaries				123.2	120.6	2.2

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. inflation rate rose 0.2 percent over the year.

CONSUMER NEWS				
	% CHANGE			
(Not seasonally adjusted)	MO/QTR	LEVEL	Y/Y	P/P*
CONSUMER PRICES CPI-U (1982-84=100)				
U.S. City Average	Aug 2015	238.316	0.2	-0.1
Purchasing Power of \$ (1982-84=\$1.00)	Aug 2015	0.420	-0.2	0.1
Northeast Region	Aug 2015	252.903	-0.1	-0.2
NY-Northern NJ-Long Island	Aug 2015	261.347	0.1	0.1
Boston-Brockton-Nashua** CPI-W (1982-84=100)	Jul 2015	256.999	0.7	0.1
U.S. City Average	Aug 2015	233.366	-0.3	-0.2

Sources: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; The Conference Board *Change over prior monthly or quarterly period

Conventional mortgage rate fell to 3.91 percent over the month.

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	Aug	Jul	Aug
(Percent)	2015	2015	2014
Prime	3.25	3.25	3.25
Federal Funds	0.14	0.13	0.09
3 Month Treasury Bill	0.07	0.03	0.03
6 Month Treasury Bill	0.22	0.12	0.05
1 Year Treasury Note	0.38	0.30	0.11
3 Year Treasury Note	1.03	1.03	0.93
5 Year Treasury Note	1.54	1.63	1.63
7 Year Treasury Note	1.91	2.04	2.08
10 Year Treasury Note	2.17	2.32	2.42
20 Year Treasury Note	2.55	2.77	2.94
Conventional Mortgage	3.91	4.05	4.12

Sources: Federal Reserve; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.

^{**}The Boston CPI can be used as a proxy for New England and is measured every other month.

2.1 142,115.0

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT **CHANGE** Jul Aug Aug (Seasonally adjusted; 000s) 2015 2014 NO. % 2015 Connecticut 1,698.9 1,665.7 33.2 2.0 1,695.7 6.5 Maine 611.8 605.3 1.1 609.5 Massachusetts 3,502.4 3,412.2 90.2 2.6 3,495.2 **New Hampshire** 653.7 642.6 11.1 1.7 657.6 3,989.1 4,002.7 3,967.1 35.6 0.9 **New Jersey New York** 9,249.2 9,118.7 130.5 1.4 9,262.9 5,855.7 5,798.4 57.3 1.0 5,858.6 Pennsylvania Rhode Island 485.0 479.4 5.6 1.2 485.8 Vermont 314.7 310.4 4.3 1.4 314.5

142,288.0 139,369.0

2,919.0

All nine states in the region gained jobs over the year.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

United States

			LAI	BOR	FORCE
•	Aug Aug CHANGE		ANGE	Jul	
(Seasonally adjusted; 000s)	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
Connecticut	1,903.1	1,886.8	16.3	0.9	1,910.8
Maine	689.3	697.5	-8.2	-1.2	692.1
Massachusetts	3,591.5	3,567.1	24.4	0.7	3,614.6
New Hampshire	747.4	740.4	7.0	0.9	748.8
New Jersey	4,527.3	4,524.3	3.0	0.1	4,539.3
New York	9,628.8	9,543.4	85.4	0.9	9,666.2
Pennsylvania	6,415.5	6,358.0	57.5	0.9	6,427.0
Rhode Island	560.2	553.3	6.9	1.2	559.8
Vermont	348.7	348.9	-0.2	-0.1	349.4
United States	157,065.0	156,018.0	1,047.0	0.7	157,106.0

Seven states posted increases in the labor force from last year.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

	UN	CIVIPL	JI IVIEIN I	KAIES
	Aug	Aug		Jul
ally adjusted)	0045	0044		0045

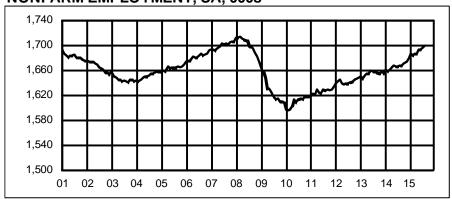
(Seasonally adjusted)	Aug 2015	Aug 2014	CHANGE	Jul 2015
Connecticut	5.3	6.4	-1.1	5.4
Maine	4.5	5.6	-1.1	4.6
Massachusetts	4.7	5.6	-0.9	4.7
New Hampshire	3.6	4.2	-0.6	3.7
New Jersey	5.7	6.4	-0.7	5.9
New York	5.2	6.0	-0.8	5.4
Pennsylvania	5.4	5.4	0.0	5.4
Rhode Island	5.6	7.4	-1.8	5.8
Vermont	3.6	4.1	-0.5	3.6
United States	5.1	6.1	-1.0	5.3

Eight states showed a decrease in its unemployment rate over the year.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

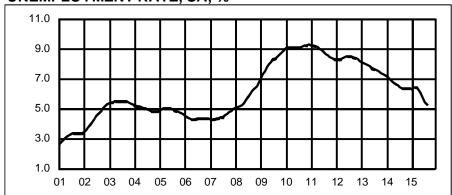
STATE ECONOMIC INDICATOR TRENDS

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT, SA, 000s



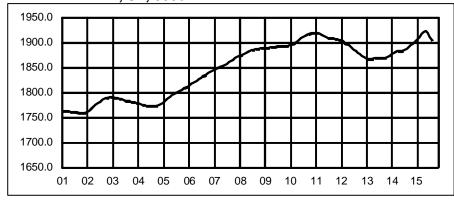
<u>Month</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u> 2014</u>	2015
Jan	1,649.2	1,659.9	1,685.6
Feb	1,645.7	1,656.1	1,682.7
Mar	1,650.4	1,659.6	1,686.0
Apr	1,654.3	1,664.0	1,685.4
May	1,653.3	1,665.7	1,691.3
Jun	1,658.6	1,664.9	1,691.9
Jul	1,656.1	1,665.4	1,695.7
Aug	1,657.4	1,665.7	1,698.9
Sep	1,654.7	1,666.5	
Oct	1,654.1	1,670.0	
Nov	1,657.3	1,672.9	
Dec	1,653.0	1,678.1	

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, SA, %



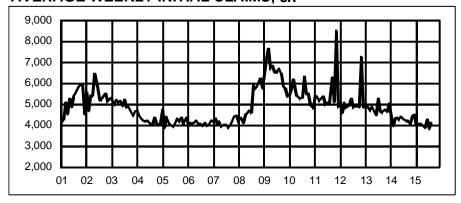
<u>Month</u>	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>
Jan	8.1	7.1	6.3
Feb	8.0	7.0	6.4
Mar	7.9	6.9	6.4
Apr	7.8	6.8	6.2
May	7.8	6.6	6.0
Jun	7.7	6.5	5.7
Jul	7.6	6.4	5.4
Aug	7.5	6.4	5.3
Sep	7.4	6.3	
Oct	7.4	6.3	
Nov	7.3	6.3	
Dec	7.2	6.3	

LABOR FORCE, SA, 000s



<u>Month</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u> 2014</u>	2015
Jan	1,866.9	1,875.0	1,904.5
Feb	1,865.4	1,877.6	1,909.9
Mar	1,865.1	1,879.7	1,915.8
Apr	1,865.9	1,881.0	1,920.6
May	1,867.1	1,881.8	1,921.7
Jun	1,868.2	1,882.7	1,918.1
Jul	1,868.7	1,884.3	1,910.8
Aug	1,868.6	1,886.8	1,903.1
Sep	1,868.5	1,889.9	
Oct	1,868.9	1,893.3	
Nov	1,870.2	1,896.5	
Dec	1,872.3	1,899.4	

