

Andover Ansonia Ashford  
 Avon **Barkhamsted**  
 Beacon Falls Berlin Bethany  
**Bethel Bethlehem** Bloomfield  
 Bolton Bozrah Branford  
 Bridgeport **Bridgewater** Bristol  
**Brookfield** Brooklyn Burlington  
**Canaan** Canterbury Canton  
 Chaplin **Cheshire** Chester  
 Clinton Colchester **Colebrook**  
 Columbia **Cornwall** Coventry  
 Cromwell **Danbury** Darien  
 Deep River Derby Durham  
 East Granby East Haddam  
 East Hampton East Hartford  
 East Haven East Lyme  
 East Windsor Eastford Easton  
 Ellington Enfield Essex Fairfield  
 Farmington Franklin Glastonbury  
**Goshen** Granby Greenwich  
 Griswold Groton Guilford  
 Haddam Hamden Hampton  
 Hartford **Hartland Harwinton**  
 Hebron **Kent** Killingly  
 Killingworth Lebanon Ledyard  
 Lisbon **Litchfield** Lyme Madison  
 Manchester Mansfield  
 Marlborough Meriden **Middlebury**  
 Middlefield Middletown Milford  
 Monroe Montville **Morris**  
**Naugatuck** New Britain  
 New Canaan **New Fairfield**  
**New Hartford** New Haven  
 New London **New Milford**  
 Newington **Newtown** Norfolk  
 North Branford **North Canaan**  
 North Haven North Stonington  
 Norwalk Norwich Old Lyme  
 Old Saybrook Orange Oxford  
 Plainfield Plainville Plymouth  
 Pomfret Portland Preston  
**Prospect** Putnam **Redding**  
**Ridgefield** Rocky Hill **Roxbury**  
 Salem **Salisbury** Scotland  
 Seymour **Sharon** Shelton  
**Sherman** Simsbury Somers  
 South Windsor **Southbury**  
 Southington Sprague Stafford  
 Stamford Sterling Stonington  
 Stratford Suffield **Thomaston**  
 Thompson Tolland **Torrington**  
 Trumbull Union Vernon  
 Voluntown Wallingford **Warren**  
**Washington** **Waterbury** Waterford  
**Watertown** West Hartford  
 West Haven Westbrook Weston  
 Westport Wethersfield Willington  
 Wilton **Winchester** Windham  
 Windsor Windsor Locks **Wolcott**  
 Woodbridge **Woodbury**  
 Woodstock

# Information for Workforce Investment Planning - 2003

**NORTHWEST WIA**

Opportunity • Guidance • Support



*from the Office of Research*

## PREFACE

State and local Workforce Investment Boards are important customers of the workforce information system. They need information for strategic planning, program development, and for evaluation of their service efforts. Feedback from the Boards emphasizes the importance of high quality, accessible, and relevant information about the labor market for making sound decisions.

To address this need, the Office of Research has produced the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003*. It provides workforce information for Connecticut's 169 towns, where available, aggregated by the State's workforce investment areas.

Included are labor force data, employment and wages by industry, occupational employment trends, population changes, data on public aid recipients, high school dropout rates, and persons with other barriers to employment. The data is based on information from several State agencies, as well as the Connecticut Department of Labor. We wish to thank all of the agencies that contributed to this report. We also wish to thank Office of Research staff who helped put this report together.

The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003* has been updated and re-designed to include bar charts and additional data tables. Lengthy narratives were replaced with more effective data "bullets." We believe this easy-to-use format will enable the Workforce Investment Board planners to more efficiently find pertinent information.

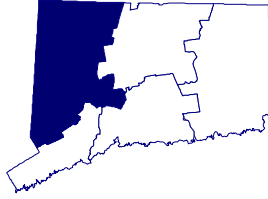
The charts and tables in the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003* are within the public domain, and may be copied and/or quoted. We do, however, request that you attribute such material to this publication.

The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2003* is available on the Office of Research Web site at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).

If you have any questions or comments regarding the data included in this publication, please contact us at (860) 263-6275.

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# Northwest Workforce Investment Area

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Covering 1,345 square miles of land, or nearly 28 percent of the State's total, the Northwest Workforce Investment Area (WIA) is the largest in Connecticut. It stretches from the Massachusetts border in the north, and westward to the New York border, and includes 41 cities and towns.

The Northwest WIA, which shares the rural setting of Litchfield Hills with the metropolitan characteristics of Danbury and Waterbury, also possesses the bedroom towns of upper Fairfield County. Towns and cities in the Northwest WIA can be reached via Interstate Route 84, which runs east and west from Danbury and Waterbury, along Routes 8 and 44, which traverse the Torrington area.

For long distance travel, Bradley International Airport serves the northern and eastward residents, while people from the city of Danbury and southward are within driving distance of JFK, LaGuardia, White Plains and Newark International Airports.



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# NORTHWEST WIA

## LABOR FORCE DATA - ANNUAL AVERAGE 2002 AND 2001

- From 2001 to 2002, Connecticut reported a gain of 17,500 people in the labor force. The State also had a loss of 1,800 jobs and an increase of 19,400 new unemployment claims, which resulted in an extremely tight labor market, and more difficulty for Connecticut residents to find employment.
- In 2002, the Northwest WIA reported an increase of 3,700 workers in the labor force – third among the State's five WIAs. Employment increased by 400, also third. Unemployment increased by 3,400, from 10,000 to 13,400—the second lowest increase among the WIAs.
- The Northwest WIA was one of three WIAs to have gains in both labor force and employment in 2002 (Eastern, South Central).
- Twenty-seven of the Northwest WIA's 41 towns showed increases in labor force levels in 2002, led by Danbury (+1,019), Waterbury (+603), New Milford (+363), Newtown and Ridgefield (both +319). Only Salisbury (-101) and Kent (-85) had significant decreases in labor force levels during this period.
- Twenty-eight towns reported declines in employment in 2002. Waterbury (-315) and Torrington (-302) posted the largest declines during this period. Of the thirteen towns indicating gains in employment, significant increases were made in Danbury (+652), New Milford (+253), Newtown (+225), and Ridgefield (+224).
- Waterbury (+918), Danbury (+367), Torrington (+347), and Naugatuck (+219) led the Northwest WIA in unemployment change. Together, these four towns accounted for 54.4 percent of the region's increase in unemployed workers in 2002.

	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			No.	%
Waterbury	52,993	48,917	4,076	7.7%
Winchester	6,017	5,657	360	6.0%
Torrington	18,593	17,503	1,090	5.9%
Thomaston	4,199	3,969	230	5.5%
Naugatuck	16,713	15,805	908	5.4%

	Total	Change	% Change
Danbury	36,346	652	1.8%
New Milford	14,088	253	1.8%
Newtown	12,569	225	1.8%
Ridgefield	12,456	224	1.8%
Bethel	9,761	175	1.8%

		2002	2001	Number	Percent
Connecticut	Labor Force	1,772,900	1,755,400	17,500	1.0
	Employed	1,696,200	1,698,000	-1,800	-0.1
	Unemployed	76,800	57,400	19,400	33.8
	Rate	4.3	3.3		

		2002	2001	Number	Percent
Northwest WIA	Labor Force	299,300	295,600	3,700	1.3
	Employed	286,000	285,600	400	0.1
	Unemployed	13,400	10,000	3,400	34.0
	Rate	4.5	3.4		





# NORTHWEST WIA

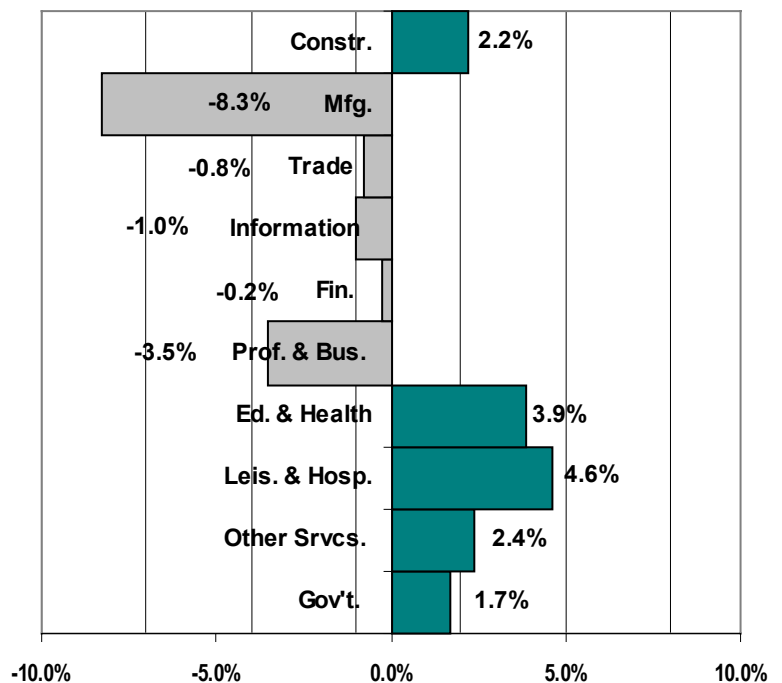
## EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY - 2002

- In 2002, annual average employment in the Northwest WIA declined by 1,485 jobs, the third largest decrease among Connecticut WIAs over the previous year.
- Employment in Manufacturing declined by 3,153 jobs (-8.25%) – the largest reduction among industries in the Northwest WIA, and as a result, this industry now makes up only 16% of the area’s total employment. Professional and Business Services with a loss of 888 jobs (-3.55%), and Trade, Transportation & Utilities with an elimination of 349 jobs (-.80%), also reported significant losses in 2002.
- Education and Health Services (1,336 jobs), Leisure and Hospitality (726 jobs), and Government (522 jobs) were the only industries that showed significant growth in 2002.

**Northwest WIA  
Annual Average Employment by  
Industry 2001 - 2002**

	2002	2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,648,986</b>	<b>1,665,699</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>220,021</b>	<b>221,506</b>
Construction & Mining	11,554	11,303
Manufacturing	35,048	38,201
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	43,453	43,802
Information	5,146	5,199
Financial Activities	9,648	9,672
Professional and Business Svcs.	24,141	25,029
Educational and Health Svcs.	35,700	34,364
Leisure and Hospitality	16,410	15,684
Other Services	7,906	7,722
Government	30,977	30,455

**Northwest WIA  
Percent Job Change 2001 - 2002**



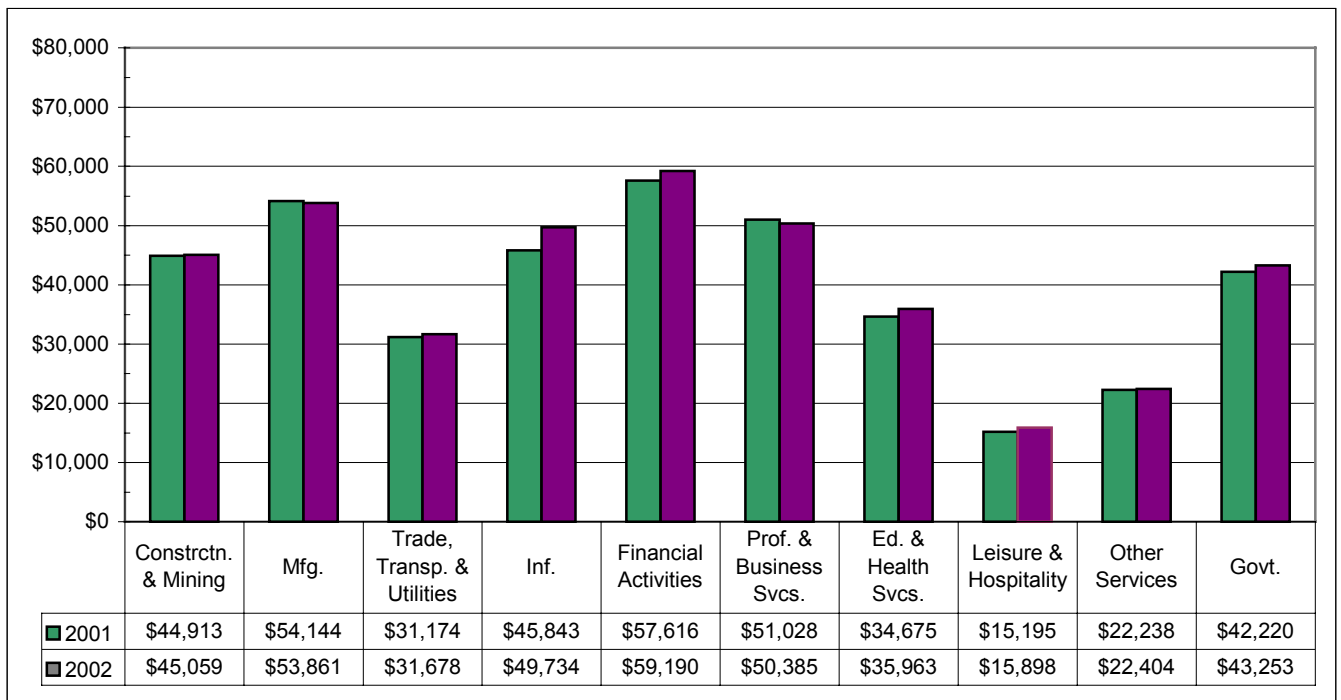


# NORTHWEST WIA

## ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES BY INDUSTRY - 2001 - 2002

- The annual average wage for all industries in the Northwest WIA increased slightly in 2002 to \$40,409, an increase of \$208, or 0.5 percent. In contrast, statewide wages declined by \$141, or 0.3 percent.
- Information industry workers had the largest increase of \$3,891, representing an increase of 8.5 percent, also the largest percentage increase in the Northwest WIA.
- Financial Activities (\$1,574), Educational and Health Services (\$1,288), and Leisure and Hospitality (\$703) industry workers all showed substantial wage increases in 2002.
- Professional and Business Services (-\$643) and Manufacturing (-\$283) industries were the only sectors in the Northwest WIA to have reductions in annual average wages in 2002.

	2001	2002	% Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$46,990</b>	<b>\$46,849</b>	<b>- 0.3</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>\$40,201</b>	<b>\$40,409</b>	<b>0.5</b>





## CONNECTICUT

### STATEWIDE OCCUPATIONS WITH THE MOST OPENINGS, THE LARGEST ANNUAL GROWTH, AND THE HIGHEST PERCENT CHANGE 2000 - 2010

- The numerous openings in Food, Lodging, and Facilities Services occupations offer employment with minimal training and, depending on the business and its location, some opportunities for advancement into supervisory work.
- Most of the work requiring minimal preparation takes place in urban locations and many positions offer flexible and part-time hours. Pay in the occupations requiring minimal preparation range from around \$17,000 to more than \$26,000, \$8 to \$12 per hour.
- Human, Education, and Health Services positions offer some potential for advancement into more challenging and better paying work, e.g., child care and teaching assistant to social and human service assistants or nurse aide to medical assistant.
- An aging population and a growing need for Medical Services personnel, particularly RN's, may produce more formal training opportunities.

*The table groups occupations in similar employment categories arranged according to education or training preparation required and then in order of annual compensation.<sup>1</sup>*

	Train Code	Wage	Annual Openings
<b>Food, Lodging, and Facilities Services</b>			
Waiters and Waitresses	11	\$17,307	1,741
Counter Attendants, Caf./Food/Concession/Coffee Shop	11	\$17,553	567
Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket Takers	11	\$17,779	103
Cashiers	11	\$17,889	2,240
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	11	\$18,476	1,097
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	11	\$19,943	624
Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	11	\$20,531	82
Food Preparation Workers	11	\$20,805	562
Security Guards	11	\$22,241	522
Janitors & Cleaners, Exc. Maids & Housekeeping	11	\$23,124	788
Receptionists and Information Clerks	11	\$25,365	494
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11	\$26,479	585
<b>Retail, Business, and Financial Services</b>			
Retail Salespersons	11	\$24,095	2,593
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	11	\$24,355	511
Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Mat. Movers, Hand	11	\$24,983	664
Office Clerks, General	11	\$26,736	752
Secretaries, Exc. Legal, Medical, and Executive	10	\$30,869	476
Customer Service Representatives	10	\$31,992	861
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	10	\$33,930	540
Truck Drivers, Heavy and Tractor-Trailer	10	\$37,887	359
Sales Reps., Wholesale & Manufacturing, Excl. Tech.	10	\$61,528	548
First-Line Supvrs/Mgrs of Retail Sales Workers	8	\$39,190	433
Accountants and Auditors	5	\$61,184	432
Personal Financial Advisors	5	\$85,476	110
Securities/Commodities/Fin. Svcs. Sales Agents	5	\$94,892	229
General and Operations Managers	4	\$99,965	559
<b>Gaming Occupations</b>			
Gaming Change Persons and Booth Cashiers	11	(INA)	57
Gaming Dealers	7	(INA)	175
Gaming Supervisors	7	(INA)	59

<sup>1</sup> Source: "Forecast 2000-2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future," October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor







# CONNECTICUT

## STATEWIDE OCCUPATIONS WITH THE MOST OPENINGS, THE LARGEST ANNUAL GROWTH, AND THE HIGHEST PERCENT CHANGE 2000 - 2010

The table groups occupations in similar employment categories arranged according to education or training preparation required and then in order of annual compensation.<sup>1</sup>

	Training Code	Wage	Annual Openings
<b>Human &amp; Education Services</b>			
Child Care Workers	11	\$20,559	528
Teacher Assistants	11	\$23,468	712
Social and Human Service Assistants	10	\$33,378	360
Secondary School Teachers, Exc. Special & Voc. Ed.	5	\$53,437	488
<b>Health Services</b>			
Personal and Home Care Aides	11	\$21,780	249
Home Health Aides	11	\$24,611	327
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	11	\$26,396	839
Pharmacy Technicians	10	\$23,404	153
Medical Assistants	10	\$29,638	286
Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	6	\$32,574	67
Registered Nurses	6	\$54,036	1,268
Physician Assistants	5	\$68,636	51
<b>Computer Related Occupations</b>			
Computer Specialists, All Other	7	\$63,370	105
Computer Support Specialists	6	\$45,883	575
Database Administrators	5	\$63,370	102
Network Systems & Data Communications Analysts	5	\$63,410	115
Network and Computer System Administrators	5	\$64,132	199
Computer Systems Analysts	5	\$67,050	411
Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	5	\$70,059	153
Computer Software Engineers, Applications	5	\$76,576	412
Computer and Information Systems Managers	4	\$98,731	224
<b>Scientific Occupations</b>			
Biochemists and Biophysicists	2	\$70,364	98
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	2	\$84,028	100
Microbiologists	2	(INA)	60

<sup>1</sup> Source: "Forecast 2000-2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future," October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor





## NORTHWEST WIA

### WESTERN REGION OCCUPATIONS WITH THE MOST OPENINGS, THE LARGEST ANNUAL GROWTH, AND THE HIGHEST PERCENT CHANGE 2000 - 2010

- Retail Sales forms a constant strong area of economic growth in the area. The Danbury Fair Mall contributes a great deal to this activity and Danbury itself had the most retail sales of any town in CT. Waterbury, Brookfield, and Torrington also have a great deal of retail activity.
- Most of the area's labor force lives in Waterbury, Danbury, and Torrington where a substantial portion of dining and lodging facilities may be found. In those areas, too, are the principal medical and educational establishments, as well as providers of social services.

