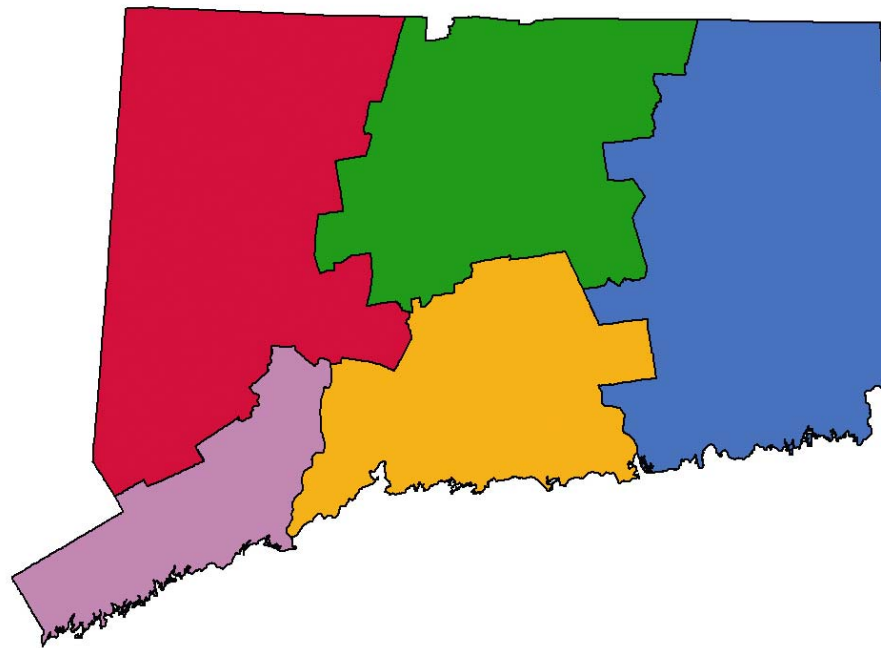


2008

Information for Workforce Investment Planning

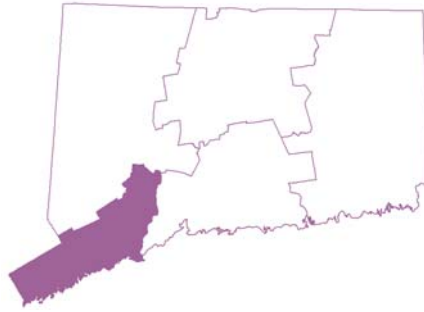


SOUTHWEST Workforce Investment Area

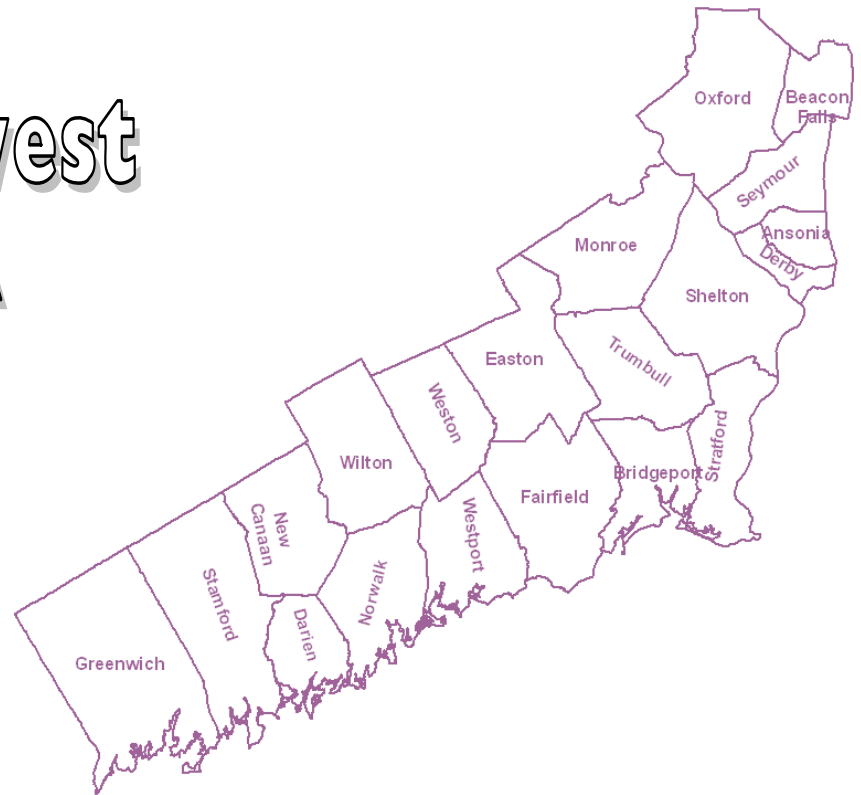


Ansonia
Beacon Falls
Bridgeport
Darien
Derby
Easton
Fairfield
Greenwich
Monroe
New Canaan

Norwalk
Oxford
Seymour
Shelton
Stamford
Stratford
Trumbull
Weston
Westport
Wilton



Southwest WIA



The **Southwest Workforce Investment Area (WIA)** is comprised of 20 cities and towns that cover mainly the Bridgeport and Stamford Labor Market Areas. It borders lower Westchester County, New York, and extends as far north as lower New Haven County. Directly north along Interstate Route 95, the area is accessible via railway (Amtrak and Metro-North) and numerous interstate bus lines. Residents are within driving distance of the three New York area international airports, Connecticut's Bradley International Airport, and regional airports (Tweed-New Haven, Sikorsky, White Plains, and Islip) that offer commuter flights to larger facilities.



**Eastern
WIA**
(41 towns)

Ashford
Bozrah
Brooklyn
Canterbury
Chaplin
Colchester
Columbia
Coventry
Eastford
East Lyme
Franklin
Griswold
Groton
Hampton
Killingly
Lebanon
Ledyard
Lisbon
Lyme
Mansfield
Montville
New London
North Stonington
Norwich
Old Lyme
Plainfield
Pomfret
Preston
Putnam
Salem
Scotland
Sprague
Sterling
Stonington
Thompson
Union
Voluntown
Waterford
Willington
Windham
Woodstock

**North Central
WIA**
(37 towns)

Andover
Avon
Berlin
Bloomfield
Bolton
Bristol
Burlington
Canton
East Granby
East Hartford
East Windsor
Ellington
Enfield
Farmington
Glastonbury
Granby
Hartford
Hebron
Manchester
Marlborough
New Britain
Newington
Plainville
Plymouth
Rocky Hill
Simsbury
Somers
Southington
South Windsor
Stafford
Suffield
Tolland
Vernon
West Hartford
Wethersfield
Windsor
Windsor Locks

**Northwest
WIA**
(41 towns)

Barkhamsted
Bethel
Bethlehem
Bridgewater
Brookfield
Canaan
Cheshire
Colebrook
Cornwall
Danbury
Goshen
Hartland
Harwinton
Kent
Litchfield
Middlebury
Morris
Naugatuck
New Fairfield
New Hartford
New Milford
Newtown
Norfolk
North Canaan
Prospect
Redding
Ridgefield
Roxbury
Salisbury
Sharon
Sherman
Southbury
Thomaston
Torrington
Warren
Washington
Waterbury
Watertown
Winchester
Wolcott
Woodbury

**South Central
WIA**
(30 towns)

Bethany
Branford
Chester
Clinton
Cromwell
Deep River
Durham
East Haddam
East Hampton
East Haven
Essex
Guilford
Haddam
Hamden
Killingworth
Madison
Meriden
Middlefield
Middletown
Milford
New Haven
North Branford
North Haven
Old Saybrook
Orange
Portland
Wallingford
Westbrook
West Haven
Woodbridge

**Southwest
WIA**
(20 towns)

Ansonia
Beacon Falls
Bridgeport
Darien
Derby
Easton
Fairfield
Greenwich
Monroe
New Canaan
Norwalk
Oxford
Seymour
Shelton
Stamford
Stratford
Trumbull
Weston
Westport
Wilton



PREFACE

The Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research is the State's leading producer of information and statistics on the economy, workforce, occupations, and careers. Our mission is to produce, analyze, and deliver timely and reliable workforce information and statistics to assist in decision-making for those planning economic development initiatives, for education and training providers, and for job seekers and students who are seeking guidance in making career choices.

Our Office is pleased to provide the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2008*. This publication includes data on Connecticut's population, the labor force, industry employment and wages, employment by town—which includes each town's top employing industry (new this year), and on persons with barriers to employment. In this current edition, we've added highlights of Connecticut's statewide occupational forecast, 2006 to 2016, along with additional historical data for comparisons and trends.

Sources for the data are cited on each table, and include other State agencies, the Connecticut Department of Labor and the United States Census Bureau. We wish to thank these data providers for their contribution to this year's publication. The charts and tables in the *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2008* are within the public domain, and may be copied and/or quoted. However, we do request that you attribute such material to this publication.

We hope that you find this publication helpful and informative.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Cynthia DeLisa, Rachel Meyerhoff, and Mark Stankiewicz of the Office of Research prepared this publication.

We would like to thank the following Department of Labor and Office of Research staff who provided data for this publication: John DiSette, Edward Doukas, Jessy George, Doreen LeBel, Dana Placzek, David Post, and Joseph Slepski. Special thanks go to John Tirinzonie, State Labor Economist and Director of Job Development, for providing statewide employment forecasts included in this publication.

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The *Information for Workforce Investment Planning – 2008* and other Office of Research publications are available on the Internet at: www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi

Information for Workforce Investment Planning ~ 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

WIA Economic Data:	Page
Population and Population Density	1
Labor Force	2
Employment and Wages by Industry	3-4
New Housing Permits.....	5
WIA Data on Residents in Need of Workforce Investment Services:	
Food Stamp and Temporary Family Assistance Recipients	6
State Supplement and Medicaid Recipients	7
State Administered General Assistance Recipients	8
Department of Developmental Services - active clients.....	9
Adult Probationers	10
High School Enrollment and Dropout Rates	11
Births to Teenage Mothers	12
APPENDIX TABLES	
WIA Economic Data:	
Population and Population Density	13
Labor Force	14
Worksites by Size Class.....	15
Employment and Wages by Industry	16-18
Employment and Wages by Town	19
New Housing Permits.....	20
WIA Data on Residents in Need of Workforce Investment Services:	
Food Stamp and Temporary Family Assistance Recipients	21
State Supplement and Medicaid Recipients	22
State Administered General Assistance Recipients	23
Department of Developmental Services—Active Clients.....	24
Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services—Substance Abuse Clients	25
Adult Probationers	26
High School Enrollment and Dropout Rates	27
Births to Teenage Mothers	28
Statewide Data:	
Population Levels and % Change (Maps)	29
Labor Force	30
Unemployment Rate (Map).....	31
Worksites by Size Class	32
Connecticut Employment and Wages by Industry	33-35
Employment Outlook	36-37
Poverty Income Guidelines and Lower Living Standard Income Levels.....	38
Per Capita, Median Family and Household Income.....	39
Business and Employment Changes Announced in the Media.....	40-45
Characteristics of CTWORKS Applicants	46-49
Glossary of Terms.....	50-52

SOUTHWEST WIA

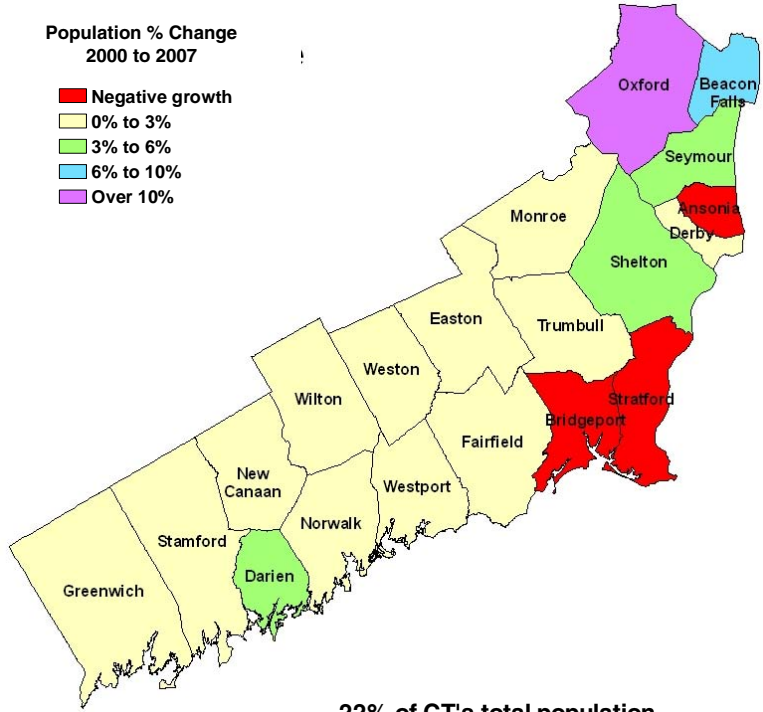
POPULATION AND POPULATION DENSITY

From 2000 to 2007, Connecticut's population increased by 96,707, or 2.8 percent, from 3,405,602 to 3,502,309. The State's population grew by 6,556 from 2006 to 2007, which represented one of the smallest increases in this decade.

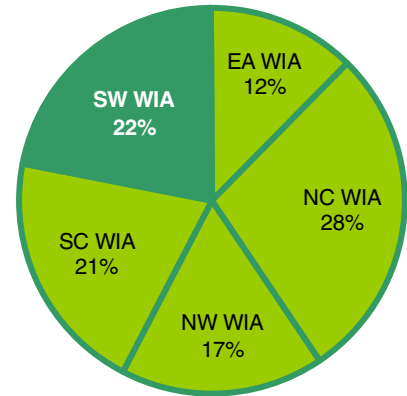
In 2007, there were 768,671 residents in the Southwest WIA, which represented the smallest increase (+7,941) among the State's five workforce investment areas since 2000. Oxford (+2,706), Shelton (+1,910) and Stamford (+1,392) experienced increases of more than 1,000 residents during this period. Ten of the area's 20 towns reported an increase of more than 500 residents since 2000. Bridgeport (-2,834), Stratford (-961), and Ansonia (-4) were the only towns in the Southwest WIA to report decreases in population from 2000 to 2007.

Eighteen towns in the Southwest WIA had more than 10,000 residents in 2007, while 60 percent of the WIA's population resided in five towns: Bridgeport (136,695), Stamford (118,475), Norwalk (83,456), Greenwich (61,871) and Fairfield (57,548).