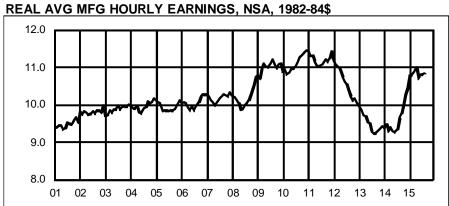
AVERAGE WEEKLY INITIAL CLAIMS, SA



<u>Month</u>	<u> 2013</u>	2014	2015
Jan	4,840	4,418	3,984
Feb	4,865	3,959	4,024
Mar	4,652	4,306	4,070
Apr	4,840	4,357	3,956
May	4,655	4,238	3,875
Jun	4,491	4,395	4,244
Jul	5,231	4,218	3,799
Aug	4,633	4,183	4,086
Sep	4,585	4,194	
Oct	4,728	4,063	
Nov	4,606	4,358	
Dec	5,013	4,481	

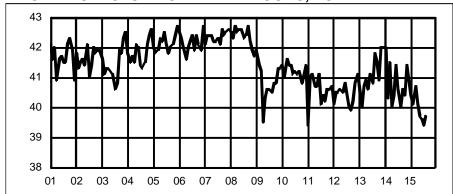
ECONOMIC INDICATOR TRENDS STATE





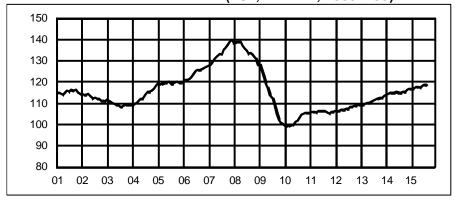
<u>Month</u>	2013	<u> 2014</u>	2015
Jan	\$9.97	\$9.35	\$10.78
Feb	\$9.84	\$9.46	\$10.78
Mar	\$9.72	\$9.29	\$10.88
Apr	\$9.67	\$9.39	\$11.00
May	\$9.52	\$9.28	\$10.70
Jun	\$9.50	\$9.26	\$10.80
Jul	\$9.28	\$9.34	\$10.79
Aug	\$9.22	\$9.61	\$10.84
Sep	\$9.24	\$9.76	
Oct	\$9.32	\$10.01	
Nov	\$9.35	\$10.26	
Dec	\$9.41	\$10.44	

AVG MANUFACTURING WEEKLY HOURS, NSA



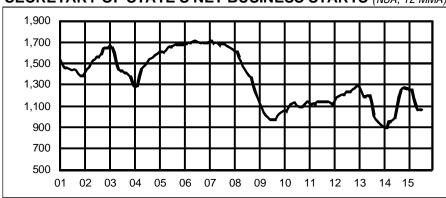
<u>Month</u>	2013	<u> 2014</u>	2015
Jan	40.5	42.0	40.4
Feb	40.0	40.3	40.1
Mar	40.7	41.5	40.7
Apr	40.9	40.0	40.1
May	40.6	40.4	39.7
Jun	41.1	41.4	39.6
Jul	40.8	40.6	39.4
Aug	41.8	40.0	39.7
Sep	41.5	40.6	
Oct	40.9	40.4	
Nov	42.0	41.4	
Dec	42.0	40.9	

CT MFG PRODUCTION INDEX (NSA, 12 MMA, 2009=100)



<u>Month</u>	2013	<u> 2014</u>	2015
Jan	109.2	113.7	116.7
Feb	109.3	114.2	116.9
Mar	109.4	114.8	117.5
Apr	110.0	114.7	117.8
May	110.3	114.8	117.2
Jun	110.6	115.2	117.8
Jul	111.2	114.6	118.6
Aug	111.3	115.0	118.6
Sep	111.8	115.3	
Oct	112.5	115.4	
Nov	112.4	116.2	
Dec	113.1	116.5	

SECRETARY OF STATE'S NET BUSINESS STARTS (NSA, 12 MMA)



Month	2013	<u> 2014</u>	2015
Jan	1,273	896	1,238
Feb	1,229	886	1,256
Mar	1,184	947	1,165
Apr	1,190	955	1,097
May	1,198	962	1,054
Jun	1,199	978	1,065
Jul	1,117	1,071	1,067
Aug	1,010	1,174	
Sep	966	1,242	
Oct	951	1,264	
Nov	932	1,266	
Dec	900	1,260	



CONNECTICUT		Not Seasonally Adjusted			
	Aug	Aug	СНА	NGE	Jul
	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	1,688,000	1,658,700	29,300	1.8	1,697,300
TOTAL PRIVATEGOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	1,463,300	1,434,400	28,900	2.0	1,473,400
	224,700	220,500	4,200	1.9	224,600
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING MANUFACTURING	62,300 162,400	60,500 160,000	1,800 2,400	3.0 1.5	62,200 162,400
Durable Goods	126,300	124,400	1,900	1.5	126,500
Fabricated Metal	29,300	29,800	-500	-1.7	29,300
Machinery	13,800	13,900	-100	-0.7	13,900
Computer and Electronic Product	12,300	12,500	-200	-1.6	12,300
Transportation Equipment	40,100	40,400	-300	-0.7	40,200
Aerospace Product and Parts	28,200	27,800	400	1.4	28,100
Non-Durable Goods	36,100	35,600	500	1.4	35,900
Chemical	9,600	10,200	-600	-5.9	9,600
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	1,463,300	1,438,200	25,100	1.7	
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	303,200	296,300	6,900	2.3	304,000
Wholesale Trade	63,300	63,300	0	0.0	62,800
Retail Trade	189,500	184,100	5,400	2.9	190,200
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	21,400	21,100	300	1.4	21,400
Building Material	15,700	15,400	300	1.9	16,200
Food and Beverage Stores General Merchandise Stores	45,700 28,000	44,900 28,000	800 0	1.8 0.0	46,000 28,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	50,400	48,900	1,500	3.1	51,000
Utilities	7,400	7,300	1,300	1.4	7,400
Transportation and Warehousing	43,000	41,600	1,400	3.4	43,600
INFORMATION	31,800	32,400	-600	-1.9	31,800
Telecommunications	8,700	9,200	-500	-5.4	8,800
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	131,300	129,900	1,400	1.1	131,900
Finance and Insurance	111,000	110,000	1,000	0.9	111,500
Credit Intermediation	26,500	26,400	100	0.4	26,600
Securities and Commodity Contracts	25,600	25,600	0	0.0	25,700
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	58,900	58,000	900	1.6	59,200
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	20,300	19,900	400	2.0	20,400
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	218,700	213,900	4,800	2.2	220,000
Professional, Scientific	95,800	95,400	400	0.4	96,300
Legal Services	13,000	13,000	0	0.0	13,100
Computer Systems Design	26,500	25,800 31,000	700 -1,300	2.7	26,500
Management of Companies	29,700	0= =00	5,700	-4.2 6.5	29,800
Employment Services	93,200 30,000	87,500 28,100	1,900	6.8	93,900 30,000
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	325,000	319,200	5,800	1.8	326,200
Educational Services	57,200	57,200	0,000	0.0	58,600
Health Care and Social Assistance	267,800	262,000	5,800	2.2	267,600
Hospitals	59,800	59,400	400	0.7	59,600
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	64,300	63,000	1,300	2.1	64,500
Social Assistance	54,900	52,600	2,300	4.4	54,900
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	163,600	158,100	5,500	3.5	170,200
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	31,900	31,300	600	1.9	36,400
Accommodation and Food Services	131,700	126,800	4,900	3.9	133,800
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.	118,600	113,800	4,800	4.2	120,300
OTHER SERVICES	65,000	64,100	900	1.4	64,700
GOVERNMENT	224,700	224,300	400	0.2	223,900
Federal Government	17,300	17,500	-200 500	-1.1	17,500
State Government	63,800	64,300	-500 1.100	-0.8	63,800
Local Government	143,600	142,500	1,100	0.8	142,600

