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In September...

Nonfarm Employment

Connecticut	1,667,800
Change over month	+0.26%
Change over year	+2.77%

United States	153,018,000
Change over month	+0.17%
Change over year	+3.86%

Unemployment Rate

Connecticut	4.0%
United States	3.5%

Consumer Price Index

United States	296.808
Change over year	+8.2%

2021 Economic Indexes Rebounded in All States

By Jungmin Charles Joo and Dana Placzek, Department of Labor

Economic indexes bounced back last year in all states after having fallen in 2020. Forty-nine states (including Connecticut) had faster growth in 2021 than in 2019 – the last pre-pandemic year while one state matched the 2019 pace.

SEI: Methodology

Applying the same components and methodology of the Connecticut Town Economic Indexes (See October 2022 issue), the Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research also developed the State Economic Indexes for all 50 states and DC. With recently available annual average data from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, along with the revised annual average unemployment rate from Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS), annual SEI is reestimated for the 2010-2021 period.

These indexes provide a measure of the overall economic strength of each state. Four annual average state economic indicators were used as components: 1. the number of the total covered business establishments, 2. total covered employment, 3. real covered wages, and 4. the unemployment rate.

Business establishments are the physical work units located in the state. Employment is the number of payroll employees in

the establishments that are located in the state who are covered under the unemployment insurance law (nearly the universe count of all the payroll employees in each state). Average annual pay is the aggregate wages earned divided by the total average employment. Establishments, employment, and wages are proxies for each state's business activities and its overall economic strength, while the unemployment rate measures the overall economic health of each state's working residents.

Each of the four components of the SEI is given a 25 percent weight. SEI's base year is 2010, which equals 100. The wage component is adjusted to 2010 dollars, and the unemployment rate change is inversed to reflect the right economic direction. By combining these four major economic indicators, the index gives a broad measure of business and resident economic conditions of each state that can then be compared and analyzed.

SEI: 2020 to 2021

Reflecting a recovery from the COVID pandemic, the business and labor conditions of all 50 states and DC turned around from 2020 to 2021, after having decreased SEI from 2019 to 2020. The fastest increases in the index occurred in Indiana and Alabama. Connecticut rose 8.0% over the year (See table on page 2). New Mexico and Maryland had the slowest increases.

ECONOMIC DIGEST

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STATE ECONOMIC INDEXES (2010=100), 2017-2021*

State	2020-21 % Chg	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Alabama	30.8%	139.1	149.6	166.1	126.6	165.6
Alaska	7.6%	109.9	113.3	118.1	106.7	114.7
Arizona	18.4%	136.2	140.4	142.4	126.2	149.5
Arkansas	16.1%	135.0	137.7	141.0	118.8	137.9
California	13.0%	153.3	163.2	169.5	125.3	141.6
Colorado	9.6%	176.5	167.3	182.3	129.7	142.1
Connecticut	8.0%	134.8	142.8	151.3	114.6	123.7
Delaware	11.6%	132.1	142.8	146.8	118.7	132.4
District of Columbia	7.7%	125.5	130.2	133.6	120.1	129.3
Florida	24.2%	149.6	162.1	176.5	127.3	158.1
Georgia	24.0%	139.5	152.3	162.3	132.1	163.8
Hawaii	17.3%	161.2	156.3	156.0	102.7	120.4
Idaho	20.0%	154.9	165.1	164.6	136.9	164.4
Illinois	15.2%	133.1	140.6	148.1	111.3	128.2
Indiana	31.1%	154.8	158.5	162.1	121.7	159.5
Iowa	6.2%	132.5	145.7	144.7	117.5	124.8
Kansas	22.1%	128.9	134.3	138.7	114.1	139.3
Kentucky	13.4%	137.1	145.8	148.7	127.8	144.9
Louisiana	13.5%	115.6	119.2	122.3	103.6	117.6
Maine	5.6%	144.3	150.9	160.1	129.2	136.5
Maryland	4.9%	130.3	136.8	141.6	114.3	119.9
Massachusetts	15.0%	139.7	147.9	155.9	113.6	130.6
Michigan	19.6%	148.3	155.9	159.9	116.7	139.5
Minnesota	22.6%	135.8	145.0	141.4	117.5	144.1
Mississippi	12.6%	128.9	132.8	129.0	115.4	129.9
Missouri	12.7%	149.2	159.6	164.5	129.0	145.3
Montana	20.6%	130.0	136.7	139.7	124.0	149.6
Nebraska	17.8%	126.0	128.0	127.9	118.6	139.8
Nevada	23.8%	154.2	166.1	176.3	116.7	144.4
New Hampshire	23.2%	138.1	143.7	145.7	112.5	138.6
New Jersey	13.9%	133.3	141.3	153.9	109.5	124.8
New Mexico	5.3%	111.6	121.7	124.7	109.8	115.6
New York	10.4%	131.0	138.1	144.0	109.6	121.0
North Carolina	16.7%	144.3	153.7	159.8	129.6	151.3
North Dakota	6.4%	127.2	131.6	138.8	112.6	119.8
Ohio	17.8%	133.5	140.3	146.0	117.2	138.0
Oklahoma	15.8%	123.1	133.1	137.8	111.8	129.5
Oregon	15.0%	154.3	158.4	166.5	131.5	151.2
Pennsylvania	10.7%	122.5	128.2	129.9	107.7	119.3
Rhode Island	19.6%	146.7	154.1	165.6	118.3	141.6
South Carolina	18.8%	154.1	171.7	193.2	141.4	167.9
South Dakota	11.3%	123.8	129.5	131.4	119.0	132.4
Tennessee	22.6%	151.8	157.8	162.1	125.4	153.7
Texas	10.1%	135.8	143.1	151.9	121.4	133.7
Utah	25.1%	153.5	161.4	173.1	143.1	179.1
Vermont	18.2%	133.9	143.0	152.5	113.3	134.0
Virginia	16.6%	133.6	147.2	153.2	119.0	138.8
Washington	15.9%	136.1	141.8	146.0	123.8	143.5
West Virginia	17.2%	120.7	123.2	126.0	108.3	126.9
Wisconsin	20.1%	147.9	156.1	153.1	121.5	145.9
Wyoming	9.1%	118.1	121.5	128.1	111.1	121.2
UNITED STATES	15.3%	139.0	147.8	153.4	119.8	138.2

* 2010 = 100 for all 50 states and District of Columbia. 2011-2021 SEI are available upon request.

State Economic Indexes developed by Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Data Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

SEI: 2010 to 2021

Looking longer term, all 50 states and DC continued to show positive SEI growth. Utah and South Carolina topped the list, when new business formations, jobs, real wages, and unemployment rates are all factored in. The Connecticut index increased 23.7% since 2010, when the economy began to recover, while the nation's index grew 38.2%. Among the Northeast states, Connecticut grew faster than New York and Pennsylvania (Chart 1). Rhode Island's economy improved the most in the long run. The map on page 4 shows the different ranges of economic recovery rate of each state.

Components of SEI:

Establishments

In terms of the number of establishments, Idaho and Georgia experienced the fastest growth over the year. All states rose from 2020. Connecticut's establishment growth rate (4.9%) was the fastest pace for any year for which we have data with an increase of more than 6,000 establishments. Increases in all previous years were less than 2,500. Over the last eleven years, Utah and Idaho had the fastest business formations. On the other hand, the number of

establishments grew the slowest in Illinois and Kansas since 2010.

Employment

Last year's average nationwide employment increased 3.4%, while Connecticut gained 3.0% of its jobs in 2021. Nevada and Idaho posted the fastest job growth. Only the District of Columbia lost jobs over the year.

Note employment (as with all statistics in the SEI) are annual averages so the 2020 average includes some pre-pandemic months while the 2021 average includes months early in the year when the effects of the pandemic were still severe. Only six states had average annual employment in 2021 above their 2019 average. Connecticut 2021 employment was more than 95% of the 2019 average, just slightly below the 97% for the nation as a whole.

Real Wages

Forty-one states posted inflation-adjusted wage gains in 2021. New Hampshire and Florida had the fastest annual pay increase, while Alaska and North Dakota's wages dropped the biggest over the year. Connecticut wages declined slightly in 2021 (-0.3%) after a large 2020 increase. Average wages were boosted in 2020 by the pandemic-caused closure of lower wage establishments such as restaurants. The return of

these jobs in 2021 lowered average wages. Once again, the highest annual average pay was earned in DC at \$106,879 in 2021 (in 2010 dollars). Connecticut's wage was sixth highest (\$74,183), following New York (\$83,899), Massachusetts (\$83,630), California (\$81,713), and Washington (\$78,602). Only 11 states and DC posted wages higher than the nation's average of \$64,434 last year. The two states with the lowest average pay in 2021 were Mississippi and West Virginia.

Since 2010, all 50 states and DC experienced income gains, with Washington and California continuing to have the fastest increase. Connecticut average wage has increased by nearly \$15,000 (inflation-adjusted) in that time period.

Unemployment Rate

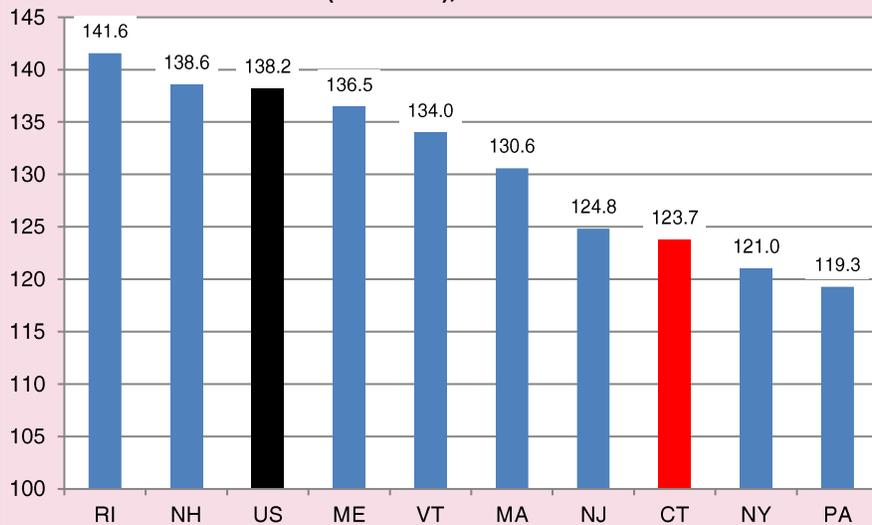
Nebraska (2.5%) and Utah (2.7%) posted the lowest unemployment rates in 2021. Conversely, California (7.3%) and Nevada (7.2%) had the highest unemployment rates last year. Connecticut had 6.3% while U.S. had 5.3% jobless rate. All 50 states and DC bounced back from the effect of the pandemic. The fastest recovery occurred in Hawaii and Indiana over the year.

