THE CONNECTICUT

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How COVID has changed the Labor Market

By Patrick J. Flaherty, Director of Research, CT Department of Labor

ow that three years have passed since the emergence of COVID-19 it is possible to begin to distinguish between the short-term and long-term effects of the pandemic. To provide additional measures of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the labor market, the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) conducted a series of Business Response Surveys. The initial survey was conducted in July through September 2020. Additional surveys were conducted in July to September 2021 and August to September 2022. The results of these surveys give some insights into the effects of the pandemic on the labor market nationally and here in Connecticut. In addition, the

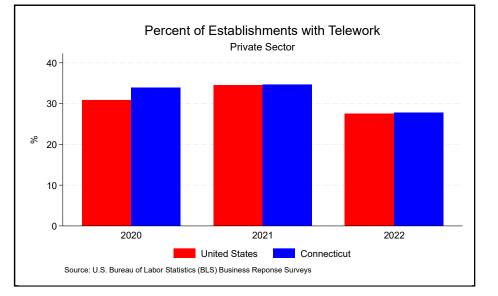
Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) from BLS and the Job-to-Job Flows from the U.S. Census show one unexpected effect of the pandemic - the greater willingness of workers to voluntarily leave their jobs and the resulting increase the number of job openings.

The 2020 Business Response Survey showed that Connecticut's business response to the pandemic was similar to businesses in the nation as a whole. For example, 51.9% of establishments nation-wide told employees not to work and 51.3% of these continued to pay employees some or all of their pay while not working. In Connecticut, it was 52.8% and

-continued on page 4-

In April...

Nonfarm Employment Connecticut 1,684,400 Change over month-0.05% Change over year +1.01% United States 155,673,000 Change over month +0.16% Change over year +2.63% Unemployment Rate Connecticut 3.8% United States 3.4% Consumer Price Index United States 303.363 Change over year +4.9%



June 2023

THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST

THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST

The Connecticut Economic Digest is published monthly by the Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research, and the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development. Its purpose is to regularly provide users with a comprehensive source for the most current, up-to-date data available on the workforce and economy of the state, within perspectives of the region and nation.

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Department of Economic and Community Development

The Unemployment Rate of All Towns Fell in 2022

By Jungmin Charles Joo, CT Department of Labor

n 2022, the annual average statewide unemployment rate was 4.2%, down from 6.3% in 2021. As the labor force bounced back for the second year from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, all 169 municipalities experienced a decrease in their unemployment rate last year.

2021 to 2022

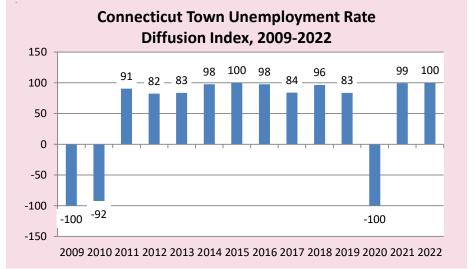
The unemployment rate in all 169 cities and towns in the state fell in 2022. Roxbury had the lowest unemployment rate of 2.5%, while the residents of Hartford experienced the highest rate of 6.5% last year (see table on page 3 for the complete town data). Overall, a total of 128 cities and towns had jobless rates below the 2022 statewide figure of 4.2%, 37 had rates above it, and 4 had rates equal to it. By comparison, 134 cities and towns had rates below the 2021 statewide average of 6.3%, 30 above it, and 5 were the same.

Of the five largest cities in the state with a 2010 Census population of 100,000 or more, Stamford had the lowest unemployment rate of 3.9% in 2022. Hartford posted the highest jobless rate among the large cities at 6.5%. All five cities experienced over-the-year unemployment rate decreases.

Town Unemployment Rate Diffusion Index

The Town Unemployment Rate Diffusion Index is calculated by subtracting the share of towns that experienced increases in their unemployment rates from the share that had rate decreases over the year.

As expected, during 2009-2010, the index values were negative, when Connecticut was in an economic recession. And after nine consecutive years of positive values, the 2020 diffusion index value plunged to -100, as all 169 cities and towns experienced an increase in unemployment rate from the impact of the pandemic. However, the index bounced back in 2021 and completely in 2022 with +100, reflecting a strong labor market recovery (chart). To date, this robust momentum has continued as the statewide unemployment rate continues to fall in the first months of 2023. However, given the uncertainties regarding inflation and the national economy, we cannot be sure that the low unemployment rates will persist through the end of the year. ■



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June 2023

			A	nnua	al Av	erage Unem	ployr	nent	Rate	by T	[ow n	, 2018-2022					
Town/City			2020		2022	Town/City		2019		2021	2022	Town/City		2019	2020	2021	2022
Andover	3.2	3.1	6.8	4.8	3.3	Griswold	4.3	4.0	10.2	7.6	4.8	Prospect	3.4	3.2	6.0	4.9	3.7
Ansonia	5.3	5.1	11.1	9.5	6.0	Groton	3.3	3.1	8.7	6.3	3.7	Putnam	4.5	3.8	8.5	6.4	4.6
Ashford	3.7	3.1	6.1	4.9	3.7	Guilford	2.7	2.4	5.1	3.8	2.9	Redding	2.9	2.9	6.2	4.7	3.8
Avon	2.8	2.4	5.3	4.2	3.2	Haddam	2.9	2.5	5.7	4.5	3.1	Ridgefield	3.0	2.9	5.7	4.7	3.4
Barkhamsted	3.8	3.1	6.2	5.1	3.2	Hamden	3.6	3.3	6.9	5.4	3.7	Rocky Hill	2.9	2.7	6.1	4.8	3.4
Beacon Falls	3.5	3.4	6.7	5.3	3.7	Hampton	3.7	3.3	5.8	5.2	3.5	Roxbury	2.9	2.0	4.6	4.2	2.5
Berlin	3.3	3.1	6.2	5.1	3.5	Hartford	6.6	6.4	13.4	11.0	6.5	Salem	3.5	3.1	8.3	5.7	4.2
Bethany	3.1	2.8	5.7	4.1	3.4	Hartland	3.3	3.2	5.5	4.8	3.6	Salisbury	2.9	2.5	4.7	4.3	3.3
Bethel	3.3	3.1	7.5	5.2	3.8	Harwinton	3.4	3.0	5.4	4.1	3.7	Scotland	3.8	3.4	6.5	5.7	3.4
Bethlehem	3.6	3.5	6.2	5.2	4.3	Hebron	2.9	2.8	5.9	4.8	3.2	Seymour	4.0	3.8	8.2	6.3	4.8
Bloomfield	4.0	3.8	8.2	6.7	4.6	Kent	2.8	2.8	5.4	3.9	3.5	-	2.7	2.2	4.4	3.7	2.6
Bolton	2.6	2.6	5.1	4.6	3.1	Killingly	4.4	3.9	7.9	6.2	4.1	Shelton	3.9	3.6	7.9	6.2	4.3
Bozrah	3.6	3.0	7.9	5.8	3.3	Killingworth	2.5	2.3	5.1	4.4	2.9	Sherman	2.9	2.8	6.4	4.7	3.6
Branford	3.4	3.2	6.9	5.3	3.5	Lebanon	3.6	3.4	7.0	5.9	3.9	Simsbury	2.7	2.5	5.3	4.3	3.1
Bridgeport	5.7	5.3	12.0	9.8	5.9	Ledyard	3.2	2.9	9.3	6.0	3.9	Somers	3.4	3.2	6.6	5.0	3.8
Bridgewater	3.1	3.2	6.4	4.9	4.1	Lisbon	3.8	3.6	8.9	7.0	4.9	South Windsor	3.2	3.0	6.4	4.7	3.4
0																	
Bristol	4.3	4.1 3.2	8.6 73	7.1 5.4	4.7	Litchfield	2.9	2.9	5.6	4.8	3.4	Southbury	3.7	3.3	7.3 6.5	5.7 5.0	4.2
Brookfield	3.3	3.2	7.3 74	5.4	3.6	Lyme	3.0	2.5	5.2	4.7	3.7	Southington	3.3	3.0	6.5	5.0	3.6
Brooklyn	3.8	3.5	7.4	5.7	4.3	Madison	2.8	2.6	5.5	4.3	3.3	Sprague	4.2	4.0	9.6	7.5	4.7
Burlington	3.0	2.8	5.6	4.9	3.4	M anchest er	3.9	3.6	8.5	6.4	4.1	Stafford	3.9	3.6	7.1	5.9	4.3
Canaan	2.7	2.1	6.0	4.6	3.0	Mansfield	3.6	3.6	4.9	4.9	4.4	Stamford	3.5	3.2	8.1	5.7	3.9
Canterbury	3.7	3.1	7.4	5.8	3.9	Marlborough	3.1	2.9	5.6	4.6	3.2	Sterling	4.7	4.5	8.1	6.4	4.7
Canton	3.0	2.8	5.7	4.8	3.4	Meriden	4.5	4.3	8.9	7.6	4.6	Stonington	3.1	2.9	7.3	5.2	3.6
Chaplin	4.3	3.6	7.8	6.9	4.0	Middlebury	3.2	2.8	6.4	4.8	3.6	Stratford	4.4	4.2	9.4	7.5	4.9
Cheshire	2.8	2.4	5.2	4.1	3.0	Middlefield	3.0	3.4	6.4	4.8	3.4	Suffield	3.2	3.1	6.3	5.0	3.7
Chester	2.8	2.9	6.2	4.7	3.1	Middletown	3.8	3.5	7.3	6.2	4.2	Thomaston	3.6	3.3	6.6	5.1	3.7
Clinton	3.2	3.1	6.8	4.9	3.3	Milford	3.5	3.3	7.5	5.9	3.7	Thompson	3.7	3.7	6.9	5.8	4.1
Colchester	3.2	3.0	6.2	4.8	3.4	Monroe	3.5	3.5	7.0	5.5	4.0	Tolland	2.9	2.7	5.4	4.6	3.4
Colebrook	4.5	3.6	6.0	5.2	4.5	Montville	3.9	3.6	10.2	6.5	4.3	Torrington	4.5	4.1	8.4	7.0	4.5
Columbia	3.2	3.2	5.9	4.7	3.5	Morris	3.3	2.8	5.6	3.9	3.4	Trumbull	3.6	3.3	7.2	5.5	3.8
Cornwall	2.7	2.4	5.8	3.7	3.1	Naugatuck	4.4	4.0	8.5	6.8	4.6	Union	2.5	2.9	5.2	5.0	3.8
Coventry	3.2	2.8	5.9	4.9	3.7	New Britain	5.3	5.1	10.9	9.6	5.7	Vernon	3.7	3.4	7.8	6.0	3.9
Cromwell	3.4	3.0	6.8	5.1	3.7	New Canaan	3.0	3.0	5.7	4.4	3.6	Voluntown	3.4	3.9	8.6	7.2	4.4
Danbury	3.2	3.1	7.3	5.4	3.7	New Fairfield	3.2	3.1	7.1	5.4	4.2	Wallingford	3.3	3.0	6.5	5.0	3.6
Darien	3.2	3.2	5.4	4.7	3.5	New Hartford	3.2	2.8	5.8	4.8	3.2	Warren	3.0	2.6	5.4	5.2	3.8
Deep River	3.1	2.6	5.9	4.5	3.2	New Haven	4.7	4.2	8.8	7.8	4.8	Washington	2.3	2.2	5.1	4.4	3.0
Derby	4.9	4.3	9.9	8.0	5.0	New London	5.2	4.8	13.3	10.0	5.7	Waterbury	6.2	5.7	11.7	10.1	6.3
Durham	2.8	2.6	5.1	3.8	2.9	New Milford	3.4	3.1	7.5	5.8	3.7	Waterford	3.4	3.3	8.3	6.0	4.1
			6.1						7.4								
East Granby	3.2	2.8		5.0	3.2	Newington	3.4	3.3		5.4	3.6		3.5	3.3	6.7	5.2	3.6
East Haddam	3.3	3.2	6.7	5.2		Newtown	3.3	2.9	6.3	5.1		West Hartford	2.9	2.7	6.0	4.7	3.3
East Hampton	3.2	2.9	6.2	5.2			3.3	3.1	5.9	4.4	3.3		4.4	3.9	8.7	6.7	4.4
East Hartford	5.0	4.5	10.4	8.4		North Branford	3.3	3.0	5.9	4.9	3.7		3.4	3.2	6.7	5.4	3.7
East Haven	4.1	4.0	8.3	6.7	4.4	North Canaan	3.3	3.3	6.4	5.1	3.5		3.4	3.1	6.5	5.1	3.6
East Lyme	3.6	3.4	0.8	6.1	4.0	North Haven	3.3	3.1	6.8	4.9	3.6		2.9	2.8	5.6	4.3	3.4
East Windsor	4.1	3.6	7.3	5.8	4.1	North Stoningtor	1 3.2	3.1	7.0	5.4	3.8	Wethersfield	3.4	3.1	7.3	5.9	3.9
Eastford	3.7	3.0	5.7	4.6	3.7	Norwalk	3.5	3.3	8.2	5.8	3.9	Willington	3.3	2.7	6.1	5.2	3.4
Easton	3.2	2.7	6.1	4.9	3.6	Norwich	4.2	3.9	14.1	8.8	4.7	Wilton	3.0	3.1	5.9	4.7	3.4
Ellington	3.3	3.0	5.8	4.9	3.6	Old Lyme	3.4	3.1	6.9	5.7	4.0	Winchester	4.2	4.0	7.8	6.3	4.3
Enfield	3.8	3.5	7.6	5.8	4.0	Old Saybrook	3.2	3.0	6.6	5.2	3.8	Windham	5.0	4.7	9.0	8.0	5.3
Essex	3.0	2.9	6.1	4.3	3.1	Orange	3.0	2.8	6.2	4.3	3.1	Windsor	3.9	3.7	8.0	6.4	4.0
Fairfield	3.4	3.3	6.7	5.1	3.8	Oxford	3.1	3.0	6.4	5.4	3.7	Windsor Locks	4.1	3.6	8.0	6.1	3.9
Farmington	3.0	2.7	5.8	4.5	3.3	Plainfield	4.5	4.2	8.6	6.2	3.9		3.5	3.2	6.8	5.3	3.6
Franklin	3.2	3.6	7.5	5.8	3.8		3.8	3.4	7.8	6.3	4.1	Woodbridge	2.9	2.6	5.5	4.0	3.1
Glastonbury	2.7	2.5	5.5	4.1		Plymouth	4.3	4.3	8.1	6.3	4.8	Woodbury	3.2	3.1	6.3	5.1	3.7
												· · ·					
Goshen	2.8	2.9	5.3	4.7		Pomfret	3.1	2.6	4.9	4.2	2.8	Woodstock	3.9	3.6	7.2	5.4	4.3
Granby	2.7	2.4	5.0	4.3	2.9	Portland	3.5	3.1	6.5	4.9	3.7						
Greenwich	2.9	2.8	5.9	4.5	3.5	Preston	3.7	3.6	9.9	6.8	4.5	CONNECTICUT	3.9	3.6	7.9	6.3	4.2