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Includes Indian tribal government employment





Not Seasonally Adjusted

STAMFORD LMA	Aug	Aug	CHA	NGE	Jul
	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
2//					
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	414,600	407,300	7,300	1.8	420,300
TOTAL PRIVATE	372,200	365,200	7,000	1.9	377,400
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	45,000	45,100	-100	-0.2	45,100
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	12,900	12,800	100	0.8	12,800
MANUFACTURING	32,100	32,300	-200	-0.6	32,300
Durable Goods	23,700	23,900	-200	-0.8	23,700
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	369,600	362,200	7,400	2.0	375,200
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	74,500	70,400	4,100	5.8	75,100
Wholesale Trade	13,500	13,500	0	0.0	13,500
Retail Trade	50,700	47,500	3,200	6.7	51,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	10,300	9,400	900	9.6	10,400
INFORMATION	11,500	11,500	0	0.0	11,500
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	40,700	41,000	-300	-0.7	40,600
Finance and Insurance	33,600	34,600	-1,000	-2.9	33,500
Credit Intermediation	9,800	10,000	-200	-2.0	9,800
Securities and Commodity Contracts	17,100	17,700	-600	-3.4	17,200
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	68,100	67,200	900	1.3	68,500
Professional, Scientific	28,500	29,000	-500	-1.7	28,600
Administrative and Support	26,500	25,600	900	3.5	26,800
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	69,700	69,300	400	0.6	70,300
Health Care and Social Assistance	59,100	58,900	200	0.3	59,200
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	45,400	43,400	2,000	4.6	48,800
Accommodation and Food Services	33,600	31,500	2,100	6.7	35,500
OTHER SERVICES	17,300	17,300	0	0.0	17,500
GOVERNMENT	42,400	42,100	300	0.7	42,900
Federal	2,400	2,500	-100	-4.0	2,400
State & Local	40,000	39,600	400	1.0	40,500

DANBURY LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Aug	Aug	СНА	NGE	Jul
	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	77,600	77,700	-100	-0.1	78,100
TOTAL PRIVATE	68,600	68,800	-200	-0.3	68,800
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	13,000	12,700	300	2.4	13,000
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	64,600	65,000	-400	-0.6	65,100
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	17,400	17,200	200	1.2	17,700
Retail Trade	12,900	12,800	100	0.8	13,100
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	9,500	9,300	200	2.2	9,500
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	7,900	7,700	200	2.6	8,100
GOVERNMENT	9,000	8,900	100	1.1	9,300
Federal	700	700	0	0.0	700
State & Local	8,300	8,200	100	1.2	8,600

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

HARTFORD LMA

Not Seasonally Adjusted

The second secon					
No.	Aug	Aug	CHA	NGE	Jul
- Samuel	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
TOTAL NONEARM EMPLOYMENT	500,000	557.000	0.000	4.7	F70 F00
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	566,600	557,000	9,600	1.7	572,500
TOTAL PRIVATE	486,000	477,000	9,000	1.9	490,000
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	75,600	75,900	-300	-0.4	75,800
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	20,600	20,600	0	0.0	20,700
MANUFACTURING	55,000	55,300	-300	-0.5	55,100
Durable Goods	45,600	45,800	-200	-0.4	45,700
Non-Durable Goods	9,400	9,500	-100	-1.1	9,400
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	491,000	481,100	9,900	2.1	496,700
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	90,400	89,500	900	1.0	91,100
Wholesale Trade	17,400	18,300	-900	-4.9	17,400
Retail Trade	56,700	56,000	700	1.3	57,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	16,300	15,200	1,100	7.2	16,600
Transportation and Warehousing	13,800	12,700	1,100	8.7	14,100
INFORMATION	11,500	11,600	-100	-0.9	11,500
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	58,100	57,100	1,000	1.8	58,700
Depository Credit Institutions	6,200	6,200	0	0.0	6,100
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	37,300	37,600	-300	-0.8	37,700
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	71,900	69,900	2,000	2.9	72,500
Professional, Scientific	34,000	33,900	100	0.3	34,200
Management of Companies	7,900	8,400	-500	-6.0	7,900
Administrative and Support	30,000	27,600	2,400	8.7	30,400
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	106,500	103,300	3,200	3.1	106,300
Educational Services	12,800	12,400	400	3.2	12,600
Health Care and Social Assistance	93,700	90,900	2,800	3.1	93,700
Ambulatory Health Care	31,800	30,500	1,300	4.3	31,600
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	50,200	48,300	1,900	3.9	52,200
Accommodation and Food Services	39,900	39,400	500	1.3	40,400
OTHER SERVICES	21.800	21,400	400	1.9	21.900
GOVERNMENT	80,600	80,000	600	0.8	82,500
Federal	5,300	5,300	0	0.0	5,400
State & Local	75,300	74,700	600	0.8	77,100
0.0.0 0.2000	70,000	7 1,7 00	000	0.0	77,100

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT

	Seasonally Adjusted				
	Aug	Aug	CHA	CHANGE	
Labor Market Areas	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA	413,600	406,200	7,400	1.8	413,500
DANBURY LMA**	78,400	78,400	0	0.0	78,200
HARTFORD LMA	575,300	564,600	10,700	1.9	578,800
NEW HAVEN LMA	282,800	279,100	3,700	1.3	281,200
NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA	127,000	128,300	-1,300	-1.0	127,300
WATERBURY LMA**	68,900	67,200	1,700	2.5	69,000
ENFIELD LMA**	45,900	45,200	700	1.5	45,900
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA**	34,000	33,800	200	0.6	34,200
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA**	27,300	27,500	-200	-0.7	27,100

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes

^{**} Unofficial seasonally adjusted estimates produced by the Connecticut Department of Labor

NEW HAVEN LMA

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Title: P	/21				
5	Aug	Aug	CHA	NGE	Jul
	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
~					
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	277,400	273,600	3,800	1.4	279,300
TOTAL PRIVATE	247,100	244,200	2,900	1.2	248,300
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	33,700	35,600	-1,900	-5.3	33,700
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	9,700	10,700	-1,000	-9.3	9,700
MANUFACTURING	24,000	24,900	-900	-3.6	24,000
Durable Goods	19,100	19,200	-100	-0.5	19,100
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	243,700	238,000	5,700	2.4	245,600
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	51,500	51,100	400	0.8	51,800
Wholesale Trade	11,100	11,200	-100	-0.9	11,100
Retail Trade	29,900	29,900	0	0.0	30,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	10,500	10,000	500	5.0	10,600
INFORMATION	4,000	4,100	-100	-2.4	4,000
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	12,800	12,700	100	0.8	12,800
Finance and Insurance	9,000	9,000	0	0.0	9,000
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	31,200	30,000	1,200	4.0	31,700
Administrative and Support	15,200	14,200	1,000	7.0	15,300
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	77,400	75,500	1,900	2.5	77,600
Educational Services	27,400	26,200	1,200	4.6	27,800
Health Care and Social Assistance	50,000	49,300	700	1.4	49,800
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	25,700	24,400	1,300	5.3	25,800
Accommodation and Food Services	22,300	20,500	1,800	8.8	21,900
OTHER SERVICES	10,800	10,800	0	0.0	10,900
GOVERNMENT	30,300	29,400	900	3.1	31,000
Federal	4,700	4,800	-100	-2.1	4,700
State & Local	25,600	24,600	1,000	4.1	26,300

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014.