*The table groups occupations in similar employment categories arranged according to education or training preparation required and then in order of annual compensation.<sup>1</sup>*

	Ed./Tr.	Wage	Annual Openings
<b>Food, Lodging, &amp; Facilities Service</b>			
Waiters and Waitresses	11	\$17,307	246
Counter Attendants, Caf./Food/Concession/Coffee Shop	11	\$17,553	77
Cashiers	11	\$17,889	312
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	11	\$18,476	155
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	11	\$19,943	74
Food Preparation Workers	11	\$20,805	79
Janitors and Cleaners, Exc. Maids and Housekeeping	11	\$23,124	86
Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Mat. Movers, Hand	11	\$24,983	76
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11	\$26,479	103
<b>Retail &amp; Business Services</b>			
Retail Salespersons	11	\$24,095	383
Office Clerks, General	11	\$26,736	87
Customer Service Representatives	10	\$31,992	74
<b>Social Support &amp; Education Services</b>			
Child Care Workers	11	\$20,559	79
Teacher Assistants	11	\$23,468	115
Bus Drivers, Transit and Intercity	10	\$31,057	15
Social and Human Service Assistants	10	\$33,378	47
Secondary School Teachers, Exc. Special & Voc. Ed.	5	\$53,437	75
<b>Medical Services</b>			
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	11	\$26,396	126
Pharmacy Technicians	10	\$23,404	20
Medical Assistants	10	\$29,638	43
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	7	\$29,900	20
Registered Nurses	6	\$54,036	171
<b>Computer Related Services</b>			
Computer Specialists, All Other	7	\$63,370	11
Computer Support Specialists	6	\$45,883	54
Database Administrators	5	\$63,370	8
Network Systems & Data Communications Analysts	5	\$63,410	11
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	5	\$64,132	21
Computer Systems Analysts	5	\$67,050	40
Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	5	\$70,059	21
Computer Software Engineers, Applications	5	\$76,576	42
<b>Scientific Occupations</b>			
Biochemists and Biophysicists	2	\$70,364	16
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	2	\$84,028	16

<sup>1</sup> Source : "Forecast 2000-2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future," October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor





# NORTHWEST WIA

## NEW HOUSING PERMITS

- In 2002, the Northwest WIA reported 1,965 new housing permits issued – second only to the North Central WIA.
- Between 2001 and 2002, the Northwest WIA had an increase of 139 housing permits issued, which represented an increase of 7.6 percent - third among the State's WIAs in both categories.
- Twenty-two of the Northwest WIA's 41 towns reported housing permit increases in 2002. Nine towns experienced housing permit increases in both 2001 and 2002.
- Towns having housing permit increases in 2001 and 2002: Canaan, Cornwall, Litchfield, Newtown, Salisbury, Sherman, Torrington, Wolcott, and Woodbury.
- Fifteen towns reported new housing permit decreases in 2002. Six towns experienced housing permit decreases in both 2001 and 2002: Morris, Norfolk, Prospect, Ridgefield, Roxbury, and Waterbury.
- Bethlehem, Colebrook, North Canaan, and Washington reported no change in housing permit activity between 2001 and 2002.

Towns with the Most Housing Permits 2001 - 2002	
Total Units	
Danbury	261
Newtown	195
New Milford	138
Wolcott	115
Southbury	113

Towns with the Largest Permit Increases 2001 - 2002			
	Total Units	Change	% Change
Winchester	27	13	92.9%
Bridgewater	9	4	80.0%
Brookfield	55	24	77.4%
Harwinton	30	13	76.5%
Southbury	113	42	59.2%

Towns with the Largest Permit Decrease 2001 - 2002			
	Total Units	Change	% Change
Cheshire	52	-39	-42.9%
New Fairfield	23	-12	-34.3%
Ridgefield	52	-27	-34.2%
Bethel	61	-29	-32.2%
Prospect	31	-14	-31.1%

	New Housing Permits			
	2002	2001	Change	% Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	9,731	9,254	477	5.2%
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	1,965	1,826	139	7.6%
<b>% of Connecticut</b>	20.2%	19.7%		





# NORTHWEST WIA

## RETAIL SALES 2002

- The Northwest WIA ranked third among the State's five WIAs in total retail sales (\$8,537,197,744) in 2002.
- Between 2001 and 2002, the Northwest WIA had an increase in retail sales of \$284,571,298 – third highest among the WIAs. The WIA's 3.4 percent retail sales growth ranked fourth.
- Twenty-three of the Northwest WIA's 41 towns (56.1 percent) experienced growth in retail sales, led by Danbury (+\$340,574,913), Brookfield (+\$74,712,821), and Torrington (+\$39,595,109).
- Danbury, Brookfield, and Waterbury accounted for 70 percent (\$5,963,982,306) of the total retail sales in the Northwest WIA in 2002.
- 18 towns reported declines in retail sales, led by Sharon (-\$178,849,268), Ridgefield (-\$21,238,858), Watertown (-\$15,774,378), and New Hartford (-\$7,175,506).

Top Retail Sales 2002			
	Total Sales	Change	% Change
Danbury	\$ 4,494,076,091	\$ 340,574,913	8.2%
Waterbury	\$ 854,388,750	\$ 4,792,348	0.6%
Brookfield	\$ 615,517,465	\$ 74,712,821	13.8%
Torrington	\$ 429,826,234	\$ 39,595,109	10.1%
Watertown	\$ 347,739,148	\$ -15,774,378	-4.3%

Largest Retail Sales Growth 2001 - 2002			
	Total Sales	Change	% Change
Danbury	\$ 4,494,076,091	\$ 340,574,913	8.2%
Brookfield	\$ 615,517,465	\$ 74,712,821	13.8%
Torrington	\$ 429,826,234	\$ 39,595,109	10.1%
Woodbury	\$ 78,368,061	\$ 11,145,702	16.6%
Middlebury	\$ 76,140,485	\$ 8,791,586	13.1%

Largest Retail Sales Decline 2001 - 2002			
	Total Sales	Change	% Change
Sharon	\$ 10,363,254	\$ -178,849,268	-94.5%
Ridgefield	\$ 195,453,517	\$ -21,238,858	-9.8%
Watertown	\$ 347,739,148	\$ -15,774,378	-4.3%
New Hartford	\$ 12,198,428	\$ -7,175,506	-37.0%
North Canaan	\$ 20,934,065	\$ -3,714,473	-15.1%

Retail Sales				
	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Connecticut	\$ 44,654,626,524	\$ 42,183,471,187	\$ 2,471,155,337	5.9%
Northwest WIA	\$ 8,537,197,744	\$ 8,252,626,446	\$ 284,571,298	3.4%
% of Connecticut	19.1%	19.6%		



# NORTHWEST WIA

## CUSTOMIZED JOB TRAINING

### Summary:

Connecticut's Customized Job Training (CJT) Program, established in 1977, provided support to manufacturers that needed to retrain their workforces in new technologies or production systems in order for those businesses to remain competitive. The CJT Program stimulated the creation and retention of jobs in the state by providing financial assistance for training that manufacturers could not have provided through their own resources. The plastics, electronics, and machining industries were particularly targeted through this program.

To leverage limited funding, the Department of Labor instituted a successful Multiple Employer Training Cooperative to better serve the State's small to mid-size manufacturers. This concept helped manufacturers provide more effective training to the workforce by reaching as many qualified businesses as possible and reducing the training cost per company.

**Note: As a result of the State's budget crisis, funds appropriated for the CJT program were eliminated for 2004.**

- In 2003, 106 contracts served 4,697 workers from 393 Connecticut companies through funds received from the Customized Job Training Program.
- The North Central WIA administered 38 training contracts serving 2,490 workers, the most of any WIA and 53 percent of the State's total in 2003.
- Twenty multi-employer contracts (19 percent of all contracts written) served 1,951 trainees and 42 percent of all workers in 2003.
- A total of 307 companies participated in multi-employer contracts, representing 78 percent of all companies served in 2003.
- ISO 9000 (quality standards), Lean Manufacturing, and Machine Assembly skills and processes were the most requested training subjects by Connecticut manufacturers.

WIA	# Contracts Written	% of Contracts Written	# of Trainees	% of Trainees Served
Statewide	106	100%	4,697	100%
North Central WIA	38	36%	2,490	53%
South Central WIA	24	23%	834	18%
Northwest WIA	23	22%	869	19%
Southwest WIA	12	11%	345	7%
Eastern WIA	9	8%	159	3%





# NORTHWEST WIA

## FOOD STAMPS, TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE (TFA), STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID

- In 2002, the Northwest WIA reported 20,629 Food stamps, 6,855 TFA, 3,185 State Supplement, and 53,377 Medicaid recipients.
- Danbury, Naugatuck, Torrington, and Waterbury accounted for nearly 90 percent of the Food Stamp and TFA, and over 70 percent of the State Supplement and Medicaid clients in the Northwest Region.
- Twenty-four towns reported increases in Food Stamp recipients, led by Waterbury (+1,382), Torrington (+65), and Winchester (+65). Norfolk reported no change in Food Stamp recipients between 2001 and 2002.
- Between 2001 and 2002, 23 of the 41 towns in the Northwest WIA reported declines in the number of State Supplement recipients. Waterbury (-89) and Danbury (-68) reported the largest declines during this period.
- Eight towns—Barkhamsted, Colebrook, Hartland, Kent, Middlebury, New Fairfield, Roxbury, and Warren—reported no change in State Supplement recipients between 2001 and 2002.
- All but one town reported increases in Medicaid recipients, led by Waterbury (+2,461), Danbury (+612), and Torrington (+601). Also reporting significant increases were Naugatuck (+333), New Milford (+294), and Winchester (+273). Only North Canaan (-66) had a decline in Medicaid recipients in 2002.
- Nineteen towns showed increases in TFA clients. Of these, only Waterbury (+103) and Winchester (+25) reported double-digit increases. Nineteen towns also showed decreases in TFA clients in 2002, led by Torrington (-108), Danbury (-33), and Naugatuck. Bridgewater, Litchfield, and Roxbury reported no change in TFA clients between 2001 and 2002.

WIA Profile				
Category	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Food Stamps	20,629	19,050	1,579	8.29%
TFA	6,855	6,907	-52	-0.27%
State Supp	3,185	3,417	-232	-6.79%
Medicaid	53,377	47,040	6,337	13.47%
<b>Total (all categories)</b>	<b>84,046</b>	<b>76,414</b>	<b>7,632</b>	<b>9.99%</b>

Town	Food Stamps	TFA	State Supp	Medicaid
Waterbury	14,053	4,854	1,514	25,780
Danbury	1,879	495	394	6,866
Torrington	1,366	417	272	4,226
Naugatuck	1,001	353	112	2,937
<b>Total 4 towns</b>	<b>18,299</b>	<b>6,119</b>	<b>2,292</b>	<b>39,809</b>
<b>% of WIA</b>	<b>88.7%</b>	<b>89.3%</b>	<b>72.0%</b>	<b>74.6%</b>

Food Stamps				
	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Connecticut	157,028	151,733	5,295	3.5%
Northwest WIA	20,629	19,050	1,579	8.3%
% of CT	13.1%	12.6%		

TFA				
	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Connecticut	56,006	60,841	-4,835	-7.9%
Northwest WIA	6,855	6,907	-52	-0.8%
% of CT	12.2%	11.4%		

State Supplement				
	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Connecticut	21,154	22,952	-1,798	-7.8%
Northwest WIA	3,185	3,417	-232	-6.8%
% of CT	15.1%	14.9%		

Medicaid				
	2002	2001	Change	% Change
Connecticut	355,498	325,789	29,709	9.1%
Northwest WIA	53,377	47,040	6,337	13.5%
% of CT	15.0%	14.4%		





# NORTHWEST WIA

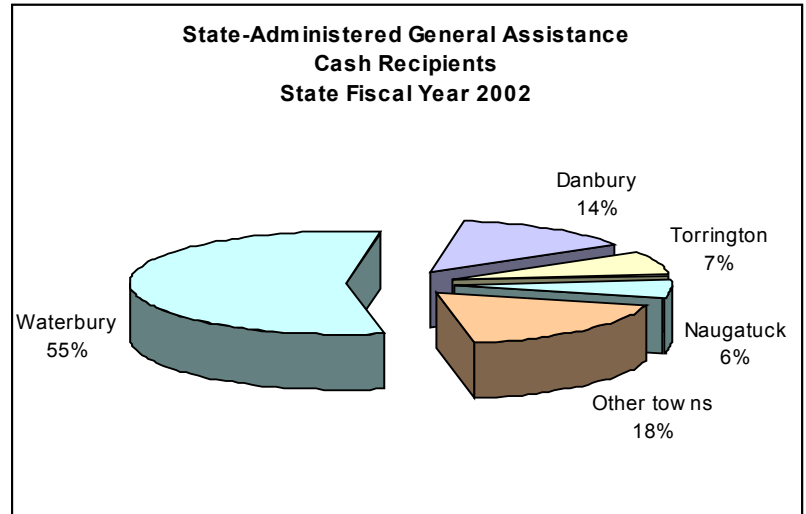
## STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

- Northwest WIA State-Administered General Assistance (SAGA) recipients accounted for 11 percent of the statewide total of those receiving cash assistance, and 12 percent of those receiving medical assistance under this program.
- In Connecticut as well as in each of the five WIAs, the number of persons receiving medical assistance was approximately five times the number receiving cash.

- In the Northwest WIA, a small decline was recorded in the total number of cash recipients, while the number receiving medical assistance was 18 percent higher than a year ago, up over 400 from 2,304 to 2,721.
- The largest number of SAGA recipients were residents of the more heavily populated cities and towns, namely Waterbury, Danbury, Torrington, and Naugatuck. While their combined population comprised a sizable 43 percent of this WIA's population, these towns accounted for four out of every 5 of the WIA's SAGA recipients. Residents of Waterbury alone comprised over half of the Northwest WIA's SAGA recipients.

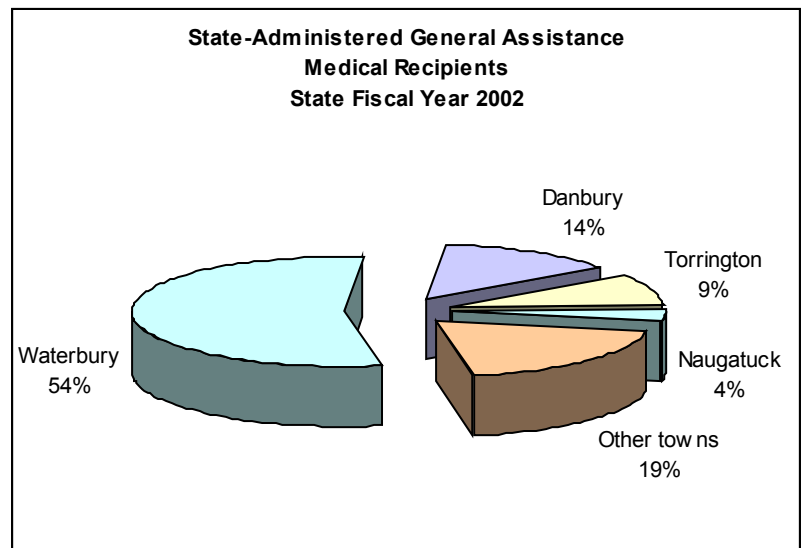
### SAGA Cash Assistance Recipients

	SFY 2002	SFY 2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>4,326</b>	<b>4,179</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>471</b>
<b>% of CT</b>	<b>10.6%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>
Waterbury	253	266
Danbury	63	64
Torrington	34	28
Naugatuck	26	19
Total 4 towns	376	377
% of WIA	82.1%	80.0%



### SAGA Medical Assistance Recipients

	SFY 2002	SFY 2001
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>22,364</b>	<b>20,403</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>2,721</b>	<b>2,304</b>
<b>% of CT</b>	<b>12.2%</b>	<b>11.3%</b>
Waterbury	1,476	1,170
Danbury	375	348
Torrington	243	200
Naugatuck	106	98
Total 4 towns	2,200	1,816
% of WIA	80.9%	78.8%





# NORTHWEST WIA

## ACTIVE MENTAL RETARDATION CLIENTS - 2003

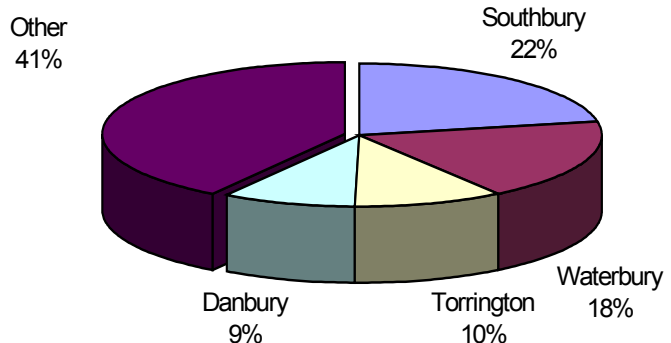
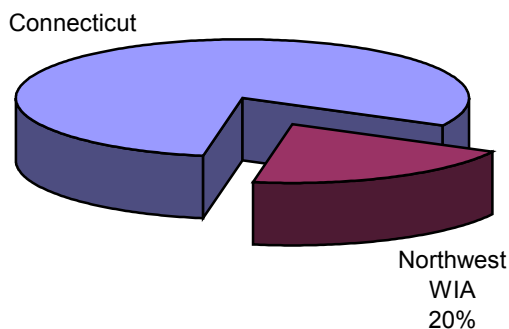
- According to the Department of Mental Retardation, studies indicate that approximately one percent of the general population has mental retardation. In Connecticut, where the latest population estimate was 3,460,503 for 2002, 14,667 residents were active clients of the Department as of June 2003. This represents 0.4 percent of the State's population.
- As of June 2003, the Northwest Workforce Investment Area reported 2,942 active mental retardation clients, 0.5 percent of the WIA population, and one-fifth of the State's 14,667 mental retardation clients. Compared with totals a year ago, the number of Northwest WIA clients declined by 51 while in Connecticut the number rose by 87.
- Just under 60 percent (1,739) of the mental retardation clients in the Northwest WIA were residents of four towns: Southbury (649), Waterbury (535), Torrington (296), and Danbury (259). In Southbury, the majority were residents of the Southbury Training School. The towns of Bridgewater (0), North Canaan and Warren (with one each) listed the fewest mental retardation clients.

**Active Mental Retardation Clients as of June 2003**

Active DMR Clients	
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>14,667</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>2,942</b>
Southbury	649
Waterbury	535
Torrington	296
Danbury	259

*As of June 2003, the Northwest WIA reported 20 percent (2,942) of the State's 14,667 active mental retardation clients.*

*Southbury, Waterbury, Torrington and Danbury accounted for nearly 60 percent (1,739) of the total mental retardation clients in the Northwest Region.*







# NORTHWEST WIA

## ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSERS - 2001-2002

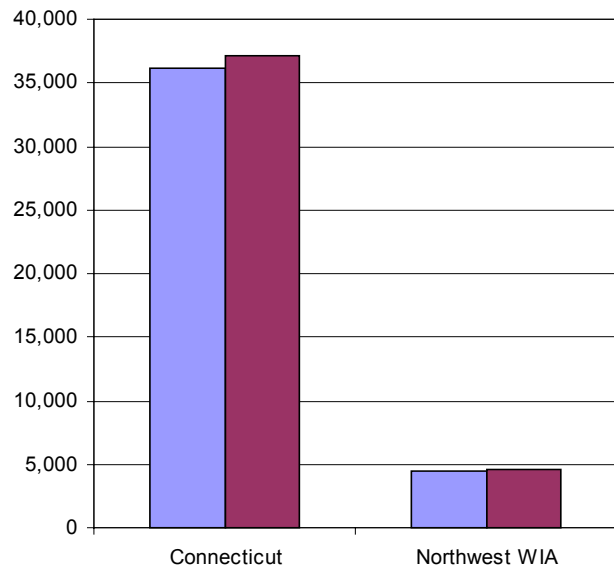
- During State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2003, the Northwest WIA served 4,423 alcohol and drug abusers, a decrease of 203 persons (-4.4 percent) from the previous year.
- The Northwest WIA made up 12.2 percent of the State's total alcohol and drug abusers served in SFY 2003.
- The city of Waterbury, with 1,848 alcohol and drug abusers served, accounted for 42 percent of the Northwest WIA's total.
- Nineteen of the Northwest WIA's forty-one towns experienced declines in alcohol and drug abusers served. Of these, Canaan (-140), Kent (-121), Danbury (-41), and Winchester (-39) recorded the largest declines.
- In contrast, Waterbury (+97), New Milford (+40), Cheshire (+27), and Sharon (+23) had the largest increases in alcohol and drug abusers served during SFY 2003.