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics and Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

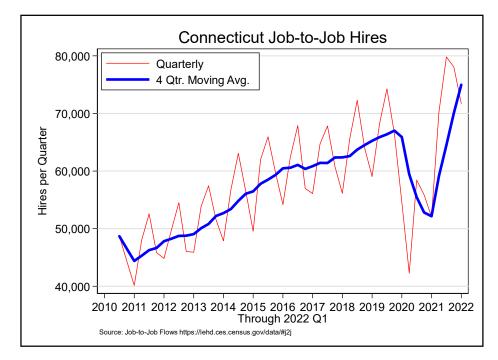
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48.1% respectively. Nationally, 55.6% of establishments experienced a decrease in demand for their products or services and 18.7% experienced a government-mandated closure. Connecticut's portion with decreased demand was 56.3% while the portion with a mandated closure was 17.3% in Connecticut. Only 17.8% of establishments nationally and 17.1% in Connecticut reported that they experienced no impact from the pandemic on their business operations.

One change brought about by the pandemic which may have lasting effects on at least some business establishments is increased telework. Nationally, 30.9% of establishments employing 54.3% of American workers increased teleworking opportunities as did 33.9% of establishments in Connecticut employing 55.9% of Connecticut workers. In the country, 52.3% of establishments and 49.9% in Connecticut had no telework either before or after the start of the pandemic according to the 2020 survey.

The 2021 Business Response Survey asked additional questions about changes made as a result of the pandemic. Nationally 34.5% of establishments (34.7% in Connecticut) reported some additional workplace flexibilities since the start of the pandemic such as flexible or staggered work hours, compressed or alternative work schedules, or voluntary reductions in hours worked. In addition, 24.2% of establishments employing 45.8% of total employment made some changes in pay directly because of the coronavirus pandemic, either by increasing base wages or paying a bonus or other financial incentive. Again, Connecticut's results were similar to the nation's with 23.8% of establishments employing 48.0% of total employment changing pay as a result of the pandemic.

The 2021 survey showed 34.5% of establishments had increased telework for some or all employees since the start of the pandemic. These establishments employ 50.8% of total private sector employment. In Connecticut, 39.4% of



establishments had increased telework for some or all employees in establishments employing 56.9% of private sector workers. 67.0% of the Connecticut establishments expected the increase in telework to continue after the pandemic is over compared to 60.2% for the nation.

The 2022 survey showed that 27.5% of private-sector establishments had employees teleworking some or all of the time. Connecticut's 27.8% was nearly identical to the nation's. Connecticut establishments with employees teleworking employ 41.6% of the private sector workforce compared to 35.2% for the nation as a whole. The Connecticut level is roughly consistent with the expectations expressed in the 2021 survey although the pandemic was not really "over" when the survey was conducted in August and September of 2022. Fully 95.5% of Connecticut establishments expected the amount of telework to remain the same over the next six months, with only 1.5% expecting it to increase and 3.0% expecting a decrease, suggesting the amount of telework has reached an equilibrium. The survey does not have results by industry by state, but nationally the industries with the highest percentage of establishments with employees teleworking some or all of the time were Information, Professional & Business Services, Educational Services, Wholesale Trade, and Financial Activities.

The 2022 Business Response Survey also asked about hiring and vacancies. 22.4% of establishments nationally reported hiring at least one new employee in July 2022 as did 20.4% of Connecticut establishments. Vacancies were reported by 21.3% of Connecticut establishments and 20.9% of establishments nationally.

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June 2023

The large number of vacancies in July is consistent with the large number of job openings reported by the monthly Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) published by BLS. The persistently high level of openings is perhaps the most surprising result of the pandemic. As of March 2023, there were 9.6 million job openings in the United States. While this is down from the 12.0 million in March 2022 it is still 2 million openings higher than the highest level ever recorded before the pandemic. Connecticut openings tell a similar story with 104,000 openings reported for March 2023, tens of thousands more

than the 86,000 pre-pandemic high and the 65,000 average for 2019, the last year before COVID-19.

One cause of the large number of vacancies is the willingness of workers to quit their jobs. This has been called (inaccurately in my view) "the great resignation" when in fact most workers are quitting to take other jobs. This is in sharp contrast to worker behavior following the "great recession" of 2007-2009 when quit rates were depressed for years. Indeed the Job-to-Job flows show that the number of workers switching jobs was on an upward trend even before the pandemic. The Job-to-Job flows measure the number of workers who leave one job and

start another with little or no unemployment in between.

The COVID-19 pandemic caused a severe contraction of the economy with a spike in unemployment and unprecedented job loss. The economy rebounded quickly with jobs and unemployment now at or near pre-pandemic levels. The pandemic has led to some changes that will likely be with us for the long-term, such as an increase in telework. In contrast to previous recessions, the aftermath of the COVID recession is an increased willingness of workers to quit their jobs for new opportunities a trend that had begun before the pandemic but accelerated after the end of the COVID lockdown.

						CAI C	
	4Q	4Q	YoY	CHG	3Q	QoQ	CHG
(Seasonally adjusted)	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	NO.	%
General Drift Indicator (2007=100)*							
Leading	113.7	105.8	7.9	7.4	110.0	3.7	3.39
Coincident	95.6	95.1	0.5	0.6	95.6	0.0	0.01
Real Gross Domestic Product**	4Q	4Q	YoY	CHG	3Q	QoQ	CHG
(Millions of chained 2012 dollars)	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	NO.	%
Connecticut	252,611	250,639	1,972	0.8	252,526	85	0.0
United States	20,182,491	20,006,181	176,310	0.9	20,054,663	127,828	0.6
New England	1,036,456	1,033,155	3,301	0.3	1,031,315	5,140	0.5
Per Capita Personal Income**	4Q	4Q	YoY	CHG	3Q	QoQ	CHG
(Current \$, SAAR)	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022	NO.	%
Connecticut	86,195	82,734	3,461	4.2	85,279	916	1.1
United States	66,944	63,626	3,318	5.2	65,851	1,093	1.7
New England	81,212	77,406	3,806	4.9	79,382	1,830	2.3
Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index (2007=100)***	Apr	Apr	YoY	CHG	Mar	МоМ	CHG
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023	NO.	%
Connecticut	123.63	120.09	3.53	2.9	123.14	0.49	0.4
United States	137.78	132.84	4.94	3.7	137.38	0.40	0.3

GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Sources: *Dr. Steven P. Lanza, University of Connecticut, https://steven-lanza.uconn.edu/the-connecticut-green-sheet/ **U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis ***Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia

General Drift Indicators are composite measures of the four-quarter change in three coincident (Connecticut Manufacturing Production Index, nonfarm employment, and real personal income) and three leading (housing permits, manufacturing average weekly hours, and initial unemployment claims) economic variables, and are indexed so 2007 = 100.

The **Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index** summarizes current economic condition by using four coincident variables: nonfarm payroll employment, average hours worked in manufacturing, the unemployment rate, and wage and salary disbursements deflated by the consumer price index (U.S. city average).

STATE ECONOMIC INDICATORS

Total nonfarm EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

employment increased over the year.