HELP WANTED ONLINE

CT Online Labor Demand Fell 3,400 in August

The Conference Board's Help Wanted OnLine (HWOL) data reported that there were 78,200 advertisements for Connecticutbased jobs in August 2015, a 4.2 percent decrease over the month and a 6.3 percent increase over the year. There were 4.09 advertised vacancies for every 100 persons in Connecticut's labor force, while nationally it was 3.45 percent. Among the New England states, Massachusetts had the highest labor demand rate (4.66), while Vermont had the lowest rate (3.39) in August.

Aug	Aug	Jul
2015	2014	2015
78.2	73.6	81.6
30.2	28.5	31.1
abor Demand	Rate *	
4.09	3.90	4.27
3.45	3.37	3.43
3.68	4.10	3.77
4.66	4.43	4.66
3.49	4.21	3.63
3.76	3.86	3.95
3.39	3.88	3.30
	2015 78.2 30.2 abor Demand 4.09 3.45 3.68 4.66 3.49 3.76	2015 2014 78.2 73.6 30.2 28.5 abor Demand Rate 4.09 3.90 3.45 3.37 3.68 4.10 4.66 4.43 3.49 4.21 3.76 3.86

^{*} A percent of advertised vacancies per 100 persons in labor force Source: The Conference Board

The Conference Board Help Wanted OnLine® Data Series (HWOL) measures the number of new, first-time online jobs and jobs reposted from the previous month for over 16,000 Internet job boards, corporate boards and smaller job sites that serve niche markets and smaller geographic areas. Background information and technical notes and discussion of revisions to the series are available at: www.conference-board.org/data/helpwantedonline.cfm.

^{*}Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Value less than 50

LMA NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

NORWICH-NEW LONDON-		Not S	Seasonally I	Adjuste	d
WESTERLY, CT-RI LMA	Aug	Aug	СНА	NGE	Jul
The same of the sa	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015
				,,,	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	128,200	130,000	-1,800	-1.4	128,800
TOTAL PRIVATE	98,200	98,300	-100	-0.1	98,600
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	19,200	19,200	0	0.0	19,200
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	4,100	4,200	-100	-2.4	4,100
MANUFACTURING	15,100	15,000	100	0.7	15,100
Durable Goods	11,800	11,500	300	2.6	11,800
Non-Durable Goods	3,300	3,500	-200	-5.7	3,300
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	109,000	110,800	-1,800	-1.6	109,600
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	23,300	22,800	500	2.2	23,500
Wholesale Trade	2,500	2,500	0	0.0	2,500
Retail Trade	16,700	16,000	700	4.4	16,800
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	4,100	4,300	-200	-4.7	4,200
INFORMATION	1,100	1,200	-100	-8.3	1,100
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	3,000	3,100	-100	-3.2	3,000
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	8,900	9,100	-200	-2.2	8,900
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	20,700	20,800	-100	-0.5	20,800
Health Care and Social Assistance	18,600	18,700	-100	-0.5	18,800
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	18,100	18,400	-300	-1.6	18,300
Accommodation and Food Services	14,900	15,200	-300	-2.0	15,100
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.	12,300	12,700	-400	-3.1	12,400
OTHER SERVICES	3,900	3,700	200	5.4	3,800
GOVERNMENT	30,000	31,700	-1,700	-5.4	30,200
Federal	2,600	2,600	0	0.0	2,600
State & Local**	27.400	29.100	-1.700	-5.8	27.600

WATERBURY LMA	Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Control of the contro	Aug	Aug	CHA	NGE	Jul			
J. S. Carrier	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015			

TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	67,900	66,300	1,600	2.4	68,500			
TOTAL PRIVATE	58,700	57,200	1,500	2.6	58,900			
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	10,200	10,300	-100	-1.0	10,300			
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	2,900	2,800	100	3.6	3,000			
MANUFACTURING	7,300	7,500	-200	-2.7	7,300			
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	57,700	56,000	1,700	3.0	58,200			
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	13,600	13,000	600	4.6	13,500			
Wholesale Trade	2,300	2,200	100	4.5	2,200			
Retail Trade	9,500	9,100	400	4.4	9,500			
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,800	1,700	100	5.9	1,800			
INFORMATION	700	700	0	0.0	700			
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	2,100	2,100	0	0.0	2,100			
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	5,500	5,400	100	1.9	5,600			
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	17,400	16,700	700	4.2	17,500			
Health Care and Social Assistance	15,500	15,200	300	2.0	15,500			
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	6.500	6,300	200	3.2	6,600			
OTHER SERVICES	2,700	2,700	0	0.0	2,600			
GOVERNMENT	9,200	9,100	100	1.1	9,600			
Federal	400	400	0	0.0	400			
State & Local	8.800	8.700	100	1.1	9,200			

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Includes Indian tribal government employment.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

SMALLER LMAS* Not Seasonally Adjusted **CHANGE** Jul Aug Aug 2015 2014 NO. 2015 % TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT 45.700 45.000 700 45.600 ENFIELD LMA..... 1.6 TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA..... 34,600 34,400 200 0.6 35,000 DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA..... 27,400 27,600 -200 -0.7 27,100

NOTE: More industry detail data is available for the State and its nine labor market areas at: http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/202/covered.htm. The data published there differ from the data in the preceding tables in that they are developed from a near-universe count of Connecticut employment covered by the unemployment insurance (UI) program, while the data here is sample-based. The data drawn from the UI program does not contain estimates of employment not covered by unemployment insurance, and is lagged several months behind the current employment estimates presented here.

* State-designated Non-CES areas

For further information on these nonfarm employment estimates contact Lincoln Dyer at (860) 263-6292.

SPRINGFIELD, MA-CT	Not Seasonally Adjusted							
NECTA**	Aug	Aug	СНА	NGE	Jul			
	2015	2014	NO.	%	2015			
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	323,600	319,200	4,400	1.4	323,800			
TOTAL PRIVATE	266,600	262,000	4,600	1.8	267,100			
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	41,200	41,100	100	0.2	41,100			
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	12,200	11,600	600	5.2	12,100			
MANUFACTURING	29,000	29,500	-500	-1.7	29,000			
Durable Goods	19,800	20,000	-200	-1.0	19,800			
Non-Durable Goods	9,200	9,500	-300	-3.2	9,200			
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	282,400	278,100	4,300	1.5	282,700			
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	58,600	58,100	500	0.9	58,800			
Wholesale Trade	11,500	11,400	100	0.9	11,500			
Retail Trade	34,700	35,000	-300	-0.9	34,900			
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	12,400	11,700	700	6.0	12,400			
INFORMATION	3,800	3,700	100	2.7	3,800			
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	16,500	16,500	0	0.0	16,500			
Finance and Insurance	13,200	13,100	100	0.8	13,200			
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	8,700	8,700	0	0.0	8,700			
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	28,400	26,200	2,200	8.4	28,000			
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	74,500	72,600	1,900	2.6	74,400			
Educational Services	12,700	12,900	-200	-1.6	13,000			
Health Care and Social Assistance	61,800	59,700	2,100	3.5	61,400			
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	30,400	30,900	-500	-1.6	31,200			
OTHER SERVICES	13,200	12,900	300	2.3	13,300			
GOVERNMENT	57,000	57,200	-200	-0.3	56,700			
Federal	5,900	6,000	-100	-1.7	5,900			
State & Local	51,100	51,200	-100	-0.2	50,800			