Between 2010 and 2021, all but North Dakota (unchanged) unemployment rates went down. Alabama and Utah had the biggest percentage unemployment rate drop. Since 2010, Connecticut's jobless rate dropped from 9.6% to 6.3%, while it was from 9.6% to 5.3% nationally. (Again the 2021 average includes months in early 2021 when the effects of the pandemic were still severe. Connecticut's unemployment rate has fallen more than 3 percentage points from early 2021 through September 2022.)

SEI Diffusion Index: 2011-2021

One way to measure aggregate performance of SEI of all 50 states and DC is to use a

Chart 1. 2021 SEI (2010=100), Northeast States and U.S.



State Economic Indexes, 2021

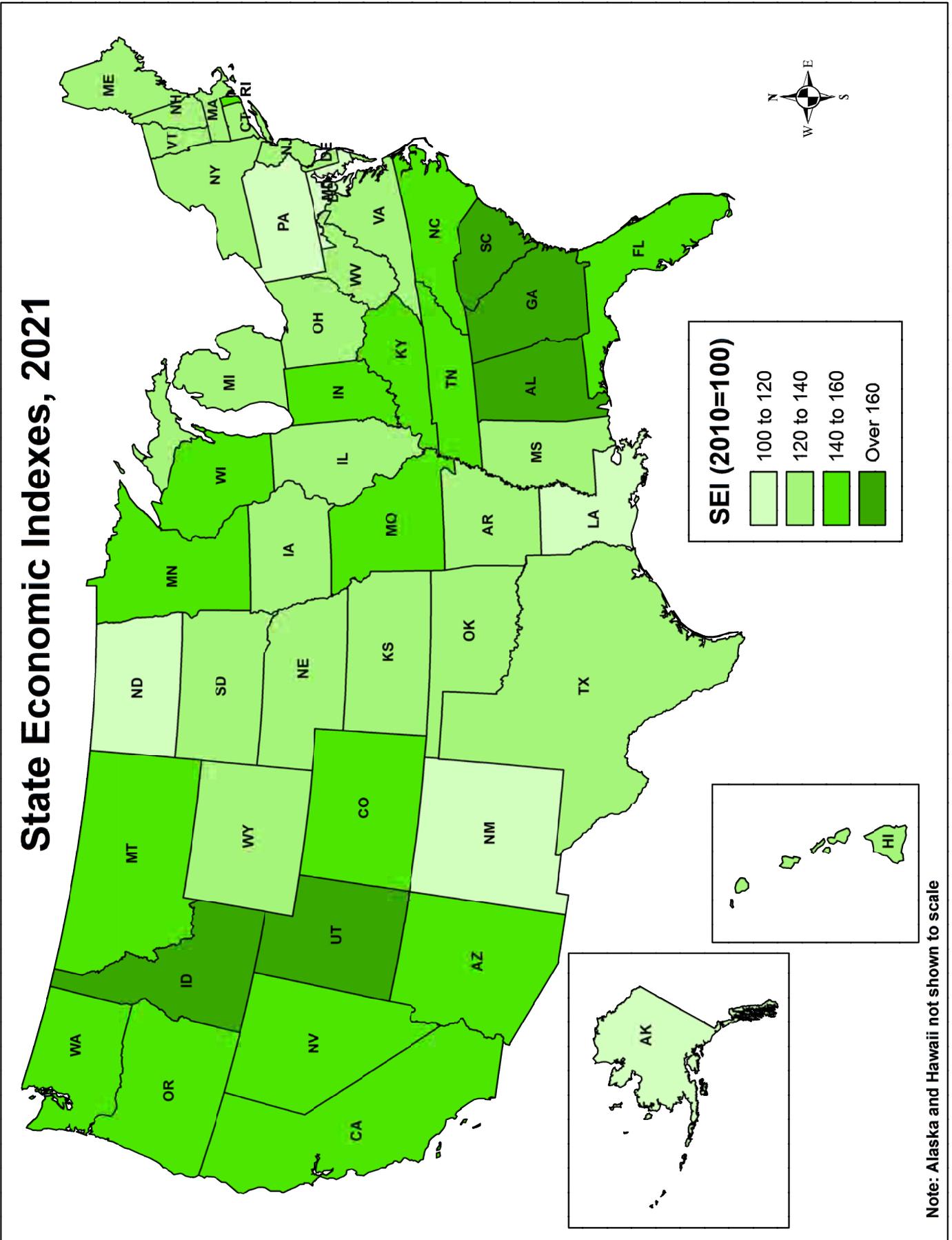
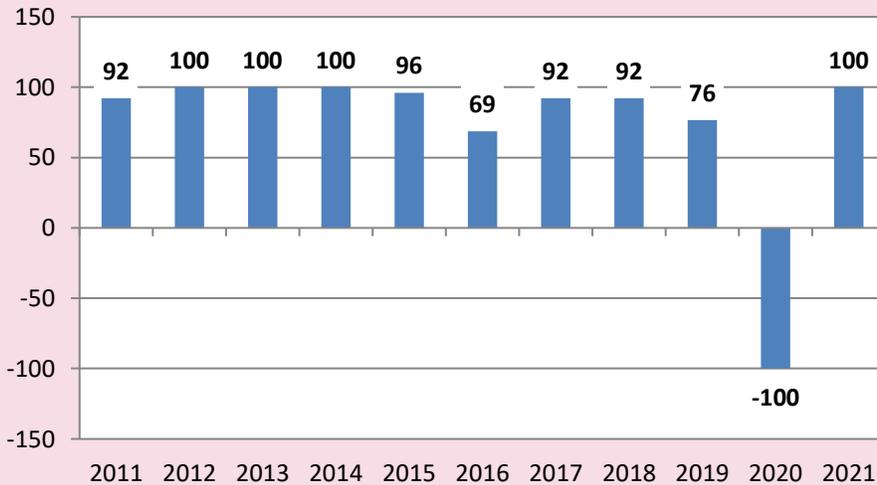


Chart 2. SEI Diffusion Index, 2011-2021



diffusion index. For each state, the index is up, down, or unchanged over the year. The SEI Diffusion Index is calculated by subtracting the share of

states that experienced decreases in their indexes from the share that had increases over the year.

For example, index values in 49 states rose (96%), two (4%) fell, and two stayed the same in 2011. The diffusion index is then calculated by subtracting 4 from 96, equaling 92. Thus, if all 51 state indexes increase from a prior year, then the diffusion index becomes 100, and if all decline, then -100. If the SEI Diffusion Index is positive, then that is interpreted as an economic recovery or expansion, while negative figures would mean an economic recession or contraction.

After experiencing strong growth rate in 2017 and 2018 (SEI of 92), then slowing to 76 in 2019, the pandemic caused all the states' economy to contract in 2020 with an index of -100. Then last year, as a sign of recovery, all the states made a complete turnaround (Chart 2). ■

GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS

<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>	2Q	2Q	YoY CHG		1Q	QoQ CHG	
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	NO.	%
General Drift Indicator (2007=100)*							
Leading	112.9	105.0	7.8	7.5	111.5	1.4	1.26
Coincident	96.2	94.7	1.5	1.6	95.3	0.9	0.97
Real Gross Domestic Product** (Millions of chained 2012 dollars)	1Q	1Q	YoY CHG		4Q	QoQ CHG	
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2021	NO.	%
Connecticut	250,201	240,712	9,489	3.9	251,071	-870	-0.3
United States	19,727,918	19,055,655	672,263	3.5	19,806,290	-78,372	-0.4
New England	1,025,942	979,373	46,570	4.8	1,026,499	-557	-0.1
Per Capita Personal Income** (Current \$, SAAR)	2Q	2Q	YoY CHG		1Q	QoQ CHG	
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	NO.	%
Connecticut	84,963	82,387	2,576	3.1	84,550	413	0.5
United States	64,993	63,018	1,975	3.1	64,113	880	1.4
New England	78,751	77,160	1,591	2.1	78,144	607	0.8
Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index (2007=100)***	Sep	Sep	YoY CHG		Aug	MoM CHG	
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	NO.	%
Connecticut	121.37	115.20	6.18	5.4	120.89	0.48	0.4
United States	135.71	129.27	6.44	5.0	135.21	0.50	0.4

Sources: *Dr. Steven P. Lanza, University of Connecticut, <https://steven-lanza.uconn.edu/the-connecticut-green-sheet/>
 U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis *Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia

General Drift Indicators are composite measures of the four-quarter change in three coincident (Connecticut Manufacturing Production Index, nonfarm employment, and real personal income) and three leading (housing permits, manufacturing average weekly hours, and initial unemployment claims) economic variables, and are indexed so 2007 = 100.

The **Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index** summarizes current economic condition by using four coincident variables: nonfarm payroll employment, average hours worked in manufacturing, the unemployment rate, and wage and salary disbursements deflated by the consumer price index (U.S. city average).

Total nonfarm
employment increased
over the year.

EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
(Seasonally adjusted; 000s)					
TOTAL NONFARM	1,667.8	1,622.9	44.9	2.8	1,663.4
Natural Res & Mining	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5
Construction	63.0	59.5	3.5	5.9	61.7
Manufacturing	160.2	153.6	6.6	4.3	160.5
Trade, Transportation & Utilities	298.7	290.6	8.1	2.8	298.5
Information	30.3	30.1	0.2	0.7	30.3
Financial Activities	117.8	116.0	1.8	1.6	118.4
Professional and Business Services	219.4	213.5	5.9	2.8	220.0
Education and Health Services	339.9	334.1	5.8	1.7	339.2
Leisure and Hospitality	150.4	141.2	9.2	6.5	148.4
Other Services	60.5	58.6	1.9	3.2	60.3
Government*	227.1	225.2	1.9	0.8	225.6

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor * Includes Native American tribal government employment

Average weekly initial
claims rose from a year
ago.

UNEMPLOYMENT

	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
(Seasonally adjusted)					
Labor Force, resident (000s)	1,903.7	1,859.1	44.6	2.4	1,905.5
Employed (000s)	1,826.7	1,754.4	72.3	4.1	1,827.8
Unemployed (000s)	77.0	104.6	-27.6	-26.4	77.7
Unemployment Rate (%)	4.0	5.6	-1.6	---	4.1
Labor Force Participation Rate (%)	64.6	63.5	1.1	---	64.7
Employment-Population Ratio (%)	62.0	59.9	2.1	---	62.0
Average Weekly Initial Claims	4,170	3,789	382	10.1	5,915
Avg. Insured Unemp. Rate (%)	1.37	2.54	-1.18	---	1.73
	3Q 2022	3Q 2021			2Q 2022
U-6 Rate (%)	8.1	11.6	-3.5	---	8.3

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

The production worker
weekly earnings rose over
the year.

MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY

	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug	Jul
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	2022
(Not seasonally adjusted)						
Production Worker Avg Wkly Hours	41.1	38.9	2.2	5.7	40.4	--
Prod. Worker Avg Hourly Earnings	28.46	28.35	0.11	0.4	28.20	--
Prod. Worker Avg Weekly Earnings	1,169.71	1,102.82	66.89	6.1	1,139.28	--
CT Mfg. Prod. Index, NSA (2012=100)	108.1	99.9	8.22	8.2	108.1	110.9
Production Worker Hours (000s)	4,246	3,859	387	10.0	4,141	--
Industrial Electricity Sales (mil kWh)*	253	242	11	4.5	257	263
CT Mfg. Prod. Index, SA (2012=100)	103.1	95.2	7.89	8.3	98.4	106.9

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Department of Energy

*Latest two months are forecasted.

Personal income
increased 3.4 percent
from a year earlier.

INCOME

	2Q	2Q	CHANGE		1Q
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
(\$ Millions, SA, annualized)					
Personal Income	\$307,116.0	\$296,932.7	\$10,183.3	3.4	\$305,428.0
Wages and Salaries	\$137,765.8	\$126,819.7	\$10,946.1	8.6	\$137,393.8

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

BUSINESS ACTIVITY

New auto registrations decreased over the year.

	MONTH	LEVEL	YY %	YEAR TO DATE		%
			CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
New Housing Permits*	Sep 2022	384	1.1	3,878	3,503	10.7
Electricity Sales (mil kWh)	Aug 2022	2,849	-3.8	18,933	18,849	0.4
Construction Contracts Index (1980=100)	Sep 2022	634.4	87.8	---	---	---
New Auto Registrations	Sep 2022	14,681	-2.2	129,464	163,847	-21.0
Exports (Bil. \$)	2Q 2022	3.74	2.9	7.28	7.20	1.2
S&P 500: Monthly Close	Sep 2022	3,585.62	-16.8	---	---	---

Sources: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development; U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration; Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; F.W. Dodge; Connecticut Department of Motor Vehicles; Wisetrade.org

* Estimated by the Bureau of the Census

BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS

Net business formation, as measured by starts minus stops registered with the Department of Labor, was up over the year.

	MO/QTR	LEVEL	YY %	YEAR TO DATE		%
			CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
STARTS						
Secretary of the State	Sep 2022	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Department of Labor	1Q 2022	4,164	-11.6	4,164	4,710	-11.6
TERMINATIONS						
Secretary of the State	Sep 2022	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Department of Labor	1Q 2022	2,290	12.8	2,290	2,030	12.8

Sources: Connecticut Secretary of the State; Connecticut Department of Labor

STATE REVENUES

Gaming payments were down from a year ago.

(Millions of dollars)	Sep	Sep	%	YEAR TO DATE		%
	2022	2021	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
TOTAL ALL REVENUES*	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Corporate Tax	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Personal Income Tax	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Real Estate Conv. Tax	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sales & Use Tax	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gaming Payments**	18.6	18.6	-0.2	159.6	161.5	-1.2

Sources: Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; Division of Special Revenue

*Includes all sources of revenue; Only selected sources are displayed; Most July receipts are credited to the prior fiscal year and are not shown. **See page 23 for explanation.

TOURISM AND TRAVEL

Gaming slots rose over the year.

	MONTH	LEVEL	YY %	YEAR TO DATE		%
			CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
Occupancy Rate (%)*	Sep 2022	69.2	9.3	62.1	55.4	12.1
Tourism Website Visitors	Sep 2022	528,638	-16.5	5,565,714	5,327,170	4.5
Air Passenger Count	Aug 2022	542,289	6.8	3,786,994	2,766,008	36.9
Gaming Slots (Mil.\$)***	Sep 2022	890.0	0.4	7,753.2	7,713.2	0.5

Sources: Connecticut Department of Transportation, Bureau of Aviation and Ports; Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism; Division of Special Revenue

*STR, Inc. Due to layoffs, Info Center Visitors data are no longer published.

***See page 23 for explanation

Compensation cost for the nation rose 5.2 percent over the year.

EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX

Private Industry Workers (Dec. 2005 = 100)	Seasonally Adjusted			Not Seasonally Adjusted		
	Sep	Jun	3-Mo	Sep	Sep	12-Mo
	2022	2022	% Chg	2022	2021	% Chg
UNITED STATES TOTAL	153.9	152.3	1.1	154.0	146.4	5.2
Wages and Salaries	155.9	154.1	1.2	155.9	148.2	5.2
Benefit Costs	149.2	148.0	0.8	149.2	142.1	5.0
NORTHEAST TOTAL	---	---	---	155.5	148.4	4.8
Wages and Salaries	---	---	---	156.4	149.5	4.6

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. inflation rate was up by 8.2 percent over the year.

CONSUMER NEWS

(Not seasonally adjusted)	MO/QTR	LEVEL	% CHANGE	
			Y/Y	P/P*
CONSUMER PRICES				
CPI-U (1982-84=100)				
U.S. City Average	Sep 2022	296.808	8.2	0.2
Purchasing Power of \$ (1982-84=\$1.00)	Sep 2022	0.337	-7.6	-0.2
Northeast Region	Sep 2022	307.152	7.2	0.1
New York-Newark-Jersey City	Sep 2022	313.880	6.2	0.2
Boston-Cambridge-Newton**	Sep 2022	318.800	8.1	0.9
CPI-W (1982-84=100)				
U.S. City Average	Sep 2022	291.854	8.5	0.1

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

*Change over prior monthly or quarterly period

**The Boston CPI can be used as a proxy for New England and is measured every other month.

Conventional mortgage rate rose to 6.11 percent over the month.

INTEREST RATES

(Percent)	Sep	Aug	Sep
	2022	2022	2021
Prime	5.73	5.50	3.25
Federal Funds	2.56	2.33	0.08
3 Month Treasury Bill	3.22	2.72	0.04
6 Month Treasury Bill	3.71	3.15	0.05
1 Year Treasury Note	3.89	3.28	0.08
3 Year Treasury Note	3.88	3.23	0.47
5 Year Treasury Note	3.70	3.03	0.86
7 Year Treasury Note	3.64	2.98	1.16
10 Year Treasury Note	3.52	2.90	1.37
20 Year Treasury Note	3.82	3.35	1.87
Conventional Mortgage	6.11	5.22	2.90

Sources: Federal Reserve; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT

All nine states in the region gained jobs over the year.

<i>(Seasonally adjusted; 000s)</i>	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
Connecticut	1,667.8	1,622.9	44.9	2.8	1,663.4
Maine	638.9	623.4	15.5	2.5	637.3
Massachusetts	3,691.7	3,540.0	151.7	4.3	3,677.9
New Hampshire	685.9	667.7	18.2	2.7	680.3
New Jersey	4,239.6	4,066.9	172.7	4.2	4,235.8
New York	9,521.3	9,128.0	393.3	4.3	9,505.7
Pennsylvania	5,998.3	5,778.5	219.8	3.8	5,986.3
Rhode Island	498.6	484.9	13.7	2.8	498.5
Vermont	302.2	295.0	7.2	2.4	301.5
United States	153,018.0	147,328.0	5,690.0	3.9	152,755.0

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

LABOR FORCE

Seven states posted increases in the labor force from last year.

<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
Connecticut	1,903,717	1,859,051	44,666	2.4	1,905,529
Maine	675,661	680,563	-4,902	-0.7	676,897
Massachusetts	3,749,458	3,755,821	-6,363	-0.2	3,762,959
New Hampshire	770,818	754,305	16,513	2.2	769,176
New Jersey	4,675,848	4,656,122	19,726	0.4	4,693,253
New York	9,506,064	9,409,934	96,130	1.0	9,542,654
Pennsylvania	6,448,623	6,375,197	73,426	1.2	6,447,729
Rhode Island	576,862	572,690	4,172	0.7	575,093
Vermont	336,538	328,358	8,180	2.5	336,176
United States	164,689,000	161,471,000	3,218,000	2.0	164,746,000

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

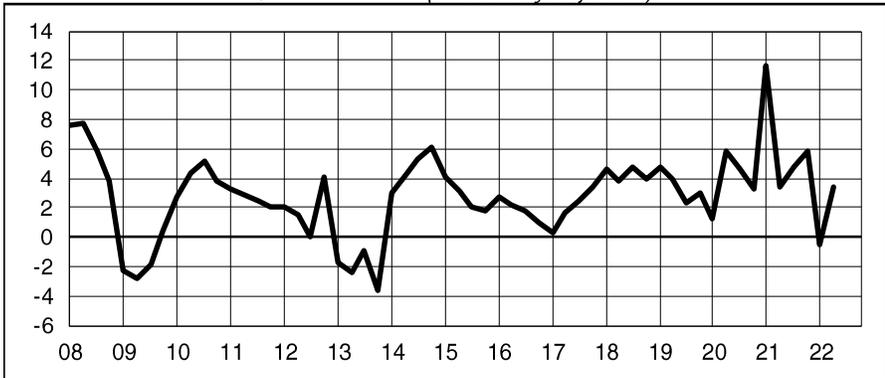
UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

All states showed a decrease in its unemployment rate over the year.

<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>	Sep	Sep	CHANGE	Aug
	2022	2021		2022
Connecticut	4.0	5.6	-1.6	4.1
Maine	3.3	4.5	-1.2	3.1
Massachusetts	3.4	5.1	-1.7	3.6
New Hampshire	2.2	3.2	-1.0	2.0
New Jersey	3.3	5.8	-2.5	4.0
New York	4.3	6.0	-1.7	4.7
Pennsylvania	4.1	5.8	-1.7	4.2
Rhode Island	3.1	5.4	-2.3	2.8
Vermont	2.1	3.2	-1.1	2.1
United States	3.5	4.7	-1.2	3.7

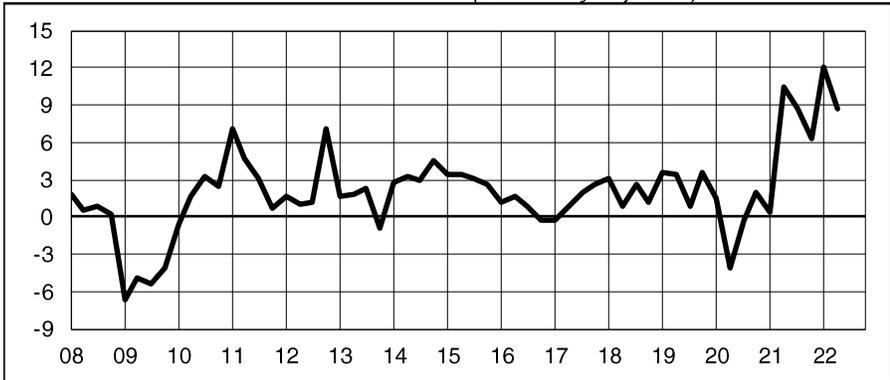
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