Apr	Apr	СНУ		Mar
2023	2022	NO.	% %	2023
1,684.4	1,667.6	16.8	1.0	1,685.3
0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5
59.7	61.6	-1.9	-3.1	59.9
157.7	156.9	0.8	0.5	158.3
297.5	300.4	-2.9	-1.0	297.1
31.3	31.0	0.3	1.0	31.1
114.7	118.8	-4.1	-3.5	115.0
224.5	222.8	1.7	0.8	226.0
352.7	340.2	12.5	3.7	352.0
153.5	148.2	5.3	3.6	153.8
62.1	61.0	1.1	1.8	61.9
230.2	226.2	4.0	1.8	229.7
	1,684.4 0.5 59.7 157.7 297.5 31.3 114.7 224.5 352.7 153.5 62.1	202320221,684.41,667.60.50.559.761.6157.7156.9297.5300.431.331.0114.7118.8224.5222.8352.7340.2153.5148.262.161.0	2023 2022 NO. 1,684.4 1,667.6 16.8 0.5 0.5 0.0 59.7 61.6 -1.9 157.7 156.9 0.8 297.5 300.4 -2.9 31.3 31.0 0.3 114.7 118.8 -4.1 224.5 222.8 1.7 352.7 340.2 12.5 153.5 148.2 5.3 62.1 61.0 1.1	20232022NO.%1,684.41,667.616.81.00.50.50.00.059.761.6-1.9-3.1157.7156.90.80.5297.5300.4-2.9-1.031.331.00.31.0114.7118.8-4.1-3.5224.5222.81.70.8352.7340.212.53.7153.5148.25.33.662.161.01.11.8

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor * Includes Native American tribal government employment

Average weekly initial claims rose from a year

initial	UNEMPLOYMENT					
ı year		Apr	Apr	СНА	NGE	Mar
ago.	(Seasonally adjusted)	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
	Labor Force, resident (000s)	1,901.2	1,947.7	-46.5	-2.4	1,905.6
	Employed (000s)	1,828.9	1,865.8	-36.9	-2.0	1,830.4
	Unemployed (000s)	72.3	81.9	-9.6	-11.7	75.3
	Unemployment Rate (%)	3.8	4.2	-0.4		3.9
	Labor Force Participation Rate (%)	64.3	66.2	-1.9		64.5
	Employment-Population Ratio (%)	61.9	63.4	-1.5		61.9
	Average Weekly Initial Claims (NSA)	3,610	3,283	327	10.0	2,898
	Avg. Insured Unemp. Rate (%, NSA)	1.39	1.30	0.09		1.81
		1Q 2023	1Q 2022			2022
	U-6 Rate (%)	7.8	9.2	-1.4		7.8

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

The production worker weekly earnings rose over

the year.

MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY

	Apr	Apr	CHA	CHANGE		Feb
(Not seasonally adjusted)	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023	2023
Production Worker Avg Wkly Hours	40.4	39.9	0.5	1.3	40.0	
Prod. Worker Avg Hourly Earnings	28.42	27.44	0.98	3.6	28.41	
Prod. Worker Avg Weekly Earnings	1,148.17	1,094.86	53.31	4.9	1,136.40	
CT Mfg. Prod. Index (2012=100)	92.1	101.8	-9.62	-9.5	94.0	98.7
Production Worker Hours (000s)	3,963	4,037	-74	-1.8	3,976	
Industrial Electricity Sales (mil kWh)*	194	229	-35	-15.4	200	215
CT Mfg. Prod. Index, 12-MMA (2012=100)	102.3	101.8	0.50	0.5	103.1	103.8

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Department of Energy *Latest two months are forecasted.

Personal income increased 4.3 percent from a year earlier

t	4Q	4Q	CHAN	IGE	3Q
(\$ Millions, SA, annualized)	2022	2021	NO.	%	2022
Personal Income	\$312,921.9 \$	299,897.1	\$13,024.8	4.3	\$309,372.4
Wages and Salaries	\$140,553.4 \$	5131,813.8	\$8,739.6	6.6	\$138,870.9

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis



New auto registrations decreased over the year.

			BU	SINESS	ACTI\	/ITY
			Y/Y %	YEAR TO	DATE	%
	MONTH	LEVEL	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
New Housing Permits*	Apr 2023	289	-28.8	2,015	1,555	29.6
Electricity Sales (mil kWh)	Mar 2023	2,122	-3.2	6,472	7,013	-7.7
Construction Contracts						
Index (1980=100)	Apr 2023	848.5	216.0			
New Auto Registrations	Apr 2023	12,327	-4.9	54,663	55,450	-1.4
Exports (Bil. \$)	1Q 2023	3.66	3.2	3.66	3.54	3.2
S&P 500: Monthly Close	Apr 2023	4,169.48	0.9			

Sources: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development; U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration; Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; F.W. Dodge; Connecticut Department of Motor Vehicles; Wisertrade.org

* Estimated by the Bureau of the Census

BUSI	NESS S	TART	S AN	D TERM	INATI	ONS
			Y/Y %	Y % YEAR TO DATE		
	MO/QTR	LEVEL	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
STARTS						
Secretary of the State	Feb 2023	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Department of Labor	3Q 2022	3,837	-6.2	13,399	13,246	1.2
TERMINATIONS						
Secretary of the State	Feb 2023	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Department of Labor	3Q 2022	1,223	-40.8	4,600	6,042	-23.9

Net business formation, as measured by starts minus stops registered with the Department of Labor, was up.

Sources: Connecticut Secretary of the State; Connecticut Department of Labor

				STATE R	EVEN	JES
	Apr	Apr	%	YEAR TO	%	
(Millions of dollars)	2023	2022	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
TOTAL ALL REVENUES*	2,991.0	3,920.0	-23.7	9,672.4	10,877.3	-11.1
Corporate Tax	394.1	403.8	-2.4	1,512.1	1,683.1	-10.2
Personal Income Tax	1,852.3	2,786.9	-33.5	5,030.2	6,017.6	-16.4
Real Estate Conv. Tax	17.1	11.4	50.0	69.4	86.7	-20.0
Sales & Use Tax	365.4	359.7	1.6	1,968.8	1,934.3	1.8
Gaming Payments**	18.4	18.1	1.6	70.3	68.3	2.9

Gaming payments was up from a year ago.

Sources: Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; Division of Special Revenue *Includes all sources of revenue; Only selected sources are displayed; Most July receipts are credited to the prior fiscal year and are not shown. **See page 23 for explanation.

	Gaming slots was up over the						
			Y/Y %	YEA	R TO DATE	%	year.
	MONTH	LEVEL	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG	
Occupancy Rate (%)*	Apr 2023	59.3	-0.3	53.4	52.2	2.3	
Tourism Website Visitors	Apr 2023	358,423	-7.8	1,211,846	1,621,767	-25.3	
Air Passenger Count	Mar 2023	549,067	10.9	1,402,283	1,187,740	18.1	
Gaming Slots (Mil.\$)***	Apr 2023	883.2	1.0	3,403.5	3,310.7	2.8	

Sources: Connecticut Department of Transportation, Bureau of Aviation and Ports; Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism; Division of Special Revenue

*STR, Inc. Due to layoffs, Info Center Visitors data are no longer published.

***See page 23 for explanation

June 2023



Compensation cost for the nation rose 4.8 percent over the year.

EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX

Seasonally Adjusted			Not Seasonally Adjustee		
Mar	Dec	3-Mo	Mar	Mar	12-Mo
2023	2022	% Chg	2023	2022	% Chg
157.3	155.5	1.2	157.4	150.2	4.8
159.5	157.6	1.2	159.5	151.8	5.1
152.3	150.6	1.1	152.4	146.1	4.3
			159.0	152.2	4.5
			159.8	153.1	4.4
	Mar 2023 157.3 159.5 152.3	Mar Dec 2023 2022 157.3 155.5 159.5 157.6 152.3 150.6	Mar Dec 3-Mo 2023 2022 % Chg 157.3 155.5 1.2 159.5 157.6 1.2 152.3 150.6 1.1	Mar Dec 3-Mo Mar 2023 2022 % Chg 2023 157.3 155.5 1.2 157.4 159.5 157.6 1.2 159.5 152.3 150.6 1.1 152.4 159.0	Mar Dec 3-Mo Mar Mar 2023 2022 % Chg 2023 2022 157.3 155.5 1.2 157.4 150.2 159.5 157.6 1.2 159.5 151.8 152.3 150.6 1.1 152.4 146.1 159.0 152.2

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. inflation rate was up by 4.9 percent over the year.

CONSUMER NEWS				
			% CH/	ANGE
(Not seasonally adjusted)	MO/QTR	LEVEL	Y/Y	P/P*
CONSUMER PRICES				
CPI-U (1982-84=100)				
U.S. City Average	Apr 2023	303.363	4.9	0.5
Purchasing Power of \$ (1982-84=\$1.00)	Apr 2023	0.330	-4.7	-0.5
Northeast Region	Apr 2023	311.848	3.8	0.2
New York-Newark-Jersey City	Apr 2023	319.211	3.7	0.1
Boston-Cambridge-Newton**	Mar 2023	324.859	4.7	0.2
CPI-W (1982-84=100)				
U.S. City Average	Apr 2023	297.730	4.6	0.6

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics *Change over prior monthly or quarterly period

**The Boston CPI can be used as a proxy for New England and is measured every other month.

Conventional mortgage rate fell to 6.34 percent over the month.

INTEREST RATES

	Apr	Mar	Apr
(Percent)	2023	2023	2022
Prime	8.00	7.82	3.50
Federal Funds	4.83	4.65	0.33
3 Month Treasury Bill	5.07	4.86	0.76
6 Month Treasury Bill	4.99	4.99	1.26
1 Year Treasury Note	4.68	4.68	1.89
3 Year Treasury Note	3.76	4.09	2.72
5 Year Treasury Note	3.54	3.82	2.78
7 Year Treasury Note	3.50	3.77	2.80
10 Year Treasury Note	3.46	3.66	2.75
20 Year Treasury Note	3.80	3.94	2.99
Conventional Mortgage	6.34	6.54	4.98

Sources: Federal Reserve; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.

COMPARATIVE REGIONAL DATA

		NONFA	RM EM	PLO	YMENT	
	Apr	Apr Apr		CHANGE		
(Seasonally adjusted; 000s)	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023	
Connecticut	1,684.4	1,667.6	16.8	1.0	1,685.3	
Maine	646.0	638.4	7.6	1.2	645.2	
Massachusetts	3,759.2	3,660.1	99.1	2.7	3,754.1	
New Hampshire	699.9	685.3	14.6	2.1	700.7	
New Jersey	4,332.3	4,233.2	99.1	2.3	4,316.5	
New York	9,673.0	9,439.2	233.8	2.5	9,698.0	
Pennsylvania	6,117.1	5,960.8	156.3	2.6	6,106.1	
Rhode Island	495.6	496.4	-0.8	-0.2	499.4	
Vermont	309.8	304.1	5.7	1.9	308.6	
United States	155,673.0	151,678.0	3,995.0	2.6	155,420.0	

Eight of nine states in the region gained jobs over the year.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

				BOR	FORCE	
	Apr Apr CHANGE					
(Seasonally adjusted)	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023	
Connecticut	1,901,193	1,947,722	-46,529	-2.4	1,905,641	
Maine	675,402	677,710	-2,308	-0.3	673,696	
Massachusetts	3,739,047	3,758,814	-19,767	-0.5	3,741,218	
New Hampshire	765,802	765,496	306	0.0	767,950	
New Jersey	4,832,677	4,725,353	107,324	2.3	4,814,879	
New York	9,676,648	9,625,656	50,992	0.5	9,659,921	
Pennsylvania	6,509,436	6,489,022	20,414	0.3	6,505,031	
Rhode Island	566,611	571,812	-5,201	-0.9	566,181	
Vermont	346,407	341,723	4,684	1.4	346,213	
United States	166,688,000	163,950,000	2,738,000	1.7	166,731,000	

force from last year.