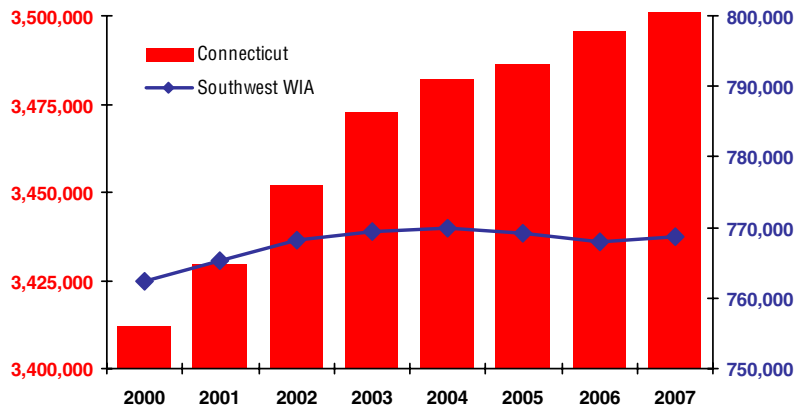
The Southwest WIA had the largest population density (1,710.2 persons per square mile) among the State's five workforce investment areas in 2007. The City of Bridgeport, with 8,543.4 persons per square mile, remains the most densely populated town in the Southwest WIA and in Connecticut, despite a 2.0 percent loss in population since 2000. In contrast, Easton was the area's least densely populated town, with 268 persons per square mile. Overall, the Southwest WIA reported the third largest increase in population density (+17.7) among the State's five workforce investment areas from 2000 to 2007.



22% of CT's total population reside in the SW WIA



From 2000 to 2007, the SW WIA had the smallest population increase among all five areas (+7,941/+1.0%)



See Also Appendix Tables and Maps on Pages 13 and 29



SOUTHWEST WIA

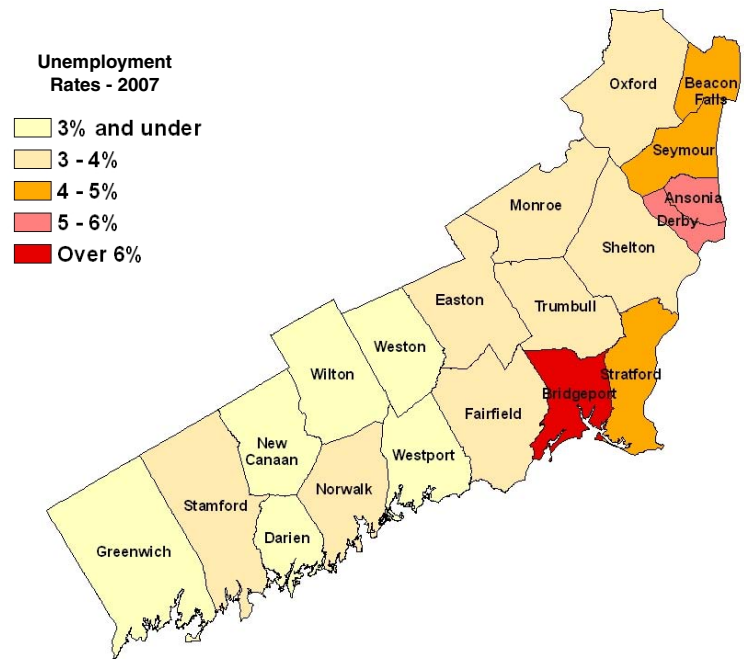
LABOR FORCE

From 2006 to 2007, Connecticut's labor force increased by 29,500 (+1.6%) to 1,865,500. During this period, the State's unemployment rate increased slightly from 4.4 % to 4.6% in 2007—which mirrored the United States' rate. The Eastern WIA reported the smallest labor force (239,400) among the State's five areas in 2007. On the flip side, the North Central WIA (517,200) had the largest labor force during this same period.

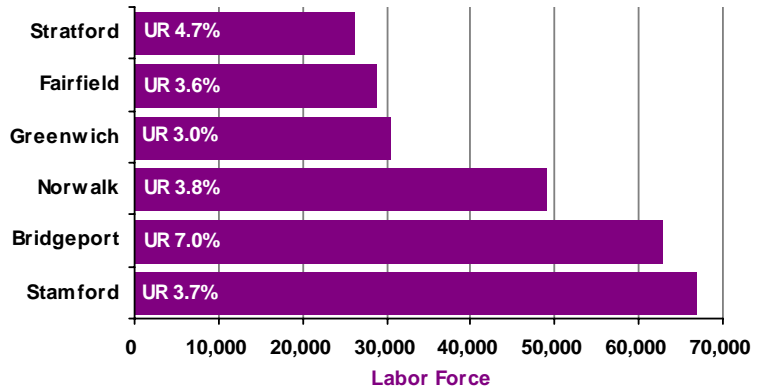
The Southwest WIA's labor force increase (+7,300) resulted in a slight rise in the area's unemployment rate, from 4.1 in 2006 to 4.2 percent in 2007. Bridgeport (+1,218) and Stamford (+1,188) recorded the largest labor force gains in the area. These two towns also saw increases in unemployed residents: Bridgeport (+241) and Stamford (+110).

In 2007, more than half (52%) of the WIA's labor force resided in Stamford (67,001), Bridgeport (62,877), Norwalk (49,028), and Greenwich (30,570). Thirteen of the area's 20 towns had fewer than 20,000 residents in their labor force, ranging from Beacon Falls (3,311) to Trumbull (17,984).

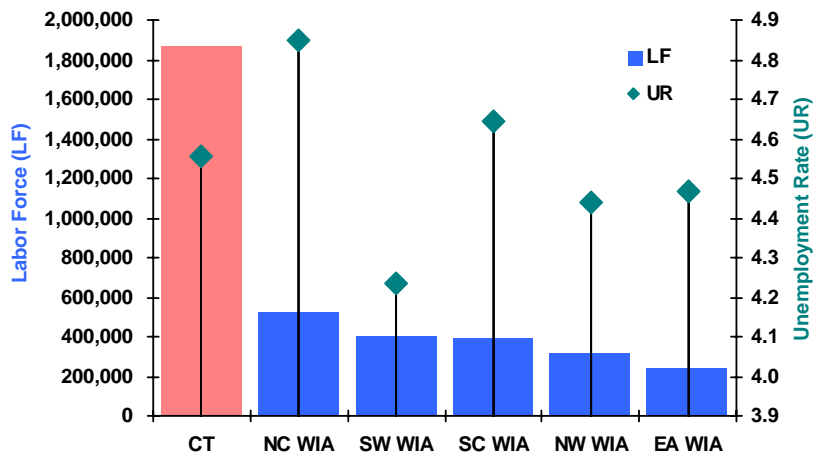
Three towns in the Southwest WIA had an unemployment rate of over 5.0 percent in 2007: Bridgeport (7.0%), Ansonia (5.6%), and Derby (5.1%). On the flip side, New Canaan (2.9%), Darien (2.8%), and Weston (2.6%) were the only towns with unemployment rates below 3.0 percent.



In 2007, two-thirds of the SW WIA's labor force were residents of these six towns



In 2007, the SW WIA had the second largest LF and lowest UR



See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 14 and 30



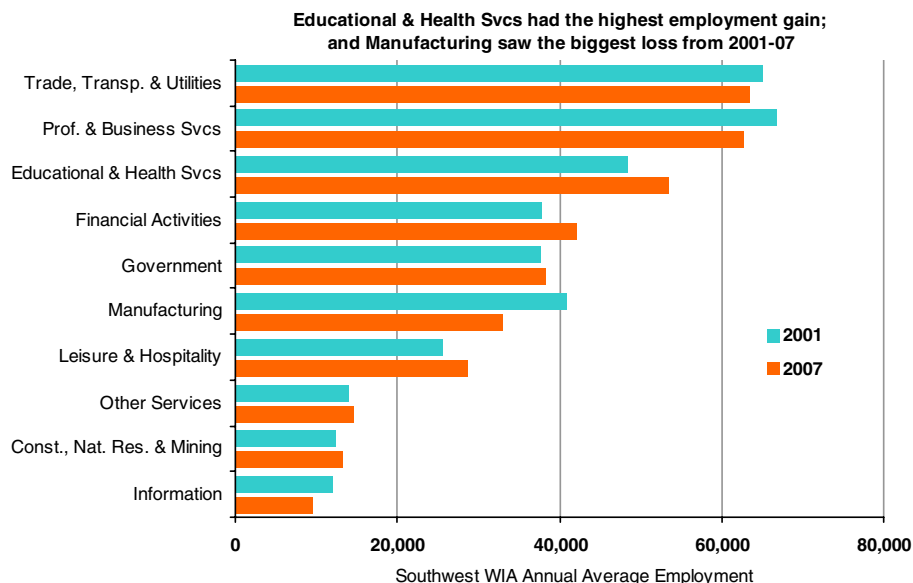
EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

From 2006 to 2007, Connecticut's employment grew by 13,946, an increase of 0.8 percent to 1,686,107, which represented the second largest over-the-year increase during this decade. The State's largest gain (+28,198) occurred from 2005 to 2006. In 2007, the Educational & Health Services sector experienced the largest increase in jobs (+8,001), followed by Leisure & Hospitality (+3,246), Professional & Business Services (+1,803), and Construction (+1,236). Manufacturing was the only industry sector to report a loss of jobs, down 2,463 from 2006 and 35,284 from 2001.

From 2001 to 2007, Connecticut's Educational & Health Services (+33,050) and Leisure & Hospitality (+15,682) sectors had the highest employment growth. In addition to Manufacturing, the largest job losses were realized in the Information (-6,411), Trade, Transportation, & Utilities (-3,095), and Professional & Business Services (-1,386) sectors.

The Southwest WIA experienced a gain of 3,167 jobs from 2006 to 2007, bringing the area's employment to 359,796, which represented 21 percent of the State's total employment, and the second highest increase among the five workforce investment areas. The most significant gains were seen in the Financial Activities (+1,553), Educational & Health Services (+1,120), and Leisure & Hospitality (+794) sectors, while employment in Manufacturing (-586) and Government (-134) recorded the largest over-the-year declines.

From 2001 to 2007, the Southwest WIA lost 1,247 jobs – the only region to experience a decline. The largest employment losses were in the Manufacturing (-7,907), Professional & Business Services (-4,063), Information (-2,309), and Trade, Transportation, & Utilities (-1,602) sectors. However, not all of the Southwest WIA's industries fared poorly during this time. Educational & Health Services (+5,201), Financial Activities (+4,163), and Leisure & Hospitality (+3,184) reported impressive employment gains from 2001 to 2007.



Annual Average Employment by Industry

Half (50%) of the SW WIA's total employment was in the Trade, Transportation & Utilities; Educational & Health Svcs; and Professional & Business sectors in 2007

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Connecticut	1,686,107	1,672,161	1,643,963	1,631,848	1,625,932	1,648,986	1,665,699
Southwest WIA	359,796	356,629	351,478	349,816	351,389	354,787	361,043
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	63,568	63,541	62,943	62,968	63,209	64,513	65,170
Prof. & Business Svcs	62,738	62,726	61,168	61,241	62,420	62,442	66,801
Educational & Health Svcs	53,620	52,500	51,638	51,143	50,649	50,231	48,419
Financial Activities	42,081	40,528	39,620	38,348	38,635	37,838	37,918
Government	38,316	38,450	37,795	37,752	37,897	38,387	37,569
Manufacturing	33,035	33,621	34,310	34,925	35,720	38,171	40,942
Leisure & Hospitality	28,787	27,993	27,556	27,358	26,833	26,377	25,603
Other services	14,677	14,444	14,088	13,976	14,036	14,175	14,094
Const., Nat. Res. & Mining	13,301	13,198	12,565	12,162	11,954	12,211	12,355
Information	9,625	9,569	9,673	9,885	9,990	10,374	11,934

See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 16-19, and 33-35



SOUTHWEST WIA

ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES BY INDUSTRY

At \$58,019 in 2007, the annual average wages in Connecticut increased by \$3,176, or 5.8 percent—the largest over-the-year increase in this decade. Workers in the Financial Activities sector received the highest wages (\$132,747), and the largest over-the-year increase (+\$9,873), among the State’s major industries. Professional & Business Services (+\$6,129), Manufacturing (+\$3,420), Information (+\$3,247), and Government (+\$3,145) all showed noteworthy gains in annual average wages from 2006 to 2007.

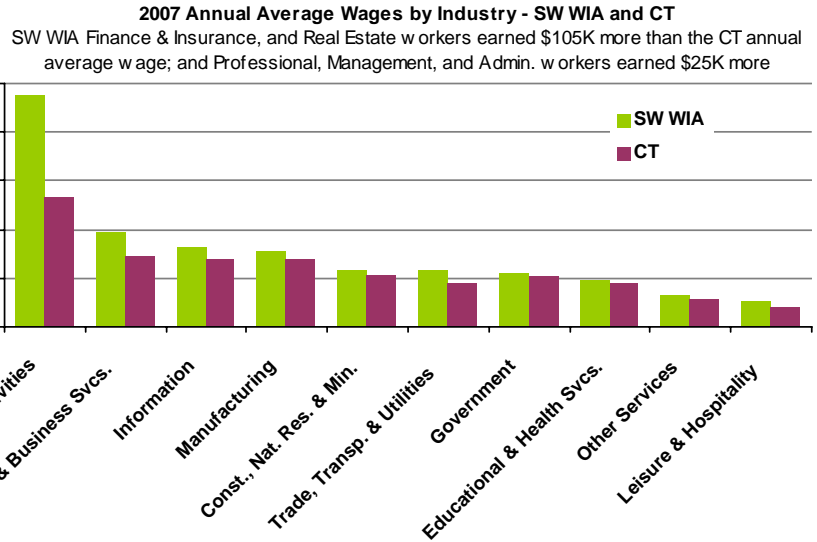
In 2007, Professional & Business Services workers earned the second highest average wages (\$72,875) in Connecticut, followed by Manufacturing (\$69,360), and Information (\$68,966). By contrast, the lowest annual average wages were among the State’s Leisure & Hospitality (\$19,668) and the Other Services (\$29,222) sector workers.

Among the workforce investment areas, annual average wages continued to be the highest in the Southwest region, at \$83,227, which represented a significant difference of nearly \$40,000 from the lowest annual average of \$43,291 in the Eastern region.

The Southwest WIA reported the highest wages in all of Connecticut’s major industries, with the exception of the Educational & Health Services sector, where workers in the South Central WIA earned the highest wages.

Of Connecticut’s five workforce investment areas, the Southwest WIA experienced the largest increase in annual average wages from 2001 to 2007 (+\$17,912) and over-the-year (+\$5326). Once again, the annual average wages of workers in the Financial Activities sector (\$238,045) were far above all other sectors in the WIA and the State in 2007, exceeding Connecticut’s average wage in this industry by \$105,300.