PERSONAL INCOME, YOY % CHG *(Seasonally adjusted)*



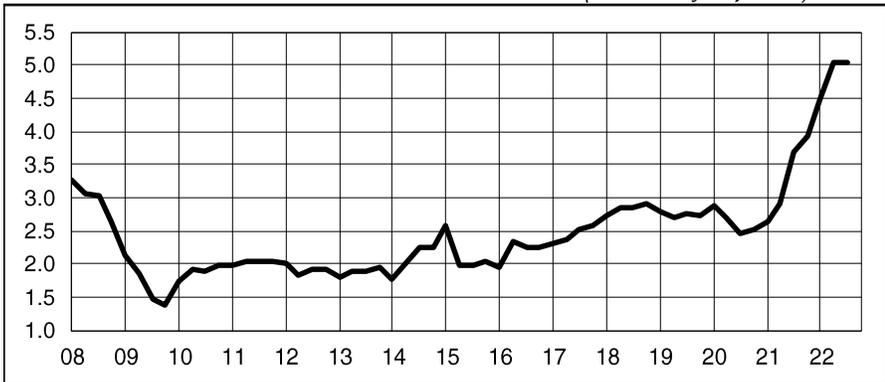
Quarter	2020	2021	2022
First	1.2	11.6	-0.5
Second	5.8	3.3	3.4
Third	4.6	4.7	
Fourth	3.2	5.8	

WAGES AND SALARIES, YOY % CHG *(Seasonally adjusted)*



Quarter	2020	2021	2022
First	1.5	0.3	12.1
Second	-4.1	10.5	8.6
Third	-0.2	8.7	
Fourth	2.0	6.3	

U.S. EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX, YOY % CHG *(Seasonally adjusted)*



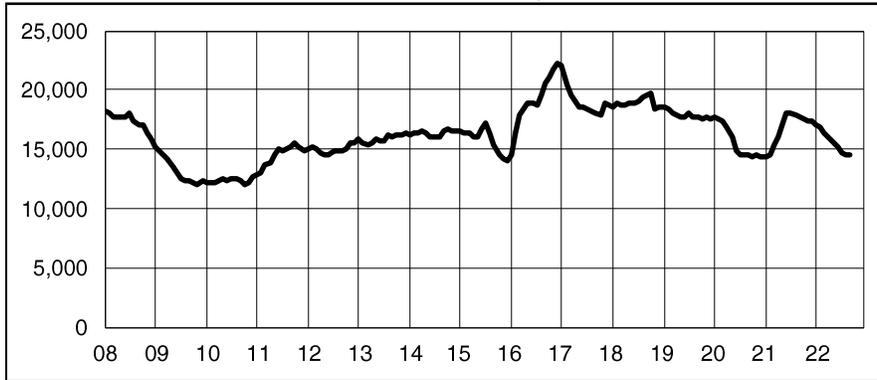
Quarter	2020	2021	2022
First	2.9	2.6	4.5
Second	2.7	2.9	5.0
Third	2.5	3.7	5.0
Fourth	2.5	3.9	

U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, YOY % CHG *(Not seasonally adjusted)*



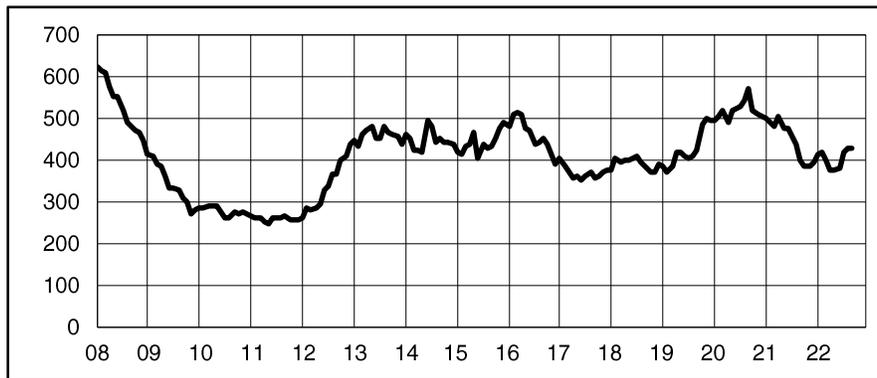
Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	2.5	1.4	7.5
Feb	2.3	1.7	7.9
Mar	1.5	2.6	8.5
Apr	0.3	4.2	8.3
May	0.1	5.0	8.6
Jun	0.6	5.4	9.1
Jul	1.0	5.4	8.5
Aug	1.3	5.3	8.3
Sep	1.4	5.4	8.2
Oct	1.2	6.2	
Nov	1.2	6.8	
Dec	1.4	7.0	

NEW AUTO REGISTRATIONS PROCESSED, 12 MMA



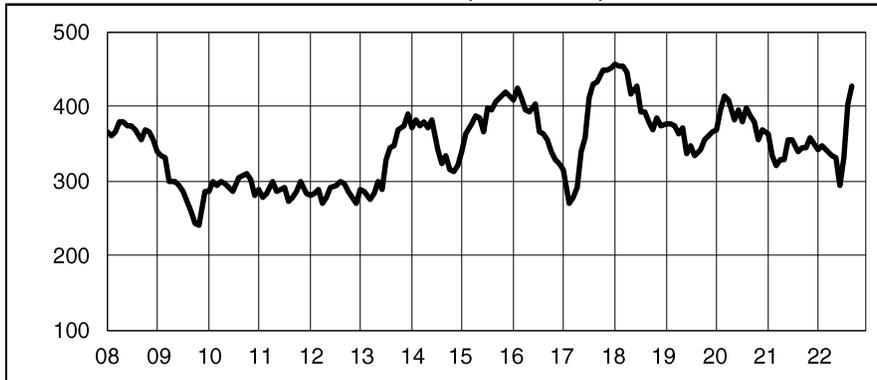
Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	17,636	14,284	17,095
Feb	17,479	14,530	16,835
Mar	17,364	15,382	16,339
Apr	16,858	16,026	15,931
May	16,063	16,985	15,595
Jun	14,834	17,985	15,260
Jul	14,468	18,055	14,764
Aug	14,455	17,878	14,592
Sep	14,494	17,779	14,564
Oct	14,408	17,472	
Nov	14,509	17,439	
Dec	14,290	17,430	

NEW HOUSING PERMITS, 12 MMA



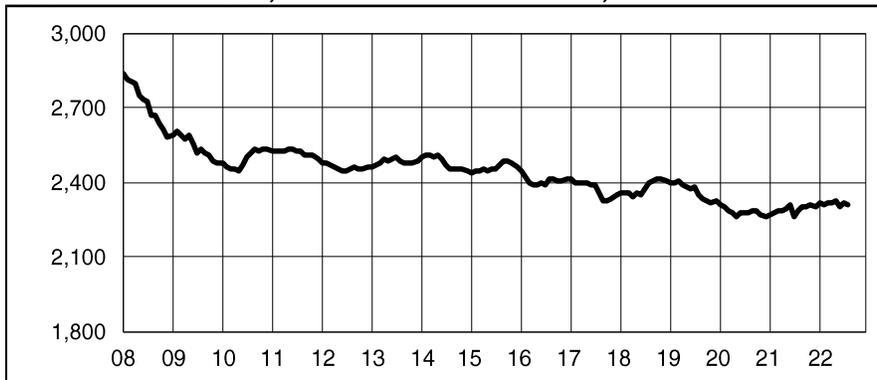
Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	492	500	410
Feb	503	486	416
Mar	516	479	399
Apr	489	504	375
May	516	476	376
Jun	520	474	379
Jul	525	457	416
Aug	541	435	424
Sep	570	398	424
Oct	517	384	
Nov	507	384	
Dec	503	393	

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INDEX, 1980=100, 12 MMA



Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	368.9	361.6	340.9
Feb	394.4	332.3	347.4
Mar	413.4	321.2	340.6
Apr	409.0	328.0	333.4
May	381.8	329.0	330.6
Jun	393.9	355.7	292.2
Jul	379.2	353.6	329.9
Aug	397.9	339.2	401.9
Sep	387.2	344.3	426.6
Oct	377.9	343.9	
Nov	355.3	357.2	
Dec	368.4	348.7	

ELECTRICITY SALES, millions of kilowatt hours, 12 MMA



Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	2,308	2,267	2,314
Feb	2,303	2,276	2,309
Mar	2,285	2,281	2,312
Apr	2,273	2,287	2,313
May	2,264	2,295	2,323
Jun	2,279	2,306	2,300
Jul	2,278	2,263	2,319
Aug	2,280	2,288	2,309
Sep	2,286	2,300	
Oct	2,281	2,303	
Nov	2,271	2,309	
Dec	2,260	2,302	

CONNECTICUT

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	1,674,700	1,629,300	45,400	2.8	1,653,900
TOTAL PRIVATE	1,446,300	1,401,800	44,500	3.2	1,446,400
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	225,200	216,000	9,200	4.3	226,100
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	65,500	62,700	2,800	4.5	65,100
MANUFACTURING	159,700	153,300	6,400	4.2	161,000
Durable Goods	123,800	120,000	3,800	3.2	125,100
Fabricated Metal.....	28,100	27,700	400	1.4	28,600
Machinery.....	13,400	12,900	500	3.9	13,500
Computer and Electronic Product.....	10,300	10,000	300	3.0	10,400
Transportation Equipment.....	45,900	44,600	1,300	2.9	46,300
Aerospace Product and Parts.....	30,500	29,600	900	3.0	30,700
Non-Durable Goods	35,900	33,300	2,600	7.8	35,900
Chemical.....	7,900	7,800	100	1.3	7,800
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	1,449,500	1,413,300	36,200	2.6	1,427,800
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	297,800	288,500	9,300	3.2	292,900
Wholesale Trade.....	61,500	57,700	3,800	6.6	61,400
Retail Trade.....	166,900	164,200	2,700	1.6	168,300
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers.....	21,100	20,500	600	2.9	21,100
Building Material.....	15,200	15,700	-500	-3.2	15,500
Food and Beverage Stores.....	41,100	40,200	900	2.2	42,000
General Merchandise Stores.....	27,000	26,700	300	1.1	27,000
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	69,400	66,600	2,800	4.2	63,200
Utilities.....	4,900	5,000	-100	-2.0	4,900
Transportation and Warehousing.....	64,500	61,600	2,900	4.7	58,300
INFORMATION	30,200	29,800	400	1.3	30,100
Telecommunications.....	5,900	6,000	-100	-1.7	5,900
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	117,200	116,100	1,100	0.9	118,700
Finance and Insurance.....	97,800	97,300	500	0.5	99,000
Credit Intermediation and Related.....	20,300	20,400	-100	-0.5	20,600
Financial Investments and Related.....	21,900	21,400	500	2.3	22,100
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities....	55,600	55,500	100	0.2	56,300
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing.....	19,400	18,800	600	3.2	19,700
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	221,100	214,500	6,600	3.1	221,800
Professional, Scientific.....	97,400	94,400	3,000	3.2	98,700
Legal Services.....	11,900	11,600	300	2.6	12,000
Computer Systems Design.....	22,400	21,700	700	3.2	22,700
Management of Companies.....	30,500	30,100	400	1.3	30,800
Administrative and Support.....	93,200	90,000	3,200	3.6	92,300
Employment Services.....	27,900	28,000	-100	-0.4	27,800
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	340,700	334,600	6,100	1.8	333,600
Educational Services.....	68,600	65,800	2,800	4.3	63,000
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	272,100	268,800	3,300	1.2	270,600
Hospitals.....	59,500	60,000	-500	-0.8	59,000
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities.....	53,500	53,100	400	0.8	53,600
Social Assistance.....	66,300	63,000	3,300	5.2	65,500
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	154,200	143,600	10,600	7.4	160,900
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation.....	26,700	25,300	1,400	5.5	31,100
Accommodation and Food Services.....	127,500	118,300	9,200	7.8	129,800
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.	118,100	109,700	8,400	7.7	119,600
OTHER SERVICES	59,900	58,700	1,200	2.0	62,300
GOVERNMENT	228,400	227,500	900	0.4	207,500
Federal Government.....	18,300	18,200	100	0.5	18,300
State Government.....	69,400	71,800	-2,400	-3.3	59,800
Local Government**.....	140,700	137,500	3,200	2.3	129,400