Five states posted increases in the labor

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

	UN	EMPLO	OYMENT	RATES	Six states showed a
(Seasonally adjusted)	Apr 2023	Apr 2022	CHANGE	Mar 2023	decrease in its unemployment rate over
Connecticut	3.8	4.2	-0.4	3.9	the year.
Maine	2.4	2.7	-0.3	2.6	
Massachusetts	3.3	3.7	-0.4	3.5	
New Hampshire	2.1	2.1	0.0	2.4	
New Jersey	3.5	3.9	-0.4	3.5	
New York	4.0	4.3	-0.3	4.1	
Pennsylvania	4.1	4.3	-0.2	4.2	
Rhode Island	3.0	2.9	0.1	3.1	
Vermont	2.4	2.2	0.2	2.7	
United States	3.4	3.6	-0.2	3.5	

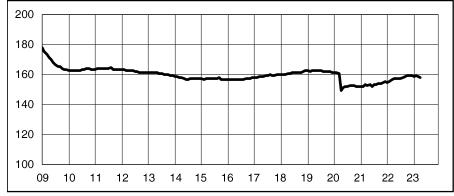
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

STATE ECONOMIC INDICATOR TRENDS

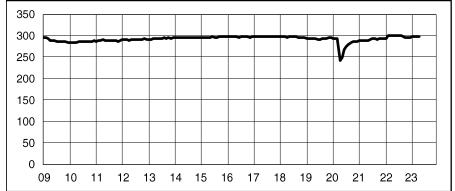
CONSTRUCTION EMP., SA, 000s



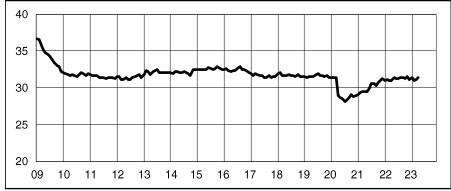
MANUFACTURING EMP., SA, 000s



TRADE, TRANSP., & UTILITIES EMP., SA, 000s



INFORMATION EMP., SA, 000s



<u>Month</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Jan	58.6	60.5	61.6
Feb	58.5	61.2	61.7
Mar	59.0	61.7	59.9
Apr	58.9	61.6	59.7
May	59.0	60.8	
Jun	59.1	60.3	
Jul	59.4	60.3	
Aug	59.6	60.4	
Sep	59.9	60.4	
Oct	60.2	61.2	
Nov	60.2	61.5	
Dec	60.6	60.4	
<u>Month</u>	2021	2022	2023
Jan	<u>151.7</u>	<u>2022</u> 154.3	<u>2020</u> 158.4
Feb	152.0	155.3	158.7
Mar	152.8	156.1	158.3
Apr	152.5	156.9	157.7
May	152.7	156.8	107.1
Jun	152.0	156.9	
Jul	153.3	157.2	
Aug	152.9	157.8	
Sep	153.5	158.1	
Oct	153.9	159.1	
Nov	154.4	158.8	
Dec	154.8	159.1	
<u>Month</u>	2021	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Jan	288.6	293.4	296.7
Feb	289.0	300.3	296.9
Mar	289.3	300.2	297.1
Apr	288.3	300.4	297.5
May	289.2	299.0	
Jun	289.7	299.2	
Jul	292.9	299.3	
Aug	292.2	299.0	
Sep	290.9	298.6	
Oct	292.0	294.5	
Nov	291.7	294.7	
Dec	292.5	295.7	
<u>Month</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023
Jan	29.1	31.0	31.3
Feb	29.3	31.1	31.0
Mar	29.5	31.0	31.1
Apr	29.5	31.0	31.3
May	29.5	31.3	
Jun	29.9	31.2	
Jul	30.5	31.2	
Aug	30.5	31.4	
	~~~~		

Sep

Oct

Nov

Dec

30.3

30.7

31.0

31.2

31.4

31.2

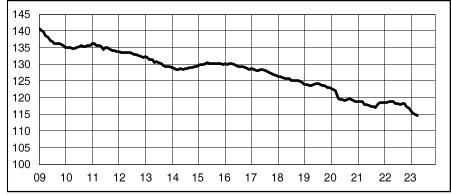
31.5

31.1

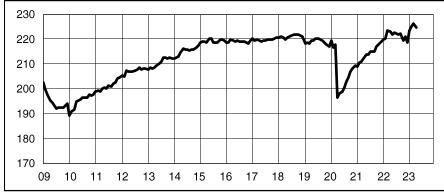
THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST

## **ECONOMIC INDICATOR TRENDS STATE**

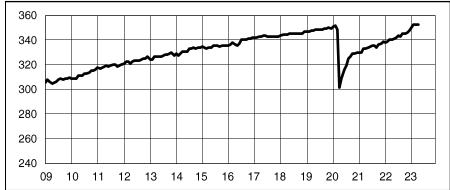
#### FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES EMP., SA, 000s



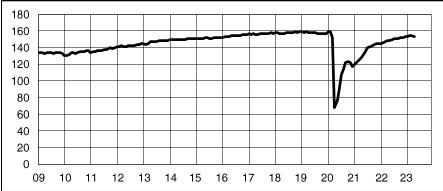




### EDUCATIONAL & HEALTH SERV. EMP., SA, 000s



### LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY EMP., SA, 000s



<u>Month</u>	2021	2022	2023
Jan	<u></u> 118.9	<u></u> 118.5	115.8
Feb	118.7	118.5	115.2
Mar	118.8	118.7	115.0
Apr	117.9	118.8	114.7
May	117.8	118.8	
Jun	117.5	118.3	
Jul	117.4	118.3	
Aug	117.2	118.0	
Sep	116.9	118.3	
Oct	118.3	118.1	
Nov	118.6	117.2	
Dec	118.6	116.6	
<u>Month</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023
<u>Month</u> Jan	<u>2021</u> 208.7	<u>2022</u> 219.8	<u>2023</u> 223.5
Jan	208.7	219.8	223.5
Jan Feb	208.7 210.5	219.8 220.1	223.5 225.1
Jan Feb Mar	208.7 210.5 211.0	219.8 220.1 223.2	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr May	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7 213.8	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6 222.4	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7 213.8 214.7	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6 222.4 222.0	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7 213.8 214.7 215.0	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6 222.4 222.0 221.8	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7 213.8 214.7 215.0 215.1	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6 222.4 222.0 221.8 222.0	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7 213.8 214.7 215.0 215.1 217.1	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6 222.4 222.0 221.8 222.0 221.8 222.0 219.4	223.5 225.1 226.0
Jan Feb Mar Apr Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov	208.7 210.5 211.0 212.1 213.7 213.8 214.7 215.0 215.1 217.1 218.3	219.8 220.1 223.2 222.8 221.6 222.4 222.0 221.8 222.0 219.4 220.9	223.5 225.1 226.0

<u>Month</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Jan	329.5	337.5	349.6
Feb	329.9	338.9	351.9
Mar	332.7	340.1	352.0
Apr	332.5	340.2	352.7
Мау	333.6	341.0	
Jun	334.1	341.5	
Jul	334.9	343.1	
Aug	335.3	342.8	
Sep	333.5	344.7	
Oct	336.4	345.2	
Nov	337.0	346.1	
Dec	338.2	347.6	

<u>Month</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Jan	120.0	144.2	153.1
Feb	122.2	146.1	154.2
Mar	125.0	147.1	153.8
Apr	127.3	148.2	153.5
Мау	131.1	148.7	
Jun	134.6	149.2	
Jul	139.4	150.4	
Aug	140.7	151.0	
Sep	141.8	150.6	
Oct	143.5	151.8	
Nov	144.4	152.2	
Dec	144.9	153.0	

## **STATE** NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

CONNECTICUT	Not Seasonally Adjusted				d
	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	1,676,600	1,662,300	14,300	0.9	1,668,100
TOTAL PRIVATE	1,443,500	1,431,800	11,700	0.8	1,433,400
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	216,500	218,000	-1,500	-0.7	213,900
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING MANUFACTURING	59,800 156 700	61,900 156 100	-2,100	-3.4	56,000
Durable Goods	156,700 121,900	156,100 122,200	600 -300	0.4 -0.2	157,900 122,800
Fabricated Metal	27,600	28,100	-500	- <b>0.2</b> -1.8	27,800
Machinery	13,300	13,300	-500	0.0	13,400
Computer and Electronic Product	10,200	10,400	-200	-1.9	10,300
Transportation Equipment	45,900	44,900	1,000	2.2	46,300
Aerospace Product and Parts	29,700	29,400	300	1.0	30,100
Non-Durable Goods	34,800	33,900	900	2.7	35,100
Chemical	8,100	8,000	100	1.3	8,200
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	1,460,100	1,444,300	15,800	1.1	1,454,200
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	292,700	293,900	-1,200	-0.4	294,400
Wholesale Trade	62,700	60,000	2,700	4.5	62,200
Retail Trade	162,700	165,800	-3,100	-1.9	163,000
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	21,000	21,100 16,800	-100 -900	-0.5 -5.4	21,000
Building Material Food and Beverage Stores	15,900 40,300	40,900	-900	-5.4 -1.5	15,400 40,600
General Merchandise Stores	27,700	27,800	-000	-0.4	28,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	67,300	68,100	-800	-1.2	69,200
Utilities	5,100	5,000	100	2.0	5,100
Transportation and Warehousing	62,200	63,100	-900	-1.4	64,100
INFORMATION	31,400	30,800	600	1.9	31,000
Telecommunications	6,000	6,100	-100	-1.6	5,900
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	114,100	118,100	-4,000	-3.4	114,900
Finance and Insurance	95,200	99,000	-3,800	-3.8	95,900
Credit Intermediation and Related	19,800	20,900	-1,100	-5.3	20,000
Financial Investments and Related	21,500	22,000	-500	-2.3	21,800
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	53,900 18,900	56,100 19,100	-2,200 -200	-3.9 -1.0	54,100 19,000
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	<b>224,600</b>	<b>223,000</b>	1,600	<b>0.7</b>	<b>222,000</b>
Professional, Scientific	102,200	99,400	2,800	2.8	101,600
Legal Services	12,100	11,800	300	2.5	12,100
Computer Systems Design	23,000	22,700	300	1.3	22,900
Management of Companies	30,900	30,800	100	0.3	30,700
Administrative and Support	91,500	92,800	-1,300	-1.4	89,700
Employment Services	28,300	29,300	-1,000	-3.4	28,500
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	354,000	342,600	11,400	3.3	352,500
Educational Services	75,300	71,300	4,000	5.6	73,800
Health Care and Social Assistance	278,700	271,300	7,400	2.7	278,700
Hospitals	60,900 54,200	59,300 52,700	1,600	2.7	60,900 54,400
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities Social Assistance	54,300 67,400	52,700 64,700	1,600 2,700	3.0 4.2	54,400 67,700
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	<b>148,600</b>	144,900	<b>3,700</b>	4.2 <b>2.6</b>	<b>144,100</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	26,500	24,400	2,100	8.6	24,000
Accommodation and Food Services	122,100	120,500	1,600	1.3	120,100
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.	112,700	112,000	700	0.6	111,000
OTHER SERVICES	61,600	60,500	1,100	1.8	60,600
GOVERNMENT	233,100	230,500	2,600	1.1	234,700
Federal Government	18,800	18,100	700	3.9	18,600
State Government	71,100	71,700	-600	-0.8	71,000
Local Government**	143,200	140,700	2,500	1.8	145,100

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Includes Indian tribal government employment

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

# **BRIDGEPORT** -



### Not Seasonally Adjusted

	h-5. 57				
STAMFORD LMA	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	404,100	397,800	6,300	1.6	400,200
TOTAL PRIVATE	362,100	355,600	6,500	1.8	357,400
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	42,400	42,400	0	0.0	41,900
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	13,500	13,600	-100	-0.7	12,600
MANUFACTURING	28,900	28,800	100	0.3	29,300
Durable Goods	22,700	22,900	-200	-0.9	23,000
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	361,700	355,400	6,300	1.8	358,300
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	64,900	64,600	300	0.5	65,000
Wholesale Trade	13,300	13,000	300	2.3	13,200
Retail Trade	42,300	42,500	-200	-0.5	42,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	9,300	9,100	200	2.2	9,600
INFORMATION	12,800	12,300	500	4.1	12,600
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	33,800	35,200	-1,400	-4.0	34,300
Finance and Insurance	28,200	29,400	-1,200	-4.1	28,800
Credit Intermediation and Related	7,000	7,400	-400	-5.4	7,100
Financial Investments and Related	15,400	15,600	-200	-1.3	15,700
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	67,500	67,400	100	0.1	65,200
Professional, Scientific	32,600	31,800	800	2.5	32,100
Administrative and Support	24,300	25,600	-1,300	-5.1	22,600
