

CONNECTICUT

LABOR FORCE DATA FOR LABOR MARKET AREAS & TOWNS

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

JANUARY 2018

Labor Market Areas are highlighted, followed by the towns that make up the Area.

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	RATE
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD	459,638	435,964	23,674	5.2	HARTFORD (cont.)	624,006	591,058	32,948	5.3
Ansonia	9,231	8,561	670	7.3	East Haddam	5,052	4,793	259	5.1
Bridgeport	69,369	63,927	5,442	7.8	East Hampton	7,751	7,411	340	4.4
Darien	8,503	8,167	336	4.0	East Hartford	27,261	25,584	1,677	6.2
Derby	6,745	6,304	441	6.5	Ellington	9,481	8,988	493	5.2
Easton	3,803	3,649	154	4.0	Farmington	14,229	13,655	574	4.0
Fairfield	28,709	27,428	1,281	4.5	Glastonbury	19,005	18,350	655	3.4
Greenwich	28,318	27,232	1,086	3.8	Granby	6,771	6,530	241	3.6
Milford	29,813	28,508	1,305	4.4	Haddam	5,111	4,883	228	4.5
Monroe	10,025	9,559	466	4.6	Hartford	53,517	48,915	4,602	8.6
New Canaan	8,233	7,937	296	3.6	Hartland	1,169	1,102	67	5.7
Norwalk	50,216	47,676	2,540	5.1	Harwinton	3,245	3,094	151	4.7
Oxford	7,101	6,775	326	4.6	Hebron	5,579	5,336	243	4.4
Redding	4,387	4,217	170	3.9	Lebanon	4,117	3,882	235	5.7
Ridgefield	11,631	11,210	421	3.6	Manchester	33,071	31,386	1,685	5.1
Seymour	8,923	8,434	489	5.5	Mansfield	12,727	12,106	621	4.9
Shelton	22,015	20,833	1,182	5.4	Marlborough	3,610	3,468	142	3.9
Southbury	8,616	8,204	412	4.8	Middletown	26,315	24,928	1,387	5.3
Stamford	69,294	66,080	3,214	4.6	New Britain	36,839	34,235	2,604	7.1
Stratford	27,013	25,470	1,543	5.7	New Hartford	4,008	3,834	174	4.3
Trumbull	17,835	17,019	816	4.6	Newington	17,372	16,613	759	4.4
Weston	4,289	4,127	162	3.8	Plainville	10,593	9,993	600	5.7
Westport	12,434	11,992	442	3.6	Plymouth	6,729	6,308	421	6.3
Wilton	8,348	8,040	308	3.7	Portland	5,532	5,252	280	5.1
Woodbridge	4,786	4,614	172	3.6	Rocky Hill	11,601	11,172	429	3.7
DANBURY	106,729	101,954	4,775	4.5	Scotland	967	917	50	5.2
Bethel	10,787	10,337	450	4.2	Simsbury	13,378	12,895	483	3.6
Bridgewater	843	805	38	4.5	Southington	24,709	23,505	1,204	4.9
Brookfield	9,301	8,924	377	4.1	South Windsor	14,167	13,575	592	4.2
Danbury	47,352	45,162	2,190	4.6	Stafford	6,878	6,471	407	5.9
New Fairfield	7,125	6,836	289	4.1	Thomaston	4,791	4,525	266	5.6
New Milford	15,307	14,562	745	4.9	Tolland	8,625	8,313	312	3.6
Newtown	14,140	13,532	608	4.3	Union	465	447	18	3.9
Sherman	1,874	1,796	78	4.2	Vernon	17,382	16,480	902	5.2
ENFIELD	49,562	47,004	2,558	5.2	West Hartford	34,414	33,163	1,251	3.6
East Windsor	6,509	6,141	368	5.7	Wethersfield	14,115	13,450	665	4.7
Enfield	23,013	21,838	1,175	5.1	Willington	3,677	3,501	176	4.8
Somers	5,098	4,866	232	4.6	Windham	12,567	11,652	915	7.3
Suffield	7,526	7,175	351	4.7	Windsor	16,622	15,822	800	4.8
Windsor Locks	7,418	6,985	433	5.8					
HARTFORD	624,006	591,058	32,948	5.3	Not Seasonally Adjusted:				
Andover	1,963	1,866	97	4.9	CONNECTICUT	1,889,100	1,789,300	99,800	5.3
Ashford	2,575	2,450	125	4.9	UNITED STATES	160,037,000	152,848,000	7,189,000	4.5
Avon	9,445	9,108	337	3.6	Seasonally Adjusted:				
Barkhamsted	2,348	2,215	133	5.7	CONNECTICUT	1,892,200	1,807,200	85,000	4.5
Berlin	11,855	11,306	549	4.6	UNITED STATES	161,115,000	154,430,000	6,684,000	4.1
Bloomfield	11,460	10,862	598	5.2					
Bolton	3,172	3,069	103	3.2					
Bristol	33,267	31,252	2,015	6.1					
Burlington	5,685	5,428	257	4.5					
Canton	5,731	5,490	241	4.2					
Chaplin	1,263	1,189	74	5.9					
Colchester	9,517	9,066	451	4.7					
Columbia	3,273	3,119	154	4.7					
Coventry	7,917	7,513	404	5.1					
Cromwell	7,999	7,629	370	4.6					
East Granby	3,098	2,964	134	4.3					

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA.