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Includes Indian tribal government employment

BRIDGEPORT - STAMFORD LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	400,200	387,700	12,500	3.2	400,500
TOTAL PRIVATE	358,300	346,200	12,100	3.5	361,800
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	43,300	41,600	1,700	4.1	43,400
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	13,600	13,500	100	0.7	13,400
MANUFACTURING	29,700	28,100	1,600	5.7	30,000
Durable Goods.....	22,900	22,400	500	2.2	23,300
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	356,900	346,100	10,800	3.1	357,100
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	65,900	64,200	1,700	2.6	66,100
Wholesale Trade.....	12,900	12,500	400	3.2	13,100
Retail Trade.....	43,800	42,500	1,300	3.1	44,400
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	9,200	9,200	0	0.0	8,600
INFORMATION	11,600	11,800	-200	-1.7	11,600
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	35,100	34,500	600	1.7	35,500
Finance and Insurance.....	28,900	28,800	100	0.3	29,400
Credit Intermediation and Related.....	6,500	6,700	-200	-3.0	6,500
Financial Investments and Related.....	16,300	15,600	700	4.5	16,500
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	65,500	64,200	1,300	2.0	66,100
Professional, Scientific.....	30,300	30,100	200	0.7	31,100
Administrative and Support.....	25,400	24,300	1,100	4.5	25,000
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	75,900	73,600	2,300	3.1	74,800
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	63,300	62,100	1,200	1.9	63,500
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	44,700	40,400	4,300	10.6	47,400
Accommodation and Food Services.....	34,000	31,000	3,000	9.7	35,200
OTHER SERVICES	16,300	15,900	400	2.5	16,900
GOVERNMENT	41,900	41,500	400	1.0	38,700
Federal.....	2,400	2,400	0	0.0	2,400
State & Local.....	39,500	39,100	400	1.0	36,300

DANBURY LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	76,600	74,600	2,000	2.7	75,600
TOTAL PRIVATE	66,900	64,900	2,000	3.1	66,800
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	12,200	12,000	200	1.7	12,200
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	64,400	62,600	1,800	2.9	63,400
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	17,300	16,800	500	3.0	16,900
Retail Trade.....	11,300	11,300	0	0.0	11,200
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	9,400	9,000	400	4.4	9,400
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	7,200	6,900	300	4.3	7,500
GOVERNMENT	9,700	9,700	0	0.0	8,800
Federal.....	700	700	0	0.0	800
State & Local.....	9,000	9,000	0	0.0	8,000

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

HARTFORD LMA*Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	572,500	563,000	9,500	1.7	563,200
TOTAL PRIVATE	481,700	471,300	10,400	2.2	484,000
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	78,200	75,900	2,300	3.0	78,600
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	21,700	20,800	900	4.3	21,900
MANUFACTURING	56,500	55,100	1,400	2.5	56,700
Durable Goods.....	46,400	45,200	1,200	2.7	46,600
Non-Durable Goods.....	10,100	9,900	200	2.0	10,100
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	494,300	487,100	7,200	1.5	484,600
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	90,000	89,600	400	0.4	88,100
Wholesale Trade.....	16,600	16,100	500	3.1	16,900
Retail Trade.....	48,500	49,600	-1,100	-2.2	48,700
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	24,900	23,900	1,000	4.2	22,500
Transportation and Warehousing.....	24,200	23,100	1,100	4.8	21,800
INFORMATION	8,700	8,800	-100	-1.1	8,700
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	50,700	52,800	-2,100	-4.0	51,300
Depository Credit Institutions.....	4,900	5,000	-100	-2.0	5,000
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities....	35,700	36,600	-900	-2.5	36,100
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	77,000	72,900	4,100	5.6	77,100
Professional, Scientific.....	35,200	32,900	2,300	7.0	35,400
Management of Companies.....	12,700	12,100	600	5.0	12,800
Administrative and Support.....	29,100	27,900	1,200	4.3	28,900
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	109,800	107,600	2,200	2.0	108,400
Educational Services.....	14,200	13,200	1,000	7.6	12,700
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	95,600	94,400	1,200	1.3	95,700
Ambulatory Health Care.....	33,000	32,400	600	1.9	32,900
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	46,700	43,200	3,500	8.1	50,300
Accommodation and Food Services.....	38,200	36,100	2,100	5.8	39,700
OTHER SERVICES	20,600	20,500	100	0.5	21,500
GOVERNMENT	90,800	91,700	-900	-1.0	79,200
Federal.....	5,300	5,300	0	0.0	5,300
State & Local.....	85,500	86,400	-900	-1.0	73,900

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT*Seasonally Adjusted*

Labor Market Areas	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA	396,600	386,600	10,000	2.6	399,200
DANBURY LMA	76,300	74,300	2,000	2.7	76,000
HARTFORD LMA	569,500	560,300	9,200	1.6	570,200
NEW HAVEN LMA	295,800	287,700	8,100	2.8	294,000
NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA	121,000	118,900	2,100	1.8	120,900
WATERBURY LMA	65,400	65,100	300	0.5	66,200
ENFIELD LMA**	42,100	41,500	600	1.4	42,500
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA**	32,600	31,700	900	2.8	32,500
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA**	27,100	26,300	800	3.0	27,100

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes

**Unofficial seasonally adjusted estimates produced by the Connecticut Department of Labor

NEW HAVEN LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	298,000	289,600	8,400	2.9	291,000
TOTAL PRIVATE	263,100	254,800	8,300	3.3	259,700
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	35,300	34,200	1,100	3.2	35,400
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	11,800	11,500	300	2.6	11,800
MANUFACTURING	23,500	22,700	800	3.5	23,600
Durable Goods.....	16,900	16,300	600	3.7	17,100
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	262,700	255,400	7,300	2.9	255,600
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	58,400	56,000	2,400	4.3	57,700
Wholesale Trade.....	11,600	11,100	500	4.5	11,700
Retail Trade.....	27,600	26,700	900	3.4	27,700
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	19,200	18,200	1,000	5.5	18,300
INFORMATION	3,800	3,800	0	0.0	3,800
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	11,600	11,700	-100	-0.9	11,800
Finance and Insurance.....	7,700	7,900	-200	-2.5	7,800
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	30,600	31,300	-700	-2.2	31,000
Administrative and Support.....	16,700	16,700	0	0.0	16,800
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	86,900	84,000	2,900	3.5	82,600
Educational Services.....	33,000	31,500	1,500	4.8	29,500
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	53,900	52,500	1,400	2.7	53,100
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	25,900	23,600	2,300	9.7	26,500
Accommodation and Food Services.....	20,800	19,700	1,100	5.6	20,900
OTHER SERVICES	10,600	10,200	400	3.9	10,900
GOVERNMENT	34,900	34,800	100	0.3	31,300
Federal.....	5,000	4,900	100	2.0	5,000
State & Local.....	29,900	29,900	0	0.0	26,300

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Value less than 50

HELP WANTED ONLINE

Connecticut HWOL: September 2022

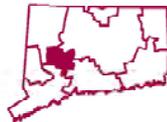
Workforce Area	September Total Ads	Industry Sector With Most Ads	Ads	Occupation With Most Ads	Ads
Eastern	7,365	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	1,574	Registered Nurses	393
North Central	31,244	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	5,931	Registered Nurses	1,185
Northwest	9,393	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	2,166	Registered Nurses	481
South Central	15,993	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	3,446	Registered Nurses	852
Southwest	19,327	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	4,229	Registered Nurses	1,037

Source: CT DOL Research Office Analysis of HWOL Data Series

The Conference Board Help Wanted OnLine Data Series (HWOL) measures the number of new, first-time online jobs and jobs reposted from the previous month for over 16,000 Internet job boards, corporate boards and smaller job sites that serve niche markets and smaller geographic areas. The data can be used as a real-time measure of labor demand. For more information go to <https://www1.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/hwol.asp>.

**NORWICH-NEW LONDON-
WESTERLY, CT-RI LMA***Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	121,600	120,100	1,500	1.2	122,000
TOTAL PRIVATE	96,900	95,100	1,800	1.9	98,200
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	23,000	22,100	900	4.1	23,000
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	4,600	4,300	300	7.0	4,500
MANUFACTURING	18,400	17,800	600	3.4	18,500
Durable Goods.....	15,000	14,500	500	3.4	15,100
Non-Durable Goods.....	3,400	3,300	100	3.0	3,400
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	98,600	98,000	600	0.6	99,000
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	21,500	20,700	800	3.9	21,700
Wholesale Trade.....	2,400	2,300	100	4.3	2,400
Retail Trade.....	15,300	14,400	900	6.3	15,600
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities.....	3,800	4,000	-200	-5.0	3,700
INFORMATION	1,300	1,300	0	0.0	1,300
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	2,700	2,700	0	0.0	2,700
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	8,800	9,200	-400	-4.3	8,900
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	19,900	20,600	-700	-3.4	19,400
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	17,500	17,700	-200	-1.1	17,000
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	16,500	15,400	1,100	7.1	17,900
Accommodation and Food Services.....	14,000	13,000	1,000	7.7	14,600
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.....	11,700	11,000	700	6.4	12,400
OTHER SERVICES	3,200	3,100	100	3.2	3,300
GOVERNMENT	24,700	25,000	-300	-1.2	23,800
Federal.....	2,800	2,900	-100	-3.4	2,800
State & Local**.....	21,900	22,100	-200	-0.9	21,000

WATERBURY LMA*Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	65,900	65,800	100	0.2	65,600
TOTAL PRIVATE	56,100	55,400	700	1.3	57,200
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	10,400	10,000	400	4.0	10,400
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	3,100	3,000	100	3.3	3,100
MANUFACTURING	7,300	7,000	300	4.3	7,300
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	55,500	55,800	-300	-0.5	55,200
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	12,400	12,500	-100	-0.8	12,400
Wholesale Trade.....	1,900	1,800	100	5.6	1,900
Retail Trade.....	8,500	8,700	-200	-2.3	8,600
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities.....	2,000	2,000	0	0.0	1,900
INFORMATION	600	600	0	0.0	600
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	1,800	1,800	0	0.0	1,800
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	5,500	5,400	100	1.9	5,500
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	17,400	17,000	400	2.4	18,000
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	15,700	15,100	600	4.0	15,600
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	5,600	5,700	-100	-1.8	6,000
OTHER SERVICES	2,400	2,400	0	0.0	2,500
GOVERNMENT	9,800	10,400	-600	-5.8	8,400
Federal.....	500	500	0	0.0	500
State & Local.....	9,300	9,900	-600	-6.1	7,900

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

**Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Includes Indian tribal government employment.*

SMALLER LMAS*



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT					
ENFIELD LMA.....	42,100	41,500	600	1.4	42,200
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA.....	33,200	32,300	900	2.8	33,000
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA.....	27,100	26,300	800	3.0	27,200

NOTE: More industry detail data is available for the State and its nine labor market areas at: <http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/202/covered.htm>. The data published there differ from the data in the preceding tables in that they are developed from a near-universe count of Connecticut employment covered by the unemployment insurance (UI) program, while the data here is sample-based. The data drawn from the UI program does not contain estimates of employment not covered by unemployment insurance, and is lagged several months behind the current employment estimates presented here.