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

^{**} New England City and Town Area

(Not seasonally adjusted)	EMPLOYMENT	Aug	Aug	CHANGE	Jul
	STATUS	2015	2014	NO. %	2015
CONNECTICUT	Civilian Labor Force	1,913,300	1,904,300	9,000 0.5	1,941,100
	Employed	1,807,700	1,777,300	30,400 1.7	1,832,000
	Unemployed	105,600	127,000	-21,400 -16.9	109,200
	Unemployment Rate	5.5	6.7	-1.2	5.6
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	472,700	469,200	3,500 0.7	481,800
	Employed	447,500	439,200	8,300 1.9	455,700
	Unemployed	25,200	30,100	-4,900 -16.3	26,000
	Unemployment Rate	5.3	6.4	-1.1	5.4
DANBURY LMA	Civilian Labor Force	107,700	107,300	400 0.4	109,400
	Employed	102,800	101,600	1,200 1.2	104,400
	Unemployed	4,900	5,700	-800 -14.0	5,000
	Unemployment Rate	4.5	5.3	-0.8	4.6
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA	Civilian Labor Force	44,200	43,200	1,000 2.3	44,500
	Employed	41,700	40,200	1,500 3.7	41,900
	Unemployed	2,500	3,000	-500 -16.7	2,600
	Unemployment Rate	5.7	6.9	-1.2	5.9
ENFIELD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	49,900	49,600	300 0.6	50,200
	Employed	47,300	46,500	800 1.7	47,500
	Unemployed	2,600	3,100	-500 -16.1	2,600
	Unemployment Rate	5.2	6.2	-1.0	5.3
HARTFORD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	622,800	618,900	3,900 0.6	631,700
	Employed	588,100	577,100	11,000 1.9	595,700
	Unemployed	34,700	41,900	-7,200 -17.2	36,000
	Unemployment Rate	5.6	6.8	-1.2	5.7
NEW HAVEN LMA	Civilian Labor Force	325,700	324,700	1,000 0.3	329,700
	Employed	307,300	302,200	5,100 1.7	310,700
	Unemployed	18,400	22,500	-4,100 -18.2	19,000
	Unemployment Rate	5.7	6.9	-1.2	5.8
NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA	Civilian Labor Force	144,100	146,500	-2,400 -1.6	145,500
	Employed	135,800	136,400	-600 -0.4	136,900
	Unemployed	8,300	10,100	-1,800 -17.8	8,600
	Unemployment Rate	5.7	6.9	-1.2	5.9
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA		48,900 46,500 2,400 4.8	48,700 45,800 2,900 5.9	200 0.4 700 1.5 -500 -17.2 -1.1	49,600 47,200 2,400 4.9
WATERBURY LMA	Civilian Labor Force	113,500	112,800	700 0.6	115,100
	Employed	105,800	103,500	2,300 2.2	107,200
	Unemployed	7,700	9,300	-1,600 -17.2	7,900
	Unemployment Rate	6.8	8.2	-1.4	6.9
UNITED STATES	Civilian Labor Force		156,434,000	956,000 0.6 2,581,000 1.8 -1,625,000 -16.6 -1.1	158,527,000 149,722,000 8,805,000 5.6

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014.

HOURS AND EARNINGS



	Δ١	AVG WEEKLY EARNINGS		AVG WEEK	LY HOURS	AVG HOURLY EARNINGS			
	Au	_	CHG	Jul	Aug	CHG Jul	Aug	CHG	Jul
(Not seasonally adjusted)	2015	2014	Y/Y	2015	2015 2014	Y/Y 2015	2015 2014	Y/Y	2015
PRODUCTION WO	RKER								
MANUFACTURING	\$1,004.01	\$900.00	\$104.01	\$993.67	39.7 40.0	-0.3 39.4	\$25.29 \$22.50	\$2.79	\$25.22
DURABLE GOODS	1,044.25	917.39	126.86	1,023.25	39.6 39.8	-0.2 39.1	26.37 23.05	3.32	26.17
NON-DUR. GOODS	875.60	842.45	33.15	898.29	40.0 40.6	-0.6 40.5	21.89 20.75	1.14	22.18
CONSTRUCTION	1,215.32	1,167.74	47.58	1,191.68	39.6 38.0	1.6 39.2	30.69 30.73	-0.04	30.40
ALL EMPLOYEES									
STATEWIDE									
TOTAL PRIVATE	991.24	945.72	45.51	961.59	33.9 33.8	0.1 33.4	29.24 27.98	1.26	28.79
GOODS PRODUCING	1,210.76	1,192.76	18.01	1,196.85	39.4 39.3	0.1 39.1	30.73 30.35	0.38	30.61
Construction	1,250.87	1,190.24	60.62	1,235.12	39.9 38.1	1.8 39.6	31.35 31.24	0.11	31.19
Manufacturing	1,212.73	1,186.02	26.71	1,181.78	39.4 39.6	-0.2 38.9	30.78 29.95	0.83	30.38
SERVICE PROVIDING	951.47	901.02	50.45	920.16	32.9 32.8	0.1 32.4	28.92 27.47	1.45	28.40
Trade, Transp., Utilities	809.62	791.94	17.68	800.36	33.4 33.5	-0.1 33.1	24.24 23.64	0.60	24.18
Financial Activities	1,766.18	1,636.36	129.81	1,680.11	38.8 37.8	1.0 37.9	45.52 43.29	2.23	44.33
Prof. & Business Serv.	1,236.56	1,124.66	111.90	1,175.36	35.3 35.4	-0.1 34.6	35.03 31.77	3.26	33.97
Education & Health Ser.	829.98	802.33	27.65	817.97	31.8 31.7	0.1 31.4	26.10 25.31	0.79	26.05
Leisure & Hospitality	419.76	404.00	15.76	411.06	26.4 26.2	0.2 26.0	15.90 15.42	0.48	15.81
Other Services	626.29	675.58	-49.29	624.31	29.5 30.5	-1.0 29.8	21.23 22.15	-0.92	20.95
LABOR MARKET AREA	S: TOTAL	PRIVATE							
Bridgeport-Stamford	1,197.85	1,050.84	147.01	1,109.86	34.6 33.8	0.8 33.5	34.62 31.09	3.53	33.13
Danbury	919.42	883.40	36.02	922.67	34.8 33.5	1.3 34.7	26.42 26.37	0.05	26.59
Hartford	1,001.73	984.84	16.89	990.76	34.4 34.8	-0.4 34.0	29.12 28.30	0.82	29.14
New Haven	928.44	909.19	19.24	910.09	33.7 34.4	-0.7 33.3	27.55 26.43	1.12	27.33
Norwich-New London	755.02	831.41	-76.40	752.43	32.6 34.7	-2.1 32.8	23.16 23.96	-0.80	22.94
Waterbury	787.12	725.93	61.19	766.57	33.1 31.7	1.4 33.3	23.78 22.90	0.88	23.02

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2014.