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	80,800	76,600	4,200	5.5	80,500
Health Care and Social Assistance	66,600	63,700	2,900	4.6	66,500
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	43,000	40,500	2,500	6.2	41,200
Accommodation and Food Services	33,600	31,400	2,200	7.0	32,600
OTHER SERVICES	16,900	16,600	300	1.8	16,700
GOVERNMENT	42,000	42,200	-200	-0.5	42,800
Federal	2,400	2,300	100	4.3	2,400
State & Local	39,600	39,900	-300	-0.8	40,400

DANBURY LMA	Not Seasonally Adjusted							
Concerting.	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar			
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023			
	76.200	75,800	400	0.5	75,700			
TOTAL PRIVATE	66,500	66,000	500	0.8	66,100			
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	11,900	12,300	-400	-3.3	11,600			
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	64,300	63,500	800	1.3	64,100			
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	17,900	17,000	900	5.3	18,100			
Retail Trade	12,200	11,700	500	4.3	12,300			
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	9,100	9,200	-100	-1.1	9,000			
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	7,200	7,300	-100	-1.4	7,000			
GOVERNMENT	9,700	9,800	-100	-1.0	9,600			
Federal	700	700	0	0.0	700			
State & Local	9,000	9,100	-100	-1.1	8,900			

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

## LMA NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

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			ND	

HARTFORD LMA		Not S	easonally /	Adjusted	1
153-1-1	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
Surting Strategy	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	575,900	570,100	5,800	1.0	574,400
TOTAL PRIVATE	482,000	477,100	4,900	1.0	480,100
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	75,000	76,000	-1,000	-1.3	74,100
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	20,800	20,600	200	1.0	19,500
MANUFACTURING	54,200	55,400	-1,200	-2.2	54,600
Durable Goods	44,500	45,500	-1,000	-2.2	44,700
Non-Durable Goods	9,700	9,900	-200	-2.0	9,900
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	500,900	494,100	6,800	1.4	500,300
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	91,000	91,500	-500	-0.5	91,200
Wholesale Trade	17,000	16,800	200	1.2	17,000
Retail Trade	49,600	50,200	-600	-1.2	49,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	24,400	24,500	-100	-0.4	25,000
Transportation and Warehousing	23,700	23,700	0	0.0	24,300
INFORMATION	9,000	8,700	300	3.4	8,900
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	49,700	51,500	-1,800	-3.5	49,800
Depository Credit Institutions	4,800	4,900	-100	-2.0	4,800
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	33,700	34,900	-1,200	-3.4	33,800
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	76,800	74,500	2,300	3.1	78,500
Professional, Scientific	36,600	34,600	2,000	5.8	36,800
Management of Companies	12,700	12,000	700	5.8	12,600
Administrative and Support	27,500	27,900	-400	-1.4	29,100
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	113,700	109,600	4,100	3.7	112,800
Educational Services	14,900	14,000	900	6.4	14,600
Health Care and Social Assistance	98,800	95,600	3,200	3.3	98,200
Ambulatory Health Care	33,600	32,900	700	2.1	33,500
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	45,000	44,200	800	1.8	43,300
Accommodation and Food Services	37,000	37,300	-300	-0.8	36,300
OTHER SERVICES	21,800	21,100	700	3.3	21,500
GOVERNMENT	93,900	93,000	900	1.0	94,300
Federal	5,500	5,200	300	5.8	5,400
State & Local	88,400	87,800	600	0.7	88,900
	,	,			

### SEASONALLY ADJUSTED TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT

		Se	asonally Ac	ljusted	
	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
Labor Market Areas	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA	406,900	400,000	6,900	1.7	406,600
DANBURY LMA	76,700	76,200	500	0.7	76,500
HARTFORD LMA	577,100	570,700	6,400	1.1	577,000
NEW HAVEN LMA	302,700	299,000	3,700	1.2	302,400
NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA	124,300	122,700	1,600	1.3	125,700
WATERBURY LMA	67,500	65,800	1,700	2.6	67,200
ENFIELD LMA**	41,800	41,600	200	0.5	41,900
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA**	32,500	32,400	100	0.3	32,100
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA**	27,100	27,000	100	0.4	27,000

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes

**Unofficial seasonally adjusted estimates produced by the Connecticut Department of Labor

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

NEW HAVEN LMA		Not Se	asonally	Adjuste	d
NG - MY	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
Survey and	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
\					
	301,700	298,400	3,300	1.1	299,800
TOTAL PRIVATE	265,500	262,800	2,700	1.0	263,300
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	34,300	34,600	-300	-0.9	33,900
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	11,500	11,200	300	2.7	11,000
MANUFACTURING	22,800	23,400	-600	-2.6	22,900
Durable Goods	16,600	16,800	-200	-1.2	16,700
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	267,400	263,800	3,600	1.4	265,900
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	56,900	58,500	-1,600	-2.7	57,200
Wholesale Trade	11,800	11,600	200	1.7	11,800
Retail Trade	26,500	27,000	-500	-1.9	26,500
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	18,600	19,900	-1,300	-6.5	18,900
INFORMATION	3,800	3,900	-100	-2.6	3,800
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	11,700	11,800	-100	-0.8	11,700
Finance and Insurance	7,800	7,900	-100	-1.3	7,800
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	31,200	32,600	-1,400	-4.3	30,900
Administrative and Support	16,400	17,100	-700	-4.1	16,200
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	89,900	86,900	3,000	3.5	88,800
Educational Services	36,700	34,100	2,600	7.6	35,200
Health Care and Social Assistance	53,200	52,800	400	0.8	53,600
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	27,000	23,900	3,100	13.0	26,500
Accommodation and Food Services	22,700	20,200	2,500	12.4	22,400
OTHER SERVICES	10,700	10,600	100	0.9	10,500
GOVERNMENT	36,200	35,600	600	1.7	36,500
Federal	5,100	5,000	100	2.0	5,000
State & Local	31,100	30,600	500	1.6	31,500

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Value less than 50

## HELP WANTED ONLINE

### Connecticut HWOL: April 2023

Workforce Area	April Total Ads	Industry Sector With Most Ads	Ads	Occupation With Most Ads	Ads
Eastern	8,894	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	2,445	Registered Nurses	621
North Central	37,299	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	7,740	<b>Registered Nurses</b>	2,161
Northwest	12,271	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	3,409	Registered Nurses	1,112
South Central	18,962	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	5,495	Registered Nurses	1,534
Southwest	22,653	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	5,325	<b>Registered Nurses</b>	1,386

Source: CT DOL Research Office Analysis of HWOL Data Series The Conference Board Help Wanted OnLine Data Series (HWOL) measures the number of new, first-time online jobs and jobs reposted from the previous month for over 16,000 Internet job boards, corporate boards and smaller job sites that serve niche markets and smaller geographic areas. The data can be used as a real-time measure of labor demand. For more information go to https://www1.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/hwol.asp.



## **IMA** NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

NORWICH-NEW LONDON-		Not S	easonally /	Adjusted	1
WESTERLY, CT-RI LMA	Apr	Apr	СНА	NGE	Mar
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	123,600	122,100	1,500	1.2	123,600
TOTAL PRIVATE	96,900	96,500	400	0.4	96,700
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	23,300	22,800	500	2.2	23,300
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	4,200	4,500	-300	-6.7	4,000
MANUFACTURING	19,100	18,300	800	4.4	19,300
Durable Goods	15,700	14,900	800	5.4	15,800
Non-Durable Goods	3,400	3,400	0	0.0	3,500
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	100,300	99,300	1,000	1.0	100,300
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	20,600	20,600	0	0.0	20,800
Wholesale Trade	2,700	2,500	200	8.0	2,700
Retail Trade	14,100	14,400	-300	-2.1	14,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	3,800	3,700	100	2.7	3,900
INFORMATION	1,300	1,400	-100	-7.1	1,300
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	2,800	2,700	100	3.7	2,800
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	9,300	9,900	-600	-6.1	9,100
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	20,800	21,000	-200	-1.0	21,000
Health Care and Social Assistance	17,900	17,900	0	0.0	18,000
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	15,500	14,900	600	4.0	15,100
Accommodation and Food Services	13,100	12,600	500	4.0	12,700
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.	11,100	10,800	300	2.8	10,900
OTHER SERVICES	3,300	3,200	100	3.1	3,300
	26,700	25,600	1,100	4.3	26,900
Federal	3,000	2,900	100	3.4	3,000
State & Local**	23,700	22,700	1,000	4.4	23,900

WATERBURY LMA	Not Seasonally Adjusted						
	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar		
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023		
	C7 000	05 700	4 200	2.0	00 500		
	67,000 57,000	65,700	1,300	2.0	66,500 56 400		
	57,100	55,600	1,500	2.7	56,400		
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	10,300	10,000	300	3.0	10,000		
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	3,000	2,800	200	7.1	2,800		
MANUFACTURING	7,300	7,200	100	1.4	7,200		
SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES	56,700	55,700	1,000	1.8	56,500		