In addition to the Financial Activities sector, workers in Professional & Business Services (\$98,053), Information (\$82,354), and Manufacturing (\$78,789) received the highest wages in the Southwest WIA in 2007. Between 2006 and 2007, the largest gains were recorded in the Financial Activities (+\$12,538) and the Professional & Business Services (+\$8,699) sectors. In contrast, workers in the Other Services (\$31,588) and Leisure & Hospitality (\$25,971) sectors earned the lowest annual average wages, as well as the smallest over-the-year gains.



In 2007, the SW WIA reported the highest annual average wages among CT’s five areas. From 2006-07, wages were up in every industry sector, with those working in the Financial Activities sector having the area’s largest increase in wages (+\$12,540), followed by Professional & Business Services (+\$8,700).

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Connecticut	\$58,019	\$54,843	\$52,964	\$51,004	\$48,318	\$46,849	\$46,990
Southwest WIA	\$83,227	\$77,901	\$73,903	\$69,849	\$65,050	\$62,665	\$65,315
Financial Activities	\$238,045	\$225,507	\$208,031	\$192,134	\$167,779	\$160,388	\$161,092
Prof. & Business Svcs.	\$98,053	\$89,354	\$86,231	\$81,033	\$77,776	\$75,416	\$83,757
Information	\$82,354	\$77,756	\$77,000	\$74,553	\$69,546	\$67,294	\$74,713
Manufacturing	\$78,789	\$75,512	\$71,424	\$67,861	\$64,470	\$61,986	\$62,352
Const., Nat. Res. & Min.	\$59,363	\$57,242	\$55,182	\$53,104	\$50,641	\$50,891	\$49,807
Trade, Transp. & Utilities	\$58,604	\$54,198	\$51,572	\$50,621	\$46,898	\$45,769	\$49,875
Government	\$55,271	\$52,269	\$51,248	\$50,215	\$47,457	\$45,631	\$44,146
Educational & Health Svcs.	\$47,276	\$45,768	\$44,689	\$43,156	\$41,884	\$40,779	\$39,724
Other Services	\$31,588	\$30,464	\$29,418	\$29,215	\$29,445	\$28,970	\$27,612
Leisure & Hospitality	\$25,971	\$24,996	\$23,918	\$23,725	\$23,027	\$22,809	\$22,911

See Also Appendix Tables on Pages 16-19, and 33-35

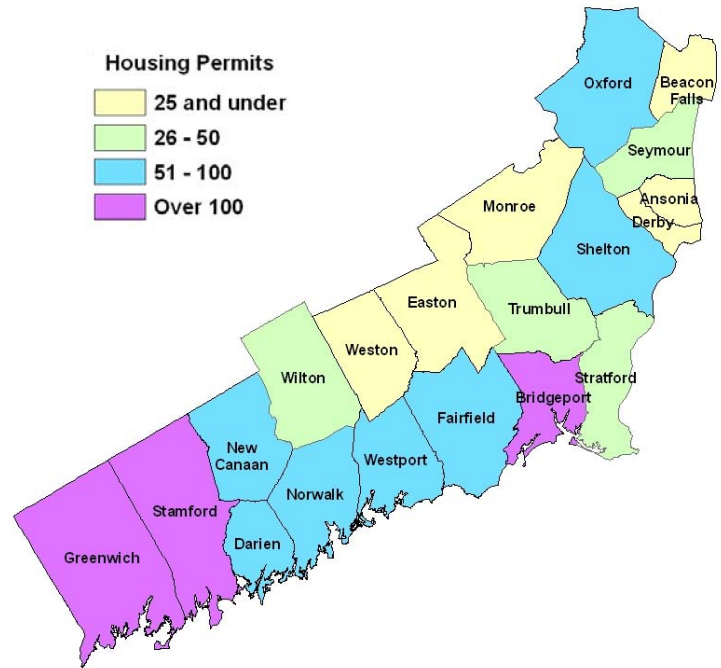


SOUTHWEST WIA

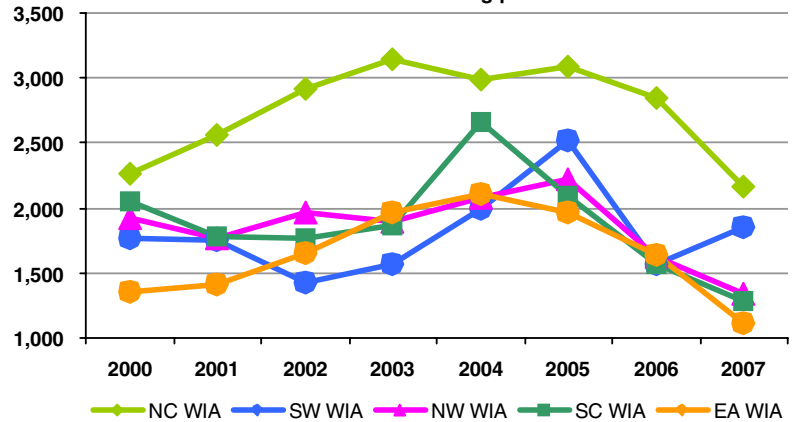
NEW HOUSING PERMITS

From 2006 to 2007, the total new housing permits issued in Connecticut decreased by 1,490 (16%), from 9,236 to 7,746, which represents the lowest total since 1991. Among the State's five workforce investment areas, only the Southwest region reported an increase (+290) in 2007, as well as a net increase (+82) in new housing permits since 2000. The North Central workforce investment area experienced the largest over-the-year decrease (-682), followed by the Eastern (-528), South Central (-294), and Northwest (-276) regions.

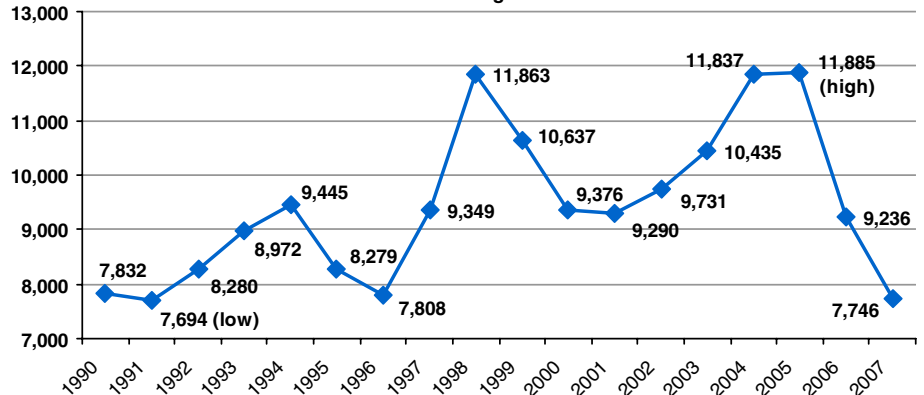
In 2007, 24 percent of Connecticut's new housing permits were issued in the Southwest WIA. More than half (58%) of the WIA's permits were issued in Stamford (631), Bridgeport (243), and Greenwich (191). Between 2000 and 2007, the Southwest was the only workforce investment area to show a net increase in the number of new housing permits issued. Also, the Southwest WIA was the only region to report a net increase in new housing permits (+290) from 2006 to 2007.



From 2006 to 2007, the Southwest WIA was the only area to report an increase in new housing permits issued



Connecticut New Housing Permits: 1990 to 2007



See Also Appendix Tables on Page 20



SOUTHWEST WIA

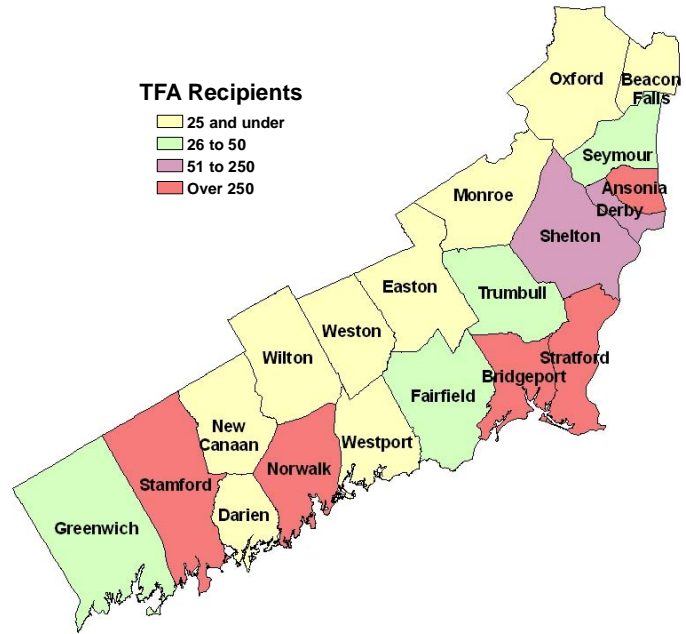
FOOD STAMP AND TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE

In 2007, the number of Temporary Family Assistance (TFA) recipients in Connecticut decreased by 3,391 (-8%) to 40,974 –the lowest total TFA recipients over the past ten years. From 2006 to 2007, each of the State’s five WIAs reported a decrease in TFA recipients, led by North Central (-1,291) and South Central (-1,246).

In 2007, sixteen percent of the State’s TFA population resided in the Southwest WIA. Of them, 79 percent resided in Bridgeport (4,059), Stamford (591), and Norwalk (539).

From 2006 to 2007, sixteen of the Southwest WIA’s 20 towns recorded declines in TFA recipients, with Bridgeport (-263), Norwalk (-60), and Ansonia (-42) posting the largest declines.

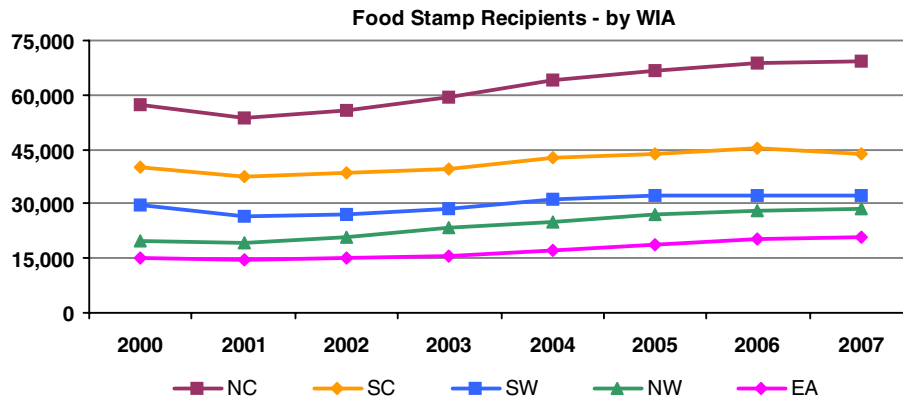


FOOD STAMP

From 2006 to 2007, Food Stamp recipients in Connecticut increased by only 779 – significantly less than the 6,000 new recipients between 2005 and 2006. Among the WIAs, the Eastern region reported the largest increase in Food Stamp recipients (+770), followed by North Central (+638), Northwest (+603), and Southwest (+134). The South Central WIA was the only region to experience a decline (-1,366) in Food Stamp recipients from 2006 to 2007.

In 2007, seventeen percent of the State’s Food Stamp population resided in the Southwest WIA, of which 80 percent resided in Bridgeport (19,668), Stamford (3,656), and Norwalk (2,490).

From 2006 to 2007, only two of the Southwest WIA’s 20 towns showed gains of 20 or more Food Stamp recipients: Bridgeport (+344) and Ansonia (+36). Three WIA towns reported decreases of at least 50 recipients from 2006 to 2007: Norwalk (-125), Derby (-63), and Stamford (-51).



See Also Appendix Table on Page 21



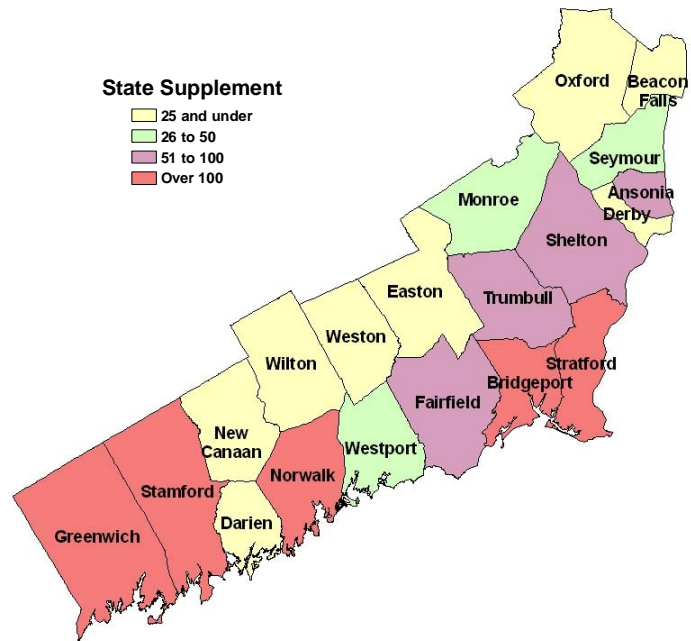
SOUTHWEST WIA

STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID RECIPIENTS

STATE SUPPLEMENT

For over ten years, the number of State Supplement recipients in Connecticut has continued to decline. In 2007, all of the State's workforce investment areas experienced their smallest State Supplement population of this decade: North Central WIA (5,025), South Central (3,479), Southwest (2,368), Northwest (2,345), and Eastern (1,793).

In 2007, sixteen percent of Connecticut's State Supplement recipients resided in the Southwest WIA. Of these, 43 percent resided in Bridgeport (1,025 recipients). Stamford (456), Norwalk (213), Stratford (117), and Greenwich (106) were the only other towns in the Southwest WIA to have more than 100 State Supplement recipients. Since 2000, each of these towns experienced a notable reduction in their State Supplement population: Bridgeport (-47%), Stamford (-46%), Norwalk (-57%), Stratford (-29%), and Greenwich (-33%).