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA

- In August 2015, Axel Plastics announced it will open a new facility in Monroe next year with 40 to 80 workers. The Fresh Market, a grocery store, will open in September in Guilford, hiring 90 employees. Another grocery store, Aldi, will be expanding in locations statewide this year by adding 80 workers. Chick-fil-A announced it will open a new location in North Haven next summer and will hire 80 to 100 employees. Over the next four years, Polamer Precision, an aerospace manufacturer in New Britain, will expand by 200 positions.
- In August 2015, AxisPoint Health announced it will close its facility in Wallingford in September, affecting 45 workers. Higher One of New Haven will reduce its staff by 29 employees from September to March. The Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company, more commonly known as A&P, will close stores statewide and lay off 444 workers over the next year as it files for bankruptcy. RBS Securities of Stamford will cut 50 employees in October. The University of Connecticut is eliminating 50 workers in September from the health center in Farmington and the university in Mansfield. Borgeson Universal Steering Components in Torrington announced it is moving its company to South Carolina, affecting 43 jobs.

Business & Employment Changes Announced in the News Media lists start-ups, expansions, staff reductions, and layoffs reported by the media, both current and future. The report provides company name, the number of workers involved, date of the action, the principal product or service of the company, a brief synopsis of the action, and the source and date of the media article. This publication is available in both HTML and PDF formats at the Connecticut Department of Labor Web site, http:// www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/busemp.htm.

Town LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY TOWN

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

AUGUST 2015

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	<u>%</u>	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	<u>%</u>
BRIDGEPORT-S					HARTFORD cont		- 4-0	212	
	472,686	447,530		5.3	Canton	5,669	5,456		3.8
Ansonia	9,703	8,959		7.7	Chaplin	1,264	1,188		6.0
Bridgeport	72,686	66,499		8.5	Colchester	9,428	9,037		4.1
Darien	8,574	8,232		4.0	Columbia	3,295	3,141		4.7
Derby	7,083	6,594		6.9	Coventry	7,768	7,415		4.5
Easton	3,947	3,801		3.7	Cromwell	7,980	7,631		4.4
Fairfield	29,422	28,096		4.5	East Granby	3,044	2,937		3.5
Greenwich	29,124	28,003		3.8	East Haddam	5,065	4,815		4.9
Milford	30,467	28,987		4.9	East Hampton	7,629	7,312		4.2
Monroe	10,437	9,926		4.9	East Hartford	27,840	25,726		7.6
New Canaan	8,491	8,152		4.0	Ellington	9,187	8,773		4.5
Norwalk	51,004	48,681		4.6	Farmington	14,008	13,474		3.8
Oxford	7,298	6,962		4.6	Glastonbury	18,881	18,185		3.7
Redding	4,601	4,416	185	4.0	Granby	6,721	6,454	267	4.0
Ridgefield	12,008	11,573		3.6	Haddam	5,129	4,933		3.8
Seymour	9,227	8,709	518	5.6	Hartford	54,895	49,008	5,887	10.7
Shelton	22,452	21,272		5.3	Hartland	1,143	1,097	46	4.0
Southbury	9,025	8,597	428	4.7	Harwinton	3,253	3,130	123	3.8
Stamford	69,857	66,629	3,228	4.6	Hebron	5,560	5,364	196	3.5
Stratford	28,094	26,266	1,828	6.5	Lebanon	4,225	4,029	196	4.6
Trumbull	18,505	17,686	819	4.4	Manchester	32,935	31,138	1,797	5.5
Weston	4,437	4,259	178	4.0	Mansfield	12,532	11,923	609	4.9
Westport	12,584	12,086	498	4.0	Marlborough	3,563	3,422	141	4.0
Wilton	8,664	8,333	331	3.8	Middletown	26,463	24,972	1,491	5.6
Woodbridge	4,996	4,812	184	3.7	New Britain	37,047	34,072	2,975	8.0
					New Hartford	4,017	3,856	161	4.0
DANBURY	107,673	102,814	4,859	4.5	Newington	17,341	16,583	758	4.4
Bethel	10,738	10,256	482	4.5	Plainville	10,439	9,933	506	4.8
Bridgewater	881	847	34	3.9	Plymouth	6,787	6,354	433	6.4
Brookfield	9,265	8,866	399	4.3	Portland	5,478	5,224	254	4.6
Danbury	47,104	44,938	2,166	4.6	Rocky Hill	11,385	10,913	472	4.1
New Fairfield	7,297	6,956	341	4.7	Scotland	964	923	41	4.3
New Milford	15,930	15,200	730	4.6	Simsbury	12,851	12,403	448	3.5
Newtown	14,481	13,846	635	4.4	Southington	24,220	23,159	1,061	4.4
Sherman	1,977	1,905	72	3.6	South Windsor	14,042	13,432	610	4.3
					Stafford	6,954	6,536	418	6.0
ENFIELD	49,940	47,342	2,598	5.2	Thomaston	4,848	4,610	238	4.9
East Windsor	6,479	6,135	344	5.3	Tolland	8,586	8,284	302	3.5
Enfield	23,254	21,961		5.6	Union	470	451		4.0
Somers	5,219	4,984		4.5	Vernon	17,174	16,263	911	5.3
Suffield	7,593	7,273		4.2	West Hartford	34,238	32,867		4.0
Windsor Locks	7,395	6,989	406	5.5	Wethersfield	14,080	13,404	676	4.8
	,	•			Willington	3,696	3,539		4.2
HARTFORD	622,819	588,117	34,702	5.6	Windham	13,018	12,135		6.8
Andover	1,939	1,852	•	4.5	Windsor	16,667	15,742		5.5
Ashford	2,588	2,475		4.4					
Avon	9,301	8,969		3.6	All Labor Market Ardesignated areas for				
Barkhamsted	2,333	2,243		3.9	federal Bridgeport-S				
Berlin	11,743	11,232		4.4	publications as the	Bridgeport-Stamfor	d LMA, and the	Hartford-West H	artford-
Bloomfield	11,445	10,723		6.3	East Hartford NECT			•	
Bolton	3,156	3,037		3.8	now called Torrington Springfield, MA area				
					opinigheid, with alleg	a are published as	and Limela LIVIA	. THE LOWIS OF E	ustioiu
Bristol	33,010	31,032	1,978	6.0	and Hampton and c	other towns in the n	ortheast are no	w called Danielsc	n-

LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS

The civilian labor force comprises all state residents age 16 years and older classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with criteria described below. Excluded are members of the military and persons in institutions (correctional and mental health, for example).

The employed are all persons who did any work as paid employees or in their own business during the survey week, or who have worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a family member. Persons temporarily absent from a job because of illness, bad weather, strike or for personal reasons are also counted as employed whether they were paid by their employer or were seeking other jobs.