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NEW HAVEN	321,809	305,081	16,728	5.2	TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST	46,885	44,236	2,649	5.6
Bethany	3,101	2,951	150	4.8	Canaan	707	677	30	4.2
Branford	15,937	15,163	774	4.9	Colebrook	839	781	58	6.9
Cheshire	15,554	14,941	613	3.9	Cornwall	775	734	41	5.3
Chester	2,333	2,237	96	4.1	Goshen	1,627	1,557	70	4.3
Clinton	7,190	6,892	298	4.1	Kent	1,517	1,432	85	5.6
Deep River	2,870	2,720	150	5.2	Litchfield	4,756	4,539	217	4.6
Durham	4,277	4,104	173	4.0	Morris	1,415	1,347	68	4.8
East Haven	15,681	14,759	922	5.9	Norfolk	896	849	47	5.2
Essex	3,329	3,172	157	4.7	North Canaan	1,708	1,616	92	5.4
Guilford	12,752	12,316	436	3.4	Roxbury	1,326	1,270	56	4.2
Hamden	34,963	33,328	1,635	4.7	Salisbury	1,804	1,729	75	4.2
Killingworth	3,789	3,649	140	3.7	Sharon	1,485	1,420	65	4.4
Madison	8,972	8,637	335	3.7	Torrington	19,116	17,859	1,257	6.6
Meriden	31,723	29,781	1,942	6.1	Warren	786	751	35	4.5
Middlefield	2,502	2,384	118	4.7	Washington	2,028	1,961	67	3.3
New Haven	63,706	59,658	4,048	6.4	Winchester	6,100	5,714	386	6.3
North Branford	8,201	7,761	440	5.4					
North Haven	13,247	12,651	596	4.5	WATERBURY	110,500	103,085	7,415	6.7
Old Saybrook	5,011	4,813	198	4.0	Beacon Falls	3,443	3,264	179	5.2
Orange	7,180	6,913	267	3.7	Bethlehem	1,975	1,839	136	6.9
Wallingford	26,050	24,817	1,233	4.7	Middlebury	3,862	3,680	182	4.7
West Haven	29,789	27,968	1,821	6.1	Naugatuck	17,141	16,107	1,034	6.0
Westbrook	3,653	3,465	188	5.1	Prospect	5,582	5,305	277	5.0
					Waterbury	50,305	46,070	4,235	8.4
*NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY CT	126,584	119,988	6,596	5.2	Watertown	12,870	12,238	632	4.9
Bozrah	1,441	1,378	63	4.4	Wolcott	9,812	9,333	479	4.9
Canterbury	2,908	2,744	164	5.6	Woodbury	5,509	5,247	262	4.8
East Lyme	8,680	8,263	417	4.8					
Franklin	1,070	1,027	43	4.0	DANIELSON-NORTHEAST	43,419	40,941	2,478	5.7
Griswold	6,356	5,955	401	6.3	Brooklyn	4,137	3,921	216	5.2
Groton	18,415	17,608	807	4.4	Eastford	969	923	46	4.7
Ledyard	8,008	7,657	351	4.4	Hampton	1,040	986	54	5.2
Lisbon	2,361	2,230	131	5.5	Killingly	9,619	9,053	566	5.9
Lyme	1,223	1,166	57	4.7	Plainfield	8,737	8,187	550	6.3
Montville	9,399	8,886	513	5.5	Pomfret	2,494	2,400	94	3.8
New London	12,051	11,202	849	7.0	Putnam	4,870	4,568	302	6.2
North Stonington	2,933	2,805	128	4.4	Sterling	2,063	1,907	156	7.6
Norwich	20,237	19,122	1,115	5.5	Thompson	5,269	5,001	268	5.1
Old Lyme	3,777	3,600	177	4.7	Woodstock	4,221	3,995	226	5.4
Preston	2,451	2,306	145	5.9					
Salem	2,169	2,043	126	5.8					
Sprague	1,618	1,526	92	5.7					
Stonington	9,827	9,380	447	4.5	NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI	142,739	135,158	7,581	5.3
Voluntown	1,489	1,410	79	5.3	RI part (Hopkinton and Westerly)	16,155	15,170	985	6.1
Waterford	10,173	9,682	491	4.8					

*Connecticut portion only. For whole NECTA, including RI part, see below.

LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS

The civilian labor force comprises all state residents age 16 years and older classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with criteria described below. Excluded are members of the military and persons in institutions (correctional and mental health, for example).

The employed are all persons who did any work as paid employees or in their own business during the survey week, or who have worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a family member. Persons temporarily absent from a job because of illness, bad weather, strike or for personal reasons are also counted as employed whether they were paid by their employer or were seeking other jobs.

The unemployed are all persons who did not work, but were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness) and made specific efforts to find a job in the prior four weeks. Persons waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

With the exception of those persons temporarily absent from a job or waiting to be recalled to one, persons with no job and who are not actively looking for one are counted as "not in the labor force".

Over the course of a year, the size of the labor force and the levels of employment undergo fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the monthly statistics. Seasonal Adjustment makes it easier to observe cyclical and other nonseasonal developments.