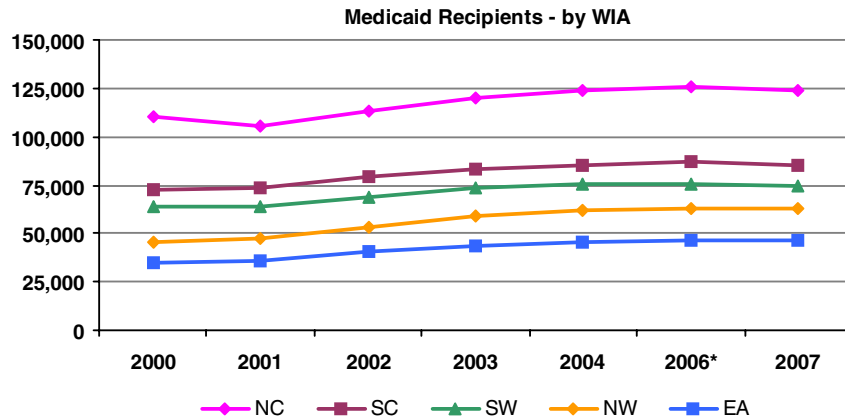


MEDICAID

From 2000 to 2007, the number of Medicaid recipients in Connecticut increased from 326,924 to 392,390 (+20%). In 2007, more than half (53%) of the State's Medicaid population resided in the North Central (123,395 recipients) and South Central (85,003) WIAs. Nineteen percent (74,292 recipients) resided in the Southwest WIA, sixteen percent (63,279) in the Northwest WIA, and twelve percent (46,000) in the Eastern WIA.

In 2007, eleven of the Southwest WIA's 20 towns reported more than 1,000 Medicaid recipients. Nearly half (47%) of the WIA's total Medicaid population resided in Bridgeport (35,222 recipients). Two other WIA towns reported more than 5,000 Medicaid recipients: Stamford (10,705), and Norwalk (7,622).

From 2006 to 2007, most of the WIA's towns recorded fewer Medicaid recipients, with only Shelton (+34) and Monroe (+30) having experienced notable increases. During this period, eight towns reported decreases of 20 or more Medicaid recipients, while Bridgeport (-587), Norwalk (-156), Stratford (-97), Stamford (-74), and Derby (-52) reported the largest reductions in the Southwest WIA.



*2005 data not available

See Also Appendix Table on Page 22



SOUTHWEST WIA

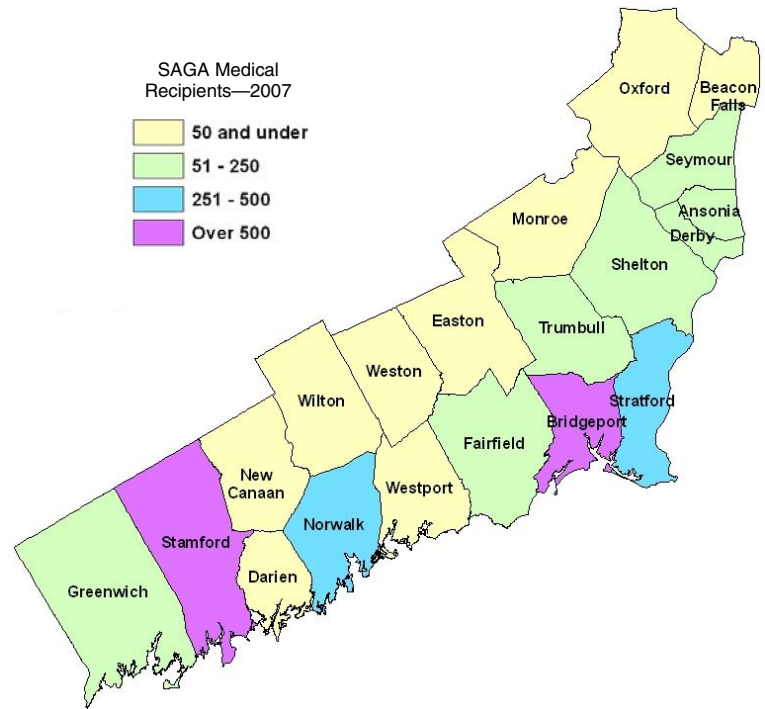
STATE ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

In 2007, Connecticut’s State Administered General Assistance (SAGA) cash and medical assistance recipients increased by 626 to 36,033 over the previous year. Although the number of recipients continues to grow, the gain was significantly smaller than the 1,491 new SAGA cash and medical recipients registered in 2006. A large portion of the increase in 2006 can be attributed to the skyrocketing SAGA medical recipients (+1,467) in the State.

The North Central WIA continued to experience the largest (12,111) number of SAGA cash and medical recipients among the State’s five workforce investment areas in 2007, while the Eastern WIA was on the opposite side of the spectrum with 4,052 SAGA cash and medical assistance recipients during the same period.

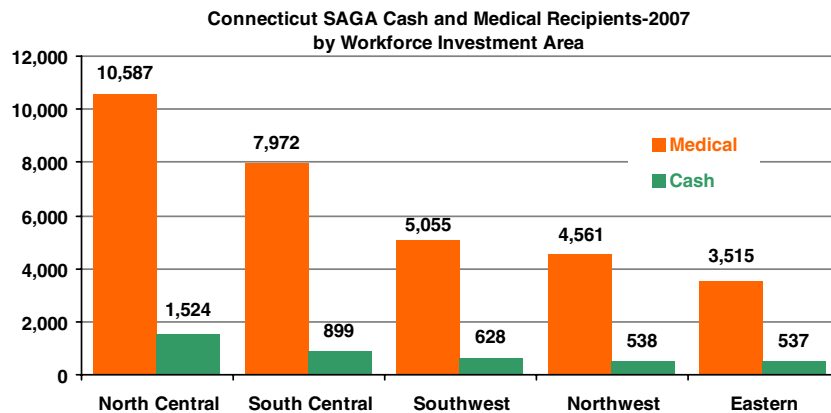
The Southwest WIA reported 628 SAGA cash recipients in 2007, which also represented the largest decrease (-266) from 2000 among the State’s workforce investment areas. The Southwest WIA also reported the largest decrease (-13) in SAGA cash recipients from 2006. The Southwest WIA’s 5,055 SAGA medical recipients in 2007 represented an increase of 1,997 from 2000. However, the Southwest WIA recorded the largest over-the-year decline (-81) in SAGA medical assistance recipients among Connecticut’s WIAs.

The City of Bridgeport, with 327 cash and 2,905 medical assistance recipients, accounted for well over half of the WIA’s SAGA recipients in 2007. Bridgeport also recorded the most sizable over-the-year increase in medical recipients (+55), while Stamford (-89) and Norwalk (-55) reported the area’s largest decreases.



In 2007, over 77% of the area's SAGA medical assistance recipients were residents of these three towns

	2007	2006	2005	Change 2005-07
Connecticut	31,829	31,307	29,840	1,989
Southwest WIA	5,055	5,136	5,203	-148
Bridgeport	2,905	2,850	2,866	39
Stamford	595	684	707	-112
Norwalk	413	468	502	-89



See Also Appendix Table on Page 23



SOUTHWEST WIA

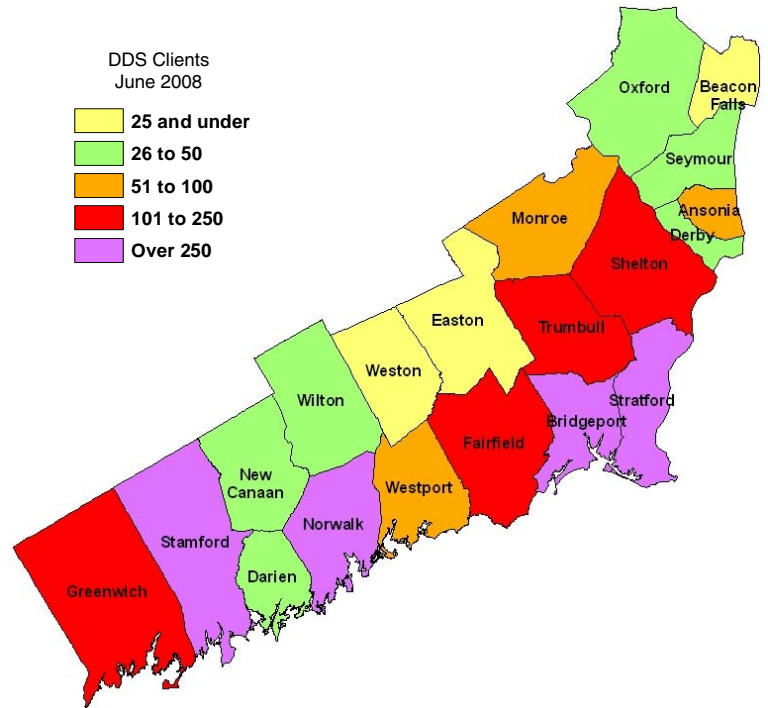
DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES - active clients

As of June 2008, there were 15,168 active Department of Developmental Services* (DDS) clients in Connecticut, up slightly (+164) from a year ago, and up ten percent from 13,812 in June 2000. This also represents the highest number of active clients in this decade. The North Central (4,190) and South Central (3,200) workforce investment areas reported the largest number of clients in 2008, followed by Northwest (2,973), Southwest (2,581), and Eastern (2,224). From 2000 to 2008, the North Central WIA reported the largest average annual client population (3,919). In contrast, the Eastern WIA showed the smallest average (2,230) among the State's five areas during this period.

The Southwest WIA experienced the third largest over-the-year increase (+28) among the five workforce investment areas, as well as a net increase from June 2002 to June 2008 (+112) in the number of DDS clients.

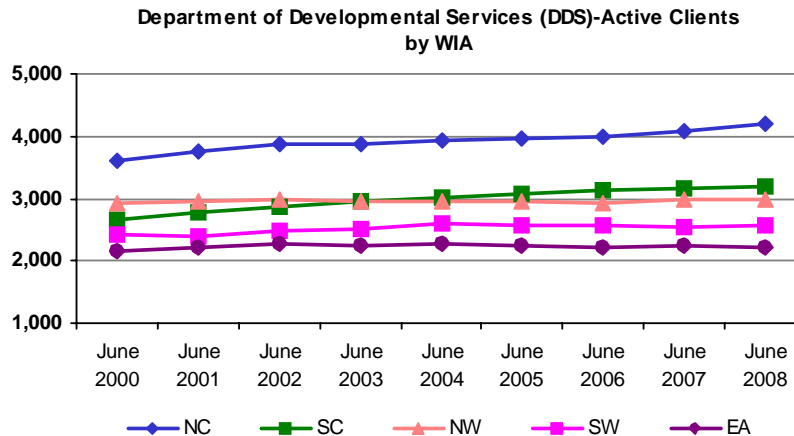
Nearly 60 percent of the Southwest workforce investment area's client population resided in four towns: Bridgeport (663), Norwalk (309), Stamford (273), and Stratford (267). Bridgeport also reported the highest number of DDS clients in the State.

* Effective October 2007, the Department of Mental Retardation changed its name to Department of Developmental Services (DDS)



More than half (59%) of the SW WIA's total DDS active client population reside in these 4 towns

towns with 200+ DDS active clients	June 2008	% of WIA total
Bridgeport	663	26%
Norwalk	309	12%
Stamford	273	11%
Stratford	267	10%



See Also Appendix Table on Page 24



SOUTHWEST WIA

ADULT PROBATIONERS

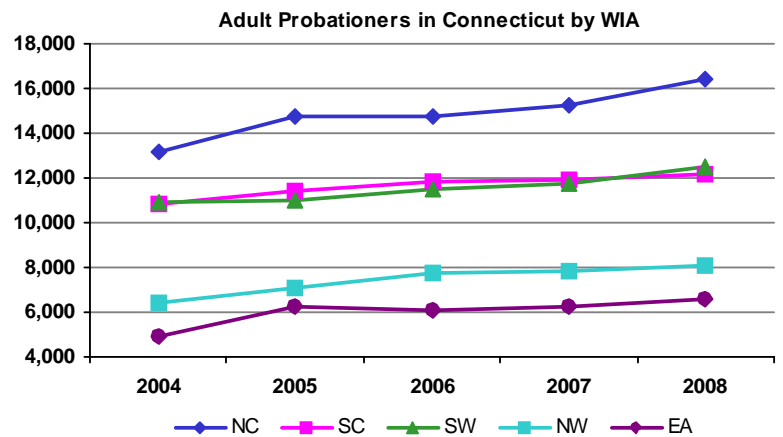
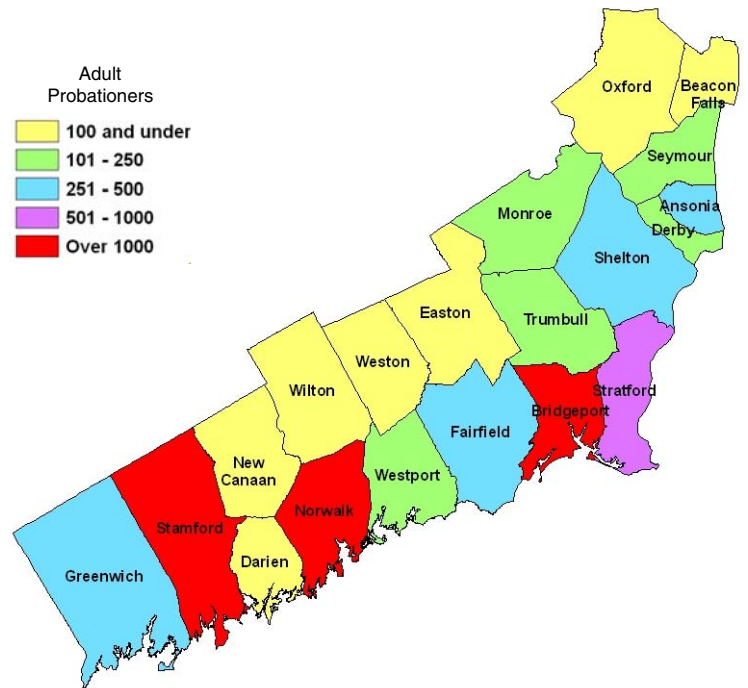
The number of probationers in Connecticut increased by five percent (+2,768) from 53,125 to 55,893 between 2007 and 2008. This represented the largest one-year increase since 2005 to 2006, when the total adult probationers in the State rose by 1,553. Leading the way was the North Central WIA with the largest over-the-year increase of adult probationers (+1,156). This workforce investment area also experienced the largest increase (+3,311) between 2004 and 2008.

One-third of Connecticut's 2008 adult probation population resided in Bridgeport (5,516), Hartford (5,366), New Haven (4,571), and Waterbury (3,018).

Seventy-one percent of the Southwest WIA's adult probation population resided in three towns in 2008: Bridgeport (5,516), Stamford (1,986), and Norwalk (1,438).