The unemployed are all persons who did not work, but were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness) and made specific efforts to find a job in the prior four weeks. Persons waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY TOWN



(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

AUGUST 2015

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	_ <u>%</u>	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	<u>%</u>
NEW HAVEN	325,723	307,313	18,410	5.7	TORRINGTON-NO				
Bethany	3,113	2,982	131	4.2		48,865	46,514	2,351	4.8
Branford	15,866	15,079	787	5.0	Canaan	763	744	19	2.5
Cheshire	15,527	14,953	574	3.7	Colebrook	844	812	32	3.8
Chester	2,344	2,263	81	3.5	Cornwall	798	774	24	3.0
Clinton	7,399	7,063	336	4.5	Goshen	1,773	1,705	68	3.8
Deep River	2,882	2,767	115	4.0	Kent	1,581	1,525	56	3.5
Durham	4,351	4,191	160	3.7	Litchfield	4,920	4,732	188	3.8
East Haven	15,879	14,878	1,001	6.3	Morris	1,519	1,462	57	3.8
Essex	3,321	3,178	143	4.3	Norfolk	935	893	42	4.5
Guilford	12,811	12,330	481	3.8	North Canaan	1,735	1,667	68	3.9
Hamden	35,331	33,526	1,805	5.1	Roxbury	1,372	1,332	40	2.9
Killingworth	3,823	3,683	140	3.7	Salisbury	1,880	1,819	61	3.2
Madison	9,011	8,653	358	4.0	Sharon	1,529	1,477	52	3.4
Meriden	32,425	30,170	2,255	7.0	Torrington	19,976	18,800	1,176	5.9
Middlefield	2,502	2,396	106	4.2	Warren	830	791	39	4.7
New Haven	65,112	60,184	4,928	7.6	Washington	2,122	2,040	82	3.9
North Branford	8,176	7,814	362	4.4	Winchester	6,288	5,941	347	5.5
North Haven	13,344	12,707	637	4.8		•	,		
Old Saybrook	5,091	4,853	238	4.7	WATERBURY	113,541	105,795	7,746	6.8
Orange	7,201	6,899	302	4.2	Beacon Falls	3,457	3,282	175	5.1
Wallingford	26,385	25,112	1,273	4.8	Bethlehem	2,051	1,974	77	3.8
West Haven	30,244	28,208	2,036	6.7	Middlebury	3,838	3,678	160	4.2
Westbrook	3,585	3,424	161	4.5	Naugatuck	17,599	16,493	1,106	6.3
	-,	-,			Prospect	5,593	5,330	263	4.7
*NORWICH-NEW	LONDON-WESTE	RLY, CT PART			Waterbury	52,000	47,343	4,657	9.0
	127,852	120,586	7,266	5.7	Watertown	13,385	12,765	620	4.6
Bozrah	1,477	1,399	78	5.3	Wolcott	9,945	9,490	455	4.6
Canterbury	2,878	2,729	149	5.2	Woodbury	5,673	5,440	233	4.1
East Lyme	8,644	8,204	440	5.1	,	2,2: 2	2,110		
Franklin	1,115	1,060	55	4.9	DANIELSON-NORT	HEAST			
Griswold	6,412	5,992	420	6.6		44,178	41,658	2,520	5.7
Groton	18,734	17,794	940	5.0	Brooklyn	4,179	3,943	236	5.6
Ledyard	8,019	7,645	374	4.7	Eastford	967	934	33	3.4
Lisbon	2,375	2,233	142	6.0	Hampton	1,056	1,002	54	5.1
Lyme	1,237	1,186	51	4.1	Killingly	9,847	9,208	639	6.5
Montville	9,572	9,019	553	5.8	Plainfield	8,888	8,296	592	6.7
New London	12,270	11,281	989	8.1	Pomfret	2,553	2,453	100	3.9
No. Stonington	2,944	2,804	140	4.8	Putnam	4,956	4,661	295	6.0
Norwich	20,664	19,246	1,418	6.9	Sterling	2,061	1,924	137	6.6
Old Lyme	20,664 3,758	3,601	1,416	4.2	Thompson	5,376	5,122	254	4.7
Preston	3,756 2,475	2,346	129	4.2 5.2	Woodstock	5,376 4,295	4,115	180	4.7
Salem	•	,	-		WOOUSIUCK	4,290	4,115	100	4.2
	2,131	2,028	103	4.8					
Sprague Stonington	1,645	1,540	105	6.4					
Voluntown	9,627	9,181	446	4.6					
	1,551	1,475	76	4.9					
Waterford	10,324	9,823	501	4.9	Not Commelle A P	untad.			
					Not Seasonally Adj	usiea:			

*Connecticut portion only. For whole NECTA, including RI part, see below.

NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI								
	144,073	135,793	8,280	5.7				
RI part	16,221	15,207	1,014	6.3				
(Hopkinton and We	esterly)							

5.5
5.2
5.3
5.1

LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS (Continued)

The **unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

With the exception of those persons temporarily absent from a job or waiting to be recalled to one, persons with no job and who are not actively looking for one are counted as "not in the labor force".

Over the course of a year, the size of the labor force and the levels of employment undergo fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the monthly statistics. **Seasonal Adjustment** makes it easier to observe cyclical and other nonseasonal developments.



Town HOUSING PERMIT ACTIVITY BY TOWN

TOWN	AUG 2015	YR TO 2015	DATE 2014	TOWN	AUG 2015	YR TO 2015	DATE 2014	TOWN	AUG 2015	YR TO 2015	DATE 2014
Andover Ansonia Ashford Avon Barkhamsted Beacon Falls Berlin Bethany Bethel Bethlehem	0 na na 6 na na 1 na 8 na	0 na na 22 na na 15 na 44 na	2 0 5 16 na na 16 na 62 na	Griswold Groton Guilford Haddam Hamden Hampton Hartford Hartland Harwinton Hebron	1 na na 2 na na 1 0 na 1	2 na na 10 na na 4 0 na 9	na 13 10 9 4 1 14 na 2 na	Preston Prospect Putnam Redding Ridgefield Rocky Hill Roxbury Salem Salisbury Scotland	1 5 na 0 3 1 na na na na	4 23 na 4 22 103 na na na	0 na 2 na 30 10 na 5 na
Bloomfield Bolton Bozrah Branford Bridgeport Bridgewater Bristol Brookfield Brooklyn Burlington	0 1 na 1 2 0 3 2 2	14 4 na 15 106 0 18 38 8 12	na 6 2 na 15 na 65 na 10 21	Kent Killingly Killingworth Lebanon Ledyard Lisbon Litchfield Lyme Madison Manchester	0 na 0 na na na 1 na	0 na 3 2 na na na 3 na	1 9 na 4 9 2 na 4 10	Seymour Sharon Shelton Sherman Simsbury Somers South Windsor Southbury Southington Sprague	na na 1 0 1 1 3 na 10 0	na na 99 5 9 20 na 54 0	4 4 26 na 173 8 16 16 49
Canaan Canterbury Canton Chaplin Cheshire Chester Clinton Colchester Colebrook Columbia	na na 0 na 5 0 3 na 0	na na 7 na 25 0 4 22 na 11	0 11 7 0 31 na 8 22 1	Mansfield Marlborough Meriden Middlebury Middlefield Middletown Milford Monroe Montville Morris	2 0 na na 1 4 16 0 na na	8 1 na na 6 25 266 1 na na	9 3 3 na 4 51 143 3 7	Stafford Stamford Sterling Stonington Stratford Suffield Thomaston Thompson Tolland Torrington	1 na na 0 1 na na 1	2 321 na na 19 21 na na 5 na	na 261 na 14 38 15 na na 9
Cornwall Coventry Cromwell Danbury Darien Deep River Derby Durham East Granby East Haddam East Hampton	na 2 2 28 5 0 na 1 0	na 18 13 563 53 0 na 4 0 3	2 22 17 266 na 2 na 2 1 6	Naugatuck New Britain New Canaan New Fairfield New Hartford New Haven New London New Milford Newington Newtown Norfolk	na 8 1 0 na 1 4 na 2 0	na 64 21 1 na 236 27 na 9 11	15 na 37 na 4 302 24 10 5 13	Trumbull Union Vernon Voluntown Wallingford Warren Washington Waterbury Waterford Watertown West Hartford	1 1 0 1 2 na na 2 na na 7	5 1 43 4 14 na na 78 na na	2 0 9 1 19 2 na 42 8 22
East Hartford East Haven East Lyme East Windsor Eastford Easton Ellington Enfield Essex	0 na 6 2 na 0 9 0	2 na 26 5 na 1 75 9	na 8 175 8 2 2 71 na 2	North Branford North Canaan North Haven North Stonington Norwalk Norwich Old Lyme Old Saybrook Orange	na na na na 4 0 na 1	na na na na 85 3 na 7	na 0 12 5 212 21 na 15 na	West Haven Westbrook Weston Westport Wethersfield Willington Wilton Winchester Windham	na 1 10 0 0 2 na 1	na 26 10 58 2 0 14 na 7	na 10 na 117 na 2 na 19
Fairfield Farmington Franklin Glastonbury Goshen Granby Greenwich	10 2 na 3 na 1	71 26 na 28 na 5 69	72 19 2 17 8 7	Oxford Plainfield Plainville Plymouth Pomfret Portland	6 na 1 na na 0	18 na 5 na na 4	50 8 16 5 2 4	Windsor Windsor Locks Wolcott Woodbridge Woodbury Woodstock	1 1 2 na 0 na	10 6 18 na 3 na	na na 13 na 2 6