**Northwest WIA  
Alcohol and Drug Abusers  
Served  
SFY 2003 – SFY 2001**

	SFY 2003 Served	% of State Total
Connecticut	36,154	100%
Northwest WIA	4,423	12.2%
	SFY 2001 Served	% of State Total
Connecticut	37,119	100%
Northwest WIA	4,626	12.5%
	Change	% Change
Connecticut	-965	- 2.6 %
Northwest WIA	-203	- 4.4 %

**Substance Abusers Served  
Northwest WIA and Statewide**

■ SFY 2003 ■ SFY 2001





# NORTHWEST WIA

## ADULT PROBATIONERS - 2003

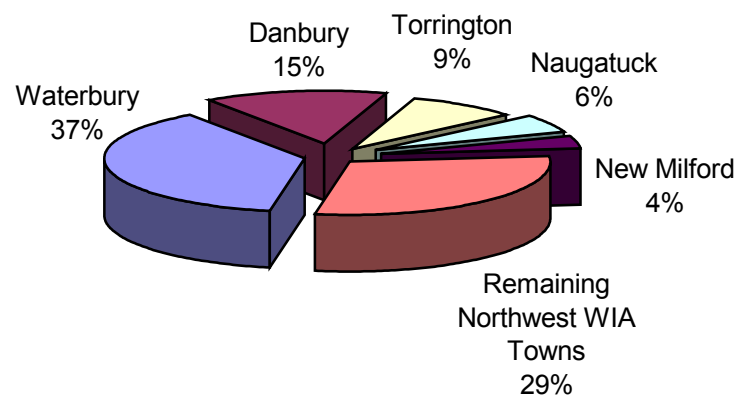
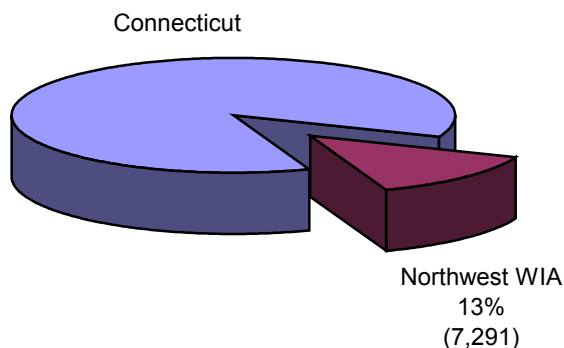
- As of May 2003, the Northwest Workforce Investment Area had 7,291 adult probationers, which accounted for 13 percent of the State's total.
- Waterbury (2,725), Danbury (1,082), Torrington (641), Naugatuck (412), and New Milford (286) had the highest number of adult probationers. Together, they totaled 5,146, or 71 percent of all adult probationers in the Northwest WIA.
- Bridgewater (10), Colebrook (9), Hartland (9), Warren (8), and Cornwall (6) had the fewest adult probationers. Together they totaled 42, which was less than one percent of all adult probationers in the Northwest WIA.

**Probationers by Residence**  
**May 2003**

	Number of Adult Probationers
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>55,230</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>7,291</b>
Waterbury	2,725
Danbury	1,082
Torrington	641
Naugatuck	412
New Milford	286

*As of May 2003, the Northwest WIA accounted for approximately 13% of the total adult probationers in Connecticut.*

*Waterbury, Danbury, Torrington, Naugatuck, and New Milford accounted for 71% (5,146) of the total adult probationers in the Northwest Region.*



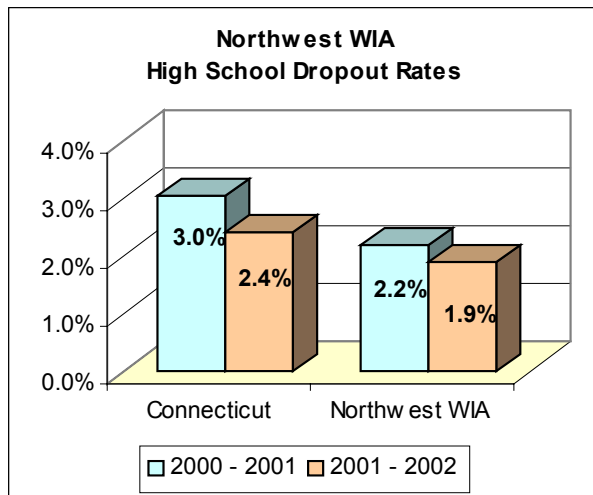


# NORTHWEST WIA

## ANNUAL HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATE

- The skills and knowledge necessary to compete successfully in today's workplace are often beyond those of a high school education. Therefore, the necessity of obtaining a high school diploma, at a minimum, cannot be overemphasized.
- In Connecticut, high school enrollment increased by nearly four percent from 2001 to 2002, while the number of dropouts was down 16 percent. The overall dropout rate for grades 9 through 12 declined from 3.0 to 2.4 percent.
- In the Northwest WIA, enrollment increased by 4.6 percent and the number of dropouts declined 9.2 percent. This was reflected in the dropout rate, which edged down from 2.2 percent in 2001 to 1.9 percent in 2002. In fact, the Northwest WIA dropout rate was lower than the statewide rate as well as the lowest among the five WIAs.
- Among towns with enrollment of over 1,000, the highest dropout rate was 5.2 percent reported in Torrington, where the rate actually declined from 6.5 percent during the prior year. New Milford reported the second lowest dropout rate in the WIA, at 0.2 percent and improved from 1.4 percent a year ago.
- Fifteen of the 27 schools/districts in the Eastern WIA recorded lower dropout rates for the school year ending 2002, and 11 recorded increased rates. No dropouts were reported in District 16, which serves the towns of Beacon Falls and Prospect.

	Total Enrollment	Number of Dropouts	Dropout Rate
Connecticut	158,996	3,891	2.4%
Northwest WIA	26,216	494	1.9%
Waterbury	3,554	105	3.0%
Danbury	2,669	101	3.8%
Naugatuck	1,620	48	3.0%
Cheshire	1,453	15	1.0%
New Milford	1,401	3	0.2%
Newtown	1,364	11	0.8%
Ridgefield	1,345	7	0.5%
Torrington	1,272	66	5.2%
District 15 (Middlebury/Southbury)	1,131	26	2.3%
*Preliminary			



### Connecticut and Northwest WIA Annual Enrollment, Dropouts and Dropout Rate

Connecticut	2000 - 2001	2001 - 2002
Total Enrollment	153,037	158,996
No. of Dropouts	4,643	3,891
Dropout Rate	3.0%	2.4%
<b>Northwest WIA</b>		
	2000 - 2001	2001 - 2002
Total Enrollment	25,065	26,216
No. of Dropouts	544	494
Dropout Rate	2.2%	1.9%





# NORTHWEST WIA

## BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS - 2000

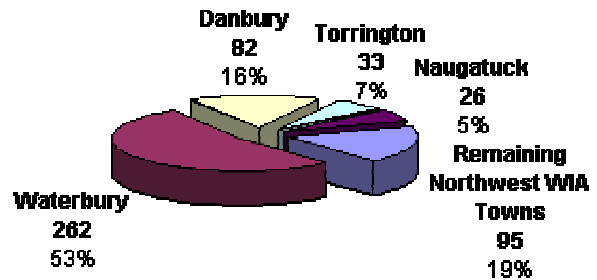
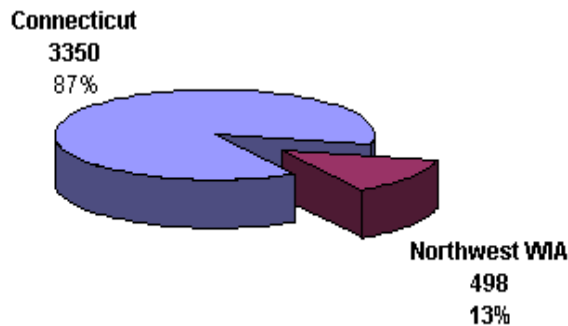
- In 2000, the Northwest WIA recorded a total of 498 births to teenage mothers.
- Waterbury (262), Danbury (82), Torrington (33), and Naugatuck (26) reported the highest number of births to teenage mothers, and accounted for 81 percent of the total.
- Nearly 38 percent of the teenage mothers were 19 years of age, followed by 18 year olds, with 31 percent.
- Five percent of this WIA's teenage mothers (23) were 15 years of age or younger.

**Births to Teenage Mothers**

	Total	<15 yrs.	15 yrs.	16 yrs.	17 yrs.	18 yrs.	19 yrs.
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,350</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>1,191</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>187</b>
Waterbury	262	7	6	33	45	81	90
Danbury	82	1	1	12	13	26	29
Torrington	33	0	2	0	7	8	16
Naugatuck	26	0	1	1	3	8	13

*In 2000, the Northwest WIA accounted for approximately 12% of the total births to teenage mothers in Connecticut.*

*Waterbury, Danbury, Torrington, and Naugatuck accounted for 81% of the total births to teenage mothers in the Northwest Region.*

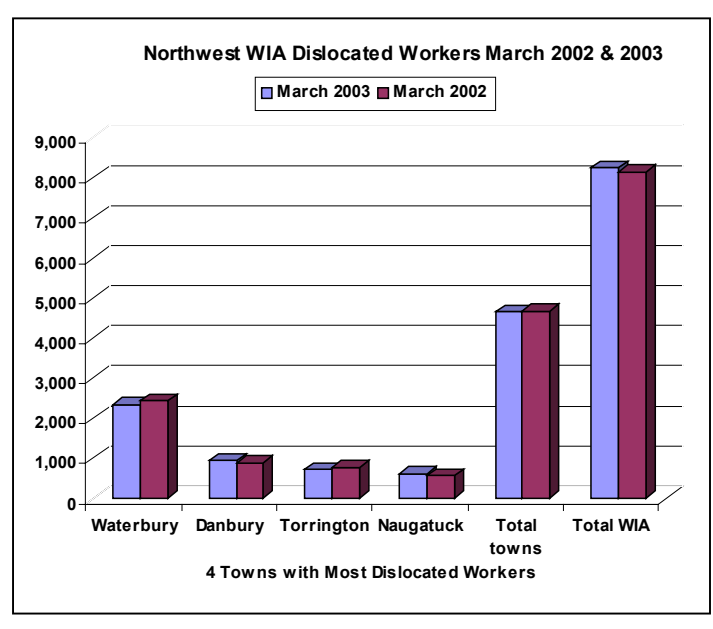
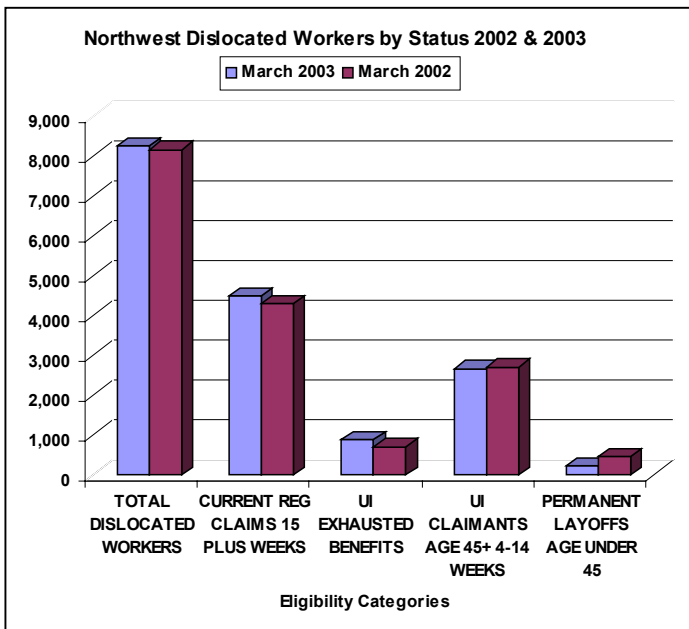
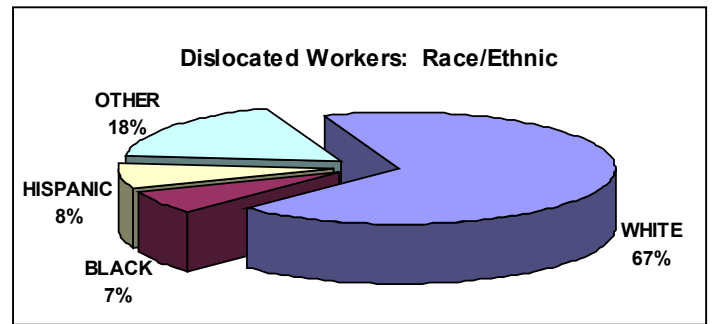
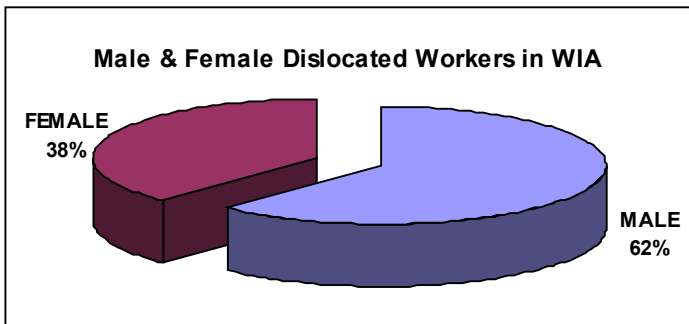




# NORTHWEST WIA

## DISLOCATED WORKERS MARCH 2002 & 2003

- The Connecticut statewide total of 53,127 includes 4,917 dislocated workers from surrounding states who are receiving Connecticut Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits. Dislocated workers residing in all five WIAs totaled 48,210, an increase of 16 percent from last year when 41,653 were classified as dislocated workers. During the same period, the number of dislocated workers in the Northwest WIA barely changed.
- Dislocated workers residing in Waterbury, Danbury, Torrington, and Naugatuck comprised over 56 percent of the Northwest WIA total. Danbury recorded the largest increase (+53) and Waterbury recording the largest decrease (-84) from March 2002. Nearly half of the 41 towns in this WIA reported lower dislocated worker totals, or remained unchanged, from a year ago.
- By sex and race, 62 percent of the dislocated workers were male, 68 percent were white, and 18 percent were classified as Other.
- Long-term unemployed—those out of work for 15 weeks or more—comprised 54 percent of the area’s dislocated workers. Their number increased by 186 over the year to 4,481. The number who had exhausted their UI benefits also increased, from 700 to 879. In contrast, the number of dislocated workers who were younger than 45 and on permanent layoff declined by 233, from 461 last March to 228 in March 2003.



## APPENDIX TABLES

### **Economic Data:**

Connecticut Population by Town, 2000 and 2002  
2000 Population by Age Group  
Population by Race/Ethnic Group, 2000 and 1990  
Labor Force Estimates, U. S., Connecticut, and by WIA, 2002 and 2001  
Labor Force Data by Town, 2002 and 2001  
Worksites by Size Class, December 2002  
WIA Employment and Wages by Industry—2002 Annual Average  
WIA Employment and Wages by Industry—2001 Annual Average  
WIA Employment by Town—2002 Annual Average  
Connecticut Occupational Forecast, 2000 – 2010, Top 25 Ranked by Annual Growth  
Connecticut Occupational Forecast, 2000 – 2010, Top 25 Ranked by Percent Change  
Connecticut Occupational Forecast, 2000 – 2010, Top 25 Ranked by Annual Openings  
Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media, July 2003  
Retail and Housing Permits  
2003 Poverty Income Guidelines/2003 Lower Living Standard Income Levels, 70% LLSIL

### **Data on Residents in Need of Workforce Investment Services:**

Food Stamps, Temporary Family Assistance, State Supplement, and Medicaid, SFY 2002  
State Administered General Assistance, SFY 2002  
Mental Retardation Clients and Probationers  
Alcohol and Drug Abusers  
Total Annual Dropout Rate for Grades 9 – 12, 2001 – 2002  
Births to Teenage Mothers by Age and Place of Residence – 2000  
Estimated Number of Dislocated Workers by Sex, Race/Ethnic Group, March 2003  
Estimated Number of Dislocated Workers by UI Status, March 2003  
Characteristics of Active Connecticut Works Applicants, June 2003  
Characteristics as Percentage of Total Active Connecticut Works Applicants, June 2003

### **Statewide Data:**

Worksites by Size Class – December 2002  
Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry—2002 Annual Average  
Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry—2001 Annual Average  
Per Capita Personal Income, Median Family Income, and Median Household Income

**Connecticut Population by Town  
2000 and 2002**

<b>Area</b>	<b>Estimate JULY 2002</b>	<b>Census 2000</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>Percent Change</b>
<b>CONNECTICUT</b>	<b>3,460,503</b>	<b>3,405,584 *</b>	<b>54,919</b>	<b>1.6%</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>583,169</b>	<b>571,636</b>	<b>11,533</b>	<b>2.0%</b>
Barkhamsted	3,610	3,494	116	3.3%
Bethel	18,449	18,067	382	2.1%
Bethlehem	3,540	3,422	118	3.4%
Bridgewater	1,867	1,824	43	2.4%
Brookfield	15,923	15,664	259	1.7%
Canaan	1,095	1,081	14	1.3%
Cheshire	29,096	28,543	553	1.9%
Colebrook	1,511	1,471	40	2.7%
Cornwall	1,454	1,434	20	1.4%
Danbury	76,917	74,848	2,069	2.8%
Goshen	2,860	2,697	163	6.0%
Hartland	2,053	2,012	41	2.0%
Harwinton	5,429	5,283	146	2.8%
Kent	2,907	2,858	49	1.7%
Litchfield	8,480	8,316	164	2.0%
Middlebury	6,648	6,451	197	3.1%
Morris	2,371	2,301	70	3.0%
Naugatuck	31,429	30,989	440	1.4%
New Fairfield	14,149	13,953	196	1.4%
New Hartford	6,413	6,088	325	5.3%
New Milford	27,959	27,098 *	861	3.2%
Newtown	25,866	25,031	835	3.3%
Norfolk	1,673	1,660	13	0.8%
North Canaan	3,376	3,350	26	0.8%
Prospect	9,052	8,707	345	4.0%
Redding	8,504	8,270	234	2.8%
Ridgefield	24,054	23,643	411	1.7%
Roxbury	2,250	2,137 *	113	5.3%
Salisbury	4,022	3,977	45	1.1%
Sharon	3,008	2,968	40	1.3%
Sherman	3,972	3,827	145	3.8%
Southbury	18,953	18,567	386	2.1%
Thomaston	7,766	7,503	263	3.5%
Torrington	35,655	35,202	453	1.3%
Warren	1,302	1,254	48	3.8%
Washington	3,670	3,639 *	31	0.9%
Waterbury	107,883	107,271	612	0.6%
Watertown	22,100	21,661	439	2.0%
Winchester	10,755	10,664	91	0.9%
Wolcott	15,682	15,215	467	3.1%
Woodbury	9,466	9,196 *	270	2.9%