Although the Southwest WIA reported the second largest adult probation population gain (+794) in 2008, the region had the second smallest increase (+1,609) from 2004 to 2008. All 20 of the Southwest WIA's towns showed gains in adult probation totals from 2004 to 2008 – the only workforce investment area with this distinction. Of these, the largest gains were experienced in Bridgeport (+411), Norwalk (+325), and Stamford (+172).

Between 2007 and 2008, eighteen of the area's 20 towns reported gains in their adult probation population. Beacon Falls (-15) was the only town to experience a decrease, while Ansonia showed no change during this period.



In 2008, 71% of the total number of adult probationers in the SW WIA (12,509) resided in these three towns.

	June 2008	June 2007	June 2006	June 2005	June 2004	2008 % of WIA total
Bridgeport	5,516	5,220	5,130	4,780	5,105	44%
Stamford	1,986	1,915	1,992	2,083	1,814	16%
Norwalk	1,438	1,308	1,169	1,174	1,113	11%

See Also Appendix Table on Page 26



SOUTHWEST WIA

HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND DROPOUT RATES

During the school year ending (SYE) 2007, high school enrollment in Connecticut increased by 2,353 to 176,062 students, after having gained just 484 students in the prior year. In addition, the high school dropout total increased by a smaller amount (+39) than last year (+185). The resultant dropout rate remained steady at 1.8 percent in Connecticut. Enrollment in Connecticut's Technical High School System was down by nearly 300 students from the prior year, while the number of dropouts increased by 180. This brought the Technical High School System dropout rate up from 0.5 in SYE 2006 to 2.3 percent in SYE 2007.

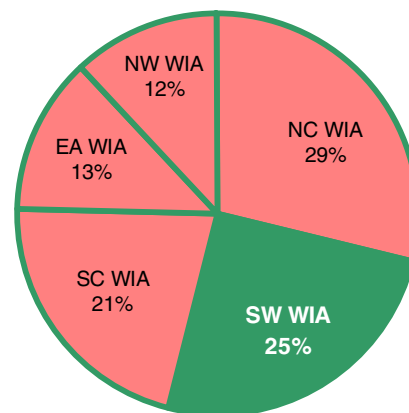
The total enrollment of Southwest WIA high schools in SYE 2007 was 36,707 students, up 682 from SYE 2006 (highest increase among all five WIAs). The dropout rate, however, declined slightly from 2.2 in SYE 2006 to 2.1 percent in SYE 2007.

Only three Connecticut school districts had enrollment levels of over 5,000 students in SYE 2007: Hartford (5,758, with a 3.0% dropout rate), Bridgeport (5,629/8.2%) and New Haven (5,565/5.9%).

In SYE 2007, the Bridgeport School District had the highest number of dropouts (462 students) and highest dropout rate (8.2%) among all Connecticut school districts with over 1,000 students.

Among the South Central WIA's school districts, the City of Stamford had the second highest student enrollment (4,569), but a dropout rate that held steady at 1.9 percent. Norwalk had the third highest student enrollment (3,336) and a dropout rate of 0.7 percent. Among the area's school districts having more than 1,000 students, only Shelton (5.4% to 1.9%) and Stratford (1.5% to 0.9%) recorded declines in their dropout rates from SYE 2006 to 2007. Darien (1,133 students) and Weston (796) school districts reported no dropouts in SYE 2007.

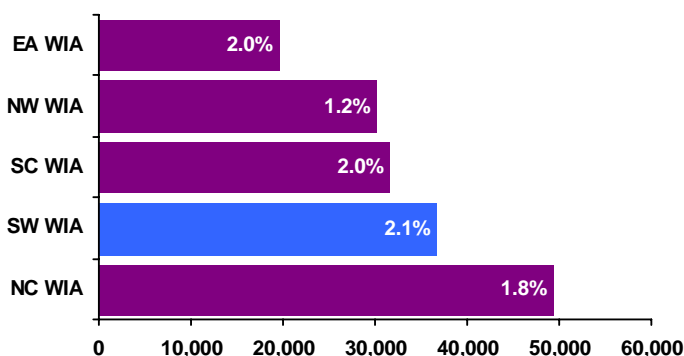
The Southwest WIA accounted for 25% of Connecticut's total HS dropout population for SYE 2007



These five districts accounted for 51% of the Southwest WIA's total HS enrollment in SYE 2007

	Total Enrollment	Dropouts	
		#	%
Bridgeport	5,629	462	8.2%
Stamford	4,569	88	1.9%
Norwalk	3,336	22	0.7%
Greenwich	2,763	27	1.0%
Fairfield	2,540	22	0.9%

HS Enrollment & Dropout Rate: 2006-07 School Year



See Also Appendix Table on Page 27



SOUTHWEST WIA

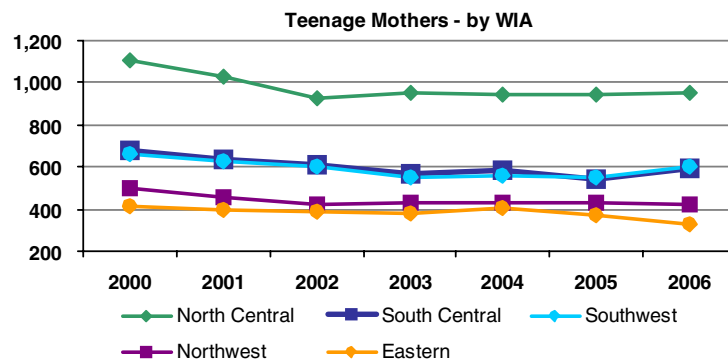
BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS

From 2000 to 2006, the number of births to teenage mothers in Connecticut dropped by 450, or 13 percent, from 3,350 to 2,900. Specifically, births to teenage mothers under 18 years of age fell 17 percent from 1,144 to 947; and for teens between the ages of 18 and 19, the number of births declined from 2,206 to 1,953 (-12%). In 2006, more than half (55%) of the births to teenage mothers were recorded in six Connecticut towns: Hartford (406), Bridgeport (356), New Haven (279), Waterbury (249), New Britain (192), and Meriden (111).

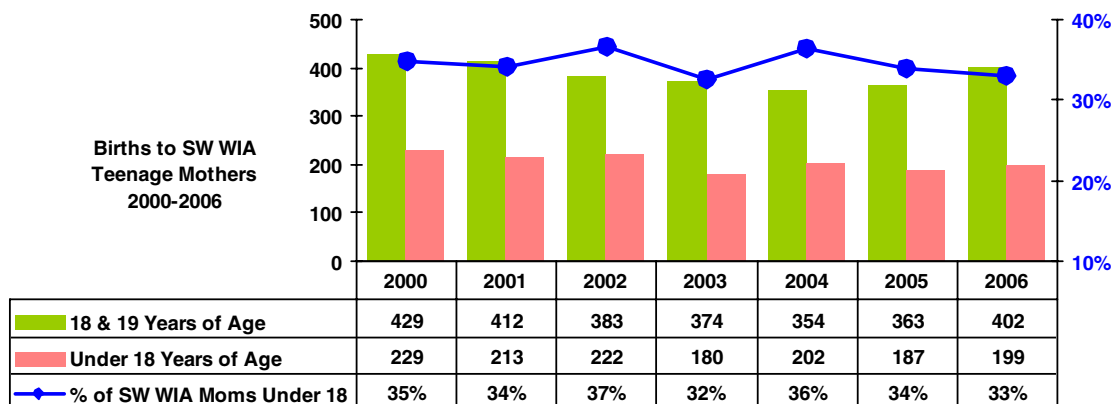
Births to Teenage Mothers

	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	# Change 2005-06	# Change 2000-06	% Change 2000-06
Connecticut	2,900	2,842	2,909	2,881	2,946	3,142	3,350	58	-450	-13%
SW WIA	601	550	556	554	605	625	658	51	-57	-9%
SW WIA % of CT	20.7%	19.4%	19.1%	19.2%	20.5%	19.9%	19.6%			

From 2000 to 2006, the number of births to teenage mothers in the Southwest WIA fell from 658 to 601 (-9%). During the same period, births to mothers under 18 years of age dropped from 229 to 199 (-13%); and births to mothers between the ages of 18 and 19 decreased from 429 to 402 (-6%). In 2006, twenty-one percent of births to teenage mothers in Connecticut were recorded in the Southwest WIA.

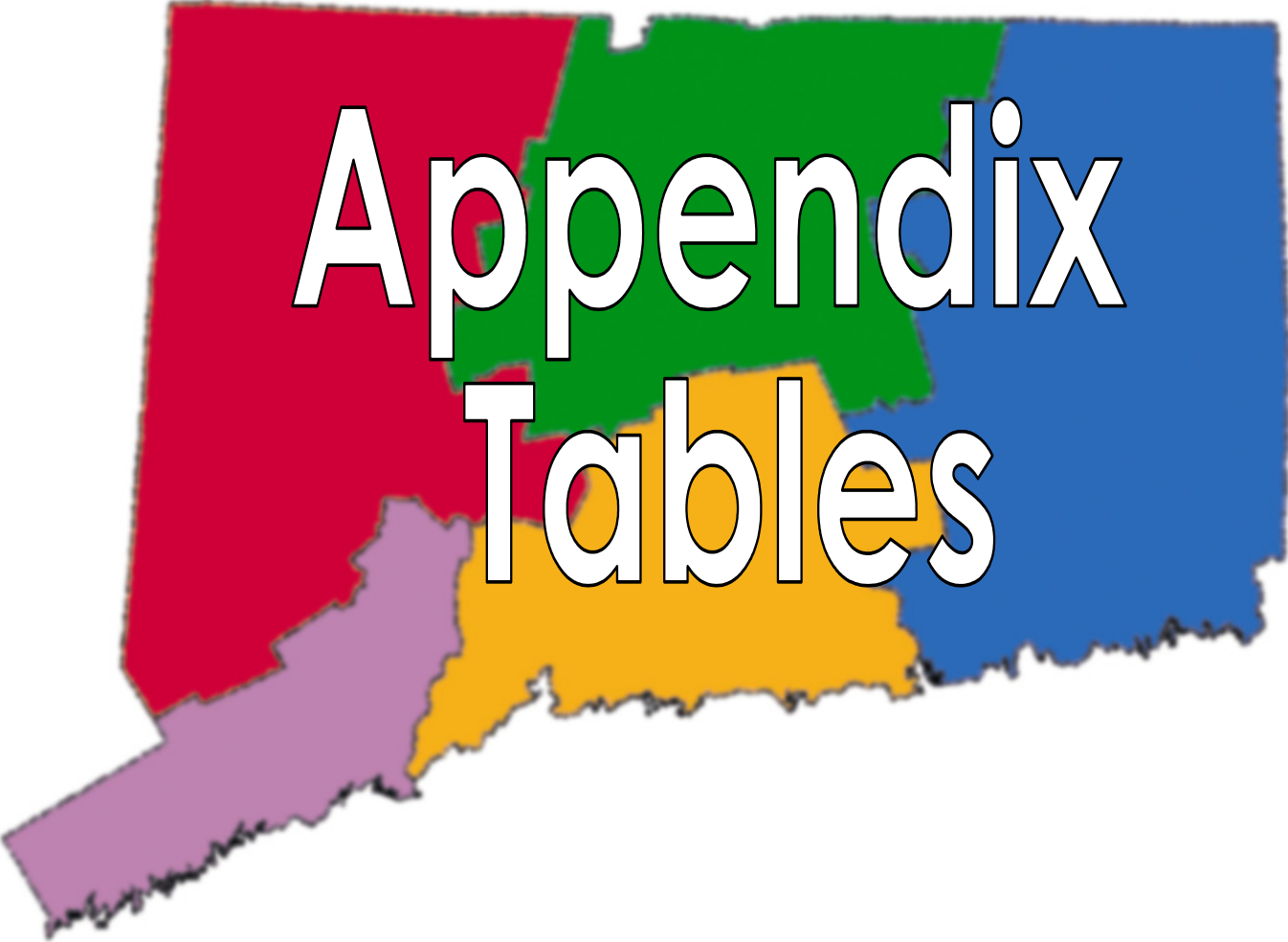


Bridgeport (356), Stamford (77), and Norwalk (73) reported the area's largest number of births to teenage mothers, and collectively accounted for 84% of the WIA's total in 2006.



See Also Appendix Table on Page 28





Appendix Tables

SOUTHWEST WIA

POPULATION AND POPULATION DENSITY

	Population				Population Density (pop./sq. mile)			
	Estimate July 2007	Census 2000*	# Change 2000-07	% Change 2000-07	Land Area	Estimate July 2007	Census 2000	# Change 2000-07
Connecticut	3,502,309	3,405,602	96,707	2.8%	4,844.8	722.9	702.9	20.0
Southwest WIA	768,671	760,730	7,941	1.0%	449.5	1,710.2	1,692.5	17.7
Ansonia	18,550	18,554	-4	0.0%	6.0	3,076.3	3076.9	-0.7
Beacon Falls	5,770	5,246	524	10.0%	9.8	590.0	536.4	53.6
Bridgeport	136,695	139,529	-2,834	-2.0%	16.0	8,543.4	8,720.6	-177.1
Darien	20,246	19,607	639	3.3%	12.9	1,574.3	1,524.7	49.7
Derby	12,434	12,391	43	0.3%	5.0	2,496.8	2,488.2	8.6
Easton	7,366	7,272	94	1.3%	27.4	268.6	265.2	3.4
Fairfield	57,548	57,340	208	0.4%	30.0	1,916.4	1,909.4	6.9
Greenwich	61,871	61,101	770	1.3%	47.8	1,293.6	1,277.5	16.1
Monroe	19,402	19,247	155	0.8%	26.1	742.5	736.6	5.9
New Canaan	19,890	19,395	495	2.6%	22.1	898.8	876.4	22.4
Norwalk	83,456	82,951	505	0.6%	22.8	3,658.7	3,636.6	22.1
Oxford	12,527	9,821	2,706	27.6%	32.9	380.9	298.6	82.3
Seymour	16,240	15,454	786	5.1%	14.6	1,114.6	1,060.7	53.9
Shelton	40,011	38,101	1,910	5.0%	30.6	1,308.8	1,246.4	62.5
Stamford	118,475	117,083	1,392	1.2%	37.8	3,138.4	3,101.5	36.9
Stratford	49,015	49,976	-961	-1.9%	17.6	2,786.5	2,841.2	-54.6
Trumbull	34,752	34,243	509	1.5%	23.3	1,492.1	1,470.3	21.9
Weston	10,200	10,037	163	1.6%	19.8	515.2	506.9	8.2
Westport	26,508	25,749	759	2.9%	20.0	1,324.7	1,286.8	37.9
Wilton	17,715	17,633	82	0.5%	27.0	656.1	653.1	3.0