* State-designated Non-CES areas

SPRINGFIELD, MA-CT NECTA**

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Sep 2022	Sep 2021	CHANGE		Aug 2022
			NO.	%	
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT.....	338,800	327,000	11,800	3.6	334,700
TOTAL PRIVATE.....	274,800	265,800	9,000	3.4	274,600
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES.....	42,000	41,600	400	1.0	42,200
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING.....	12,800	12,800	0	0.0	13,000
MANUFACTURING.....	29,200	28,800	400	1.4	29,200
Durable Goods.....	19,400	19,500	-100	-0.5	19,400
Non-Durable Goods.....	9,800	9,300	500	5.4	9,800
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES.....	296,800	285,400	11,400	4.0	292,500
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES.....	59,000	57,700	1,300	2.3	58,300
Wholesale Trade.....	11,600	11,300	300	2.7	11,800
Retail Trade.....	32,700	32,200	500	1.6	32,400
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	14,700	14,200	500	3.5	14,100
INFORMATION.....	2,800	2,800	0	0.0	2,800
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	14,700	14,700	0	0.0	14,800
Finance and Insurance.....	11,600	11,700	-100	-0.9	11,700
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities....	8,000	8,200	-200	-2.4	8,100
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	25,600	24,900	700	2.8	25,900
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES.....	84,900	81,700	3,200	3.9	83,200
Educational Services.....	16,100	14,700	1,400	9.5	14,400
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	68,800	67,000	1,800	2.7	68,800
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY.....	33,900	30,700	3,200	10.4	35,200
OTHER SERVICES.....	11,900	11,700	200	1.7	12,200
GOVERNMENT.....	64,000	61,200	2,800	4.6	60,100
Federal.....	6,000	6,100	-100	-1.6	6,000
State & Local.....	58,000	55,100	2,900	5.3	54,100

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

** New England City and Town Area

<i>(Not seasonally adjusted)</i>	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	Sep	Sep	CHANGE		Aug
		2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
CONNECTICUT	Civilian Labor Force	1,902,500	1,859,300	43,200	2.3	1,906,400
	Employed	1,828,200	1,760,100	68,100	3.9	1,824,000
	Unemployed	74,200	99,300	-25,100	-25.3	82,400
	Unemployment Rate	3.9	5.3	-1.4	---	4.3
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	466,000	452,300	13,700	3.0	470,100
	Employed	447,100	427,500	19,600	4.6	449,500
	Unemployed	18,800	24,700	-5,900	-23.9	20,600
	Unemployment Rate	4.0	5.5	-1.5	---	4.4
DANBURY LMA	Civilian Labor Force	106,300	103,400	2,900	2.8	106,700
	Employed	102,800	98,900	3,900	3.9	102,800
	Unemployed	3,500	4,500	-1,000	-22.2	3,900
	Unemployment Rate	3.3	4.4	-1.1	---	3.6
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA	Civilian Labor Force	43,200	42,300	900	2.1	43,800
	Employed	41,600	40,200	1,400	3.5	42,000
	Unemployed	1,600	2,100	-500	-23.8	1,800
	Unemployment Rate	3.7	5.0	-1.3	---	4.0
ENFIELD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	50,700	48,800	1,900	3.9	50,600
	Employed	48,900	46,500	2,400	5.2	48,700
	Unemployed	1,800	2,300	-500	-21.7	1,900
	Unemployment Rate	3.5	4.7	-1.2	---	3.8
HARTFORD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	621,100	610,000	11,100	1.8	619,900
	Employed	597,300	577,500	19,800	3.4	592,800
	Unemployed	23,900	32,500	-8,600	-26.5	27,100
	Unemployment Rate	3.8	5.3	-1.5	---	4.4
NEW HAVEN LMA	Civilian Labor Force	335,900	326,500	9,400	2.9	333,700
	Employed	323,600	310,000	13,600	4.4	319,900
	Unemployed	12,300	16,600	-4,300	-25.9	13,700
	Unemployment Rate	3.7	5.1	-1.4	---	4.1
NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA	Civilian Labor Force	137,300	136,100	1,200	0.9	138,800
	Employed	131,600	128,200	3,400	2.7	132,700
	Unemployed	5,700	7,900	-2,200	-27.8	6,200
	Unemployment Rate	4.1	5.8	-1.7	---	4.4
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA	Civilian Labor Force	47,300	46,800	500	1.1	47,400
	Employed	45,700	44,600	1,100	2.5	45,600
	Unemployed	1,700	2,100	-400	-19.0	1,800
	Unemployment Rate	3.5	4.6	-1.1	---	3.8
WATERBURY LMA	Civilian Labor Force	110,500	109,100	1,400	1.3	111,100
	Employed	105,000	101,800	3,200	3.1	105,100
	Unemployed	5,500	7,200	-1,700	-23.6	6,100
	Unemployment Rate	5.0	6.6	-1.6	---	5.5
UNITED STATES	Civilian Labor Force	164,463,000	161,392,000	3,071,000	1.9	164,971,000
	Employed	159,003,000	154,026,000	4,977,000	3.2	158,714,000
	Unemployed	5,460,000	7,366,000	-1,906,000	-25.9	6,256,000
	Unemployment Rate	3.3	4.6	-1.3	---	3.8

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

	AVG WEEKLY EARNINGS				AVG WEEKLY HOURS				AVG HOURLY EARNINGS				
	Sep		CHG Y/Y	Aug	Sep		CHG Y/Y	Aug	Sep		CHG Y/Y	Aug	
	2022	2021		2022	2022	2021		2022	2022	2021		2022	
<i>(Not seasonally adjusted)</i>													
PRODUCTION WORKER													
MANUFACTURING	\$1,169.71	\$1,102.82	\$66.89	\$1,139.28	41.1	38.9	2.2	40.4	\$28.46	\$28.35	\$0.11	\$28.20	
DURABLE GOODS	1,243.66	1,197.17	46.49	1,198.40	41.4	39.2	2.2	40.5	30.04	30.54	-0.50	29.59	
NON-DUR. GOODS	955.18	822.20	132.98	967.60	40.1	38.1	2.0	40.0	23.82	21.58	2.24	24.19	
CONSTRUCTION	1,378.30	1,467.24	-88.93	1,382.83	38.5	40.7	-2.2	39.6	35.80	36.05	-0.25	34.92	
ALL EMPLOYEES													
STATEWIDE													
TOTAL PRIVATE	1,189.76	1,154.63	35.13	1,166.69	33.8	34.1	-0.3	33.7	35.20	33.86	1.34	34.62	
GOODS PRODUCING	1,485.08	1,450.56	34.52	1,478.09	39.9	39.3	0.6	40.1	37.22	36.91	0.31	36.86	
Construction	1,510.38	1,449.70	60.68	1,546.13	39.2	38.7	0.5	39.9	38.53	37.46	1.07	38.75	
Manufacturing	1,404.80	1,402.13	2.67	1,390.27	40.0	39.1	0.9	40.1	35.12	35.86	-0.74	34.67	
SERVICE PROVIDING	1,136.33	1,098.92	37.41	1,108.58	32.7	33.1	-0.4	32.5	34.75	33.20	1.55	34.11	
Trade, Transp., Utilities	915.50	956.34	-40.84	907.56	31.7	33.0	-1.3	31.9	28.88	28.98	-0.10	28.45	
Financial Activities	1,955.60	1,923.78	31.82	1,905.87	37.2	38.7	-1.5	36.8	52.57	49.71	2.86	51.79	
Prof. & Business Serv.	1,440.59	1,314.21	126.38	1,418.94	35.8	35.5	0.3	35.5	40.24	37.02	3.22	39.97	
Education & Health Ser.	1,094.24	1,085.50	8.74	1,075.68	33.3	33.4	-0.1	33.2	32.86	32.50	0.36	32.40	
Leisure & Hospitality	541.58	538.10	3.48	541.78	24.9	26.3	-1.4	25.4	21.75	20.46	1.29	21.33	
Other Services	989.42	884.85	104.57	969.63	31.5	31.3	0.2	31.4	31.41	28.27	3.14	30.88	
LABOR MARKET AREAS: TOTAL PRIVATE													
Bridgeport-Stamford	1,298.64	1,272.77	25.87	1,266.30	33.6	33.6	0.0	33.5	38.65	37.88	0.77	37.80	
Danbury	1,291.31	1,188.45	102.86	1,279.90	36.8	35.7	1.1	36.6	35.09	33.29	1.80	34.97	
Hartford	1,220.94	1,191.20	29.74	1,208.36	34.2	34.8	-0.6	34.0	35.70	34.23	1.47	35.54	
New Haven	1,124.91	1,134.63	-9.72	1,100.53	33.7	33.9	-0.2	33.8	33.38	33.47	-0.09	32.56	
Norwich-New London	968.14	924.33	43.81	933.76	32.1	33.0	-0.9	32.0	30.16	28.01	2.15	29.18	
Waterbury	945.42	894.26	51.16	952.71	32.3	30.5	1.8	33.3	29.27	29.32	-0.05	28.61	

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2021.