\*Corrected count, 12/27/02

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates, July 2003

## 2000 POPULATION by AGE GROUP

	Total Population	Age Groups							
		0-14	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,405,565</b>	<b>709,075</b>	<b>216,627</b>	<b>187,571</b>	<b>451,640</b>	<b>581,049</b>	<b>480,807</b>	<b>308,613</b>	<b>470,183</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>571,617</b>	<b>122,791</b>	<b>35,187</b>	<b>26,323</b>	<b>72,539</b>	<b>101,445</b>	<b>84,397</b>	<b>52,842</b>	<b>76,093</b>
<b>Towns</b>									
Barkhamsted	3,494	711	224	106	411	682	634	373	353
Bethel	18,067	4,088	1,183	743	2,315	3,444	2,804	1,643	1,847
Bethlehem	3,422	691	234	91	288	623	689	366	440
Bridgewater	1,824	322	113	58	126	308	352	303	242
Brookfield	15,664	3,629	905	516	1,570	2,998	2,664	1,698	1,684
Canaan	1,081	190	86	43	92	205	185	126	154
Cheshire	28,543	5,813	2,362	1,238	3,199	5,206	4,609	2,524	3,592
Colebrook	1,471	315	69	39	151	285	249	156	207
Cornwall	1,434	294	70	34	113	256	261	154	252
Danbury	74,848	13,721	4,561	5,587	13,332	13,161	10,011	6,239	8,236
Goshen	2,697	496	166	93	206	472	502	352	410
Hartland	2,012	441	153	58	187	405	355	199	214
Harwinton	5,283	1,090	353	155	501	945	923	627	689
Kent	2,858	569	122	112	287	465	472	323	508
Litchfield	8,316	1,695	510	192	693	1,435	1,441	937	1,413
Middlebury	6,451	1,289	389	177	574	1,061	1,118	776	1,067
Morris	2,301	461	150	67	244	410	389	253	327
Naugatuck	30,989	6,932	2,091	1,569	4,610	5,640	4,070	2,444	3,633
New Fairfield	13,953	3,546	864	491	1,416	2,814	2,221	1,397	1,204
New Hartford	6,088	1,413	329	165	675	1,213	1,119	631	543
New Milford	27,121	6,330	1,563	1,111	3,554	5,419	4,175	2,398	2,571
Newtown	25,031	6,277	1,442	714	2,772	5,355	4,004	2,278	2,189
Norfolk	1,660	338	82	44	196	289	281	201	229
North Canaan	3,350	622	239	145	391	550	450	316	637
Prospect	8,707	1,829	519	309	1,015	1,613	1,357	912	1,153
Redding	8,270	2,047	452	164	584	1,629	1,627	928	839
Ridgefield	23,643	6,247	1,303	428	1,953	4,623	4,059	2,447	2,583
Roxbury	2,136	397	123	45	184	360	424	308	295
Salisbury	3,977	724	231	85	274	536	720	548	859
Sharon	2,968	508	161	89	222	502	515	349	622
Sherman	3,827	861	207	74	288	708	678	505	506
Southbury	18,567	3,586	871	390	1,333	2,879	2,909	1,758	4,841
Thomaston	7,503	1,581	463	317	1,013	1,481	1,096	643	909
Torrington	35,202	6,768	2,068	1,513	4,719	6,192	4,745	3,014	6,183
Warren	1,254	236	69	43	137	218	222	142	187
Washington	3,596	715	234	141	324	537	631	445	569
Waterbury	107,271	24,272	6,829	6,919	15,844	16,183	12,592	8,587	16,045
Watertown	21,661	4,443	1,356	940	2,598	3,888	3,372	2,014	3,050
Winchester	10,664	2,061	678	498	1,291	1,846	1,683	981	1,626
Wolcott	15,215	3,355	898	557	1,867	2,901	2,143	1,502	1,992
Woodbury	9,198	1,888	465	263	990	1,708	1,646	1,045	1,193

Source: U.S. Census Bureau



## POPULATION by RACE/ETHNIC GROUP 2000 and 1990

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	Total		White		Black		Native American		Asian/Pacific		Hispanic		More Than One
	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000
Statewide	3,405,565	3,287,116	2,780,355	2,859,353	309,843	274,269	9,639	6,654	83,679	50,698	320,323	213,116	74,848
Northwest WIA	571,617	535,428	498,674	494,451	28,171	22,817	1,268	1,049	11,943	7,214	44,880	25,148	11,069
<b>Towns</b>													
Barkhamsted	3,494	3,369	3,443	3,344	2	11	6	3	14	8	31	14	19
Bethel	18,067	17,541	16,692	16,847	228	223	28	19	648	383	669	375	274
Bethlehem	3,422	3,071	3,336	3,043	9	14	2	1	28	9	22	23	34
Bridgewater	1,824	1,654	1,779	1,624	17	8	1	5	13	14	9	17	12
Brookfield	15,664	14,113	14,926	13,720	119	101	11	5	388	238	372	220	124
Canaan	1,081	1,057	1,049	1,026	16	24	0	0	3	7	4	5	9
Cheshire	28,543	25,684	25,518	23,902	1,332	1,002	62	28	757	486	1,097	709	329
Colebrook	1,471	1,365	1,427	1,362	10	1	0	0	9	2	36	8	12
Cornwall	1,434	1,414	1,398	1,402	3	1	0	0	10	8	21	21	20
Danbury	74,848	65,585	56,853	56,897	5,060	4,311	214	132	4,108	2,582	11,791	5,045	2,960
Goshen	2,697	2,329	2,650	2,291	13	11	4	5	20	14	33	15	10
Hartland	2,012	1,866	1,978	1,850	3	2	1	3	13	11	12	10	13
Harwinton	5,283	5,228	5,214	5,200	4	9	3	1	30	16	47	28	25
Kent	2,858	2,918	2,737	2,812	16	20	22	14	29	64	72	52	34
Litchfield	8,316	8,365	8,066	8,187	62	78	19	24	40	46	130	71	91
Middlebury	6,451	6,145	6,265	6,058	23	19	4	3	86	63	79	47	56
Morris	2,301	2,039	2,243	2,009	16	10	3	6	19	11	20	16	16
Naugatuck	30,989	30,625	28,435	29,471	882	567	82	73	527	264	1,386	950	572
New Fairfield	13,953	12,911	13,511	12,684	54	31	5	16	178	159	393	213	133
New Hartford	6,088	5,769	5,946	5,688	39	27	3	4	49	42	82	48	39
New Milford	27,121	23,629	25,583	22,822	383	350	40	47	525	303	751	449	406

## POPULATION by RACE/ETHNIC GROUP 2000 and 1990

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	Total		White		Black		Native American		Asian/Pacific		Hispanic		More Than One
	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000	1990	2000
Newtown	25,031	20,779	23,815	20,221	437	206	35	34	360	265	590	351	224
Norfolk	1,660	2,060	1,612	2,027	8	18	4	5	9	7	16	10	17
North Canaan	3,350	3,284	3,247	3,232	40	37	6	3	6	11	79	16	38
Prospect	8,707	7,775	8,386	7,555	124	157	8	11	63	35	168	93	63
Redding	8,270	7,927	7,952	7,758	62	32	6	5	147	121	122	100	69
Ridgefield	23,643	20,919	22,726	20,439	146	123	22	34	498	276	465	324	166
Roxbury	2,136	1,825	2,077	1,799	5	3	4	2	20	21	28	16	16
Salisbury	3,977	4,090	3,808	3,938	66	98	13	8	38	36	61	27	34
Sharon	2,968	2,928	2,875	2,901	28	12	13	5	17	9	58	20	25
Sherman	3,827	2,809	3,726	2,768	21	13	1	4	29	14	66	42	26
Southbury	18,567	15,818	18,073	15,567	84	95	14	14	215	108	296	152	116
Thomaston	7,503	6,947	7,342	6,894	45	18	8	7	37	17	109	66	40
Torrington	35,202	33,687	32,749	32,581	757	567	70	61	650	415	1,162	357	516
Warren	1,254	1,226	1,228	1,218	2	0	4	1	10	7	3	3	9
Washington	3,596	3,905	3,440	3,843	23	22	4	11	56	26	77	39	45
Waterbury	107,271	108,961	72,018	86,681	17,500	14,133	453	344	1,676	787	23,354	14,578	3,926
Watertown	21,661	20,456	20,894	20,071	162	151	27	38	286	161	406	245	189
Winchester	10,664	11,524	10,071	11,379	132	52	25	26	100	36	338	143	156
Wolcott	15,215	13,700	14,641	13,368	189	215	21	18	120	58	273	143	154
Woodbury	9,198	8,131	8,945	7,972	49	45	20	29	112	74	152	87	52

Note: Since respondents could report only one race in the 1990 census and could report one or more races in Census 2000, the data on race for 1990 and 2000 are not directly comparable. Total may not equal the sum of the categories due to the exclusion of all other categories.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

## LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

		Annual Average		Change	
		2002	2001	Number	Percent
<b>UNITED STATES</b>	<b>Labor Force</b>	<b>144,863,000</b>	<b>143,734,000</b>	<b>1,129,000</b>	<b>0.8</b>
	<b>Employed</b>	<b>136,485,000</b>	<b>136,933,000</b>	<b>-448,000</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
	<b>Unemployed</b>	<b>8,378,000</b>	<b>6,801,000</b>	<b>1,577,000</b>	<b>23.2</b>
	<b>Rate</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>***</b>
CONNECTICUT	Labor Force	1,772,900	1,755,400	17,500	1.0
	Employed	1,696,200	1,698,000	-1,800	-0.1
	Unemployed	76,800	57,400	19,400	33.8
	Rate	4.3	3.3	1.0	***
EASTERN WIA	Labor Force	223,200	216,900	6,300	2.9
	Employed	214,400	210,500	3,900	1.9
	Unemployed	8,800	6,400	2,400	37.5
	Rate	3.9	2.9	1.0	***
NORTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	486,500	483,200	3,300	0.7
	Employed	464,000	466,700	-2,700	-0.6
	Unemployed	22,500	16,600	5,900	35.5
	Rate	4.6	3.4	1.2	***
NORTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	299,300	295,600	3,700	1.3
	Employed	286,000	285,600	400	0.1
	Unemployed	13,400	10,000	3,400	34.0
	Rate	4.5	3.4	1.1	***
SOUTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	373,600	368,600	5,000	1.4
	Employed	358,200	357,000	1,200	0.3
	Unemployed	15,300	11,600	3,700	31.9
	Rate	4.1	3.2	0.9	***
SOUTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	390,300	391,100	-800	-0.2
	Employed	373,500	378,200	-4,700	-1.2
	Unemployed	16,900	12,900	4,000	31.0
	Rate	4.3	3.3	1.0	***

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

## LABOR FORCE DATA

### Employment Status of Area Residents

	2002 Annual Average				2001 Annual Average			
	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			No.	%			No.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>1,772,900</b>	<b>1,696,200</b>	<b>76,800</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>1,755,400</b>	<b>1,698,000</b>	<b>57,400</b>	<b>3.3</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>299,300</b>	<b>286,000</b>	<b>13,400</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>295,600</b>	<b>285,600</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>3.4</b>
<b>Towns</b>								
Barkhamsted	2,114	2,030	84	4.0	2,092	2,042	50	2.4
Bethel	10,091	9,761	330	3.3	9,822	9,586	236	2.4
Bethlehem	1,942	1,879	63	3.2	1,939	1,891	48	2.5
Bridgewater	991	969	22	2.2	970	951	19	2.0
Brookfield	8,536	8,250	286	3.4	8,279	8,102	177	2.1
Canaan	671	653	18	2.7	699	685	14	2.0
Cheshire	14,068	13,702	366	2.6	13,936	13,631	305	2.2
Colebrook	783	771	12	1.5	796	785	11	1.4
Cornwall	788	774	14	1.8	798	787	11	1.4
Danbury	37,819	36,346	1,473	3.9	36,800	35,694	1,106	3.0
Goshen	1,358	1,306	52	3.8	1,360	1,329	31	2.3
Hartland	996	965	31	3.1	1,001	982	19	1.9
Harwinton	2,999	2,902	97	3.2	2,991	2,918	73	2.4
Kent	1,952	1,909	43	2.2	2,037	2,003	34	1.7
Litchfield	4,381	4,237	144	3.3	4,417	4,311	106	2.4
Middlebury	3,370	3,250	120	3.6	3,363	3,271	92	2.7
Morris	1,131	1,085	46	4.1	1,139	1,104	35	3.1
Naugatuck	16,713	15,805	908	5.4	16,596	15,907	689	4.2
New Fairfield	7,316	7,096	220	3.0	7,146	6,968	178	2.5
New Hartford	3,705	3,586	119	3.2	3,689	3,606	83	2.2
New Milford	14,543	14,088	455	3.1	14,180	13,835	345	2.4
Newtown	12,970	12,569	401	3.1	12,651	12,344	307	2.4
Norfolk	1,072	1,038	34	3.2	1,081	1,056	25	2.3
North Canaan	2,054	2,007	47	2.3	2,147	2,106	41	1.9
Prospect	4,778	4,574	204	4.3	4,741	4,604	137	2.9
Redding	4,615	4,511	104	2.3	4,526	4,430	96	2.1
Ridgefield	12,774	12,456	318	2.5	12,455	12,232	223	1.8
Roxbury	1,092	1,069	23	2.1	1,065	1,050	15	1.4
Salisbury	2,245	2,206	39	1.7	2,346	2,315	31	1.3
Sharon	1,874	1,851	23	1.2	1,962	1,942	20	1.0
Sherman	1,758	1,714	44	2.5	1,713	1,683	30	1.8
Southbury	6,888	6,643	245	3.6	6,890	6,686	204	3.0
Thomaston	4,199	3,969	230	5.5	4,159	3,994	165	4.0
Torrington	18,593	17,503	1,090	5.9	18,548	17,805	743	4.0
Warren	678	661	17	2.5	687	673	14	2.0
Washington	2,143	2,092	51	2.4	2,095	2,055	40	1.9
Waterbury	52,993	48,917	4,076	7.7	52,390	49,232	3,158	6.0
Watertown	12,349	11,776	573	4.6	12,271	11,852	419	3.4
Winchester	6,017	5,657	360	6.0	5,935	5,689	246	4.1
Wolcott	8,809	8,417	392	4.4	8,742	8,471	271	3.1
Woodbury	5,161	4,978	183	3.5	5,137	5,010	127	2.5

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

## WORKSITES by SIZE CLASS

December 2002

Size Class (No. of Employees)	Worksites*		Employment*	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
0 - 4	9,554	59.4%	16,089	8.4%
5 - 9	2,928	18.2%	19,361	10.1%
10 - 19	1,796	11.2%	24,050	12.6%
20 - 49	1,126	7.0%	34,066	17.9%
50 - 99	368	2.3%	25,270	13.2%
100 - 249	229	1.4%	34,686	18.2%
250 - 499	51	0.3%	16,855	8.8%
500 - 999	13	0.1%	8,075	4.2%
1,000 & over	7	0.0%	12,371	6.5%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16,072</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>190,823</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Excludes government.

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms report only statewide employment and are, therefore, not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county is available on-line at [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi).

## Northwest WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>16,790</b>	<b>220,021</b>	<b>\$8,890,752,631</b>	<b>\$40,409</b>	<b>\$777</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>3,194</b>	<b>46,602</b>	<b>\$2,408,334,155</b>	<b>\$51,679</b>	<b>\$994</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>2,074</b>	<b>11,554</b>	<b>\$520,611,941</b>	<b>\$45,059</b>	<b>\$867</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>1,120</b>	<b>35,048</b>	<b>\$1,887,722,214</b>	<b>\$53,861</b>	<b>\$1,036</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>849</b>	<b>24,749</b>	<b>\$1,220,443,875</b>	<b>\$49,313</b>	<b>\$948</b>
Fabricated Metal	331	7,896	\$334,341,639	\$42,345	\$814
Machinery	133	3,061	\$176,483,192	\$57,657	\$1,109
Computer and Electronic Product	106	4,279	\$232,294,531	\$54,287	\$1,044
Electrical Equipment	35	2,610	\$148,732,738	\$56,984	\$1,096
Transportation Equipment	28	2,169	\$115,638,148	\$53,316	\$1,025
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>10,299</b>	<b>\$667,278,339</b>	<b>\$64,788</b>	<b>\$1,246</b>
Printing and Related	78	1,298	\$54,729,017	\$42,172	\$811
Chemical	50	4,219	\$398,857,898	\$94,548	\$1,818
Plastics and Rubber Products	45	1,482	\$59,082,092	\$39,880	\$767
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>13,596</b>	<b>173,419</b>	<b>\$6,482,418,475</b>	<b>\$37,380</b>	<b>\$719</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>3,667</b>	<b>43,453</b>	<b>\$1,376,500,734</b>	<b>\$31,678</b>	<b>\$609</b>
Wholesale Trade	1,074	7,196	\$392,281,033	\$54,514	\$1,048
Retail Trade	2,308	31,074	\$781,499,844	\$25,150	\$484
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	246	3,580	\$158,311,379	\$44,222	\$850
Building Material	198	2,886	\$84,565,317	\$29,301	\$563
Food and Beverage Stores	392	7,825	\$159,991,166	\$20,446	\$393
General Merchandise Stores	59	4,297	\$79,099,652	\$18,408	\$354
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	285	5,184	\$202,719,857	\$39,105	\$752
<b>Information</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>5,146</b>	<b>\$255,920,559</b>	<b>\$49,734</b>	<b>\$956</b>
Telecommunications	41	1,678	\$87,847,450	\$52,358	\$1,007
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>1,282</b>	<b>9,648</b>	<b>\$571,081,355</b>	<b>\$59,190</b>	<b>\$1,138</b>
Finance and Insurance	791	7,262	\$485,828,390	\$66,900	\$1,287
Credit Intermediation	374	5,037	\$334,605,190	\$66,434	\$1,278
Securities and Commodity Contracts	144	607	\$62,525,514	\$102,937	\$1,980
Insurance Carriers	265	1,596	\$86,070,206	\$53,946	\$1,037
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	491	2,386	\$85,252,965	\$35,727	\$687

## Northwest WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>2,754</b>	<b>24,141</b>	<b>\$1,216,350,741</b>	<b>\$50,385</b>	<b>\$969</b>
Professional, Scientific	1,708	10,489	\$691,758,159	\$65,954	\$1,268
Management of Companies	68	4,878	\$317,631,723	\$65,122	\$1,252
Administrative and Support	978	8,775	\$206,960,860	\$23,585	\$454
<b>Education and Health Services</b>	<b>1,679</b>	<b>35,700</b>	<b>\$1,283,851,664</b>	<b>\$35,963</b>	<b>\$692</b>
Educational Services	201	3,847	\$117,431,691	\$30,522	\$587
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,478	31,852	\$1,166,419,973	\$36,620	\$704
Hospitals	17	7,674	\$344,428,171	\$44,883	\$863
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	195	9,347	\$257,752,026	\$27,577	\$530
Social Assistance	306	4,746	\$86,746,944	\$18,279	\$352
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>1,354</b>	<b>16,410</b>	<b>\$260,889,086</b>	<b>\$15,898</b>	<b>\$306</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	301	2,882	\$56,034,111	\$19,442	\$374
Accommodation and Food Services	1,053	13,528	\$204,854,975	\$15,143	\$291
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	992	12,002	\$172,579,812	\$14,380	\$277
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>1,897</b>	<b>7,906</b>	<b>\$177,135,915</b>	<b>\$22,404</b>	<b>\$431</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>692</b>	<b>30,977</b>	<b>\$1,339,848,148</b>	<b>\$43,253</b>	<b>\$832</b>
Federal	102	1,795	\$90,164,134	\$50,228	\$966
State	125	8,200	\$401,809,000	\$49,001	\$942
Local	465	20,982	\$847,875,014	\$40,410	\$777
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>\$840,272</b>	<b>\$22,259</b>	<b>\$428</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