* Corrected count - 12/22/04

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates - 7/10/08



SOUTHWEST WIA

LABOR FORCE

Employment Status of Area Residents

	2007 Annual Average				2006 Annual Average				2005 Annual Average			
	Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	
			#	%			#	%			#	%
Connecticut	1,865,500	1,780,500	85,000	4.6	1,836,000	1,755,600	80,400	4.4	1,812,200	1,723,900	88,300	4.9
Southwest WIA	401,500	384,500	17,000	4.2	394,200	378,100	16,200	4.1	388,600	370,600	18,100	4.6
Ansonia	10,024	9,464	560	5.6	9,827	9,306	521	5.3	9,753	9,162	591	6.1
Beacon Falls	3,311	3,165	146	4.4	3,278	3,139	139	4.2	3,191	3,043	148	4.6
Bridgeport	62,877	58,470	4,407	7.0	61,659	57,493	4,166	6.8	61,339	56,654	4,685	7.6
Darien	9,279	9,017	262	2.8	9,127	8,867	260	2.8	8,990	8,695	295	3.3
Derby	6,912	6,558	354	5.1	6,791	6,449	342	5.0	6,729	6,345	384	5.7
Easton	3,797	3,668	129	3.4	3,719	3,607	112	3.0	3,665	3,551	114	3.1
Fairfield	28,691	27,644	1,047	3.6	28,158	27,182	976	3.5	27,638	26,567	1,071	3.9
Greenwich	30,570	29,653	917	3.0	30,053	29,157	896	3.0	29,541	28,578	963	3.3
Monroe	10,748	10,354	394	3.7	10,537	10,181	356	3.4	10,399	9,998	401	3.9
New Canaan	9,018	8,758	260	2.9	8,855	8,611	244	2.8	8,711	8,438	273	3.1
Norwalk	49,028	47,185	1,843	3.8	48,145	46,396	1,749	3.6	47,429	45,493	1,936	4.1
Oxford	7,336	7,080	256	3.5	7,202	6,962	240	3.3	6,728	6,474	254	3.8
Seymour	9,325	8,895	430	4.6	9,150	8,746	404	4.4	8,929	8,512	417	4.7
Shelton	23,229	22,308	921	4.0	22,782	21,935	847	3.7	22,029	21,090	939	4.3
Stamford	67,001	64,524	2,477	3.7	65,813	63,446	2,367	3.6	65,186	62,435	2,751	4.2
Stratford	26,163	24,941	1,222	4.7	25,714	24,525	1,189	4.6	25,517	24,184	1,333	5.2
Trumbull	17,984	17,362	622	3.5	17,676	17,072	604	3.4	17,525	16,852	673	3.8
Weston	4,962	4,835	127	2.6	4,884	4,754	130	2.7	4,809	4,659	150	3.1
Westport	12,831	12,445	386	3.0	12,603	12,237	366	2.9	12,385	11,974	411	3.3
Wilton	8,407	8,158	249	3.0	8,267	8,022	245	3.0	8,155	7,889	266	3.3

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



WORKSITES BY SIZE CLASS

Size Class	Number of Employees	2007 - 4th Qtr		2006 - 4th Qtr		2005 - 4th Qtr	
		Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*
1	0-4	17,502	27,460	17,371	27,538	16,978	27,466
2	5-9	4,428	29,377	4,409	29,171	4,352	28,821
3	10-19	2,838	38,377	2,771	37,180	2,758	37,045
4	20-49	1,832	56,189	1,863	56,980	1,775	53,749
5	50-99	597	40,925	622	42,564	624	42,775
6	100-249	363	55,916	350	54,157	357	55,462
7	250-499	88	30,053	93	32,230	92	31,901
8	500-999	31	19,252	25	16,270	25	16,054
9	1000+	16	30,669	16	29,661	14	26,599
Total		27,695	328,218	27,520	325,751	26,975	319,872

* Excludes government

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms only report statewide employment and are not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county and labor market area is available online at www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2007 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	Total, All Industries	28,200	359,796	\$29,944,737,542	\$83,227	\$1,601
11	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	24	178	\$6,389,541	\$35,896	\$690
111	Crop production	8	71	\$1,325,684	\$18,672	\$359
112	Animal production	9	62	\$3,127,199	\$50,439	\$970
113	Forestry and logging	*	*	*	*	*
114	Fishing, hunting and trapping	*	*	*	*	*
115	Agriculture and forestry support activities	*	*	*	*	*
21	Mining	7	43	\$2,932,275	\$68,192	\$1,311
211	Oil and gas extraction	*	*	*	*	*
212	Mining, except oil and gas	*	*	*	*	*
213	Support activities for mining	*	*	*	*	*
22	Utilities	42	1,758	\$240,994,845	\$137,085	\$2,636
221	Utilities	42	1,758	\$240,994,845	\$137,085	\$2,636
23	Construction	2,464	13,080	\$780,261,729	\$59,653	\$1,147
236	Construction of buildings	766	3,054	\$213,314,309	\$69,848	\$1,343
237	Heavy and civil engineering construction	113	1,204	\$90,299,279	\$74,999	\$1,442
238	Specialty trade construction	1,585	8,822	\$476,648,141	\$54,029	\$1,039
31-33	Manufacturing	967	33,035	\$2,602,809,360	\$78,789	\$1,515
311	Food manufacturing	60	1,383	\$59,053,649	\$42,700	\$821
312	Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
313	Textile mills	*	*	*	*	*
314	Textile product mills	35	284	\$13,027,068	\$45,870	\$882
315	Apparel manufacturing	7	64	\$3,225,510	\$50,399	\$969
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
321	Wood product manufacturing	23	305	\$15,795,369	\$51,788	\$996
322	Paper manufacturing	21	549	\$26,866,897	\$48,938	\$941
323	Printing and related support activities	107	1,022	\$57,753,887	\$56,511	\$1,087
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
325	Chemical manufacturing	45	1,989	\$182,786,443	\$91,899	\$1,767
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	37	1,282	\$68,301,919	\$53,278	\$1,025
327	Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	30	232	\$11,569,158	\$49,867	\$959
331	Primary metal manufacturing	15	304	\$16,970,585	\$55,824	\$1,074
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing	160	3,575	\$214,067,088	\$59,879	\$1,152
333	Machinery manufacturing	101	4,337	\$392,197,088	\$90,431	\$1,739
334	Computer and electronic product manufacturing	69	3,153	\$227,587,313	\$72,181	\$1,388
335	Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing	44	2,678	\$312,618,416	\$116,736	\$2,245
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	87	769	\$37,857,548	\$49,230	\$947
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	70	2,156	\$111,279,118	\$51,614	\$993
42	Wholesale trade	1,873	12,393	\$1,293,979,473	\$104,412	\$2,008
423	Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	620	5,838	\$506,025,284	\$86,678	\$1,667
424	Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	405	4,595	\$499,954,097	\$108,804	\$2,092
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	848	1,960	\$288,000,092	\$146,939	\$2,826
44-45	Retail trade	2,995	41,096	\$1,541,480,538	\$37,509	\$721
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	216	3,796	\$220,657,108	\$58,129	\$1,118
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	245	2,037	\$77,956,890	\$38,270	\$736
443	Electronics and appliance stores	164	1,547	\$88,369,054	\$57,123	\$1,099
444	Building material and garden supply stores	207	3,428	\$143,407,655	\$41,834	\$805
445	Food and beverage stores	492	8,925	\$243,806,360	\$27,317	\$525
446	Health and personal care stores	195	2,652	\$87,010,266	\$32,809	\$631
447	Gasoline stations	239	1,348	\$35,511,349	\$26,344	\$507

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2007 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	Total, All Industries	28,200	359,796	\$29,944,737,542	\$83,227	\$1,601
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	477	5,350	\$127,984,324	\$23,922	\$460
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	200	1,842	\$39,368,500	\$21,373	\$411
452	General merchandise stores	64	4,487	\$101,216,695	\$22,558	\$434
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	341	2,294	\$72,837,833	\$31,751	\$611
454	Nonstore retailers	155	3,390	\$303,354,504	\$89,485	\$1,721
48-49	Transportation and warehousing	448	8,321	\$648,880,757	\$77,981	\$1,500
481	Air transportation	29	818	\$74,119,921	\$90,611	\$1,743
483	Water transportation	24	513	\$176,944,797	\$344,922	\$6,633
484	Truck transportation	109	914	\$40,353,134	\$44,150	\$849
485	Transit and ground passenger transportation	127	2,698	\$92,107,018	\$34,139	\$657
486	Pipeline transportation	*	*	*	*	*
487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	*	*	*	*	*
488	Support activities for transportation	98	1,147	\$155,219,946	\$135,327	\$2,602
491	Postal service	*	*	*	*	*
492	Couriers and messengers	36	1,411	\$58,476,448	\$41,443	\$797
493	Warehousing and storage	18	710	\$41,297,504	\$58,165	\$1,119
51	Information	487	9,625	\$792,659,103	\$82,354	\$1,584
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	169	3,837	\$326,959,710	\$85,212	\$1,639
512	Motion picture and sound recording industries	105	842	\$29,241,279	\$34,728	\$668
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	19	663	\$55,327,920	\$83,451	\$1,605
517	Telecommunications	106	2,937	\$255,990,554	\$87,161	\$1,676
518	ISPs, search portals, and data processing	34	250	\$18,897,631	\$75,591	\$1,454
519	Other information services	54	1,096	\$106,242,009	\$96,936	\$1,864
52	Finance and insurance	2,443	36,658	\$9,551,279,937	\$260,551	\$5,011
522	Credit intermediation and related activities	653	9,879	\$1,228,501,327	\$124,355	\$2,391
523	Securities, commodity contracts, investments	1,232	17,562	\$6,987,185,600	\$397,858	\$7,651
524	Insurance carriers and related activities	523	8,626	\$1,211,902,031	\$140,494	\$2,702
525	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	35	591	\$123,690,979	\$209,291	\$4,025
53	Real estate and rental and leasing	1,065	5,423	\$465,898,736	\$85,912	\$1,652
531	Real estate	905	3,850	\$312,241,896	\$81,102	\$1,560
532	Rental and leasing services	142	1,506	\$145,453,732	\$96,583	\$1,857
533	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	18	67	\$8,203,108	\$122,434	\$2,355
54	Professional and technical services	3,689	27,717	\$2,730,099,549	\$98,499	\$1,894
541	Professional and technical services	3,689	27,717	\$2,730,099,549	\$98,499	\$1,894
55	Management of companies and enterprises	262	9,910	\$2,352,452,457	\$237,382	\$4,565
551	Management of companies and enterprises	262	9,910	\$2,352,452,457	\$237,382	\$4,565
56	Administrative and waste management	1,869	25,111	\$1,069,072,619	\$42,574	\$819
561	Administrative and support activities	1,735	23,975	\$1,010,177,680	\$42,135	\$810
562	Waste management and remediation services	134	1,136	\$58,894,939	\$51,844	\$997
61	Educational services	378	8,474	\$364,667,643	\$43,034	\$828
611	Educational services	378	8,474	\$364,667,643	\$43,034	\$828
62	Health care and social assistance	2,191	45,146	\$2,170,264,255	\$48,072	\$924
621	Ambulatory health care services	1,561	16,056	\$920,156,032	\$57,309	\$1,102
622	Hospitals	10	11,623	\$689,722,307	\$59,341	\$1,141
623	Nursing and residential care facilities	193	8,999	\$311,701,498	\$34,637	\$666
624	Social assistance	427	8,468	\$248,684,418	\$29,368	\$565
71	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	459	7,889	\$290,364,944	\$36,806	\$708
711	Performing arts and spectator sports	167	1,480	\$106,854,423	\$72,199	\$1,388
712	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	24	550	\$16,449,404	\$29,908	\$575
713	Amusement, gambling, and recreation	268	5,859	\$167,061,117	\$28,514	\$548

SOUTHWEST WIA

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2007 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	Total, All Industries	28,200	359,796	\$29,944,737,542	\$83,227	\$1,601
72	Accommodation and food services	1,642	20,898	\$457,276,056	\$21,881	\$421
721	Accommodation	71	2,257	\$78,451,980	\$34,759	\$668
722	Food services and drinking places	1,571	18,641	\$378,824,076	\$20,322	\$391
81	Other services, except public administration	4,350	14,677	\$463,619,142	\$31,588	\$607
811	Repair and maintenance	517	3,042	\$118,419,704	\$38,928	\$749
812	Personal and laundry services	806	4,784	\$131,001,095	\$27,383	\$527
813	Membership associations and organizations	464	3,493	\$115,933,866	\$33,190	\$638
814	Private households	2,563	3,358	\$98,264,477	\$29,263	\$563
	Total government	506	38,316	\$2,117,768,229	\$55,271	\$1,063
	Federal	78	2,820	\$175,945,299	\$62,392	\$1,200
	State	76	4,517	\$255,712,980	\$56,611	\$1,089
	Local	352	30,979	\$1,686,109,950	\$54,428	\$1,047
99	Nonclassifiable establishments	39	48	\$1,586,354	\$33,049	\$636

* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research (2007 QCEW Program Data)



SOUTHWEST WIA

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY TOWN

	# of Worksites		Annual Average				Industry with Highest Employment		
	2007	2006	Employment		Wages		Industry	2007 Ann. Avg.	
			2007	2006	2007	2006		Emp.	Wages
Ansonia	329	338	3,724	3,753	\$37,000	\$36,900	Retail Trade	860	\$25,700
Beacon Falls	113	112	1,059	883	\$46,000	\$44,100	Manufacturing	238	\$47,600
Bridgeport	2,395	2,425	44,603	44,926	\$47,300	\$45,300	Health Care & Social Asst.	10,446	\$45,000
Darien	956	940	7,555	7,184	\$66,100	\$61,100	Retail Trade	1,339	\$43,500
Derby	320	329	5,153	5,428	\$33,700	\$32,800	Health Care & Social Asst.	1,860	\$42,800
Easton	202	200	888	886	\$47,400	\$43,000	Local/Municipal Gov't.	327	\$47,600
Fairfield	2,234	2,220	24,158	24,105	\$59,100	\$56,600	Health Care & Social Asst.	3,574	\$45,300
Greenwich	4,028	3,980	36,266	35,421	\$147,800	\$138,700	Finance & Insurance	7,262	\$420,700
Monroe	638	633	7,354	7,293	\$37,300	\$36,800	Retail Trade	968	\$31,200
New Canaan	940	930	6,520	6,427	\$73,900	\$69,400	Local/Municipal Gov't.	1,214	\$55,900
Norwalk	3,236	3,242	45,643	45,443	\$73,700	\$65,700	Retail Trade	6,456	\$47,900
Oxford	295	286	2,503	2,394	\$45,500	\$43,500	Manufacturing	430	\$48,400
Seymour	346	340	4,517	4,404	\$41,100	\$39,900	Manufacturing	1,248	\$56,300
Shelton	1,281	1,229	22,687	21,636	\$74,400	\$69,700	Manufacturing	4,633	\$82,600
Stamford	5,324	5,310	76,023	75,680	\$117,400	\$109,100	Finance & Insurance	12,313	\$308,900
Stratford	1,311	1,321	25,268	25,121	\$56,400	\$55,000	Manufacturing	8,349	\$82,200
Trumbull	1,041	1,040	17,396	17,425	\$53,600	\$51,600	Retail Trade	4,031	\$36,900
Weston	296	297	1,384	1,377	\$50,400	\$49,600	Local/Municipal Gov't.	532	\$55,700
Westport	1,968	1,932	16,896	16,257	\$101,400	\$88,400	Retail Trade	2,793	\$36,600
Wilton	944	920	10,654	10,226	\$94,600	\$101,000	Prof., Sci., & Tech. Svcs.	2,048	\$98,000