For further information on the housing permit data, contact Kolie Sun of DECD at (860) 270-8167.

BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS

Registrations and terminations of business entities as recorded with the Secretary of the State and the Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL) are an indication of new business formation and activity. DOL business starts include new employers which have become liable for unemployment insurance taxes during the quarter, as well as new establishments opened by existing employers. DOL business terminations are those accounts discontinued due to inactivity (no employees) or business closure, and accounts for individual business establishments that are closed by still active employers. The Secretary of the State registrations include limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and foreign-owned (out-of-state) and domestic-owned (in-state) corporations.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

The Consumer Price Index (CPI), computed and published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. It is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs and other goods and services that people buy for their day-to-day living. The Northeast region is comprised of the New England states, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) covers both wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits for all occupations and establishments in both the private nonfarm sector and state and local government. The ECI measures employers' labor costs free from the influences of employment shifts among industries and occupations. The base period for all data is December 2005 when the ECI is 100.

Indian Gaming Payments are amounts received by the State as a result of the slot compact with the two Federally recognized tribes in Connecticut, which calls for 25 percent of net slot receipts to be remitted to the State. Indian Gaming Slots are the total net revenues from slot machines only received by the two Federally recognized Indian tribes.

HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES

Production worker earnings and hours estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month. Average hourly earnings are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

INITIAL CLAIMS

Average weekly initial claims are calculated by dividing the total number of new claims for unemployment insurance received in the month by the number of weeks in the month. A minor change in methodology took effect with data published in the March 1997 issue of the DIGEST. Data have been revised back to January 1980.

INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

Primarily a measure of unemployment insurance program activity, the insured unemployment rate is the 13-week average of the number of people claiming unemployment benefits divided by the number of workers covered by the unemployment insurance system.

LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

Labor force estimates are a measure of the work status of people who live in Connecticut. Prepared under the direction of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the statewide estimates are the product of a signal-plus noise model, which uses results from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly survey of Connecticut households, counts of claimants for unemployment benefits, and establishment employment estimates. The 2015 LAUS Redesign includes improved time-series models for the census divisions, states, select substate areas, and the balances of those states; an improved real-time benchmarking procedure to the national Current Population Survey (CPS) estimates; an improved smoothed seasonal adjustment procedure; and improved treatment of outliers. Non-modeled area estimation improvements include: updated Dynamic Residency Ratios (DRR); more accurate estimates for all-other employment; more accurate estimation of agricultural employment; and improved estimation of non-covered agricultural unemployment. Handbook estimation is now done at the city/town level instead of at the Labor Market Area (LMA) level in Connecticut, which better reflects local conditions. The Redesign also introduces estimation inputs from the American Community Survey (ACS) to replace inputs that were previously obtained from the decennial census long-form survey. Labor force data, reflecting persons employed by place of residence, are not directly comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. In the labor force estimates, workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. The labor force data also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics and the self-employed. Because of these conceptual differences, total labor force employment is almost always different from nonfarm wage and salary employment.

LABOR MARKET AREAS

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DOL publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA. Industry employment and labor force data estimates contained in Connecticut Department of Labor publications are prepared following the same statistical procedures developed by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, whether for federally designated or state-determined areas.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

Nonfarm employment estimates are derived from a survey of businesses to measure *jobs* by industry. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Excluded from these estimates are proprietors, self-employed workers, private household employees and unpaid family workers. In some cases, due to space constraints, all industry estimates are not shown. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

UI COVERED WAGES

UI covered wages is the total amount paid to those employees who are covered under the Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance (UI) law for services performed during the quarter. The fluctuations in the 1992-93 period reflect the effect of the changes in the tax law and the massive restructuring in the state's economy.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS AT A GLANCE

(Percent change from prior year; see pages 4-8 for reference months or quarters)

Leading General Drift Indicator +0.1 Coincident General Drift Indicator +1.8 Farmington Bank Bus. Barometer +2.2 Phil. Fed's CT Coincident Index +4.2	Business Activity New Housing Permits27.4 Electricity Sales+0.1 Construction Contracts Index11.2 New Auto RegistrationsNA	Tourism and Travel Info Center Visitors25.3 Attraction Visitors +16.5 Air Passenger Count1.0 Gaming Slots5.6
Total Nonfarm Employment+2.0	Exports+3.3 S&P 500: Monthly Close1.6	-
Labor Force+0.9	•	Employment Cost Index (U.S.)
Employed +2.1	Business Starts	Total+1.9
Unemployed16.5	Secretary of the State+5.8	Wages & Salaries+2.2
Unemployment Rate1.1*	Dept. of Labor7.6	Benefit Costs+1.4
Labor Force Participation Rate +0.2		
Employment to Population Ratio +1.0	Business Terminations	Consumer Prices
	Secretary of the State +12.7	U.S. City Average+0.2
Average Weekly Initial Claims2.3	Dept. of Labor28.7	Northeast Region0.1
Avg Insured Unempl. Rate0.40*		NY-NJ-Long Island+0.1
U-6 Rate1.1*		Boston-Brockton-Nashua+0.7
	State Revenues +17.9	
Prod. Worker Avg Wkly Hrs, Mfg0.7	Corporate Tax56.5	Interest Rates
PW Avg Hourly Earnings, Mfg +12.4	Personal Income Tax+3.9	Prime 0.00*
PW Avg Weekly Earnings, Mfg +11.6	Real Estate Conveyance Tax14.4	Conventional Mortgage0.21*
CT Mfg. Production Index0.1	Sales & Use Tax +61.4	
Production Worker Hours+1.9 Industrial Electricity Sales4.9	Gaming Payments7.2	
Personal Income+2.5 UI Covered Wages+3.1	*Percentage point change; **Less than 0.05 percent; NA = Not Available	

THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST

October 2015

ECONOMIC DIGEST

A joint publication of The Connecticut Departments of Labor and Economic and Community Development



Mailing address:

Connecticut Economic Digest
Connecticut Department of Labor
Office of Research
200 Folly Brook Boulevard
Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114

The Connecticut Economic Digest is available on the internet at: http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi

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