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES	12,900	12,500	400	3.2	12,900		
Wholesale Trade	1,900	1,900	0	0.0	1,900		
Retail Trade	9,000	8,800	200	2.3	9,000		
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2,000	1.800	200	11.1	2,000		
INFORMATION	600	600	0	0.0	600		
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	1,800	1,900	-100	-5.3	1,800		
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	5,500	5,500	0	0.0	5,400		
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES	17,900	17,000	900	5.3	17,800		
Health Care and Social Assistance	15,400	15.000	400	2.7	15,400		
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY	5,400	5,700	400	0.0	<b>5.500</b>		
OTHER SERVICES	2,400	2,400	0	0.0	2,400		
	,	,	•	• • •			
GOVERNMENT	9,900	10,100	-200	-2.0	10,100		
Federal	400	400	0	0.0	400		
State & Local	9,500	9,700	-200	-2.1	9,700		

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. **Includes Indian tribal government employment.

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

SMALLER LMAS*	2023         2022         NO.         %         2023           41,800         41,600         200         0.5         41,900           32,500         32,400         100         0.3         32,100				1
Raw?	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ENFIELD LMA TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA	32,500	32,400	100	0.3	41,900 32,100 27,000

NOTE: More industry detail data is available for the State and its nine labor market areas at: http:// www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/202/covered.htm. The data published there differ from the data in the preceding tables in that they are developed from a near-universe count of Connecticut employment covered by the unemployment insurance (UI) program, while the data here is sample-based. The data drawn from the UI program does not contain estimates of employment not covered by unemployment insurance, and is lagged several months behind the current employment estimates presented here.

### * State-designated Non-CES areas

SPRINGFIELD, MA-CT		Not S	Seasonally /	Adjuste	d
NECTA**	Apr	Apr	CHA	NGE	Mar
NECTA** OTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT DTAL PRIVATE GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING MANUFACTURING Durable Goods Non-Durable Goods SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities INFORMATION. FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES. Finance and Insurance Insurance Carriers & Related Activities PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES Educational Services Health Care and Social Assistance LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY OTHER SERVICES GOVERNMENT.	2023	2022	NO.	%	2023
TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT	340,200	331,600	8,600	2.6	338,100
TOTAL PRIVATE	275,100	268,700	6,400	2.4	272,900
GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES	41,000	41,200	-200	-0.5	40,600
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING	12,300	12,200	100	0.8	11,900
	28,700	29,000	-300	-1.0	28,700
	19,800	19,500	300	1.5	19,800
	8,900	9,500	-600	-6.3	8,900
	299,200	290,400	8,800	3.0	297,500
	58,500	58,100	400	0.7	58,600
	12,000	11,300	700	6.2	12,000
	31,600	32,200	-600	-1.9	31,700
	14,900	14,600	300	2.1	14,900
	3,000	3,000	0	0.0	2,900
	14,400	13,800	600	4.3	14,400
	11,100	10,700	400	3.7	11,200
	7,500	7,200	300	4.2	7,500
	26,100	25,000	1,100	4.4	26,500
	86,200	84,700	1,500	1.8	87,000
	16,900	16,600	300	1.8	17,000
	69,300	68,100	1,200	1.8	70,000
	33,000	30,700	2,300	7.5	30,100
	12,900	12,200	700	5.7	12,800
	65,100	62,900	2,200	3.5	65,200
Federal	6,100	6,000	100	1.7	6,000
State & Local	59,000	56,900	2,100	3.7	59,200

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022. *Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

** New England City and Town Area



	EMPLOYMENT	Apr	Apr	CHANGE	Mar
(Not seasonally adjusted)	STATUS	2023	2022	NO. %	2023
CONNECTICUT	Civilian Labor Force	1,867,700	1,922,400	-54,700 -2.8	1,882,100
	Employed	1,812,500	1,844,700	-32,200 -1.7	1,801,000
	Unemployed	55,200	77,700	-22,500 -29.0	81,100
	Unemployment Rate	3.0	4.0	-1.0	4,3
	onemployment nate	0.0	4.0	1.0	4.0
BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	459,200	470,100	-10,900 -2.3	460,100
	Employed	445,300	451,000	-5,700 -1.3	439,900
	Unemployed	14,000	19,000	-5,000 -26.3	20,300
	Unemployment Rate	3.0	4.0	-1.0	4.4
DANBURY LMA	Civilian Labor Force	104,300	107,300	-3,000 -2.8	104,200
	Employed	101,500	103,400	-1,900 -1.8	100,100
	Unemployed	2,800	3,900	-1,100 -28.2	4,000
	Unemployment Rate	2.7	3.6	-0.9	3.9
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA	Civilian Labor Force	43,100	44,200	-1,100 -2.5	43,300
	Employed	41,800	42,400	-600 -1.4	41,300
	Unemployed	1,300	1,800	-500 -27.8	2,000
	Unemployment Rate	3.1	4.0	-0.9	4.7
ENFIELD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	49,500	50,500	-1,000 -2.0	50,000
	Employed	48,100	48,500	-400 -0.8	47,900
	Unemployed	1,400	2,000	-600 -30.0	2,000
	Unemployment Rate	2.8	3.9	-1.1	4.1
HARTFORD LMA	Civilian Labor Force	607,400	627,700	-20,300 -3.2	614,500
	Employed	589,700	601,800	-12,100 -2.0	588,600
	Unemployed	17,700	26,000	-8,300 -31.9	26,000
	Unemployment Rate	2.9	4.1	-1.2	4.2
NEW HAVEN LMA	Civilian Labor Force	330,000	340,100	-10,100 -3.0	332,800
	Employed	321,000	327,300	-6,300 -1.9	319,700
	Unemployed	9,000	12,800	-3,800 -29.7	13,100
	Unemployment Rate	2.7	3.8	-1.1	3.9
NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA	Civilian Labor Force	135,100	138,800	-3,700 -2.7	136,600
	Employed	131,200	133,300	-2,100 -1.6	131,000
	Unemployed	3,900	5,600	-1,700 -30.4	5,600
	Unemployment Rate	2.9	4.0	-1.1	4.1
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA	Civilian Labor Force	46,400	47,800	-1,400 -2.9	46,100
	Employed	45,100	46,000	-900 -2.0	43,900
	Unemployed	1,300	1,800	-500 -27.8	2,100
	Unemployment Rate	2.8	3.7	-0.9	4.6
WATERBURYLMA	Civilian Labor Force Employed Unemployed Unemployment Rate	108,400 104,200 4,200 3.9	111,400 106,000 5,400 4.8	-3,000 -2.7 -1,800 -1.7 -1,200 -22.2 -0.9	4.0 110,300 103,800 6,400 5.8
UNITED STATES	Civilian Labor Force		163,449,000	2,772,000 1.7 3,084,000 2.0 -312,000 -5.7 -0.2	166,783,000 160,741,000 6,043,000 3.6

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022.

## B THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST



	Α	VGWEEKL	Y EARNIN	GS	AVG	WEEKI	∟үно	URS	AVG	HOURLY	EARNI	NGS
	A	pr	CHG	Mar	A	pr	CHG	Mar	A	pr	CHG	Mar
(Not seasonally adjusted)	2023	2022	Y/Y	2023	2023	2022	Y/Y	2023	2023	2022	Y/Y	2023
<b>PRODUCTION WO</b>	RKER											
MANUFACTURING	\$1,148.17	\$1,094.86	\$53.31	\$1,136.40	40.4	39.9	0.5	40.0	\$28.42	\$27.44	\$0.98	\$28.41
DURABLE GOODS	1,226.14	1,162.16	63.98	1,221.25	40.4	39.8	0.6	40.6	30.35	29.20	1.15	30.08
NON-DUR. GOODS	919.37	894.66	24.71	898.14	40.2	40.3	-0.1	38.3	22.87	22.20	0.67	23.45
CONSTRUCTION	1,560.66	1,263.83	296.83	1,480.29	41.2	36.9	4.3	39.9	37.88	34.25	3.63	37.10
ALL EMPLOYEES												
TOTAL PRIVATE	1,206.46	1,160.35	46.11	1,176.18	33.7	33.8	-0.1	32.9	35.80	34.33	1.47	35.75
GOODS PRODUCING	1,506.26	1,435.60	70.66	1,487.74	40.6	38.8	1.8	39.4	37.10	37.00	0.10	37.76
Construction	1,562.09	1,407.11	154.98	1,501.90	39.9	37.0	2.9	38.1	39.15	38.03	1.12	39.42
Manufacturing	1,487.20	1,402.18	85.02	1,422.18	40.0	39.2	0.8	39.2	37.18	35.77	1.41	36.28
SERVICE PROVIDING	1,154.08	1,111.03	43.05	1,122.86	32.5	32.9	-0.4	31.8	35.51	33.77	1.74	35.31
Trade, Transp., Utilities	904.88	934.14	-29.26	864.76	31.3	32.8	-1.5	30.6	28.91	28.48	0.43	28.26
Financial Activities	2,111.48	1,950.00	161.48	2,006.37	38.3	37.5	0.8	37.1	55.13	52.00	3.13	54.08
Prof. & Business Serv.	1,558.55	1,407.00	151.55	1,487.86	36.5	35.0	1.5	35.4	42.70	40.20	2.50	42.03
Education & Health Ser.	1,098.92	1,052.37	46.55	1,087.28	33.1	33.0	0.1	32.7	33.20	31.89	1.31	33.25
Leisure & Hospitality	548.08	549.38	-1.30	531.20	24.8	26.0	-1.2	24.3	22.10	21.13	0.97	21.86
Other Services	896.64	861.59	35.05	915.22	29.7	29.0	0.7	29.4	30.19	29.71	0.48	31.13
LABOR MARKET AREA	S: TOTAL	PRIVATE										
Bridgeport-Stamford	1,300.20	1,279.37	20.83	1,284.73	33.0	33.5	-0.5	32.5	39.40	38.19	1.21	39.53
Danbury	1,252.68	1,266.66	-13.98	1,219.68	36.5	36.8	-0.3	36.0	34.32	34.42	-0.10	33.88
Hartford	1,283.85	1,191.46	92.39	1,225.43	34.3	33.6	0.7	33.5	37.43	35.46	1.97	36.58
New Haven	1,136.67	1,126.76	9.91	1,078.13	33.9	34.0	-0.1	32.9	33.53	33.14	0.39	32.77
Norwich-New London	1,022.34	924.37	97.97	1,002.39	33.0	32.4	0.6	32.2	30.98	28.53	2.45	31.13
Waterbury	958.27	862.36	95.91	931.13	33.6	30.7	2.9	32.5	28.52	28.09	0.43	28.65

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2022.

## **BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA**

### New Companies and Expansions

- Torrington to get second retail cannabis store
- Amazon plans to hire 1,500 more workers in new Windsor warehouse
- Rogers Orchards opens Long View Ciderhouse in Southington
- Subway closed 571 stores in 2022 but plans openings for this year

### Layoffs and Closures

- Alan's Cup n' Saucer closes after nearly 40 years in Meriden
- 10 Christmas Tree Shops locations slated to close
- Jenny Craig shuts down, closing 7 CT locations
- Sanitary Cleaners closing to make way for Norwalk apartments
- Wells Fargo set to close two bank branches in Connecticut
- Greenwich-based freight transporter XPO confirms job cuts
- Stamford-based Pitney Bowes announces workforce reductions
- Bed Bath & Beyond to close final two stores in CT amid bankruptcy
- Hughes Health & Rehabilitation in West Hartford closes

## Town LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY TOWN

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