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



SOUTHWEST WIA

NEW HOUSING PERMITS

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	# Change 2006-07	# Change 2000-07
Connecticut	7,746	9,236	11,885	11,837	10,435	9,731	9,290	9,376	-1,490	-1,630
Southwest WIA	1,852	1,562	2,514	1,999	1,565	1,429	1,753	1,770	290	82
Ansonia	13	8	13	13	21	22	22	38	5	-25
Beacon Falls	22	38	59	30	17	14	24	48	-16	-26
Bridgeport	243	156	202	134	86	64	101	106	87	137
Darien	55	42	56	46	222	32	42	48	13	7
Derby	3	10	7	14	15	17	20	22	-7	-19
Easton	5	5	11	17	6	6	20	42	0	-37
Fairfield	95	116	154	170	95	70	43	42	-21	53
Greenwich	191	226	221	214	140	150	126	136	-35	55
Monroe	20	20	42	29	32	36	34	51	0	-31
New Canaan	51	71	66	65	54	59	54	58	-20	-7
Norwalk	95	107	333	294	130	121	328	116	-12	-21
Oxford	86	95	245	229	145	96	97	84	-9	2
Seymour	28	41	96	39	46	122	45	43	-13	-15
Shelton	93	130	474	126	85	141	119	121	-37	-28
Stamford	631	247	258	290	96	219	394	571	384	60
Stratford	48	42	55	44	78	57	47	23	6	25
Trumbull	39	68	46	67	135	88	123	69	-29	-30
Weston	14	24	31	27	15	12	26	32	-10	-18
Westport	93	94	114	114	115	79	66	76	-1	17
Wilton	27	22	31	37	32	24	22	44	5	-17

Source: U.S. Census, compiled by the CT Department of Economic and Community Development



SOUTHWEST WIA

FOOD STAMP AND TEMPORARY FAMILY ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

	Food Stamp			# Change		Temporary Family Assistance			# Change	
	2007	2006	2005	2006-07	2005-07	2007	2006	2005	2006-07	2005-07
Connecticut	195,090	194,311	188,591	779	6,499	40,974	44,365	48,174	-3,391	-7,200
Southwest WIA	32,232	32,098	32,176	134	56	6,545	6,999	7,807	-454	-1,262
Ansonia	1,660	1,624	1,548	36	112	389	431	481	-42	-92
Beacon Falls	85	67	75	18	10	16	19	30	-3	-14
Bridgeport	19,668	19,324	19,630	344	38	4,059	4,322	4,787	-263	-728
Darien	32	34	24	-2	8	4	7	3	-3	1
Derby	741	804	757	-63	-16	161	180	196	-19	-35
Easton	14	12	14	2	0	0	2	3	-2	-3
Fairfield	403	420	400	-17	3	81	89	107	-8	-26
Greenwich	457	454	409	3	48	68	79	92	-11	-24
Monroe	74	75	69	-1	5	14	23	22	-9	-8
New Canaan	63	55	49	8	14	6	3	10	3	-4
Norwalk	2,490	2,615	2,772	-125	-282	539	599	712	-60	-173
Oxford	103	102	83	1	20	14	17	21	-3	-7
Seymour	409	425	378	-16	31	69	83	96	-14	-27
Shelton	554	560	534	-6	20	133	138	137	-5	-4
Stamford	3,656	3,707	3,621	-51	35	591	595	663	-4	-72
Stratford	1,477	1,481	1,471	-4	6	358	366	382	-8	-24
Trumbull	237	229	223	8	14	31	35	51	-4	-20
Weston	4	3	4	1	0	1	1	1	0	0
Westport	84	88	93	-4	-9	11	10	13	1	-2
Wilton	21	19	22	2	-1	0	0	0	0	0

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding



SOUTHWEST WIA

STATE SUPPLEMENT AND MEDICAID RECIPIENTS

	State Supplement			# Change		Medicaid			# Change	
	2007	2006	2005	2006-07	2005-07	2007	2006	2004*	2006-07	2004-07
Connecticut	15,083	15,599	16,492	-516	-1,409	392,390	397,641	392,027	-5,251	363
Southwest WIA	2,368	2,473	2,689	-105	-321	74,292	75,329	75,503	-1,037	-1,211
Ansonia	56	57	59	-1	-3	3,205	3,249	2,977	-44	228
Beacon Falls	8	9	8	-1	0	287	277	270	10	17
Bridgeport	1,025	1,074	1,174	-49	-149	35,222	35,809	36,606	-587	-1,384
Darien	5	6	6	-1	-1	257	269	277	-12	-20
Derby	22	25	33	-3	-11	1,736	1,788	1,705	-52	31
Easton	9	8	7	1	2	109	106	106	3	3
Fairfield	54	59	58	-5	-4	2,021	2,000	1,978	21	43
Greenwich	106	106	121	0	-15	1,924	1,958	1,782	-34	142
Monroe	31	32	34	-1	-3	557	527	550	30	7
New Canaan	10	12	10	-2	0	209	241	230	-32	-21
Norwalk	213	235	270	-22	-57	7,622	7,778	7,934	-156	-312
Oxford	14	16	16	-2	-2	481	489	448	-8	33
Seymour	35	35	38	0	-3	1,222	1,235	1,192	-13	30
Shelton	73	73	84	0	-11	2,268	2,234	2,196	34	72
Stamford	456	473	512	-17	-56	10,705	10,779	10,855	-74	-150
Stratford	117	114	115	3	2	4,278	4,375	4,175	-97	103
Trumbull	83	88	92	-5	-9	1,360	1,370	1,323	-10	37
Weston	6	6	7	0	-1	53	53	63	0	-10
Westport	34	35	36	-1	-2	457	465	489	-8	-32
Wilton	11	10	9	1	2	319	327	347	-8	-28

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services

*2005 Medicaid data not available

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding



SOUTHWEST WIA

STATE ADMINISTERED GENERAL ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS

	Cash			Change 2006-07	Medical			Change 2006-07
	2007	2006	2005		2007	2006	2005	
Connecticut	4,204	4,100	4,076	104	31,829	31,307	29,840	522
Southwest WIA	628	641	713	-13	5,055	5,136	5,203	-81
Ansonia	28	27	32	1	186	184	183	2
Beacon Falls	2	2	2	0	28	27	20	1
Bridgeport	327	328	365	-1	2,905	2,850	2,866	55
Darien	1	0	1	1	13	15	12	-2
Derby	14	16	24	-2	115	130	129	-15
Easton	0	0	0	0	5	5	5	0
Fairfield	9	11	11	-2	105	96	100	9
Greenwich	10	12	12	-2	62	56	60	6
Monroe	1	1	2	0	32	25	30	7
New Canaan	1	1	1	0	10	11	9	-1
Norwalk	63	75	84	-12	413	468	502	-55
Oxford	4	4	4	0	20	20	22	0
Seymour	11	8	10	3	79	81	64	-2
Shelton	18	22	25	-4	119	123	118	-4
Stamford	97	98	104	-1	595	684	707	-89
Stratford	29	23	23	6	272	258	271	14
Trumbull	7	7	7	0	60	62	60	-2
Weston	0	0	1	0	4	4	4	0
Westport	5	6	5	-1	25	28	33	-3
Wilton	1	0	0	1	7	9	8	-2

Source: Connecticut Department of Social Services



SOUTHWEST WIA

DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENTAL SERVICES - active clients

	June 2008	June 2007	June 2006	June 2005	June 2004	June 2003	June 2002	# Change 2007-08	# Change 2002-08
Connecticut	15,168	15,004	15,018	14,943	14,936	14,667	14,580	164	588
Southwest WIA	2,581	2,553	2,573	2,576	2,605	2,519	2,469	28	112
Ansonia	81	78	79	78	80	74	75	3	6
Beacon Falls	12	9	9	11	9	8	9	3	3
Bridgeport	663	670	669	675	698	673	667	-7	-4
Darien	31	28	34	33	33	32	31	3	0
Derby	49	44	46	46	51	57	50	5	-1
Easton	17	19	19	19	25	23	21	-2	-4
Fairfield	143	141	148	152	152	149	139	2	4
Greenwich	149	146	144	140	138	130	133	3	16
Monroe	70	68	68	67	67	68	66	2	4
New Canaan	35	33	31	28	29	28	28	2	7
Norwalk	309	319	333	337	346	336	337	-10	-28
Oxford	41	35	31	30	28	27	25	6	16
Seymour	43	40	44	46	42	38	42	3	1
Shelton	107	109	109	108	106	109	103	-2	4
Stamford	273	269	262	258	277	263	259	4	14
Stratford	267	256	249	244	230	220	219	11	48
Trumbull	164	161	164	167	165	160	156	3	8
Weston	17	16	18	20	17	16	11	1	6
Westport	68	71	73	73	70	71	65	-3	3
Wilton	42	41	43	44	42	37	33	1	9

Source: Connecticut Department of Developmental Services

Note: Statewide totals may include unknown area or out-of-state DDS clients.



Persons Receiving Services¹

Place of Residence ²	State Fiscal Year ³		
	2007	2006	2005
Connecticut⁴	104,987	95,178	83,869
Southwest WIA	17,245	15,233	14,627
Ansonia	793	834	786
Beacon Falls	119	102	81
Bridgeport	5,831	5,376	5,278
Darien	147	106	109
Derby	430	381	340
Easton	39	34	30
Fairfield	557	421	398
Greenwich	559	461	415
Monroe	181	140	133
New Canaan	132	89	79
Norwalk	2,723	2,396	2,346
Oxford	187	171	129
Seymour	385	313	292
Shelton	691	598	487
Stamford	2,832	2,450	2,402
Stratford	911	753	695
Trumbull	316	308	310
Weston	52	36	40
Westport	249	192	206
Wilton	111	72	71

¹ Number of persons (unduplicated) includes those receiving mental health or addiction services or both through Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services (DMHAS) operated or funded programs. Includes all DMHAS services such as clinical (e.g., treatment including evaluation/assessment) and supportive (e.g., housing services, employment/vocational). Also included are persons served in DMHAS' Problem Gambling Services program. Not included are individuals receiving prevention services.

² Residence based upon client's most current ZIP code as reported to DMHAS. Some ZIP codes include more than one town, e.g., Town of Union is included in a Stafford ZIP Code.

³ State Fiscal Year is July 1st through June 30th

⁴ Statewide totals include persons with unknown or out-of-state or unknown ZIP codes.

Source: DMHAS, Substance Abuse Treatment Information System (SATIS): August 2008

SOUTHWEST WIA

ADULT PROBATIONERS - by residence

	June 2008	June 2007	June 2006	June 2005	June 2004	# Change	
						2007-08	2004-08
Connecticut*	55,893	53,125	52,132	50,579	49,431	2,768	6,462
Southwest WIA	12,509	11,715	11,516	11,003	10,900	794	1,609
Ansonia	416	416	408	390	333	0	83
Beacon Falls	48	63	56	44	30	-15	18
Bridgeport	5,516	5,220	5,130	4,780	5,105	296	411
Darien	86	70	81	78	77	16	9
Derby	240	227	224	210	195	13	45
Easton	45	33	35	28	21	12	24
Fairfield	302	292	272	257	255	10	47
Greenwich	364	339	347	316	280	25	84
Monroe	136	102	105	92	103	34	33
New Canaan	76	73	63	58	46	3	30
Norwalk	1,438	1,308	1,169	1,174	1,113	130	325
Oxford	84	70	85	88	74	14	10
Seymour	201	183	171	153	165	18	36
Shelton	409	361	346	317	333	48	76
Stamford	1,986	1,915	1,992	2,083	1,814	71	172
Stratford	738	672	672	603	672	66	66
Trumbull	181	164	176	179	141	17	40
Weston	33	26	31	24	20	7	13
Westport	143	116	99	76	88	27	55
Wilton	67	65	54	53	35	2	32

* June 2008 Connecticut totals include 71 probationers without town designations.