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA

New Companies and Expansions

- Christophe Santos opens Otoulouse with French traditional cuisine in Branford
- The Dog Den, a new dog grooming business, opens in Wallingford
- Gallo Family Restaurant opens in Danbury, serving 'topnotch' Italian food in 'laid-back' setting
- In eastern CT, Electric Boat military contracts launch economic boom
- Mystic bakery Sift Bake Shop opening its Niantic location
- Fine Fettle marijuana dispensary gets ready for recreational sales
- Amazon hiring 3,100 workers in Connecticut
- IAT Insurance Group, Cheshire-based company, adding jobs after moving to new office
- A biotechnology company, Cure Rare Disease, opening its first laboratory in Woodbridge

Layoffs and Closures

- Denny's closes its doors in Enfield and Vernon
- Yale-New Haven Health System recently announced 72 layoffs and eliminated 155 positions among their managers
- Three Blue State Coffee locations close in New Haven
- Melzen's Pet Foods and Supplies in Glastonbury closing after 102 years
- More than 300 M&T employees in Connecticut laid off with more to come

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

SEPTEMBER 2022

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD					HARTFORD cont...				
	465,962	447,138	18,824	4.0	Canton	5,737	5,542	195	3.4
Ansonia	9,211	8,688	523	5.7	Chaplin	1,246	1,199	47	3.8
Bridgeport	68,095	64,522	3,573	5.2	Colchester	9,345	9,038	307	3.3
Darien	8,663	8,362	301	3.5	Columbia	3,208	3,120	88	2.7
Derby	6,616	6,277	339	5.1	Coventry	7,848	7,599	249	3.2
Easton	3,852	3,699	153	4.0	Cromwell	7,891	7,639	252	3.2
Fairfield	29,740	28,634	1,106	3.7	East Granby	3,078	2,980	98	3.2
Greenwich	29,188	28,131	1,057	3.6	East Haddam	4,985	4,830	155	3.1
Milford	30,747	29,651	1,096	3.6	East Hampton	7,732	7,451	281	3.6
Monroe	9,992	9,646	346	3.5	East Hartford	26,933	25,657	1,276	4.7
New Canaan	8,372	8,079	293	3.5	Ellington	9,780	9,454	326	3.3
Norwalk	50,876	49,048	1,828	3.6	Farmington	14,320	13,845	475	3.3
Oxford	7,364	7,095	269	3.7	Glastonbury	19,109	18,542	567	3.0
Redding	4,405	4,251	154	3.5	Granby	6,988	6,812	176	2.5
Ridgefield	11,840	11,428	412	3.5	Haddam	5,025	4,890	135	2.7
Seymour	8,987	8,537	450	5.0	Hartford	52,110	48,966	3,144	6.0
Shelton	22,109	21,185	924	4.2	Hartland	1,150	1,117	33	2.9
Southbury	8,745	8,387	358	4.1	Harwinton	3,215	3,109	106	3.3
Stamford	71,666	69,014	2,652	3.7	Hebron	5,552	5,389	163	2.9
Stratford	27,155	25,894	1,261	4.6	Lebanon	4,021	3,894	127	3.2
Trumbull	17,772	17,081	691	3.9	Manchester	32,830	31,578	1,252	3.8
Weston	4,339	4,195	144	3.3	Mansfield	12,413	12,028	385	3.1
Westport	12,992	12,574	418	3.2	Marlborough	3,582	3,467	115	3.2
Wilton	8,391	8,098	293	3.5	Middletown	25,984	25,015	969	3.7
Woodbridge	4,842	4,661	181	3.7	New Britain	36,445	34,580	1,865	5.1
					New Hartford	3,953	3,845	108	2.7
DANBURY	106,270	102,795	3,475	3.3	Newington	17,146	16,556	590	3.4
Bethel	11,047	10,661	386	3.5	Plainville	10,430	10,034	396	3.8
Bridgewater	837	809	28	3.3	Plymouth	6,576	6,309	267	4.1
Brookfield	9,266	8,954	312	3.4	Portland	5,443	5,254	189	3.5
Danbury	47,028	45,481	1,547	3.3	Rocky Hill	11,723	11,294	429	3.7
New Fairfield	7,089	6,834	255	3.6	Scotland	960	923	37	3.9
New Milford	14,966	14,527	439	2.9	Simsbury	14,052	13,642	410	2.9
Newtown	14,176	13,720	456	3.2	Southington	24,803	23,939	864	3.5
Sherman	1,859	1,808	51	2.7	South Windsor	14,415	13,976	439	3.0
					Stafford	6,854	6,611	243	3.5
ENFIELD	50,700	48,908	1,792	3.5	Thomaston	4,697	4,549	148	3.2
East Windsor	6,819	6,578	241	3.5	Tolland	8,574	8,310	264	3.1
Enfield	23,231	22,378	853	3.7	Union	468	455	13	2.8
Somers	5,100	4,918	182	3.6	Vernon	17,497	16,873	624	3.6
Suffield	7,815	7,578	237	3.0	West Hartford	34,723	33,645	1,078	3.1
Windsor Locks	7,734	7,456	278	3.6	Wethersfield	14,012	13,491	521	3.7
					Willington	3,635	3,533	102	2.8
HARTFORD	621,132	597,256	23,876	3.8	Windham	12,253	11,701	552	4.5
Andover	1,941	1,880	61	3.1	Windsor	16,545	15,934	611	3.7
Ashford	2,576	2,493	83	3.2					
Avon	9,490	9,172	318	3.4					
Barkhamsted	2,256	2,206	50	2.2					
Berlin	11,790	11,416	374	3.2					
Bloomfield	11,878	11,314	564	4.7					
Bolton	3,165	3,068	97	3.1					
Bristol	32,993	31,506	1,487	4.5					
Burlington	5,755	5,586	169	2.9					

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DOL publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA.

LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS

The **civilian labor force** comprises all state residents age 16 years and older classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with criteria described below. Excluded are members of the military and persons in institutions (correctional and mental health, for example).

The **employed** are all persons who did any work as paid employees or in their own business during the survey week, or who have worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a family member. Persons temporarily absent from a job because of illness, bad weather, strike or for personal reasons are also counted as employed whether they were paid by their employer or were seeking other jobs. The **unemployed** are all persons who did not work, but were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness) and made specific efforts to find a job in the prior four weeks. Persons waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY TOWN

Town

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

SEPTEMBER 2022

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
NEW HAVEN	335,898	323,568	12,330	3.7
Bethany	3,264	3,166	98	3.0
Branford	16,566	16,021	545	3.3
Cheshire	16,145	15,694	451	2.8
Chester	2,406	2,344	62	2.6
Clinton	7,512	7,314	198	2.6
Deep River	2,932	2,863	69	2.4
Durham	4,416	4,310	106	2.4
East Haven	16,252	15,565	687	4.2
Essex	3,530	3,435	95	2.7
Guilford	13,370	13,011	359	2.7
Hamden	36,342	35,101	1,241	3.4
Killingworth	3,965	3,848	117	3.0
Madison	9,401	9,105	296	3.1
Meriden	32,838	31,456	1,382	4.2
Middlefield	2,595	2,524	71	2.7
New Haven	67,280	64,123	3,157	4.7
North Branford	8,477	8,210	267	3.1
North Haven	13,916	13,422	494	3.5
Old Saybrook	5,308	5,106	202	3.8
Orange	7,563	7,366	197	2.6
Wallingford	26,980	26,150	830	3.1
West Haven	31,066	29,781	1,285	4.1
Westbrook	3,772	3,651	121	3.2

*NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT PART

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT PART	121,538	116,354	5,184	4.3
Bozrah	1,478	1,431	47	3.2
Canterbury	2,811	2,720	91	3.2
East Lyme	8,315	7,998	317	3.8
Franklin	1,036	992	44	4.2
Griswold	6,144	5,847	297	4.8
Groton	17,599	16,932	667	3.8
Ledyard	7,700	7,387	313	4.1
Lisbon	2,285	2,179	106	4.6
Lyme	1,184	1,126	58	4.9
Montville	8,826	8,419	407	4.6
New London	11,670	11,008	662	5.7
No. Stonington	2,816	2,729	87	3.1
Norwich	19,321	18,422	899	4.7
Old Lyme	3,586	3,463	123	3.4
Preston	2,368	2,248	120	5.1
Salem	2,069	1,976	93	4.5
Sprague	1,546	1,469	77	5.0
Stonington	9,531	9,216	315	3.3
Voluntown	1,434	1,356	78	5.4
Waterford	9,819	9,435	384	3.9

*Connecticut portion only. For whole NECTA, including RI part, see below.

NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI	137,303	131,625	5,678	4.1
RI part (Hopkinton and Westerly)	15,765	15,271	494	3.1

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST	47,336	45,680	1,656	3.5
Canaan	651	640	11	1.7
Colebrook	829	795	34	4.1
Cornwall	797	768	29	3.6
Goshen	1,683	1,632	51	3.0
Kent	1,533	1,490	43	2.8
Litchfield	4,891	4,754	137	2.8
Morris	1,452	1,411	41	2.8
Norfolk	930	895	35	3.8
North Canaan	1,795	1,741	54	3.0
Roxbury	1,355	1,332	23	1.7
Salisbury	1,866	1,818	48	2.6
Sharon	1,527	1,495	32	2.1
Torrington	19,018	18,214	804	4.2
Warren	816	787	29	3.6
Washington	2,104	2,061	43	2.0
Winchester	6,090	5,847	243	4.0

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
WATERBURY	110,455	104,978	5,477	5.0
Beacon Falls	3,550	3,431	119	3.4
Bethlehem	1,939	1,858	81	4.2
Middlebury	4,027	3,878	149	3.7
Naugatuck	17,022	16,308	714	4.2
Prospect	5,660	5,456	204	3.6
Waterbury	50,032	46,747	3,285	6.6
Watertown	12,851	12,428	423	3.3
Wolcott	9,886	9,554	332	3.4
Woodbury	5,488	5,318	170	3.1

DANIELSON-NORTHEAST

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST	43,165	41,563	1,602	3.7
Brooklyn	4,157	3,982	175	4.2
Eastford	1,001	974	27	2.7
Hampton	1,044	1,014	30	2.9
Killingly	9,572	9,237	335	3.5
Plainfield	8,534	8,249	285	3.3
Pomfret	2,503	2,442	61	2.4
Putnam	4,857	4,617	240	4.9
Sterling	2,019	1,931	88	4.4
Thompson	5,299	5,091	208	3.9
Woodstock	4,180	4,027	153	3.7

Not Seasonally Adjusted:

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
CONNECTICUT	1,902,500	1,828,200	74,200	3.9
UNITED STATES	164,463,000	159,003,000	5,460,000	3.3

Seasonally Adjusted:

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
CONNECTICUT	1,903,700	1,826,700	77,000	4.0
UNITED STATES	164,689,000	158,936,000	5,753,000	3.5

LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS (Continued)

The **unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

With the exception of those persons temporarily absent from a job or waiting to be recalled to one, persons with no job and who are not actively looking for one are counted as "not in the labor force".

Over the course of a year, the size of the labor force and the levels of employment undergo fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the monthly statistics. **Seasonal Adjustment** makes it easier to observe cyclical and other nonseasonal developments.