**Northwest WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average**

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>16,623</b>	<b>221,506</b>	<b>\$8,904,645,539</b>	<b>\$40,201</b>	<b>\$773</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>3,164</b>	<b>49,505</b>	<b>\$2,576,008,206</b>	<b>\$52,036</b>	<b>\$1,001</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>2,032</b>	<b>11,303</b>	<b>\$507,652,561</b>	<b>\$44,913</b>	<b>\$864</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>1,132</b>	<b>38,201</b>	<b>\$2,068,355,645</b>	<b>\$54,144</b>	<b>\$1,041</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>861</b>	<b>27,438</b>	<b>\$1,302,272,770</b>	<b>\$47,462</b>	<b>\$913</b>
Fabricated Metal	335	8,922	\$369,691,816	\$41,438	\$797
Machinery	133	3,186	\$179,153,945	\$56,236	\$1,081
Computer and Electronic Product	105	4,759	\$247,301,756	\$51,965	\$999
Electrical Equipment	40	2,941	\$165,729,191	\$56,348	\$1,084
Transportation Equipment	28	2,726	\$121,936,961	\$44,738	\$860
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>10,763</b>	<b>\$766,082,874</b>	<b>\$71,177</b>	<b>\$1,369</b>
Printing and Related	79	1,476	\$56,783,151	\$38,464	\$740
Chemical	44	4,099	\$488,522,523	\$119,176	\$2,292
Plastics and Rubber Products	48	1,632	\$63,367,438	\$38,836	\$747
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>13,459</b>	<b>172,000</b>	<b>\$6,328,637,333</b>	<b>\$36,794</b>	<b>\$708</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>3,603</b>	<b>43,802</b>	<b>\$1,365,507,783</b>	<b>\$31,174</b>	<b>\$600</b>
Wholesale Trade	1,005	7,476	\$398,422,331	\$53,296	\$1,025
Retail Trade	2,313	30,871	\$766,931,648	\$24,843	\$478
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	241	3,472	\$150,780,784	\$43,432	\$835
Building Material	209	2,650	\$80,708,264	\$30,455	\$586
Food and Beverage Stores	399	7,973	\$153,706,155	\$19,278	\$371
General Merchandise Stores	56	4,197	\$74,911,679	\$17,849	\$343
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	285	5,456	\$200,153,805	\$36,685	\$705
<b>Information</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>5,199</b>	<b>\$238,358,164</b>	<b>\$45,843</b>	<b>\$882</b>
Telecommunications*					
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>1,247</b>	<b>9,672</b>	<b>\$557,268,435</b>	<b>\$57,616</b>	<b>\$1,108</b>
Finance and Insurance	767	7,324	\$469,103,124	\$64,053	\$1,232
Credit Intermediation	369	5,023	\$321,052,383	\$63,923	\$1,229
Securities and Commodity Contracts	140	548	\$61,280,404	\$111,877	\$2,151
Insurance Carriers	250	1,728	\$84,838,742	\$49,111	\$944
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	480	2,349	\$88,165,311	\$37,541	\$722



## Northwest WIA Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>2,746</b>	<b>25,029</b>	<b>\$1,277,160,449</b>	<b>\$51,028</b>	<b>\$981</b>
Professional, Scientific	1,699	10,766	\$713,637,480	\$66,289	\$1,275
Management of Companies	66	5,173	\$347,542,741	\$67,185	\$1,292
Administrative and Support	981	9,090	\$215,980,227	\$23,760	\$457
<b>Educational and Health Services</b>	<b>1,642</b>	<b>34,364</b>	<b>\$1,191,555,031</b>	<b>\$34,675</b>	<b>\$667</b>
Educational Services	193	3,697	\$110,950,867	\$30,012	\$577
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,449	30,667	\$1,080,604,164	\$35,237	\$678
Hospitals	15	7,367	\$311,872,788	\$42,333	\$814
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	195	9,012	\$245,444,567	\$27,236	\$524
Social Assistance	302	4,374	\$76,166,688	\$17,415	\$335
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>1,350</b>	<b>15,684</b>	<b>\$238,304,658</b>	<b>\$15,195</b>	<b>\$292</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	290	2,701	\$50,830,543	\$18,819	\$362
Accommodation and Food Services	1,060	12,983	\$187,474,115	\$14,440	\$278
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	992	11,357	\$155,104,025	\$13,658	\$263
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>1,877</b>	<b>7,722</b>	<b>\$171,731,222</b>	<b>\$22,238</b>	<b>\$428</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>697</b>	<b>30,455</b>	<b>\$1,285,798,076</b>	<b>\$42,220</b>	<b>\$812</b>
Federal	107	1,873	\$89,814,148	\$47,946	\$922
State	120	8,176	\$379,549,234	\$46,420	\$893
Local	470	20,406	\$816,434,694	\$40,009	\$769
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>\$2,953,515</b>	<b>\$40,505</b>	<b>\$779</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

## ***NORTHWEST WORKFORCE INVESTMENT AREA***

### ***EMPLOYMENT BY TOWN - 2002 ANNUAL AVERAGE***

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b><i>BARKHAMSTED</i></b>		
All Ownerships	76	587
Private Ownership	64	454
Federal Government	2	3
State Government	2	4
Local Government	8	125
<b><i>BETHEL</i></b>		
All Ownerships	595	6,406
Private Ownership	574	5,694
Federal Government	3	37
State Government	1	6
Local Government	17	669
<b><i>BETHLEHEM</i></b>		
All Ownerships	97	566
Private Ownership	90	480
Federal Government	1	4
State Government	1	1
Local Government	5	81
<b><i>BRIDGEWATER</i></b>		
All Ownerships	57	225
Private Ownership	53	190
Federal Government	1	2
State Government	1	1
Local Government	2	32
<b><i>BROOKFIELD</i></b>		
All Ownerships	637	7,519
Private Ownership	617	6,860
Federal Government	1	16
State Government	2	11
Local Government	17	632
<b><i>CANAAN</i></b>		
All Ownerships	100	857
Private Ownership	95	635
Federal Government	2	7
Local Government	3	216

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>CHESHIRE</b>		
All Ownerships	880	13,689
Private Ownership	851	11,329
Federal Government	3	78
State Government	12	1,119
Local Government	14	1,162
<b>COLEBROOK</b>		
All Ownerships	28	178
Private Ownership	19	121
Federal Government	3	10
Local Government	6	47
<b>CORNWALL</b>		
All Ownerships	105	433
Private Ownership	91	377
Federal Government	4	4
State Government	1	1
Local Government	9	51
<b>DANBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	2,460	43,799
Private Ownership	2,418	39,490
Federal Government	9	499
State Government	13	1,305
Local Government	20	2,504
<b>GOSHEN</b>		
All Ownerships	106	407
Private Ownership	93	336
State Government	1	1
Local Government	12	70
<b>HARTLAND</b>		
All Ownerships	42	137
Private Ownership	31	59
Federal Government	2	13
State Government	1	5
Local Government	8	61

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>HARWINTON</b>		
All Ownerships	113	645
Private Ownership	101	477
Federal Government	1	15
State Government	2	38
Local Government	9	115
<b>KENT</b>		
All Ownerships	154	1,246
Private Ownership	138	1,127
Federal Government	3	4
State Government	3	16
Local Government	10	99
<b>LITCHFIELD</b>		
All Ownerships	402	3,452
Private Ownership	380	2,840
Federal Government	2	11
State Government	7	199
Local Government	13	401
<b>MIDDLEBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	232	3,571
Private Ownership	216	3,041
Federal Government	3	15
State Government	1	1
Local Government	12	514
<b>MORRIS</b>		
All Ownerships	72	355
Private Ownership	58	273
Federal Government	1	3
State Government	1	1
Local Government	12	79
<b>NAUGATUCK</b>		
All Ownerships	543	7,699
Private Ownership	522	6,645
Federal Government	3	61
State Government	1	1
Local Government	17	993

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>NEW FAIRFIELD</b>		
All Ownerships	225	1,542
Private Ownership	211	986
Federal Government	1	30
State Government	2	13
Local Government	11	512
<b>NEW HARTFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	158	1,602
Private Ownership	144	1,448
Federal Government	3	5
State Government	2	6
Local Government	9	144
<b>NEW MILFORD</b>		
All Ownerships	778	8,858
Private Ownership	759	7,648
Federal Government	3	43
State Government	3	31
Local Government	13	1,136
<b>NEWTOWN</b>		
All Ownerships	701	7,380
Private Ownership	675	5,715
Federal Government	3	41
State Government	4	613
Local Government	19	1,011
<b>NORFOLK</b>		
All Ownerships	85	407
Private Ownership	77	355
Federal Government	1	2
State Government	1	1
Local Government	6	50
<b>NORTH CANAAN</b>		
All Ownerships	115	1,835
Private Ownership	101	1,675
Federal Government	1	2
State Government	2	69
Local Government	11	90

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>PROSPECT</b>		
All Ownerships	211	2,059
Private Ownership	204	1,779
Federal Government	1	21
State Government	1	1
Local Government	5	258
<b>REDDING</b>		
All Ownerships	260	1,189
Private Ownership	239	650
Federal Government	5	9
State Government	2	4
Local Government	14	526
<b>RIDGEFIELD</b>		
All Ownerships	960	9,096
Private Ownership	942	8,018
Federal Government	2	64
Local Government	16	1,015
<b>ROXBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	93	281
Private Ownership	84	216
Federal Government	1	3
State Government	1	1
Local Government	7	61
<b>SALISBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	226	2,135
Private Ownership	209	2,010
Federal Government	2	7
State Government	1	2
Local Government	14	116
<b>SHARON</b>		
All Ownerships	168	1,055
Private Ownership	159	980
Federal Government	1	3
Local Government	8	72

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>SHERMAN</b>		
All Ownerships	98	394
Private Ownership	89	280
Federal Government	1	4
State Government	1	1
Local Government	7	110
<b>SOUTHBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	547	9,595
Private Ownership	526	7,199
Federal Government	1	34
State Government	4	1,966
Local Government	16	396
<b>THOMASTON</b>		
All Ownerships	236	3,104
Private Ownership	217	2,655
Federal Government	3	23
State Government	2	135
Local Government	14	290
<b>TORRINGTON</b>		
All Ownerships	1,002	15,782
Private Ownership	960	13,985
Federal Government	9	104
State Government	16	544
Local Government	17	1,149
<b>WARREN</b>		
All Ownerships	36	142
Private Ownership	32	109
Federal Government	1	6
Local Government	3	28
<b>WASHINGTON</b>		
All Ownerships	238	1,539
Private Ownership	223	1,324
Federal Government	1	9
State Government	1	1
Local Government	13	206

<b>TOWN</b>	<b>WORKSITES</b>	<b>AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT</b>
<b>WATERBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	2,371	41,648
Private Ownership	2,315	35,577
Federal Government	10	486
State Government	25	1,797
Local Government	21	3,787
<b>WATERTOWN</b>		
All Ownerships	552	9,231
Private Ownership	534	8,405
Federal Government	1	44
State Government	1	14
Local Government	16	769
<b>WINCHESTER</b>		
All Ownerships	346	3,873
Private Ownership	322	3,057
Federal Government	4	26
State Government	4	279
Local Government	16	511
<b>WOLCOTT</b>		
All Ownerships	318	3,092
Private Ownership	310	2,506
Federal Government	2	39
State Government	1	13
Local Government	5	533
<b>WOODBURY</b>		
All Ownerships	342	2,353
Private Ownership	329	1,980
Federal Government	1	8
State Government	1	1
Local Government	11	363



## Connecticut Occupational Forecast 2000 - 2010 Occupations Ranked by Annual Growth - Top 25 in Connecticut

No. Job Title	2000 Emp.	2010 Emp.	Percent Change	Annual Growth	Annual Openings	Average Annual Salary	Educ./ Train. Code
1 Registered Nurses	30,530	37,040	21.3%	651	1,268	\$54,036	6
2 Retail Salespersons	54,470	60,820	11.6%	635	2,593	\$24,095	11
3 Customer Service Representatives	27,800	34,050	22.5%	625	861	\$31,992	10
4 Computer Support Specialists	7,680	13,110	70.6%	543	575	\$45,883	6
5 Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	23,540	28,920	22.9%	538	839	\$26,396	11
6 Cashiers	45,930	50,640	10.3%	471	2,240	\$17,889	11
7 Computer Software Engineers, Applications	6,660	10,340	55.1%	367	412	\$76,576	5
8 Computer Systems Analysts	8,960	12,280	37.0%	332	411	\$67,050	5
9 Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11,190	14,230	27.2%	304	585	\$26,479	11
10 Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	15,800	18,610	17.8%	281	624	\$19,943	11
11 Teacher Assistants	20,690	23,490	13.5%	279	712	\$23,468	11
12 Waiters and Waitresses	26,390	28,950	9.7%	256	1,741	\$17,307	11
13 Janitors & Cleaners, Exc. Maids & Housekeeping	29,490	32,040	8.6%	255	788	\$23,124	11
14 Social and Human Service Assistants	7,840	10,270	31.0%	243	360	\$33,378	10
15 Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	15,720	17,970	14.3%	225	1,097	\$18,476	11
16 Home Health Aides	8,441	10,630	26.0%	220	327	\$24,611	11
17 Receptionists and Information Clerks	13,510	15,460	14.5%	196	494	\$25,365	11
18 Network and Computer System Administrators	3,470	5,300	53.0%	184	199	\$64,132	5
19 Medical Assistants	3,910	5,730	46.7%	183	286	\$29,638	10
20 Securities/Commodities/Fin. Svcs. Sales Agents	5,850	7,660	31.0%	181	229	\$94,892	5
21 Personal and Home Care Aides	4,460	6,270	40.6%	181	249	\$21,780	11
22 Accountants and Auditors	17,880	19,540	9.3%	167	432	\$61,184	5
23 Truck Drivers, Heavy and Tractor-Trailer	14,120	15,760	11.7%	165	359	\$37,887	10
24 Office Clerks, General	30,600	32,230	5.3%	163	752	\$26,736	11
25 First-Line Supvrs/Mgrs of Retail Sales Workers	18,750	20,370	8.7%	162	433	\$39,190	8

### Education/Training Codes:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1 - First Professional Degree</b></li> <li><b>2 - Doctoral Degree</b></li> <li><b>3 - Master's Degree</b></li> <li><b>4 - Work Experience + Bachelor's or Higher Degree</b></li> <li><b>5 - Bachelor's Degree</b></li> <li><b>6 - Associate Degree</b></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>7 - Postsecondary Vocational Training</b></li> <li><b>8 - Work Experience in a Related Occupation</b></li> <li><b>9 - Long-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> <li><b>10 - Moderate-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> <li><b>11 - Short-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> </ul> |
|---|---|

Source: *Forecast 2000 - 2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future*, October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor

## Connecticut Occupational Forecast 2000 - 2010 Occupations Ranked by Percent Change - Top 25

No. Job Title	Emp.	Emp.	Change	Growth	Openings	Average Salary	Educ./ Code
1 Computer Support Specialists	7,680	13,110	<b>70.6%</b>	543	575	\$45,883	6
2 Computer Software Engineers, Systems Software	2,410	3,780	<b>56.6%</b>	137	153	\$70,059	5
3 Computer Software Engineers, Applications	6,660	10,340	<b>55.1%</b>	367	412	\$76,576	5
4 Network and Computer System Administrators	3,470	5,300	<b>53.0%</b>	184	199	\$64,132	5
5 Database Administrators	1,950	2,880	<b>48.0%</b>	93	102	\$63,370	5
6 Gaming Supervisors	790	1,170	<b>46.9%</b>	37	59		7
7 Medical Assistants	3,910	5,730	<b>46.7%</b>	183	286	\$29,638	10
8 Network Systems & Data Communications Analysts	2,300	3,350	<b>45.8%</b>	105	115	\$63,410	5
9 Computer Specialists, All Other	2,060	2,920	<b>42.1%</b>	87	105	\$63,370	7
10 Physician Assistants	810	1,140	<b>40.7%</b>	33	51	\$68,636	5
11 Personal and Home Care Aides	4,460	6,270	<b>40.6%</b>	181	249	\$21,780	11
12 Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	1,580	2,220	<b>40.3%</b>	64	100	\$84,028	2
13 Personal Financial Advisors	2,230	3,070	<b>38.0%</b>	85	110	\$85,476	5
14 Pharmacy Technicians	2,410	3,320	<b>37.5%</b>	91	153	\$23,404	10
15 Computer Systems Analysts	8,960	12,280	<b>37.0%</b>	332	411	\$67,050	5
16 Biochemists and Biophysicists	1,380	1,870	<b>35.1%</b>	49	98	\$70,364	2
17 Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks	1,050	1,420	<b>34.5%</b>	36	82	\$20,531	11
18 Gaming Change Persons and Booth Cashiers	780	1,040	<b>34.4%</b>	27	57		11
19 Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	1,190	1,590	<b>33.5%</b>	40	67	\$32,574	6
20 Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket Takers	1,100	1,460	<b>32.8%</b>	36	103	\$17,779	11
21 Microbiologists	880	1,160	<b>32.3%</b>	28	60		2
22 Gaming Dealers	2,640	3,480	<b>31.7%</b>	84	175		7
23 Computer and Information Systems Managers	4,620	6,080	<b>31.7%</b>	146	224	\$98,731	4
24 Social and Human Service Assistants	7,840	10,270	<b>31.0%</b>	243	360	\$33,378	10
25 Securities/Commodities/Fin. Svcs. Sales Agents	5,850	7,660	<b>31.0%</b>	181	229	\$94,892	5

### Education/Training Codes:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>1 - First Professional Degree</b></li> <li><b>2 - Doctoral Degree</b></li> <li><b>3 - Master's Degree</b></li> <li><b>4 - Work Experience + Bachelor's or Higher Degree</b></li> <li><b>5 - Bachelor's Degree</b></li> <li><b>6 - Associate Degree</b></li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>7 - Postsecondary Vocational Training</b></li> <li><b>8 - Work Experience in a Related Occupation</b></li> <li><b>9 - Long-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> <li><b>10 - Moderate-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> <li><b>11 - Short-Term On-The-Job Training</b></li> </ul> |
|---|---|

Source: *Forecast 2000 - 2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future*, October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor

## Connecticut Occupational Forecast 2000 - 2010 Occupations Ranked by Annual Openings - Top 25

No. Job Title	2000 Emp.	2010 Emp.	Percent Change	Annual Growth	Annual Openings	Average Annual Salary	Educ./ Train. Code
1 Retail Salespersons	54,470	60,820	11.6%	635	2,593	\$24,095	11
2 Cashiers	45,930	50,640	10.2%	471	2,240	\$17,889	11
3 Waiters and Waitresses	26,390	28,950	9.7%	256	1,741	\$17,307	11
4 Registered Nurses	30,530	37,040	21.3%	651	1,268	\$54,036	6
5 Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers	15,720	17,970	14.3%	225	1,097	\$18,476	11
6 Customer Service Representatives	27,800	34,050	22.5%	625	861	\$31,992	10
7 Nursing Aides, Orderlies, and Attendants	23,540	28,920	22.9%	538	839	\$26,396	11
8 Janitors & Cleaners, Exc. Maids & Housekeeping	29,490	32,040	8.6%	255	788	\$23,124	11
9 Office Clerks, General	30,600	32,230	5.3%	163	752	\$26,736	11
10 Teacher Assistants	20,690	23,490	13.5%	279	712	\$23,468	11
11 Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Mat. Movers, Hand	22,140	22,600	2.1%	46	664	\$24,983	11
12 Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	15,800	18,610	17.8%	281	624	\$19,943	11
13 Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	11,190	14,230	27.2%	304	585	\$26,479	11
14 Computer Support Specialists	7,680	13,110	70.6%	543	575	\$45,883	6
15 Counter Attendants, Caf./Food/Concession/Coffee S	7,080	8,300	17.3%	122	567	\$17,553	11
16 Food Preparation Workers	12,380	13,870	12.0%	149	562	\$20,805	11
17 General and Operations Managers	24,180	25,700	6.3%	151	559	\$99,965	4
18 Sales Reps., Wholesale & Manufacturing, Excl. Tech	20,200	19,880	-1.6%	0	548	\$61,528	10
19 Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	28,460	28,040	-1.5%	0	540	\$33,930	10
20 Child Care Workers	12,650	14,030	11.0%	139	528	\$20,559	11
21 Security Guards	14,500	15,760	8.6%	125	522	\$22,241	11
22 Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	20,810	20,180	-3.0%	0	511	\$24,355	11
23 Receptionists and Information Clerks	13,510	15,460	14.5%	196	494	\$25,365	11
24 Secondary School Teachers, Exc. Special & Voc. Ed	12,520	13,580	8.5%	107	488	\$53,437	5
25 Secretaries, Exc. Legal, Medical, and Executive	27,890	26,440	-5.2%	0	476	\$30,869	10

### Education/Training Codes:

- |   |  |
|---|--|
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|---|--|

Source: *Forecast 2000 - 2010: Our Workplace Now and in the Future*, October 2003, Connecticut Department of Labor

**BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA  
JULY 2003**

**Northwest WIA**

<b>Startups and Expansions</b>					
<b>STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>REASON/ COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
2004	Super Stop & Shop Bridgeport	Supermarket	240	New store will be built on Fairfield Avenue	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
2003	Helicopter Support, Inc. Trumbull	Helicopter parts	240	This subsidiary of Sikorsky Aircraft is expanding	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
2003	Unilever Trumbull	Manufacturing	220	Expansion	Connecticut Post 6/11/03
2003	Castle Development New Britain	Real estate development	50	National company has opened a new office	New Britain Herald 6/12/03
Spring 2003	Norden Systems Norwalk	Radar systems	40-50	Increased demand for defense radar systems	Hartford Courant 5/9/03
<b>May 7, 2003</b>	<b>Price Chopper Waterbury</b>	<b>Supermarket</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>New store has opened on Wolcott Street</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican- American 5/8/03</b>
<b>May 2, 2003</b>	<b>Cleary's Restaurant Waterbury</b>	<b>Restaurant</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>New business has opened in the old Ground Round</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican- American 5/15/03</b>
Summer 2004	Foxwoods Casino Masantucket	Gaming	325	Expansion	New London Day 4/2/03
2003	Mangrove Systems Wallingford	Networking devices	20-25	Company has been able to procure more funding	Waterbury Republican- American 4/16/03
Fall 2003	Big Lots Derby	Closeout retailer	20-40	National chain is moving into the former Service Merchandise	New Haven Register 4/16/03
Spring 2003	Travelers Life & Annuity Hartford	Insurance	80	Jobs are in the new office in CityPlace	Hartford Courant 4/9/03
<b>July 2003</b>	<b>AutoZone, Inc. Waterbury</b>	<b>Auto parts retailer</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>Company will open its second Waterbury store on Main Street</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican- American 3/13/03</b>

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>REASON/ COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
Summer 2003	DunkinDonuts/Baskin Robbins-Killingworth	Doughnuts-Ice Cream	12-15	New store will be built on Route 81	Middletown Press 3/5/03
Spring 2003	Harborside Bar & Grille Stratford	Restaurant	100	New restaurant will be overlooking the Housatonic River	Connecticut Post 3/13/03
2005	Pfizer, Inc. New Haven	Drug maker	50	Pfizer and Yale University will build a clinical research center	Hartford Courant 2/5/03
2003	Microsol, Inc. Oxford	Remote control products	15	New jobs will be created due to merger with overseas company	Waterbury Republican-American 2/13/03
<b>Spring 2003</b>	<b>DeVivo Industries Waterbury</b>	<b>Trash containers</b>	<b>20-25</b>	<b>Company is moving from Newtown and will expand</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican-American 1/8/03</b>
2003	Electric Boat Groton	Submarine shipyard	400	Pace of orders from the Navy has picked up	Hartford Courant 12/6/02
Summer 2003	Parksite Plunkett-Webster South Windsor	Distribution of home building products	12	Company is constructing a new, larger building	Manchester Journal Inquirer 11/1/01
October 5, 2002	Krispy Kreme Newington	Doughnuts	150	Company is opening its first store in Connecticut	New Haven Register 10/2/02
Fall 2002	Bank of Southern CT New Haven & Branford	Financial institution	12	Two new branches are opening	New Haven Register 9/11/02
Summer 2002	CRC Bank Wethersfield	Commercial bank	20	New bank has been formed	New Britain Herald 6/13/02
August 2002	Big Y Foods, Inc. Waterford	Supermarket	200	New store is being built on Boston Post Road	New Haven Register 6/11/02
<b>Summer 2003</b>	<b>Dunkin' Donuts Cheshire</b>	<b>Bakery</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>New enterprise will bake products for Dunkin' Donuts</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican-American 5/2/02</b>
Fall 2002	Best Western Berlin	Hotel	10	New hotel is being built on the Berlin Turnpike	New Britain Herald 12/11/01
2002	Electric Boat Groton	Navy submarines	500	More repair and overhaul work to go along with ship building	Hartford Courant 12/6/01
<b>2002</b>	<b>Raymour &amp; Flanigan Waterbury, Danbury, Norwalk, Waterford, Orange, Stratford</b>	<b>Furniture chain</b>	<b>240-350</b>	<b>Company will open new stores</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican-American 11/8/01</b>

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>STARTUP/ EXPANSION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>REASON/ COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
Summer 2002	The Home Depot Bristol	Retail store	300	New store will be built on Route 6	Bristol Press 8/9/01
2002	UBS Warburg Stamford	Financial services	500	Expansion	Stamford Advocate 8/9/00

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>Layoffs and Staff Reductions</b>					
<b>LAYOFF/STAFF REDUCTION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
JUNE 2004	Lacey Manufacturing Bridgeport	Medical products	110	Product line will be produced by another company	Connecticut Post 7/11/03
SPRING 2004	Dana Engine Branford	Engine parts	355	Plant is being shut down	WVIT-NBC 30 7/10/03
<b>MARCH 2004</b>	<b>Kendro Laboratories Newtown</b>	<b>Medical equipment</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>Production is being shifted to North Carolina</b>	<b>Connecticut Post 7/16/03</b>
AUGUST 30, 2003	Madrigal Audio Lab Middletown	Audio and video products	100	Company is shutting down	Middletown Press 7/2/03
JUNE 27, 2003	Adams Supermarkets New London & New Britain	Supermarket	99	Stores are closing	Waterbury Republican-American 5/6/03
JUNE 2003	The Hartford Hartford	Insurance	850	Layoffs will fund reserves against asbestos related claims	Waterbury Republican-American 5/13/03
SPRING 2003	Stanley Works New Britain	Tool maker	280	Company is trying to reduce costs	Hartford Courant 4/10/03
APRIL 2003	A&P Super Foodmart Norwich	Supermarket	48	Store is closing	New London Day 4/2/03
<b>APRIL 9,2003</b>	<b>The Voice News Winsted</b>	<b>Newspaper</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>Weekly paper will cease publication</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican-American 4/8/09</b>
MARCH 5, 2003	Lego Enfield	Plastic building blocks	72	Global restructuring	WFSB-Channel 3
FEBRUARY 2003	American Savings Bank Rocky Hill, Glastonbury	Bank	150	Merger with Banknorth Group will eliminate jobs	Waterbury Republican-American 2/14/03
FEBRUARY 5, 2003	Circuit City Stores Orange, North Haven and Trumbull	Home electronics	24	Shrinking profit margins and weakened customer demand	New Haven Register 2/6/03
WINTER 2003	CIGNA Corp. Bloomfield	Health insurance	200-240	Effort to cut costs	Hartford Courant 1/8/03

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media –July 2003*

<b>LAYOFF/STAFF REDUCTION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
FEBRUARY 2003	R.R. Donnelly Logistics Orange	Distribution of books	77	Center is closing and work is being shifted to Pennsylvania	New Haven Register 1/8/03
<b>JANUARY 9, 2003</b>	<b>Executive Greetings, Inc. New Hartford</b>	<b>Greeting cards</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>Slow business</b>	<b>Torrington Register- Citizen 1/10/03</b>
2003	Aetna Hartford	Insurance	260	Company is cutting cost to restore profits	WTNH-Channel 8, 12/11/02
DECEMBER 2002	Sikorsky Aircraft Stratford	Helicopters	265	Downturn in the international helicopter market	Hartford Courant 12/4/02
JANUARY 2003	Mystic Color Lab Stonington	Film processing	122	Plant is closing	New Haven Register 11/14/02
DECEMBER 2002	Emisphere Technologies Farmington	Drug developer	32	Company is closing its research center	New Haven Register 11/7/02
NOVEMBER 2002	Pitney Bowes, Inc. Stamford	Mail meter devices	80	New equipment requires less labor to assemble	Hartford Courant 11/15/02
NOVEMBER 2002	CIGNA HealthCare Hartford	Health insurance	115	Cost cutting	Hartford Courant 11/15/02
NOVEMBER 2002	Priceline.com, Inc. Norwalk	Online travel vendor	65	Continuing slowdown in the travel industry	New Haven Register 11/6/02
NOVEMBER 2002	CuraGen Corp. New Haven	Biotechnology	128	Restructuring	Hartford Courant 11/8/02
DECEMBER 31, 2002	Bayer Corp. West Haven	Pharmaceutical	50	Company has withdrawn certain drugs from the marketplace	New Haven Register 10/2/02
FALL 2002	Computer Sciences Corp Hartford	Computer services	165	Cuts will occur among contract workers at United Technologies	Waterbury Republican- American 10/8/02
OCTOBER 2002	Neurogen Corp. Branford	Biotechnology	24	Cost reduction	New Haven Register 10/3/02
SEPTEMBER 30, 2002	Northeast Utilities Berlin	Energy	200	Deregulation and slow growth has led to the layoffs	Hartford Courant 9/5/02
SEPTEMBER 2, 2002	Consolidated Freightway Milford	Trucking terminal	88	Company has filed for bankruptcy	New Haven Register 9/3/02
<b>FALL 2002</b>	<b>Ames Statewide</b>	<b>Department stores</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>Rocky Hill-based retailer is going out of business</b>	<b>Hartford Courant 8/14/02</b>
SEPTEMBER 2002	Hesler, Inc. Shelton	Office automation	65	Lack of business	New Haven Register 8/6/02



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<b>LAYOFF/STAFF REDUCTION DATE</b>	<b>COMPANY AND LOCATION</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL PRODUCT</b>	<b>WORKERS INVOLVED</b>	<b>COMMENTS</b>	<b>SOURCE</b>
AUGUST 5, 2002	Genaissance New Haven	Pharmaceutical	29	Restructuring	New Haven Register 8/6/02
AUGUST 5, 2002	Bridgeport Machines Bridgeport	Milling machines	140	Company is planning to close in September	Waterbury Republican- American 8/6/02
<b>AUGUST 1, 2002</b>	<b>Howmet Machining Winsted</b>	<b>Aerospace</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>Continuing slump in business</b>	<b>Waterbury Republican- American 8/2/02</b>
DECEMBER 2002	Handy & Harman Fairfield	Precious metals processor	90	Plant is being shut down	Connecticut Post 6/12/02
2002-2003	MedSpan, Inc. Hartford	HMO	130	Company has been bought by Oxford Health Plans, Inc,	Hartford Courant 3/20/02
SUMMER 2002	Black & Decker Shelton	Consumer appliances	200	Operations are moving to Florida	Connecticut Post 1/15/02
<b>2002</b>	<b>United Technologies Statewide</b>	<b>Aircraft components</b>	<b>2,500</b>	<b>Drop in air travel since the terrorist attacks</b>	<b>Hartford Courant 10/17/01</b>
<b>2002</b>	<b>Teleflex, Inc. Waterbury</b>	<b>Cable controls</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>Slowdown in the automotive industry will result in shutdown</b>	<b>New Haven Register 4/12/01</b>

INA\* -- Information not available or not known

This publication is prepared by Joseph Slepki, Research Analyst, of the Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research, and is also available on our Web site, [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi). If you have any questions regarding this publication, please call Joseph Slepki at (860) 263-6278.

July 22, 2003

## RETAIL SALES and HOUSING PERMITS

	Retail Sales	Housing Permits		
	2002	2002	2001	Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$42,183,471,187</b>	<b>9,731</b>	<b>9,254</b>	<b>477</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>\$8,537,197,744</b>	<b>1,965</b>	<b>1,826</b>	<b>139</b>
<b>Towns</b>				
Barkhamsted	\$22,849,744	23	24	-1
Bethel	\$96,743,469	61	90	-29
Bethlehem	\$6,193,440	20	20	0
Bridgewater	\$6,011,707	9	5	4
Brookfield	\$615,517,465	55	31	24
Canaan	\$18,268,066	4	3	1
Cheshire	\$291,336,168	52	91	-39
Colebrook	\$672,651	7	7	0
Cornwall	\$24,757,751	10	7	3
Danbury	\$4,494,076,091	261	236	25
Goshen	\$3,789,881	43	35	8
Hartland	\$1,097,135	7	10	-3
Harwinton	\$7,388,417	30	17	13
Kent	\$33,857,709	13	9	4
Litchfield	\$99,815,353	33	29	4
Middlebury	\$76,140,485	33	30	3
Morris	\$3,727,579	13	14	-1
Naugatuck	\$113,754,793	66	47	19
New Fairfield	\$29,862,511	23	35	-12
New Hartford	\$12,198,428	61	63	-2
New Milford	\$213,339,183	138	146	-8
Newtown	\$102,829,544	195	164	31
Norfolk	\$3,504,362	2	3	-1
North Canaan	\$20,934,065	5	5	0
Prospect	\$29,549,187	31	45	-14
Redding	\$15,117,492	34	27	7
Ridgefield	\$195,453,517	52	79	-27
Roxbury	\$7,292,708	17	23	-6
Salisbury	\$30,030,673	18	17	1
Sharon	\$10,363,254	10	7	3
Sherman	\$5,272,610	40	28	12
Southbury	\$76,056,131	113	71	42
Thomaston	\$34,745,469	46	34	12
Torrington	\$429,826,234	102	82	20
Warren	\$419,176	10	12	-2
Washington	\$32,024,409	8	8	0
Waterbury	\$854,388,750	69	74	-5
Watertown	\$347,739,148	58	59	-1
Winchester	\$54,469,982	27	14	13
Wolcott	\$37,414,946	115	76	39
Woodbury	\$78,368,061	51	49	2

Sources: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development  
Connecticut Department of Revenue Services

## 2003 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES

FAMILY SIZE	POVERTY INCOME LEVEL
1	\$ 8,980
2	\$ 12,120
3	\$ 15,260
4	\$ 18,400
5	\$ 21,540
6	\$ 24,680
7	\$ 27,820
8	\$ 30,960

NOTE: For the poverty income level for families of more than eight members, add \$3,140 for each additional member.

Source: United States Department of Health and Human Services

## 2003 LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS 70% LLSIL \*

	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>METRO</b>	\$ 8,980	\$ 13,120	\$ 18,010	\$ 22,230	\$ 26,240	\$ 30,680
<b>NONMETRO</b>	\$ 8,980	\$ 12,750	\$ 17,510	\$ 21,610	\$ 25,500	\$ 29,830

Where family size is over six, for each additional person add: Metro, \$4,440; Nonmetro \$4,330.

\* Where the poverty income level is higher than the 70% LLSIL, the table shows the poverty income level.

NOTE: Effective May 30, 2003

Source: United States Department of Labor

**FOOD STAMPS, TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE, STATE SUPPLEMENT and MEDICAID  
State Fiscal Year 2002**

	Food Stamps		Temporary Family Assistance				State Supplement				Total Medicaid (TFA & S.Supp & Medicaid only, excl. QMB/SLMB)**	
			Regular		UP*						Cases	Recip.
	Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip	Aged	Blind	Disab.	Total		
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>80,967</b>	<b>157,028</b>	<b>22,626</b>	<b>50,984</b>	<b>1,313</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>6,102</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>14,923</b>	<b>21,154</b>	<b>209,211</b>	<b>355,498</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>10,355</b>	<b>20,629</b>	<b>2,730</b>	<b>6,104</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>811</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2,348</b>	<b>3,185</b>	<b>31,482</b>	<b>53,377</b>
Barkhamsted	13	36	6	14	0	0	0	0	2	2	79	163
Bethel	92	134	20	37	0	1	14	0	17	31	485	746
Bethlehem	12	18	2	2	0	2	1	0	3	4	77	129
Bridgewater	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	16	27
Brookfield	37	60	12	21	0	1	6	0	11	18	239	368
Canaan	23	39	3	6	0	0	0	0	8	8	131	191
Cheshire	68	90	10	22	0	3	49	0	47	98	544	718
Colebrook	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	14	30
Cornwall	7	9	2	4	0	2	0	0	2	2	43	79
Danbury	1,121	1,879	231	443	15	52	138	1	255	394	4,557	6,866
Goshen	14	28	4	7	0	0	2	0	7	9	54	101
Hartland	2	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	9	9	40	65
Harwinton	12	17	4	7	0	0	3	0	15	18	82	139
Kent	15	19	1	3	0	1	5	0	5	11	106	151
Litchfield	34	53	7	16	0	0	40	0	37	77	288	417
Middlebury	25	40	6	10	1	3	1	0	6	7	123	179
Morris	8	15	3	6	0	2	0	0	2	2	60	111
Naugatuck	473	1,001	135	313	10	40	24	0	87	112	1,613	2,937
New Fairfield	35	56	14	23	0	1	2	0	9	12	242	423
New Hartford	15	30	5	11	0	1	0	1	11	12	102	173
New Milford	183	287	39	68	4	19	19	0	66	85	999	1,587
Newtown	96	127	15	24	0	2	6	0	19	26	451	697
Norfolk	8	14	3	8	0	0	2	0	10	13	58	105
North Canaan	26	51	9	20	0	0	0	0	7	7	135	265

**FOOD STAMPS, TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE, STATE SUPPLEMENT and MEDICAID  
State Fiscal Year 2002**

	Food Stamps		Temporary Family Assistance				State Supplement				Total Medicaid (TFA & S.Supp & Medicaid only, excl. QMB/SLMB)**	
			Regular		UP*						Cases	Recip.
	Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip	Cases	Recip	Aged	Blind	Disab.	Total		
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>80,967</b>	<b>157,028</b>	<b>22,626</b>	<b>50,984</b>	<b>1,313</b>	<b>5,022</b>	<b>6,102</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>14,923</b>	<b>21,154</b>	<b>209,211</b>	<b>355,498</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>10,355</b>	<b>20,629</b>	<b>2,730</b>	<b>6,104</b>	<b>192</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>811</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2,348</b>	<b>3,185</b>	<b>31,482</b>	<b>53,377</b>
Prospect	26	49	4	8	0	1	4	0	9	14	283	405
Redding	10	17	1	3	0	0	1	0	4	6	48	77
Ridgefield	37	46	5	8	0	0	5	0	7	12	286	388
Roxbury	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	8	22	38
Salisbury	12	20	1	5	0	0	6	0	2	8	119	192
Sharon	6	9	1	3	1	1	1	0	0	1	81	130
Sherman	4	14	1	3	1	5	0	0	0	0	46	105
Southbury	37	64	11	18	0	0	16	1	31	49	976	1,108
Thomaston	54	104	12	29	1	3	1	1	13	15	227	427
Torrington	775	1,366	167	367	13	50	33	3	236	272	2,567	4,226
Warren	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	40
Washington	12	21	4	10	0	0	7	0	6	14	108	169
Waterbury	6,587	14,053	1,868	4,320	140	534	374	3	1,136	1,514	13,961	25,780
Watertown	140	220	31	61	1	6	25	1	91	118	732	1,130
Winchester	241	479	63	146	5	20	9	0	79	88	783	1,415
Wolcott	70	123	28	51	0	0	8	0	70	78	525	798
Woodbury	18	28	1	3	0	1	7	0	20	27	167	282

\* Two parent household where the primary wage earner is unemployed.

\*\* Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries (QMB) and Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB) are excluded from the total due to extensive overlap with other Medicaid groups.

Figures may not add due to rounding.