APRIL 2023											
LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	<u>%</u>		
BRIDGEPORT-S				70	HARTFORD cont				<u>70</u>		
	459,245	445,286	13,959	3.0	Canton	5,594	5,471	123	2.2		
Ansonia	9,031	8,652	379	4.2	Chaplin	1,223	1,184	39	3.2		
Bridgeport	66,942	64,255	2,687	4.0	Colchester	9,136	8,923		2.3		
Darien	8,559	8,328	231	2.7	Columbia	3,152	3,080		2.3		
Derby	6,486	6,251	235	3.6	Coventry	7,681	7,502	179	2.3		
Easton	3,784	3,683	101	2.7	Cromwell	7,750	7,542	208	2.7		
Fairfield	29,334	28,515	819	2.8	East Granby	3,010	2,942	68	2.3		
Greenwich	28,722	28,015	707	2.5	East Haddam	4,905	4,768	137	2.8		
Milford	30,363	29,528	835	2.8	East Hampton	7,523	7,356	167	2.2		
Monroe	9,927	9,606	321	3.2	East Hartford	26,364	25,330	1,034	3.9		
New Canaan	8,276	8,046	230	2.8	Ellington	9,576	9,333	243	2.5		
Norwalk	50,214	48,845	1,369	2.7	Farmington	13,977	13,669		2.2		
Oxford	7,246	7,066	180	2.5	Glastonbury	18,697	18,305		2.1		
Redding	4,359	4,233	126	2.9	Granby	6,878	6,725		2.2		
Ridgefield	11,673	11,381	292	2.5	Haddam	4,940	4,828		2.3		
Seymour	8,802	8,502	300	3.4	Hartford	50,724	48,342		4.7		
Shelton	21,795	21,097	698	3.2	Hartland	1,126	1,103		2.0		
Southbury	8,597	8,352	245	2.8	Harwinton	3,160	3,082		2.5		
Stamford	70,647	68,729	1,918	2.7	Hebron	5,440	5,320		2.2		
Stratford	26,777	25,787	990	3.7	Lebanon	3,955	3,844		2.8		
Trumbull	17,546	17,011	535	3.0	Manchester	32,067	31,176		2.8		
Weston	4,305	4,178	127	3.0	Mansfield	12,147	11,874		2.2		
Westport	12,858	12,522	336	2.6	Marlborough	3,507	3,423		2.4		
Wilton	8,265	8,065	200	2.4	Middletown New Britain	25,428	24,697		2.9		
Woodbridge	4,741	4,642	99	2.1		35,593	34,139		4.1		
DANBURY	404 207	404 400	0.004	0.7	New Hartford Newington	3,905	3,811		2.4 2.4		
Bethel	<b>104,297</b> 10,818	<b>101,496</b> 10,526	<b>2,801</b> 292	<b>2.7</b> 2.7	Plainville	16,751 10,196	16,345 9,906		2.4		
Bridgewater	819	799	292	2.7	Plymouth	6,474	6,253		3.4		
Brookfield	9,094	8,841	253	2.4	Portland	5,339	5,187		2.8		
Danbury	46,139	44,907	1,232	2.7	Rocky Hill	11,404	11,150		2.2		
New Fairfield	6,943	6,748	195	2.8	Scotland	931	912		2.0		
New Milford	14,749	14,343	406	2.8	Simsbury	13,770	13,468		2.2		
Newtown	13,902	13,547	355	2.6	Southington	24,271	23.634		2.6		
Sherman	1,833	1,785	48	2.6	South Windsor	14,125	13,798		2.3		
	.,	.,			Stafford	6,724	6,527		2.9		
ENFIELD	49,478	48,116	1,362	2.8	Thomaston	4,643	4,509		2.9		
East Windsor	6,656	6,471	185	2.8	Tolland	8,417	8,204		2.5		
Enfield	22,668	22,016	652	2.9	Union	461	450		2.4		
Somers	4,976	4,838	138	2.8	Vernon	17,126	16,658		2.7		
Suffield	7,637	7,455	182	2.4	West Hartford	33,968	33,216	752	2.2		
Windsor Locks	7,540	7,335	205	2.7	Wethersfield	13,680	13,319	361	2.6		
					Willington	3,574	3,488		2.4		
HARTFORD	607,396	589,727	17,669	2.9	Windham	11,931	11,552	379	3.2		
Andover	1,899	1,856	43	2.3	Windsor	16,167	15,731	436	2.7		
Ashford	2,513	2,461	52	2.1	All Labor Market Are	ac (IMAc) in Com	actiont execut	throp are fodorell	V		
Avon	9,271	9,056	215	2.3	All Labor Market Are designated areas for						
Barkhamsted	2,230	2,187	43	1.9							
Berlin	11,563	11,270	293	2.5	federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DC publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartfor						
Bloomfield	11,488	11,170	318	2.8	East Hartford NECT				ate is		
Bolton	3,093	3,029	64	2.1	Springfield, MA area			•	astford		
Bristol	32,266	31,105	1,161	3.6	and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-						
Burlington	5,662	5,515	147	2.6	Northeast LMA.						

#### LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS

The **civilian labor force** comprises all state residents age 16 years and older classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with criteria described below. Excluded are members of the military and persons in institutions (correctional and mental health, for example).

The **employed** are all persons who did any work as paid employees or in their own business during the survey week, or who have worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a family member. Persons temporarily absent from a job because of illness, bad weather, strike or for personal reasons are also counted as employed whether they were paid by their employer or were seeking other jobs. The **unemployed** are all persons who did not work, but were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness) and made specific efforts to find a job in the prior four weeks. Persons waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST

June 2023

## LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY TOWN

Town

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

### **APRIL 2023**

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	<u>%</u> 2.7	LMA/TOWNS TORRINGTON-NOI	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
	330,013	320,971	9,042		I URRINGI UN-NUI		45.000	4 00 4	
Bethany	3,208	3,139	69	2.2	Canaan	46,376	45,092	1,284	2.8
Branford	16,311	15,885	426 354	2.6 2.2	Canaan Colebrook	647 813	632 785	15 28	2.3 3.4
Cheshire	15,915	15,561			Cornwall				
Chester	2,381	2,334	47	2.0		777	758	19	2.4
Clinton	7,451	7,282	169	2.3	Goshen	1,648	1,612	36	2.2
Deep River	2,913	2,851	62	2.1	Kent	1,505	1,472	33	2.2
Durham	4,366	4,291	75	1.7	Litchfield	4,813	4,695	118	2.5
East Haven	15,942	15,433	509	3.2	Morris	1,426	1,394	32	2.2
Essex	3,508	3,420	88	2.5	Norfolk	905	884	21	2.3
Guilford	13,160	12,901	259	2.0	North Canaan	1,758	1,720	38	2.2
Hamden	35,704	34,803	901	2.5	Roxbury	1,344	1,315	29	2.2
Killingworth	3,909	3,832	77	2.0	Salisbury	1,832	1,795	37	2.0
Madison	9,264	9,028	236	2.5	Sharon	1,508	1,476	32	2.1
Meriden	32,347	31,189	1,158	3.6	Torrington	18,567	17,973	594	3.2
Middlefield	2,571	2,513	58	2.3	Warren	796	777	19	2.4
New Haven	65,647	63,580	2,067	3.1	Washington	2,077	2,035	42	2.0
North Branford	8,343	8,141	202	2.4	Winchester	5,962	5,770	192	3.2
North Haven	13,661	13,308	353	2.6					
Old Saybrook	5,205	5,084	121	2.3	WATERBURY	108,361	104,185	4,176	3.9
Orange	7,494	7,304	190	2.5	Beacon Falls	3,510	3,405	105	3.0
Wallingford	26,557	25,929	628	2.4	Bethlehem	1,900	1,844	56	2.9
West Haven	30,424	29,528	896	2.9	Middlebury	3,977	3,848	129	3.2
Westbrook	3,730	3,635	95	2.5	Naugatuck	16,800	16,185	615	3.7
					Prospect	5,562	5,415	147	2.6
*NORWICH-NEW	LONDON-WESTER	RLY, CT PART			Waterbury	48,727	46,394	2,333	4.8
	119,465	115,910	3,555	3.0	Watertown	12,698	12,334	364	2.9
Bozrah	1,462	1,426	36	2.5	Wolcott	9,782	9,482	300	3.1
Canterbury	2,780	2,709	71	2.6	Woodbury	5,405	5,278	127	2.3
East Lyme	8,171	7,968	203	2.5					
Franklin	1,009	988	21	2.1	DANIELSON-NORT	HEAST			
Griswold	6,031	5,825	206	3.4		43,102	41,763	1,339	3.1
Groton	17,346	16,868	478	2.8	Brooklyn	4,126	4,007	119	2.9
Ledyard	7,539	7,359	180	2.4	Eastford	975	948	27	2.8
Lisbon	2,241	2,171	70	3.1	Hampton	1,017	987	30	2.9
Lyme	1,154	1,122	32	2.8	Killingly	9,611	9,296	315	3.3
Montville	8,625	8,387	238	2.8	Plainfield	8,571	8,302	269	3.1
New London	11,379	10,966	413	3.6	Pomfret	2,511	2,458	53	2.1
No. Stonington	2,780	2,719	61	2.2	Putnam	4,793	4,646	147	3.1
Norwich	19,043	18,352	691	3.6	Sterling	2,023	1,943	80	4.0
Old Lyme	3,535	3,449	86	2.4	Thompson	5,292	5,124	168	3.2
Preston	2,323	2,239	84	3.6	Woodstock	4,182	4,052	130	3.1
Salem	2,021	1,968	53	2.6					
Sprague	1,512	1,464	48	3.2					
Stonington	9,448	9,181	267	2.8					
Voluntown	1,377	1,351	26	1.9					
Waterford	9,690	9,399	291	3.0					
	-				Not Seasonally Adj	usted:			
					CONNECTICUT	1,867,700	1,812,500	55,200	3.0
*Connecticut portio	n only. For whole N	ECTA, including I	RI part, see below.		UNITED STATES	166,221,000			3.1
	LONDON-WESTER							-,,,	
					Secondly Adjuste	-			

NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI							
	135,051	131,162	3,889	2.9			
RI part	15,586	15,252	334	2.1			
(Hopkinton and We	esterly)						

#### LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS (Continued)

Seasonally Adjusted: CONNECTICUT

UNITED STATES

The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

With the exception of those persons temporarily absent from a job or waiting to be recalled to one, persons with no job and who are not actively looking for one are counted as "not in the labor force".

Over the course of a year, the size of the labor force and the levels of employment undergo fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the monthly statistics. Seasonal Adjustment makes it easier to observe cyclical and other nonseasonal developments.

THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST 2

1,828,900

72,300

5,657,000

3.8

3.4

1,901,200

166,688,000 161,031,000



## Town HOUSING PERMIT ACTIVITY BY TOWN

TOWN	APR 2023	YR TO 2023	DATE 2022	TOWN	APR 2023	YR TO 2023	DATE 2022	TOWN	APR 2023	YR TO 2023	DATE 2022
Andover	0	0	0	Griswold	1	6	31	Preston	1	3	3
Ansonia	0	0	0	Groton	1	5	7	Prospect	1	2	2
Ashford	0	0	0	Guilford	4	20	10	Putnam	1	5	7
Avon	1	4	5	Haddam	0	0	4	Redding	0	2	1
Barkhamsted	1	3	1	Hamden	0	0	0	Ridgefield	11	13	5
Beacon Falls	1	6	7	Hampton	0	0	0	Rocky Hill	0	0	1
Berlin	1	5	7	Hartford	0	3	3	Roxbury	1	2	2
Bethany	0	2	1	Hartland	0	0	1	Salem	0	0	2
Bethel	2	133	26	Harwinton	2	5	4	Salisbury Scotland	0	0	3
Bethlehem Bloomfield	0	0	0	Hebron	1	4	5		0	0	0
Bolton	0	0	8	Kent	0	2	2	Seymour Sharon	3	5	8
Bozrah	0	1	0	Killingly	3	5	7	Shelton	1	1	2
Branford	0	0	0	Killingworth Lebanon	0	2	3	Sherman	6	10	25
Bridgeport	0	197	14	Ledyard	0	1	2	Simsbury	1	3	1
Bridgewater	2	9	22	Lisbon	5	14	12	Somers	4	7	26
Bristol	0	0	0	Litchfield	0	2	3	South Windsor	0	2	9
Brookfield	7	18	11	Lyme	0	0	8	Southbury	-	5	3
Brooklyn	1	105	3	Madison	0	1	3	Southington	4 2	10	8 13
Burlington	0	3 4	2 6	Manchester	1 6	3 12	4 5	Sprague	2	12	13