TOWN	SEP 2022	YR TO DATE 2022	YR TO DATE 2021	TOWN	SEP 2022	YR TO DATE 2022	YR TO DATE 2021	TOWN	SEP 2022	YR TO DATE 2022	YR TO DATE 2021
Andover	0	0	2	Griswold	7	75	17	Preston	2	7	10
Ansonia	0	0	0	Groton	2	16	0	Prospect	0	6	5
Ashford	0	1	0	Guilford	0	21	0	Putnam	0	9	0
Avon	2	14	14	Haddam	0	5	13	Redding	1	3	7
Barkhamsted	0	4	0	Hamden	0	0	0	Ridgefield	1	8	11
Beacon Falls	1	14	0	Hampton	0	0	0	Rocky Hill	0	3	3
Berlin	2	19	22	Hartford	1	6	8	Roxbury	0	4	0
Bethany	1	4	0	Hartland	0	3	0	Salem	1	5	0
Bethel	1	38	66	Harwinton	2	10	0	Salisbury	1	8	0
Bethlehem	1	2	0	Hebron	1	12	13	Scotland	0	0	0
Bloomfield	0	13	26	Kent	1	7	9	Seymour	32	42	0
Bolton	0	2	4	Killingly	18	31	0	Sharon	2	8	0
Bozrah	0	3	0	Killingworth	1	7	4	Shelton	6	72	82
Branford	7	29	34	Lebanon	0	3	6	Sherman	1	6	9
Bridgeport	14	472	36	Ledyard	3	30	0	Simsbury	1	38	29
Bridgewater	0	0	0	Lisbon	2	9	0	Somers	1	16	15
Bristol	4	31	68	Litchfield	2	13	0	South Windsor	1	9	9
Brookfield	2	7	27	Lyme	1	7	13	Southbury	1	15	0
Brooklyn	2	12	8	Madison	1	9	0	Southington	4	24	92
Burlington	1	10	24	Manchester	1	30	19	Sprague	0	2	1
Canaan	0	1	0	Mansfield	0	7	7	Stafford	0	4	8
Canterbury	3	11	0	Marlborough	1	2	0	Stamford	2	33	42
Canton	2	5	4	Meriden	1	6	0	Sterling	3	7	0
Chaplin	0	0	0	Middlebury	2	55	0	Stonington	0	24	0
Cheshire	3	29	32	Middlefield	1	4	2	Stratford	0	42	25
Chester	0	0	1	Middletown	1	16	18	Suffield	0	24	31
Clinton	1	8	11	Milford	13	132	136	Thomaston	1	2	0
Colchester	2	13	16	Monroe	1	7	6	Thompson	8	21	0
Colebrook	0	4	0	Montville	2	13	0	Tolland	1	15	13
Columbia	0	1	1	Morris	1	5	0	Torrington	0	5	0
Cornwall	0	1	0	Naugatuck	1	18	0	Trumbull	1	56	62
Coventry	3	11	18	New Britain	3	13	6	Union	0	1	3
Cromwell	1	8	10	New Canaan	1	54	16	Vernon	6	100	83
Danbury	1	35	50	New Fairfield	1	5	5	Voluntown	1	5	6
Darien	9	71	161	New Hartford	1	5	0	Wallingford	2	19	22
Deep River	0	4	3	New Haven	0	441	296	Warren	1	4	0
Derby	0	2	0	New London	6	33	35	Washington	0	13	0
Durham	1	5	3	New Milford	4	52	0	Waterbury	1	19	21
East Granby	1	7	11	Newington	0	2	3	Waterford	2	15	0
East Haddam	1	14	7	Newtown	1	89	45	Watertown	1	10	0
East Hampton	3	16	44	Norfolk	0	2	0	West Hartford	6	73	74
East Hartford	0	2	4	North Branford	0	6	0	West Haven	1	7	0
East Haven	1	4	0	North Canaan	0	0	0	Westbrook	6	12	13
East Lyme	1	55	33	North Haven	1	10	0	Weston	1	8	8
East Windsor	1	5	11	North Stonington	1	9	0	Westport	3	59	61
Eastford	0	5	0	Norwalk	3	46	100	Wethersfield	0	4	1
Easton	1	6	9	Norwich	0	7	2	Willington	0	1	5
Ellington	14	106	105	Old Lyme	0	8	0	Wilton	1	8	4
Enfield	0	16	23	Old Saybrook	2	9	10	Winchester	1	4	0
Essex	1	8	7	Orange	2	10	0	Windham	0	1	1
Fairfield	73	133	75	Oxford	3	49	22	Windsor	0	15	17
Farmington	3	24	36	Plainfield	0	14	0	Windsor Locks	0	3	1
Franklin	0	4	0	Plainville	1	10	11	Wolcott	2	22	15
Glastonbury	5	27	33	Plymouth	1	5	0	Woodbridge	0	4	0
Goshen	2	13	0	Pomfret	0	0	0	Woodbury	0	10	9
Granby	2	19	20	Portland	0	2	3	Woodstock	0	12	0
Greenwich	7	82	88								

BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS

Registrations and terminations of business entities as recorded with the Secretary of the State and the Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL) are an indication of new business formation and activity. DOL business starts include new employers which have become liable for unemployment insurance taxes during the quarter, as well as new establishments opened by existing employers. DOL business terminations are those accounts discontinued due to inactivity (no employees) or business closure, and accounts for individual business establishments that are closed by still active employers. The Secretary of the State registrations include limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and foreign-owned (out-of-state) and domestic-owned (in-state) corporations.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

The Consumer Price Index (CPI), computed and published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. It is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs and other goods and services that people buy for their day-to-day living. The Northeast region is comprised of the New England states, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) covers both wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits for all occupations and establishments in both the private nonfarm sector and state and local government. The ECI measures employers' labor costs free from the influences of employment shifts among industries and occupations. The base period for all data is December 2005 when the ECI is 100.

GAMING DATA

Indian Gaming Payments are amounts received by the State as a result of the slot compact with the two Federally recognized tribes in Connecticut, which calls for 25 percent of net slot receipts to be remitted to the State. Indian Gaming Slots are the total net revenues from slot machines only received by the two Federally recognized Indian tribes.

HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES

Production worker earnings and hours estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month. Average hourly earnings are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

INITIAL CLAIMS

Average weekly initial claims are calculated by dividing the total number of new claims for unemployment insurance received in the month by the number of weeks in the month. A minor change in methodology took effect with data published in the March 1997 issue of the DIGEST. Data have been revised back to January 1980.

INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

Primarily a measure of unemployment insurance program activity, the insured unemployment rate is the 13-week average of the number of people claiming unemployment benefits divided by the number of workers covered by the unemployment insurance system.

LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

Labor force estimates are a measure of the work status of people who live in Connecticut. Prepared under the direction of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the statewide estimates are the product of a signal-plus noise model, which uses results from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly survey of Connecticut households, counts of claimants for unemployment benefits, and establishment employment estimates. The 2015 LAUS Redesign includes improved time-series models for the census divisions, states, select substate areas, and the balances of those states; an improved real-time benchmarking procedure to the national Current Population Survey (CPS) estimates; an improved smoothed seasonal adjustment procedure; and improved treatment of outliers. Non-modeled area estimation improvements include: updated Dynamic Residency Ratios (DRR); more accurate estimates for all-other employment; more accurate estimation of agricultural employment; and improved estimation of non-covered agricultural unemployment. Handbook estimation is now done at the city/town level instead of at the Labor Market Area (LMA) level in Connecticut, which better reflects local conditions. The Redesign also introduces estimation inputs from the American Community Survey (ACS) to replace inputs that were previously obtained from the decennial census long-form survey. Labor force data, reflecting persons employed by place of residence, are not directly comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. In the labor force estimates, workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. The labor force data also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics and the self-employed. Because of these conceptual differences, total labor force employment is almost always different from nonfarm wage and salary employment.

LABOR MARKET AREAS

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DOL publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA. Industry employment and labor force data estimates contained in Connecticut Department of Labor publications are prepared following the same statistical procedures developed by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, whether for federally designated or state-determined areas.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

Nonfarm employment estimates are derived from a survey of businesses to measure *jobs* by industry. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Excluded from these estimates are proprietors, self-employed workers, private household employees and unpaid family workers. In some cases, due to space constraints, all industry estimates are not shown. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

UI COVERED WAGES

UI covered wages is the total amount paid to those employees who are covered under the Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance (UI) law for services performed during the quarter. The fluctuations in the 1992-93 period reflect the effect of the changes in the tax law and the massive restructuring in the state's economy.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS AT A GLANCE

(Percent change from prior year; see pages 5-8 for reference months or quarters)

Leading General Drift Indicator.....	7.5	CT Mfg. Production Index	8.2	Tourism and Travel	
Coincident General Drift Indicator.	1.6	Production Worker Hours.....	10.0	Occupancy Rate.....	9.3
Connecticut Real GDP.....	3.9	Industrial Electricity Sales.....	4.5	Tourism Website Visitors.....	-16.5
United States Real GDP.....	3.5	Personal Income	3.4	Air Passenger Count.....	6.8
New England Real GDP.....	4.8	UI Covered Wages	8.6	Gaming Slots.....	0.4
Connecticut PCPI.....	3.1	Business Activity		Employment Cost Index (U.S.)	
United States PCPI.....	3.1	New Housing Permits.....	1.1	Total.....	5.2
New England PCPI.....	2.1	Electricity Sales.....	-3.8	Wages & Salaries.....	5.2
Phil. Fed's CT Coincident Index....	5.4	Construction Contracts Index.	87.8	Benefit Costs.....	5.0
Phil. Fed's US Coincident Index...	5.0	New Auto Registrations.....	-2.2	Consumer Prices	
		Exports.....	2.9	U.S. City Average.....	8.2
		S&P 500: Monthly Close.....	-16.8	Northeast Region.....	7.2
Total Nonfarm Employment	2.8	Business Starts		NY-Newark-Jersey City.....	6.2
Labor Force.....	2.4	Secretary of the State.....	NA	Boston-Cambridge-Newton...	8.1
Employed.....	4.1	Dept. of Labor.....	-11.6	Interest Rates	
Unemployed.....	-26.4	Business Terminations		Prime.....	2.48 *
Unemployment Rate	-1.6 *	Secretary of the State.....	NA	Conventional Mortgage.....	3.21 *
Labor Force Participation Rate...	1.1 *	Dept. of Labor.....	12.8		
Employment-Population Ratio...	2.1 *	State Revenues	NA		
Average Weekly Initial Claims ..	10.1	Corporate Tax.....	NA		
Avg Insured Unempl. Rate	-1.18 *	Personal Income Tax.....	NA		
U-6 Rate	-3.5 *	Real Estate Conveyance Tax..	NA		
Prod. Worker Avg Wkly Hrs	5.7	Sales & Use Tax.....	NA		
PW Avg Hourly Earnings	0.4	Gaming Payments.....	-0.2		
PW Avg Weekly Earnings	6.1				

*Percentage point change
 **Less than 0.05 percent
 NA = Not Available

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