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

## STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE (SAGA)

State Fiscal Year 2002

	STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE			
	CASH		MEDICAL	
	CASES	RECIP.	CASES	RECIP.
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>4,232</b>	<b>4,326</b>	<b>22,355</b>	<b>22,364</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>2,719</b>	<b>2,721</b>
<b>Towns</b>				
Barkhamsted	1	1	4	4
Bethel	7	7	30	30
Bethlehem	1	1	4	4
Bridgewater	0	0	6	6
Brookfield	1	1	15	15
Canaan	0	0	4	4
Cheshire	4	4	13	13
Colebrook	0	0	0	0
Cornwall	0	0	3	3
Danbury	62	63	375	375
Goshen	0	0	4	4
Hartland	0	0	1	1
Harwinton	0	0	7	7
Kent	0	0	8	8
Litchfield	1	1	8	8
Middlebury	0	0	6	6
Morris	1	1	2	2
Naugatuck	26	26	106	106
New Fairfield	1	1	13	13
New Hartford	1	1	11	11
New Milford	10	10	56	56
Newtown	6	6	49	49
Norfolk	0	0	3	3
North Canaan	1	1	8	8
Prospect	3	3	10	10
Redding	1	3	3	3
Ridgefield	5	5	14	14
Roxbury	0	0	1	1
Salisbury	0	0	6	6
Sharon	0	0	52	52
Sherman	0	0	3	3
Southbury	2	2	18	18

## STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE (SAGA)

State Fiscal Year 2002

	STATE-ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE			
	CASH		MEDICAL	
	CASES	RECIP.	CASES	RECIP.
<b>Connecticut</b>	4,232	4,326	22,355	22,364
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	450	458	2,719	2,721
<b>Towns</b>				
Thomaston	4	4	14	14
Torrington	34	34	243	243
Warren	0	0	2	2
Washington	0	0	4	4
Waterbury	248	253	1,475	1,476
Watertown	10	10	39	39
Winchester	14	14	67	68
Wolcott	5	5	26	26
Woodbury	1	1	6	6

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

## MENTAL RETARDATION CLIENTS and PROBATIONERS

	Active Mental Retardation Clients <sup>1</sup>			Probationers by Residence <sup>2</sup>		
	June 2003	June 2002	Change	May 2003	May 2002	Change
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>14,667</b>	<b>14,580</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>55,230</b>	<b>55,889</b>	<b>-659</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>2,942</b>	<b>2,993</b>	<b>-51</b>	<b>7,291</b>	<b>7,621</b>	<b>-330</b>
<b>Towns</b>						
Barkhamsted	9	5	4	36	35	1
Bethel	51	57	-6	159	161	-2
Bethlehem	12	14	-2	22	31	-9
Bridgewater	0	0	0	10	10	0
Brookfield	47	52	-5	96	93	3
Canaan	17	20	-3	34	32	2
Cheshire	129	127	2	158	148	10
Colebrook	7	7	0	9	11	-2
Cornwall	3	3	0	6	12	-6
Danbury	259	269	-10	1,082	1,102	-20
Goshen	5	6	-1	23	17	6
Hartland	15	16	-1	9	9	0
Harwinton	22	20	2	39	37	2
Kent	7	9	-2	27	21	6
Litchfield	28	30	-2	73	74	-1
Middlebury	19	18	1	43	38	5
Morris	7	7	0	15	13	2
Naugatuck	101	93	8	412	432	-20
New Fairfield	35	35	0	99	110	-11
New Hartford	23	22	1	53	54	-1
New Milford	100	99	1	286	277	9
Newtown	58	59	-1	175	189	-14
Norfolk	19	18	1	22	20	2
North Canaan	1	1	0	15	21	-6
Prospect	33	32	1	54	59	-5
Redding	15	14	1	36	33	3
Ridgefield	27	27	0	105	90	15
Roxbury	10	9	1	12	9	3
Salisbury	5	5	0	32	29	3
Sharon	6	7	-1	27	22	5
Sherman	3	5	-2	20	20	0
Southbury	649	662	-13	89	104	-15
Thomaston	29	29	0	84	82	2
Torrington	296	304	-8	641	607	34
Warren	1	1	0	8	9	-1
Washington	5	5	0	24	25	-1
Waterbury	535	556	-21	2,725	3,038	-313
Watertown	130	127	3	166	163	3
Winchester	105	101	4	190	202	-12
Wolcott	94	98	-4	119	130	-11
Woodbury	25	24	1	56	52	4

1. Source: Connecticut Department of Mental Retardation, Active Clients as of June.

Note: Statewide total includes 121 out-of-state clients in June 2003, and 117 in June 2002.

2. Source: Connecticut Judicial Department, Office of Adult Probation, Clients as of May.



## ALCOHOL and DRUG ABUSERS

<b>Alcohol and Drug Abusers Served</b>		
	<b>SFY 2003<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>SFY 2001<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>36,154</b>	<b>38,060</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>4,423</b>	<b>4,626</b>
<b>Towns</b>		
Barkhamsted	20	12
Bethel	62	80
Bethlehem	18	16
Bridgewater	9	9
Brookfield	44	31
Canaan	31	171
Cheshire	90	63
Colebrook	4	5
Cornwall*	12	6
Danbury**	505	546
Goshen	13	22
Hartland	6	9
Harwinton	24	28
Kent	18	139
Litchfield	44	39
Middlebury	27	31
Morris	11	9
Naugatuck	206	234
New Fairfield**	30	38
New Hartford	38	44
New Milford	181	141
Newtown	89	113
Norfolk	11	7
North Canaan	4	8
Prospect	33	23
Redding	19	12
Ridgefield	33	33
Roxbury	4	7
Salisbury	16	15
Sharon	50	27
Sherman	9	5
Southbury	53	50
Thomaston	40	31
Torrington	478	460
Warren*	2	0
Washington	18	18
Waterbury	1,848	1,751
Watertown	100	109
Winchester	109	148
Wolcott	72	78
Woodbury	42	58

Sources: Connecticut Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, <sup>1</sup>Substance Abuse Treatment Information System, September 2003 and <sup>2</sup>Clients by Place of Residence

Numbers are compiled based on client's zip code.

\* Warren and Cornwall share a common zip code; client count included in Warren in SFY 2001.

\*\* New Fairfield and Danbury share a common zip code; client count included in Danbury in SFY 2001.

## TOTAL ANNUAL DROPOUT RATE FOR GRADES 9 - 12

	Number of Dropouts	Total Enrollment	Dropout Rate
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>3,891</b>	<b>158,996</b>	<b>2.4%</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>494</b>	<b>26,216</b>	<b>1.9%</b>
<b>Towns</b>			
Bethel	5	925	0.5%
Brookfield	5	838	0.6%
Cheshire	15	1,453	1.0%
Danbury	101	2,669	3.8%
Litchfield	3	401	0.7%
Naugatuck	48	1,620	3.0%
New Fairfield	6	889	0.7%
New Milford	3	1,401	0.2%
Newtown	11	1,364	0.8%
Ridgefield	7	1,345	0.5%
Thomaston	9	347	2.6%
Torrington	66	1,272	5.2%
Waterbury	105	3,554	3.0%
Watertown	22	913	2.4%
Winchester	2	12	16.7%
Wolcott	11	868	1.3%
Regional School District 1 <sup>a</sup>	8	565	1.4%
Regional School District 6 <sup>b</sup>	3	396	0.8%
Regional School District 7 <sup>c</sup>	3	692	0.4%
Regional School District 9 <sup>d</sup>	3	789	0.4%
Regional School District 10 <sup>e</sup>	2	727	0.3%
Regional School District 12 <sup>f</sup>	8	358	2.2%
Regional School District 14 <sup>g</sup>	7	767	0.9%
Regional School District 15 <sup>h</sup>	26	1,131	2.3%
Regional School District 16 <sup>i</sup>	0	340	0.0%
Explorations (Winchester)	2	61	3.3%
The Gilbert School (Winchester)	13	519	2.5%

<sup>a</sup>Regional School District 1 serves the towns of Canaan, Cornwall, Kent, North Canaan, Salisbury, Sharon

<sup>b</sup>Regional School District 6 serves the towns of Goshen, Morris, Warren

<sup>c</sup>Regional School District 7 serves the towns of Barkhamsted, Colebrook, New Hartford, Norfolk

<sup>d</sup>Regional School District 9 serves the towns of Easton, Redding

<sup>e</sup>Regional School District 10 serves the towns of Burlington, Harwinton

<sup>f</sup>Regional School District 12 serves the towns of Bridgewater, Roxbury, Washington

<sup>g</sup>Regional School District 14 serves the towns of Bethlehem, Woodbury

<sup>h</sup>Regional School District 15 serves the towns of Middlebury, Southbury

<sup>i</sup>Regional School District 16 serves the towns of Beacon Falls and Prospect

Source: Connecticut Department of Education, Bureau of Evaluation and Student Assessment

**Births to Teenage Mothers  
by Age and Place of Residence - 2000\***

	<15YRS	15YRS	16YRS	17YRS	18YRS	19YRS	TOTAL
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>599</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>1,191</b>	<b>3,350</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>156</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>498</b>
<b>Towns</b>							
Bethel	1	0	0	2	2	1	6
Bethlehem	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Brookfield	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Cheshire	0	0	1	1	1	2	5
Cornwall	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Danbury	1	1	12	13	26	29	82
Hartland	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Harwinton	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Kent	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Litchfield	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Middlebury	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Naugatuck	0	1	1	3	8	13	26
New Fairfield	0	0	0	0	1	4	5
New Hartford	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
New Milford	0	0	0	2	7	7	16
Newtown	0	0	1	1	1	5	8
North Canaan	0	0	0	0	1	2	3
Prospect	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
Ridgefield	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
Salisbury	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Sharon	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Sherman	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Southbury	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Thomaston	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Torrington	0	2	0	7	8	16	33
Warren	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Waterbury	7	6	33	45	81	90	262
Watertown	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Winchester	0	1	2	4	5	8	20
Wolcott	0	0	0	0	1	2	3

\*Provisional data

Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health, Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation

**ESTIMATED NUMBER OF DISLOCATED WORKERS  
BY SEX, RACE/ETHNIC GROUP  
March 2003**

	TOTAL	SEX		RACE/ETHNIC			
		MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	HISPANIC	OTHER
<b>Connecticut*</b>	<b>53,127</b>	<b>32,302</b>	<b>20,825</b>	<b>33,125</b>	<b>6,215</b>	<b>5,387</b>	<b>8,390</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>8,240</b>	<b>5,114</b>	<b>3,126</b>	<b>5,602</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>1,454</b>
<b>Towns</b>							
Barkhamsted	65	47	18	55	2	0	8
Bethel	195	125	70	152	5	4	34
Bethlehem	47	32	15	38	0	2	7
Bridgewater	13	6	7	9	0	0	4
Brookfield	166	103	63	144	3	3	16
Canaan	29	21	8	27	1	0	1
Cheshire	203	143	60	161	5	3	34
Colebrook	10	6	4	6	0	0	4
Cornwall	19	10	9	18	0	0	1
Danbury	950	541	409	560	62	127	201
Goshen	27	14	13	25	0	0	2
Hartland	23	12	11	23	0	0	0
Harwinton	73	59	14	55	1	0	16
Kent	22	14	8	16	0	0	6
Litchfield	97	64	33	80	0	0	17
Middlebury	78	48	30	66	2	0	10
Morris	36	19	17	29	0	0	7
Naugatuck	624	423	201	452	16	25	130
New Fairfield	113	69	44	94	0	2	17
New Hartford	83	57	26	75	1	0	7
New Milford	274	170	104	239	6	3	26
Newtown	212	117	95	174	2	2	34
Norfolk	20	14	6	17	0	1	2
North Canaan	8	5	3	7	0	0	1
Prospect	137	85	52	110	6	1	20
Redding	69	33	36	55	1	0	13
Ridgefield	144	88	56	127	2	1	14
Roxbury	11	7	4	9	1	0	1
Salisbury	16	12	4	14	0	0	2
Sharon	13	7	6	9	1	0	3
Sherman	17	7	10	13	1	0	3
Southbury	175	105	70	149	1	2	23
Thomaston	163	98	65	132	1	3	27
Torrington	723	475	248	531	17	30	145
Warren	10	4	6	9	0	0	1
Washington	37	26	11	34	0	1	2
Waterbury	2,351	1,417	934	1,104	395	413	439
Watertown	364	224	140	287	3	5	69
Winchester	247	162	85	188	2	9	48
Wolcott	261	167	94	207	2	3	49
Woodbury	115	78	37	102	1	2	10

\* Includes out of state residents filing in Connecticut

SOURCE: Connecticut Department of Labor, Unemployment Insurance Claims and Wage Record Files

**ESTIMATED DISLOCATED WORKERS BY UI\* STATUS**  
**March 2003**

	TOTAL DISLOCATED WORKERS	CURRENT REG CLAIMS 15 PLUS WEEKS	UI EXHAUSTED BENEFITS	UI CLAIMANTS AGE 45+ 4-14 WEEKS	PERMANENT LAYOFFS AGE UNDER 45
<b>Connecticut**</b>	<b>53,127</b>	<b>29,387</b>	<b>6,208</b>	<b>15,630</b>	<b>1,902</b>
<b>Northwest WIA</b>	<b>8,240</b>	<b>4,481</b>	<b>879</b>	<b>2,652</b>	<b>228</b>
<b>Towns</b>					
Barkhamsted	65	31	7	25	2
Bethel	195	107	17	68	3
Bethlehem	47	21	6	20	0
Bridgewater	13	5	2	6	0
Brookfield	166	83	16	66	1
Canaan	29	18	1	10	0
Cheshire	203	108	17	71	7
Colebrook	10	3	3	3	1
Cornwall	19	11	0	7	1
Danbury	950	523	81	327	19
Goshen	27	11	4	9	3
Hartland	23	11	0	12	0
Harwinton	73	31	6	33	3
Kent	22	11	3	8	0
Litchfield	97	53	6	37	1
Middlebury	78	37	11	29	1
Morris	36	19	2	14	1
Naugatuck	624	351	51	198	24
New Fairfield	113	62	11	39	1
New Hartford	83	46	10	26	1
New Milford	274	158	20	87	9
Newtown	212	112	22	76	2
Norfolk	20	9	5	5	1
North Canaan	8	3	2	2	1
Prospect	137	65	12	57	3
Redding	69	33	6	30	0
Ridgefield	144	66	24	50	4
Roxbury	11	9	0	2	0
Salisbury	16	13	0	3	0
Sharon	13	5	4	4	0
Sherman	17	10	3	4	0
Southbury	175	92	12	65	6
Thomaston	163	76	18	63	6
Torrington	723	362	61	268	32
Warren	10	5	0	5	0
Washington	37	12	5	18	2
Waterbury	2,351	1,378	329	583	61
Watertown	364	190	43	127	4
Winchester	247	138	23	74	12
Wolcott	261	136	25	85	15
Woodbury	115	67	11	36	1

\* Unemployment Insurance

\*\* Includes out of state residents filing in Connecticut

SOURCE: Connecticut Department of Labor, Unemployment Insurance Claims and Wage Record Files

**Characteristics of Active *Connecticut WORKS* Applicants**  
**As of June 30, 2003**

Area	Total	Male	Female	----- Age -----						Veterans
				<18	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55+	
Statewide	85,928	50,137	35,783	493	11,764	20,430	23,528	17,617	12,073	7,275
Eastern WIA	10,760	6,187	4,571	73	1,745	2,536	2,996	2,221	1,185	1,219
North Central WIA	27,659	16,711	10,947	172	3,758	6,614	7,625	5,705	3,781	2,225
Northwest WIA	14,052	8,265	5,784	98	1,809	3,158	3,739	3,056	2,187	1,249
South Central WIA	18,029	10,423	7,605	95	2,510	4,421	4,942	3,571	2,486	1,413
Southwest WIA	15,428	8,551	6,876	55	1,942	3,701	4,226	3,064	2,434	1,169

Area	Total	----- Minority Group -----			----- Highest School Grade -----				Handi-capped
		Total	Black	Hispanic	0-7	8-11	12	Over 12	
Statewide	85,928	25,844	12,603	11,048	19,535	13,361	43,063	9,969	522
Eastern WIA	10,760	1,823	783	770	2,231	1,611	5,616	1,302	90
North Central WIA	27,659	9,225	4,359	4,072	6,099	3,968	14,898	2,694	115
Northwest WIA	14,052	3,094	1,258	1,484	3,249	2,293	6,691	1,819	149
South Central WIA	18,029	5,487	3,089	2,015	4,036	2,622	9,152	2,219	90
Southwest WIA	15,428	6,215	3,114	2,707	3,920	2,867	6,706	1,935	78

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

**Characteristics as Percentage of Total Active *Connecticut WORKS* Applicants**  
***As of June 30, 2003***

Area	Total	Male	Female	----- Age -----						Veterans
				<18	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55+	
Statewide	100%	58.3%	41.6%	0.6%	13.7%	23.8%	27.4%	20.5%	14.1%	8.5%
Eastern WIA	100%	57.5%	42.5%	0.7%	16.2%	23.6%	27.8%	20.6%	11.0%	11.3%
North Central WIA	100%	60.4%	39.6%	0.6%	13.6%	23.9%	27.6%	20.6%	13.7%	8.0%
Northwest WIA	100%	58.8%	41.2%	0.7%	12.9%	22.5%	26.6%	21.7%	15.6%	8.9%
South Central WIA	100%	57.8%	42.2%	0.5%	13.9%	24.5%	27.4%	19.8%	13.8%	7.8%
Southwest WIA	100%	55.4%	44.6%	0.4%	12.6%	24.0%	27.4%	19.9%	15.8%	7.6%

Area	Total	----- Minority Group -----			----- Highest School Grade -----				Handi-capped
		Total	Black	Hispanic	0-7	8-11	12	Over 12	
Statewide	100.0%	30.1%	14.7%	12.9%	22.7%	15.5%	50.1%	11.6%	0.6%
Eastern WIA	100.0%	16.9%	7.3%	7.2%	20.7%	15.0%	52.2%	12.1%	0.8%
North Central WIA	100.0%	33.4%	15.8%	14.7%	22.1%	14.3%	53.9%	9.7%	0.4%
Northwest WIA	100.0%	22.0%	9.0%	10.6%	23.1%	16.3%	47.6%	12.9%	1.1%
South Central WIA	100.0%	30.4%	17.1%	11.2%	22.4%	14.5%	50.8%	12.3%	0.5%
Southwest WIA	100.0%	40.3%	20.2%	17.5%	25.4%	18.6%	43.5%	12.5%	0.5%

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Connecticut - Statewide

**WORKSITES by SIZE CLASS**

**December 2002**

Size Class (No. of Employees)	Worksites*		Employment*	
	Number	Percent of total	Number	Percent of total
0 - 4	62,228	59.7%	101,660	7.2%
5 - 9	17,920	17.2%	118,503	8.4%
10 - 19	11,550	11.1%	155,049	11.0%
20 - 49	7,714	7.4%	233,556	16.5%
50 - 99	2,619	2.5%	179,874	12.7%
100 - 249	1,623	1.6%	247,881	17.5%
250 - 499	363	0.3%	121,778	8.6%
500 - 999	129	0.1%	84,094	5.9%
1,000 & over	75	0.1%	171,530	12.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>104,221</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>1,413,925</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

\* Excludes government.