Canaan	1 0	4 0	ю 1	Mansfield	ю 0		э З	Stafford	•	1 2	3
Canterburv	-	8		Marlborough	1	2 2	0	Stamford	1 0	ے 409	21
Canton	3 1	0 1	5 1	Meriden	0	2	2	Sterling	2	409	21
Chaplin	0	0	0	Middlebury	3	2 4	2 43	Stonington	2 4	0 11	2 10
Cheshire	16	20	12	Middlefield	0	4	43	Stratford	4	0	3
Chester	0	20	0	Middletown	1	6	2 8	Suffield	2	10	9
Clinton	1	3	4	Milford	8	39	62	Thomaston	2	0	9
Colchester	1	4	4 5	Monroe	2	39 4	2	Thompson	1	9	7
Colebrook	0	4	2	Montville	1	2	2 5	Tolland	1	9 6	8
Columbia	1	2	1	Morris	1	3	0	Torrington	1	2	2
Cornwall	Ö	1	0	Naugatuck	0	5	10	Trumbull	7	15	29
Coventry	3	4	3	New Britain	ŏ	0	8	Union	0	0	0
Cromwell	1	2	3	New Canaan	1	9	46	Vernon	5	28	53
Danbury	O	ō	30	New Fairfield	0 0	2	2	Voluntown	1	2	1
Darien	2	9	9	New Hartford	1	1	4	Wallingford	1	7	8
Deep River	ō	1	4	New Haven	24	187	220	Warren	1	1	1
Derby	Ō	Ó	2	New London	0	9	13	Washington	3	3	6
Durham	1	2	1	New Milford	8	23	17	Waterbury	Ō	5	8
East Granby	Ó	3	1	Newington	20	20	1	Waterford	2	6	6
East Haddam	0	9	9	Newtown	4	8	73	Watertown	0	7	4
East Hampton	1	10	5	Norfolk	0	0	0	West Hartford	1	22	33
East Hartford	0	0	2	North Branford	0	3	3	West Haven	0	1	5
East Haven	0	0	3	North Canaan	0	0	0	Westbrook	1	3	3
East Lyme	0	З	38	North Haven	3	6	6	Weston	1	4	2
East Windsor	0	0	2	North Stonington	0	3	4	Westport	24	34	23
Eastford	0	0	2	Norwalk	3	12	28	Wethersfield	0	0	3
Easton	0	2	2	Norwich	0	2	1	Willington	1	1	1
Ellington	1	3	46	Old Lyme	1	3	4	Wilton	1	4	3
Enfield	1	3	3	Old Saybrook	0	1	3	Winchester	0	0	1
Essex	0	0	4	Orange	6	10	2	Windham	1	1	1
Fairfield	7	118	44	Oxford	0	4	30	Windsor	0	2	4
Farmington	3	17	10	Plainfield	1	4	7	Windsor Locks	0	0	3
Franklin	0	0	2	Plainville	0	3	4	Wolcott	1	5	14
Glastonbury	0	5	4	Plymouth	1	2	2	Woodbridge	1	2	1
Goshen	1	6	3	Pomfret	0	2	0	Woodbury	1	4	3
Granby	3	90	11	Portland	0	1	1	Woodstock	0	2	5
Greenwich	8	24	33								

#### BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS

**BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS** Registrations and terminations of business entities as recorded with the Secretary of the State and the Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL) are an indication of new business formation and activity. DOL business starts include new employers which have become liable for unemployment insurance taxes during the quarter, as well as new establish-ments opened by existing employers. DOL business terminations are those accounts discontinued due to inactivity (no employees) or business closure, and accounts for individual business establishments that are closed by still active employers. The Secretary of the State registrations include limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and foreign-owned (out-of-state) and domestic-owned (in-state) corporations.

#### **CONSUMER PRICE INDEX**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI), computed and published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. It is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs and other goods and services that people buy for their day-to-day living. The Northeast region is comprised of the New England states, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

#### **EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX**

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) covers both wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits for all employers' labor costs free from the influences of employment shifts among industries and occupations. The base period for all data is December 2005 when the ECI is 100.

#### GAMING DATA

Indian Gaming Payments are amounts received by the State as a result of the slot compact with the two Federally recognized tribes in Connecticut, which calls for 25 percent of net slot receipts to be remitted to the State. Indian Gaming Slots are the total net revenues from slot machines only received by the two Federally recognized Indian tribes.

#### HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES

Production worker earnings and hours estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month. Average hourly earnings are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### **INITIAL CLAIMS**

Average weekly initial claims are calculated by dividing the total number of new claims for unemployment insurance received in the month by the number of weeks in the month. A minor change in methodology took effect with data published in the March 1997 issue of the DIGEST. Data have been revised back to January 1980.

#### **INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT RATE**

Primarily a measure of unemployment insurance program activity, the insured unemployment rate is the 13-week average of the number of people claiming unemployment benefits divided by the number of workers covered by the unemployment insurance system.

#### LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES Labor force estimates are a measure of the work status of people who live in Connecticut. Prepared under the direction of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the statewide estimates are the product of a signal-plus noise model, which uses results from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly survey of Connecticut households, counts of claimants for unemployment benefits, and establishment employment estimates. The 2015 LAUS Redesign includes improved time-series models for the census divisions, states, select substate areas, and the balances of those states; an improved real-time benchmarking procedure to the national Current Population Survey (CPS) estimates; an improved smoothed seasonal adjustment procedure; and improved treatment of outliers. Non-modeled area estimation improvements in-clude: updated Dynamic Residency Ratios (DRR); more accurate estimates for all-other employment; more accurate estimation is now done at the city/town level instead of at the Labor Market Area (LMA) level in Connecticut, which better reflects local conditions. The Redesign also introduces estimation inputs from the American Community Survey (ACS) to replace inputs that were previously obtained from the decennial census long-form survey. Labor force data, reflecting persons employed by place of residence, are not directly comparable to the place-of-work industry employment reflecting persons employed by place of residence, are not directly comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. In the labor force estimates, workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. The labor force data also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics and the self-employed. Because of these conceptual differences, total labor force employment is almost always different from nonfarm wage and salary employment.

**LABOR MARKET AREAS** All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DOL publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA. Industry employment and labor force data estimates contained in Connecticut Department of Labor publications are prepared following the same statistical procedures developed by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, whether for federally designated or state-determined areas.

#### NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES

Nonfarm employment estimates are derived from a survey of businesses to measure *jobs* by industry. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Excluded from these estimates are proprietors, self-employeed workers, private household employees and unpaid family workers. In some cases, due to space constraints, all industry estimates are not shown. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### **UI COVERED WAGES**

UI covered wages is the total amount paid to those employees who are covered under the Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance (UI) law for services performed during the quarter. The fluctuations in the 1992-93 period reflect the effect of the changes in the tax law and the massive restructuring in the state's economy.



## ECONOMIC INDICATORS AT A GLANCE

#### (Percent change from prior year; see pages 5-8 for reference months or quarters)

Leading General Drift Indicator Coincident General Drift Indicator. Connecticut Real GDP United States Real GDP New England Real GDP Connecticut PCPI United States PCPI New England PCPI Phil. Fed's CT Coincident Index	0 0 0 4 5 4 2	.4 .6 .8 .9 .3 .2 .2 .9 .9 .7
Total Nonfarm Employment	1.0	
Labor Force Employed Unemployed	-2.4 -2.0 11.7 -0.4 -1.9 -1.5	* * *
<b>3 3</b>	10.0 0.09 -1.4	
Prod. Worker Avg Wkly Hrs PW Avg Hourly Earnings PW Avg Weekly Earnings	1.3 3.6 4.9	

CT Mfg. Production Index Production Worker Hours	
Industrial Electricity Sales	15.4
Personal Income UI Covered Wages	
Business Activity New Housing Permits Electricity Sales Construction Contracts Index. New Auto Registrations Exports S&P 500: Monthly Close	-28.8 -3.2 216.0 -4.9 3.2 0.9
Business Starts Secretary of the State Dept. of Labor	NA -6.2
Business Terminations Secretary of the State Dept. of Labor	NA -40.8
State Revenues Corporate Tax Personal Income Tax Real Estate Conveyance Tax Sales & Use Tax Gaming Payments	-23.7 -2.4 -33.5 50.0 1.6 1.6

Tourism and Travel Occupancy Rate Tourism Website Visitors Air Passenger Count Gaming Slots	-0.3 -7.8 10.9 1.0
Employment Cost Index (U.S.)	
Total	4.8
Wages & Salaries	5.1
Benefit Costs	4.3
Consumer Prices	
U.S. City Average	4.9
Northeast Region	3.8
NY-Newark-Jersey City	3.7
Boston-Cambridge-Newton	4.7
Interest Rates	
Prime	4.50 *
Conventional Mortgage	1.36 *
*Percentage point change **Less than 0.05 percent	
NA = Not Available	

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