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms report only statewide employment and are, therefore, not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>108,021</b>	<b>1,648,986</b>	<b>\$77,254,032,922</b>	<b>\$46,849</b>	<b>\$901</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>16,697</b>	<b>280,770</b>	<b>\$15,096,779,741</b>	<b>\$53,769</b>	<b>\$1,034</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>11,032</b>	<b>69,205</b>	<b>\$3,227,051,636</b>	<b>\$46,630</b>	<b>\$897</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>5,665</b>	<b>211,565</b>	<b>\$11,869,728,105</b>	<b>\$56,104</b>	<b>\$1,079</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>4,078</b>	<b>156,693</b>	<b>\$8,548,542,737</b>	<b>\$54,556</b>	<b>\$1,049</b>
Fabricated Metal	1,433	35,018	\$1,566,301,280	\$44,729	\$860
Machinery	672	20,290	\$1,199,695,046	\$59,129	\$1,137
Computer and Electronic Product	416	18,051	\$986,465,955	\$54,649	\$1,051
Electrical Equipment	187	11,522	\$731,256,063	\$63,468	\$1,221
Transportation Equipment	250	45,312	\$2,871,441,241	\$63,370	\$1,219
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>1,587</b>	<b>54,872</b>	<b>\$3,321,185,368</b>	<b>\$60,526</b>	<b>\$1,164</b>
Printing and Related	547	8,838	\$399,704,134	\$45,224	\$870
Chemical	197	18,816	\$1,675,155,658	\$89,027	\$1,712
Plastics and Rubber Products	244	8,225	\$347,125,577	\$42,206	\$812
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>91,324</b>	<b>1,368,216</b>	<b>\$62,157,253,181</b>	<b>\$45,429</b>	<b>\$874</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>24,736</b>	<b>308,025</b>	<b>\$11,583,587,761</b>	<b>\$37,606</b>	<b>\$723</b>
Wholesale Trade	9,404	66,039	\$4,264,286,446	\$64,572	\$1,242
Retail Trade	13,320	194,971	\$5,287,207,231	\$27,118	\$522
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	1,313	22,375	\$997,820,737	\$44,596	\$858
Building Material	987	15,972	\$501,490,377	\$31,398	\$604
Food and Beverage Stores	2,206	45,961	\$997,890,279	\$21,712	\$418
General Merchandise Stores	359	24,264	\$446,562,039	\$18,404	\$354
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	2012	47,014	\$2,032,094,084	\$43,223	\$831
<b>Information</b>	<b>1,826</b>	<b>41,154</b>	<b>\$2,311,114,290</b>	<b>\$56,158</b>	<b>\$1,080</b>
Telecommunications	394	14,920	\$920,997,688	\$61,730	\$1,187
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>9,784</b>	<b>143,005</b>	<b>\$12,902,420,971</b>	<b>\$90,223</b>	<b>\$1,735</b>
Finance and Insurance	6,385	122,393	\$12,019,815,625	\$98,206	\$1,889
Credit Intermediation	2,234	31,991	\$2,274,840,258	\$71,109	\$1,367
Securities and Commodity Contracts	1,771	17,329	\$4,199,243,688	\$242,330	\$4,660
Insurance Carriers	2,261	67,848	\$5,028,727,670	\$74,117	\$1,425
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	3,399	20,612	\$882,605,346	\$42,820	\$823

## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2002 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>19,832</b>	<b>201,752</b>	<b>\$11,415,658,806</b>	<b>\$56,583</b>	<b>\$1,088</b>
Professional, Scientific	12,876	91,337	\$6,368,359,112	\$69,724	\$1,341
Management of Companies	576	27,368	\$2,608,501,475	\$95,311	\$1,833
Administrative and Support	6,380	83,047	\$2,438,798,219	\$29,367	\$565
<b>Educational and Health Services</b>	<b>10,236</b>	<b>255,397</b>	<b>\$9,845,947,753</b>	<b>\$38,552</b>	<b>\$741</b>
Educational Services	1,195	42,612	\$1,792,287,248	\$42,061	\$809
Health Care and Social Assistance	9,041	212,785	\$8,053,660,505	\$37,849	\$728
Hospitals	58	54,052	\$2,394,151,631	\$44,293	\$852
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	1,093	56,050	\$1,631,882,642	\$29,115	\$560
Social Assistance	1,887	32,642	\$676,693,028	\$20,730	\$399
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>8,328</b>	<b>122,917</b>	<b>\$2,121,875,209</b>	<b>\$17,263</b>	<b>\$332</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1,674	23,588	\$547,365,112	\$23,205	\$446
Accommodation and Food Services	6,654	99,329	\$1,574,510,098	\$15,851	\$305
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	6,233	87,911	\$1,326,213,923	\$15,086	\$290
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>12,591</b>	<b>55,855</b>	<b>\$1,470,397,291</b>	<b>\$26,325</b>	<b>\$506</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>3,658</b>	<b>239,618</b>	<b>\$10,469,656,988</b>	<b>\$43,693</b>	<b>\$840</b>
Federal	589	21,247	\$1,047,185,662	\$49,287	\$948
State	801	64,068	\$3,202,460,726	\$49,986	\$961
Local**	2,268	154,303	\$6,220,010,600	\$40,310	\$775
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>493</b>	<b>\$36,594,110</b>	<b>\$74,303</b>	<b>\$1,429</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

\*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Total, All Industries</b>	<b>107,576</b>	<b>1,665,699</b>	<b>\$78,271,494,564</b>	<b>\$46,990</b>	<b>\$904</b>
<b>Goods Producing Industries</b>	<b>16,629</b>	<b>298,000</b>	<b>\$15,938,954,888</b>	<b>\$53,486</b>	<b>\$1,029</b>
<b>Construction, Nat. Res. &amp; Mining</b>	<b>10,851</b>	<b>71,452</b>	<b>\$3,314,751,424</b>	<b>\$46,391</b>	<b>\$892</b>
<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>5,778</b>	<b>226,548</b>	<b>\$12,624,203,464</b>	<b>\$55,724</b>	<b>\$1,072</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b>	<b>4,177</b>	<b>168,556</b>	<b>\$9,057,562,529</b>	<b>\$53,736</b>	<b>\$1,033</b>
Fabricated Metal	1,469	37,941	\$1,662,008,796	\$43,805	\$842
Machinery	689	22,566	\$1,293,392,613	\$57,316	\$1,102
Computer and Electronic Product	431	20,893	\$1,166,763,794	\$55,845	\$1,074
Electrical Equipment	199	12,786	\$818,129,118	\$63,986	\$1,230
Transportation Equipment	259	46,906	\$2,859,500,897	\$60,963	\$1,172
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b>	<b>1,601</b>	<b>57,992</b>	<b>\$3,566,640,935</b>	<b>\$61,502</b>	<b>\$1,183</b>
Printing and Related	564	10,087	\$445,234,067	\$44,139	\$849
Chemical	186	19,694	\$1,878,810,591	\$95,398	\$1,835
Plastics and Rubber Products	246	8,588	\$351,851,359	\$40,970	\$788
<b>Service Providing Industries</b>	<b>90,947</b>	<b>1,367,699</b>	<b>\$62,332,539,676</b>	<b>\$45,575</b>	<b>\$876</b>
<b>Trade, Transportation, and Utilities</b>	<b>24,614</b>	<b>310,831</b>	<b>\$11,786,125,263</b>	<b>\$37,918</b>	<b>\$729</b>
Wholesale Trade	9,163	67,555	\$4,435,788,286	\$65,662	\$1,263
Retail Trade	13,476	194,847	\$5,263,786,239	\$27,015	\$520
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	1,346	22,011	\$962,224,128	\$43,715	\$841
Building Material	1,010	15,053	\$476,699,684	\$31,669	\$609
Food and Beverage Stores	2,270	46,213	\$959,588,292	\$20,764	\$399
General Merchandise Stores	342	24,222	\$433,747,659	\$17,907	\$344
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities	1,975	48,429	\$2,086,550,737	\$43,085	\$829
<b>Information</b>	<b>1,912</b>	<b>44,675</b>	<b>\$2,577,917,639</b>	<b>\$57,704</b>	<b>\$1,110</b>
Telecommunications	379	16,203	\$1,037,840,929	\$64,051	\$1,232
<b>Financial Activities</b>	<b>9,626</b>	<b>143,194</b>	<b>\$12,881,467,396</b>	<b>\$89,958</b>	<b>\$1,730</b>
Finance and Insurance	6,277	122,021	\$11,984,307,220	\$98,216	\$1,889
Credit Intermediation	2,212	32,327	\$2,132,363,031	\$65,962	\$1,268
Securities and Commodity Contracts	1,696	16,753	\$4,303,869,537	\$256,909	\$4,941
Insurance Carriers	2,254	67,362	\$4,944,060,976	\$73,395	\$1,411
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	3,349	21,174	\$897,160,176	\$42,372	\$815

## Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry - 2001 Annual Average

Industry	Worksites	Annual Average Employment	Total Wages	Average Annual Wage	Average Weekly Wage
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	<b>19,841</b>	<b>209,227</b>	<b>\$12,318,307,493</b>	<b>\$58,875</b>	<b>\$1,132</b>
Professional, Scientific	12,970	94,318	\$6,861,760,259	\$72,751	\$1,399
Management of Companies	559	28,436	\$2,980,725,936	\$104,821	\$2,016
Administrative and Support	6,312	86,473	\$2,475,821,298	\$28,631	\$551
<b>Educational and Health Services</b>	<b>10,021</b>	<b>247,701</b>	<b>\$9,220,462,540</b>	<b>\$37,224</b>	<b>\$716</b>
Educational Services	1,134	41,033	\$1,652,519,763	\$40,273	\$774
Health Care and Social Assistance	8,887	206,668	\$7,567,942,777	\$36,619	\$704
Hospitals	55	52,754	\$2,222,271,540	\$42,125	\$810
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	1,092	54,543	\$1,568,097,774	\$28,750	\$553
Social Assistance	1,848	30,923	\$624,696,469	\$20,202	\$388
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	<b>8,139</b>	<b>120,147</b>	<b>\$2,073,367,140</b>	<b>\$17,257</b>	<b>\$332</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1,600	23,128	\$568,067,437	\$24,562	\$472
Accommodation and Food Services	6,539	97,019	\$1,505,299,703	\$15,516	\$298
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Pls.	6,120	85,363	\$1,263,470,879	\$14,801	\$285
<b>Other Services</b>	<b>12,559</b>	<b>55,385</b>	<b>\$1,427,232,609</b>	<b>\$25,769</b>	<b>\$496</b>
<b>Government</b>	<b>3,687</b>	<b>235,488</b>	<b>\$10,003,164,485</b>	<b>\$42,478</b>	<b>\$817</b>
Federal	627	21,597	\$1,017,459,757	\$47,111	\$906
State	779	63,919	\$3,059,186,977	\$47,861	\$920
Local**	2,281	149,972	\$5,926,517,751	\$39,517	\$760
<b>Unclassified</b>	<b>548</b>	<b>1,052</b>	<b>\$44,495,112</b>	<b>\$42,309</b>	<b>\$814</b>

\* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

\*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment.

Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding.

**2001 and 2002 PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME  
FFY 2003\* FAMILY, and 2000 HOUSEHOLD MEDIAN INCOME**

State	Per Capita Income		Rank in the U.S.		2003 FFY 4-Person Family	2000 Median Household
	2002p	2000r	2002	2001		
United States	\$30,941	\$30,413			\$62,228	\$41,343
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>\$42,706</b>	<b>\$42,377</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>\$82,702</b>	<b>\$53,108</b>
Maine	\$27,744	\$26,853	33	34	\$56,186	\$36,400
Massachusetts	\$39,244	\$38,864	3	2	\$78,025	\$49,505
New Hampshire	\$34,334	\$33,969	6	6	\$71,661	\$49,509
New Jersey	\$39,453	\$38,625	2	3	\$78,560	\$54,226
New York	\$36,043	\$35,878	5	4	\$64,520	\$43,640
Pennsylvania	\$31,727	\$30,752	15	15	\$65,411	\$39,562
Rhode Island	\$31,319	\$30,256	16	16	\$68,418	\$43,185
Vermont	\$29,567	\$28,756	24	24	\$59,125	\$39,317

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\*Federal Fiscal Year 2003 covers the period of October 1, 2002 through September 30, 2003.

Sources:

Per capita income: Bureau of Economic Analysis.  
 Median income, 4-person families: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services,  
 Federal Register/Vol.67, No. 20.  
 Median Household Income: U.S. Census Bureau,  
 Census 2000 Supplementary Survey Summary Tables.

**Base Period:** A selected period of time, frequently one year, against which changes to other points in time are calculated (also see Index Number).

**Benchmarking:** The process of reestimating statistics as more complete data become available. Estimates are usually calculated using only a sample of the universe (total count). Therefore, benchmarking allows for correction of estimating errors. New benchmarking levels are introduced on an annual basis.

**Covered Employment:** Employment in any industry insured under the provisions of the Connecticut Unemployment Compensation Law.

**Current Population Survey:** A national household survey conducted each month by the Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information is gathered from a sample of about 60,000 households (1,200 in Connecticut) designed to represent the civilian noninstitutional population of persons 16 years of age and over.

**Discouraged Workers:** Persons not included in the unemployment count who say they did not look for work because they think none is available, or they believe they lack the skills necessary to compete in the labor market.

**Dislocated Worker:** As defined under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, an individual who: (A) 1. has been terminated or laid off, or received notice of same; and 2. is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation, or has demonstrated attachment to the workforce but is not eligible for unemployment compensation; and 3. is unlikely to return to a previous industry or occupation. Or (B) 1. has been terminated or laid off, or has received notice of same, as a result of permanent closure or substantial layoff at a plant, facility or enterprise; or 2. is employed at a facility at which employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close within 180 days; or, 3. for purposes of receiving certain services, is employed at a facility at which the employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close. Or (C) was self-employed but is unemployed as a result of general economic conditions in the community in which the individual resides or because of natural disasters. Or (D) is a displaced homemaker.

**Displaced Homemaker:** An individual who has been providing unpaid services to family members in the home and who (A) has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by that income; and (B) is unemployed or

underemployed and is experiencing difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment.

**Durable Goods:** Items with a normal life expectancy of three years or more. Automobiles, furniture, household appliances, and mobile homes are examples. Because of their nature, expenditures for durable goods are generally postponable. Consequently, durable goods sales are the most volatile component of consumer expenditures.

**Employed Persons:** Those individuals who are 16 years of age and over who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month, or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-owned business, and individuals who were temporarily absent from their jobs due to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor dispute, or personal reasons. Excluded are persons whose only activity consists of work around the house and volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

**Establishment:** An economic unit such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services. It is usually at a single physical location and engaged in one predominant type of economic activity.

**Family:** A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

**Farm Employment:** Persons who work as owners and operators of farms, as unpaid family workers on farms, or as hired workers who are engaged in farm activities.

**Full-Time Employment:** Employment of 35 or more hours per week.

**Household:** A household includes all the people who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence.

**Housing Permits:** Counted by the Bureau of the Census, new housing permits include permits issued for all new privately owned, attached and detached single-family houses.

**Index Number:** A measure of the relative changes occurring in a series of values compared with a base period. The base period usually equals 100, and any changes from it represent percentages. By use of an index number, large or unwieldy data, such as sales in thousands of dollars or costs in dollars and cents, are reduced to a form in which they can be readily understood.

**Industry:** A generic term for a distinct group of economic activities. Industries are described and classified by their primary activity or product.

**Initial Claim:** A notice filed by a worker, at the beginning of a period of unemployment, requesting a determination of insured status for jobless benefits.

**Labor Force:** All persons 16 years of age and over who are classified as employed, unemployed and seeking employment, or involved in a labor-management dispute. The labor force does not include persons who never worked a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer and "discouraged workers" who have been unemployed for a substantial length of time and are no longer actively seeking employment. Members of the armed forces stationed either in the United States or abroad are counted by their place of residence. The civilian labor force excludes members of the armed forces and the institutionalized population.

**Labor Force Participation Rate:** The proportion of the total civilian noninstitutional population or of a demographic subgroup of that population classified as "in the labor force."

**Labor Market Area (LMA):** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, an economically integrated geographic area within which individuals can reside and find employment within a reasonable distance or can readily change employment without changing their place of residence.

**Labor Market Information (LMI):** The body of information that deals with the functioning of labor markets and the determination of the demand for and supply of labor. It includes, but is not limited to, such key factors as changes in the level and/or composition of economic activity, the population, employment and unemployment, income and earnings, wage rates, and fringe benefits.

**Labor Surplus Area:** A civil jurisdiction where the average unemployment rate is at least 20 percent above the average unemployment for all states, or its unemployment during the previous two calendar years was ten percent or more. The designation allows establishments in the area preference in bidding for certain federal contracts.

**Location Quotients:** Measure an industry's concentration or specialization in one geographical area relative to a larger area.

**Manufacturing:** Includes establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials

or substances into new products. These establishments are usually described as plants, factories, or mills and characteristically use power-driven machines and materials handling equipment. The new product of a manufacturing establishment may be "finished" in the sense that it is ready for utilization and consumption, or it may be "semi-finished" to become a raw material for an establishment engaged in further manufacturing.

**Median:** The middle value or midpoint between two middle values in a set of data arranged in order of increasing or decreasing magnitude. As such, one-half of the items in the set are less than the median and one-half are greater.

**Median Income:** The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families, including those with no income. Additional information on median income is available from the U.S. Census Bureau at: <http://www.census.gov/prod/cen2000/doc/sf3.pdf>.

**Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA):** The general concept of a Metropolitan Statistical Area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Connecticut currently has seven Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget.

**Money Income:** Census-based money income is derived from a sample of individuals 15 years of age and older, and consists only of income that is received by individuals in cash and its equivalents.

**Nondurable Goods:** Items that generally last for only a short period of time (three years or less). Food, beverages, apparel, and gasoline are common examples. Because of their nature, nondurable goods are generally purchased when needed.

**Nonfarm Employment:** The total number of persons on establishment payroll employed full- or part-time who received pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid sick leave, on paid holiday, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, is included. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data exclude proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm

workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed.

**Occupation:** A name or title of a job that identifies a set of activities or tasks that employees are paid to perform. Employees that perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether or not they are in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few particular industries, other occupations are found in the majority of industries.

**Part-Time Employment:** As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in which a worker is regularly scheduled to work fewer than 35 hours a week.

**Per Capita Personal Income:** The annual total personal income of residents divided by resident population as of July 1.

**Personal Income:** Measures the net earnings, rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments by place of residence before the deduction of personal income taxes and other personal taxes. Reported in current dollars.

**Private Household Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in private households such as child care workers, cooks, housekeepers or other household staff.

**Production Workers:** Employees, up through the level of working supervisor, who are directly engaged in the manufacture of the product of an establishment. Among those excluded from this category are persons in executive and managerial positions and persons engaged in activities such as accounting, sales, advertising, routine clerical work, and professional and technical functions.

**Retail Sales:** Based on sales taxes received by the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services from firms in Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) industries 52 through 59, Retail Trade.

**SAGA (State-Administered General Assistance):** Provides cash, medical, and emergency assistance to persons who do not qualify for federal and state assistance programs, such as Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), and Medicaid.

**Seasonal Adjustments:** The adjustment of time-series data to eliminate the effect of intrayear variations that tend to occur each year in approximately the same

manner. Examples of such variations include school terms, holidays, and yearly weather patterns.

**Seasonal Industry:** An industry in which activity is affected by regularly recurring weather changes, holidays, vacations, etc. The construction and recreational industries are typically characterized as “seasonal.”

**Self-Employed Workers:** Persons who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Self-employed persons whose businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation.

**Underemployed:** Persons working full- or part-time in jobs that are below their earning capacity or level of competence. The terms “underemployed” and “underutilized” are used interchangeably. Underemployment has also been defined as “involuntary part-time” employment or employment of a person on a part-time basis when full-time work is desired.

**Unemployed:** Persons who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and: (a) had engaged in any specific job-seeking activity within the past four weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (b) were waiting to be called back from a job from which they had been laid off; or (c) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

**Unemployment Rate:** Represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate eliminates the influence of regularly recurring seasonal fluctuations which can be ascribed to weather, crop-growing cycles, holidays, vacations, etc., and therefore, more clearly shows the underlying basic trend of unemployment.

**Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998:** Represents significant changes to federal statutes governing programs of job training, adult education and literacy, and vocational rehabilitation in order to establish a coordinated, streamlined and more flexible workforce development system. It is a revitalized system that focuses on providing *employers* with skilled workers, and the economic and workforce information they need to conduct business effectively - and on providing *workers* with the information, advice, job search assistance, and training they need to get and keep good jobs.



**Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research Publications:**

*Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media*

*Connecticut Career Paths*

*Connecticut Careers: Career Directions for Entry-Level Jobs*

*Connecticut Data for Affirmative Action Plans*

*Connecticut Economic Digest, The*

*Connecticut Labor Market Information At-A-Glance*

*Connecticut Labor Situation*

*Connecticut Occupational Employment & Wages*

*Directory of Labor Market Information*

*Equal Employment Opportunity Special Census File*

*Forecast 2010*

*Information for Workforce Investment Planning*

*Labor Force Data for Labor Market Areas & Towns*

*Soaring to New Heights...Connecticut Job Outlook*

*Total Nonfarm Employment by Town*

*Writing Your Résumé for Success*

*Your Job Search Guide*

Many of these publications are available on the Internet at: [www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi](http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi)

The Job & Career ConneCTion provides on-line information on career development, occupational profiles, and finding employment, all at one site - [www.ctjobandcareer.org](http://www.ctjobandcareer.org).