Source: Connecticut Judicial Department - Office of Adult Probation



SOUTHWEST WIA

HIGH SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND DROPOUT RATES

GRADES 9 - 12

School District	Enrollment			Dropouts					
				Number			Rate		
	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05
Connecticut	176,062	173,709	173,225	3,251	3,212	3,027	1.8%	1.8%	1.7%
Southwest WIA	36,707	36,025	35,272	757	796	607	2.1%	2.2%	1.7%
Ansonia	738	700	684	16	14	19	2.2%	2.0%	2.8%
Bridgeport	5,629	5,439	5,419	462	442	349	8.2%	8.1%	6.4%
Darien	1,133	1,082	948	0	0	2	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
Derby	432	425	417	6	7	1	1.4%	1.6%	0.2%
Fairfield	2,540	2,462	2,407	22	18	19	0.9%	0.7%	0.8%
Greenwich	2,763	2,751	2,702	27	21	20	1.0%	0.8%	0.7%
Monroe	1,456	1,485	1,404	5	2	2	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%
New Canaan	1,210	1,168	1,116	4	0	2	0.3%	0.0%	0.2%
Norwalk	3,336	3,291	3,233	22	21	26	0.7%	0.6%	0.8%
Seymour	975	948	895	20	29	25	2.1%	3.1%	2.8%
Shelton	1,717	1,765	1,800	32	96	0	1.9%	5.4%	0.0%
Stamford	4,569	4,545	4,395	88	85	84	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%
Stratford	2,397	2,369	2,360	21	36	33	0.9%	1.5%	1.4%
Trumbull	2,104	2,022	2,024	2	1	0	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Weston	796	739	718	0	0	1	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Westport	1,601	1,527	1,465	5	0	0	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Wilton	1,249	1,237	1,216	3	0	4	0.2%	0.0%	0.3%
Regional School District 9 ^a	962	987	984	8	2	2	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%
Regional School District 16 ^b	814	784	808	7	15	15	0.9%	1.9%	1.9%
The Bridge Academy (Bridgeport)	164	186	175	1	7	3	0.6%	3.8%	1.7%
Stamford Academy	122	113	102	6	0	0	4.9%	0.0%	0.0%
CT Technical High Schools ^c	10,026	10,325	10,836	227	47	7	2.3%	0.5%	0.1%

^a Regional School District 9 serves the towns of Easton and Redding

^b Regional School District 16 serves the towns of Beacon Falls and Prospect

^c CT Tech High School System (4 in EA WIA, 3 in NC, 3 in NW, 4 in SC, 3 in SW) data reflected in CT total--not WIA total

Source: Connecticut Department of Education, Bureau of Research, Evaluation and Student Assessment



SOUTHWEST WIA

BIRTHS TO TEENAGE MOTHERS - by age and residence

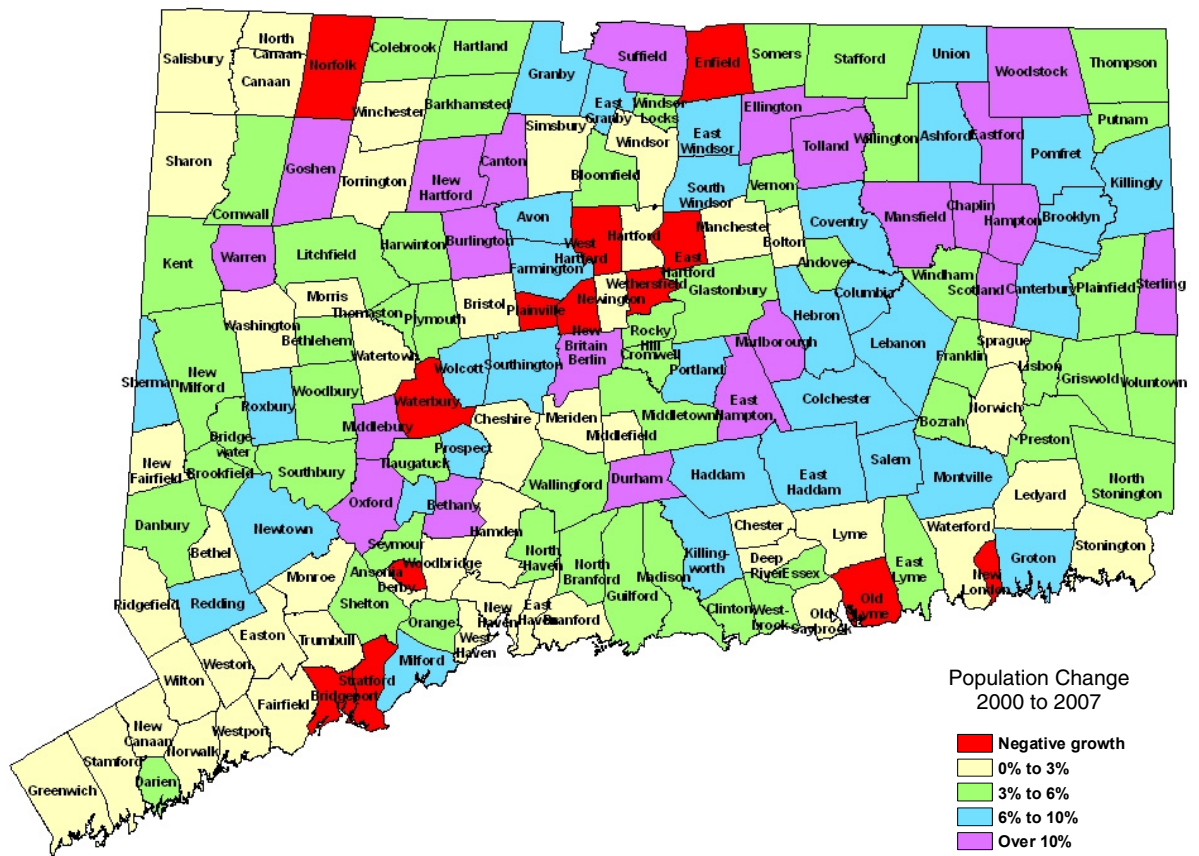
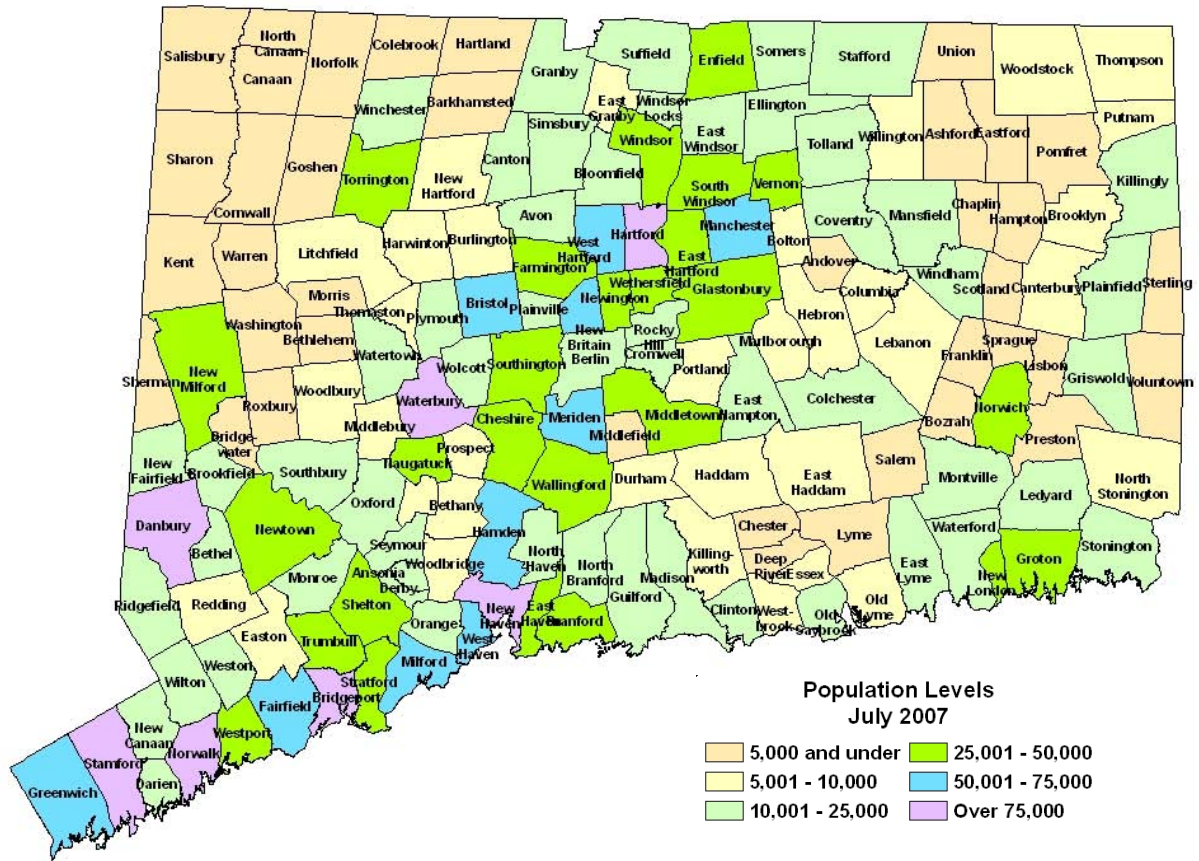
	2006						TOTAL		
	<15 Years	15 Years	16 Years	17 Years	18 Years	19 Years	2006	2005	2004
Connecticut	34	114	297	502	839	1,114	2,900	2,842	2,909
Southwest WIA	6	18	79	96	169	233	601	550	556
Ansonia	0	0	1	2	6	5	14	19	26
Beacon Falls	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	3
Bridgeport	5	12	52	52	99	136	356	308	306
Darien	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Derby	0	0	2	1	1	5	9	14	11
Easton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Fairfield	1	0	1	1	3	2	8	8	4
Greenwich	0	1	1	0	2	4	8	5	3
Monroe	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	2	4
New Canaan	0	0	1	1	1	0	3	1	0
Norwalk	0	3	9	11	16	34	73	70	64
Oxford	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1
Seymour	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	3	5
Shelton	0	0	1	3	5	10	19	6	13
Stamford	0	1	9	18	23	26	77	69	75
Stratford	0	1	1	5	9	9	25	32	36
Trumbull	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	6	2
Weston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Westport	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Source: Connecticut Department of Public Health - Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation



STATEWIDE

POPULATION LEVELS



STATEWIDE

LABOR FORCE

LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

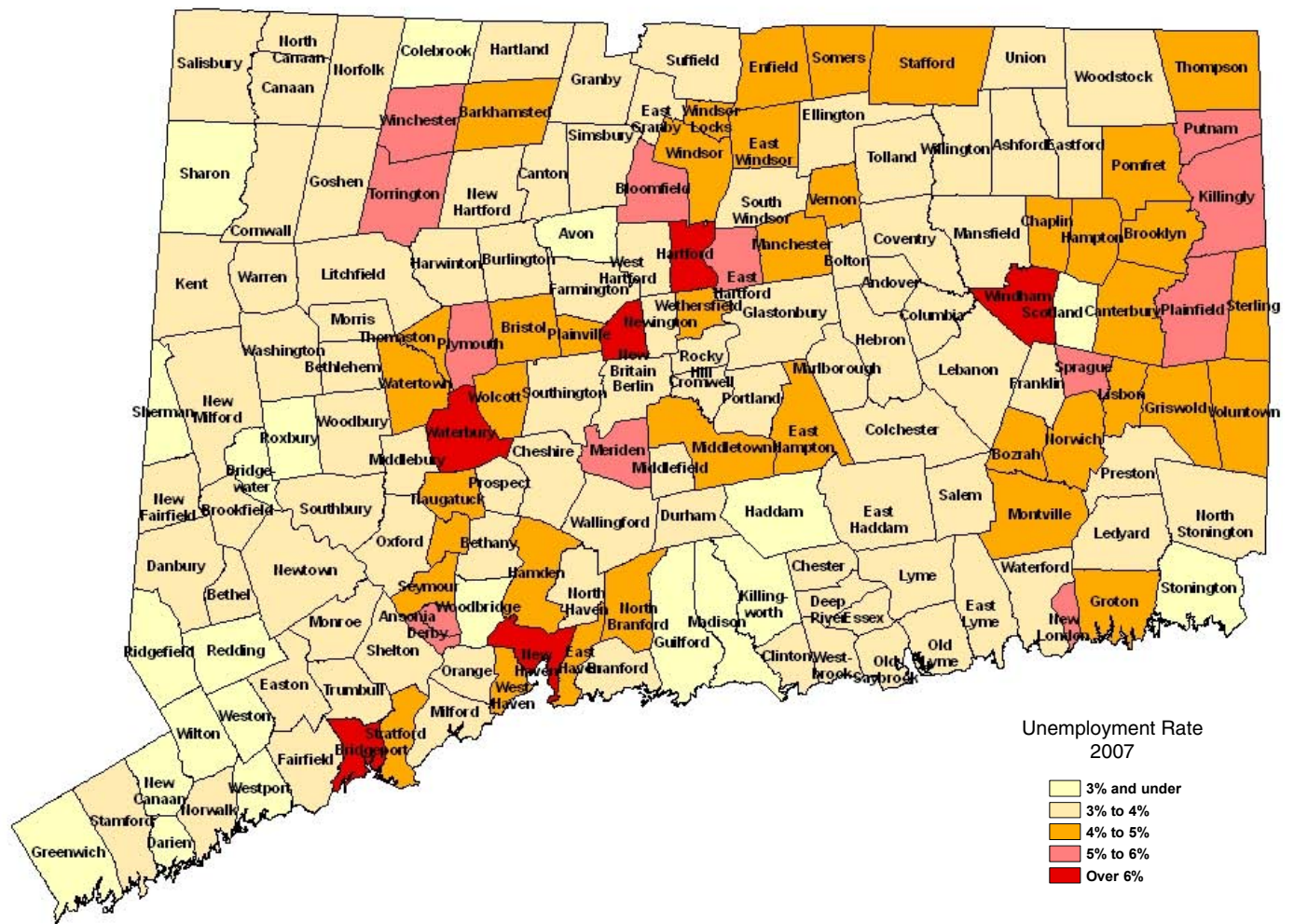
		Annual Average			Change 2006-07	
		2007	2006	2005	#	%
UNITED STATES	Labor Force	153,124,000	151,428,000	149,320,000	1,696,000	1.1
	Employed	146,047,000	144,427,000	141,730,000	1,620,000	1.1
	Unemployed	7,078,000	7,001,000	7,591,000	77,000	1.1
	Rate	4.6	4.6	5.1	0.0	***
CONNECTICUT	Labor Force	1,865,500	1,836,000	1,812,200	29,500	1.6
	Employed	1,780,500	1,755,600	1,723,900	24,900	1.4
	Unemployed	85,000	80,400	88,300	4,600	5.7
	Rate	4.6	4.4	4.9	0.2	***
EASTERN WIA	Labor Force	239,400	236,100	233,500	3,300	1.4
	Employed	228,700	225,800	222,500	2,900	1.3
	Unemployed	10,700	10,300	11,000	400	3.9
	Rate	4.5	4.4	4.7	0.1	***
NORTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	517,200	508,800	501,900	8,400	1.7
	Employed	492,100	484,900	475,900	7,200	1.5
	Unemployed	25,100	23,800	26,000	1,300	5.5
	Rate	4.8	4.7	5.2	0.2	***
NORTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	314,700	310,300	307,300	4,400	1.4
	Employed	300,800	297,300	292,700	3,500	1.2
	Unemployed	14,000	13,100	14,600	900	6.9
	Rate	4.4	4.2	4.7	0.2	***
SOUTH CENTRAL WIA	Labor Force	392,600	386,600	380,900	6,000	1.6
	Employed	374,400	369,600	362,300	4,800	1.3
	Unemployed	18,200	17,000	18,700	1,200	7.1
	Rate	4.6	4.4	4.9	0.2	***
SOUTHWEST WIA	Labor Force	401,500	394,200	388,600	7,300	1.9
	Employed	384,500	378,100	370,600	6,400	1.7
	Unemployed	17,000	16,200	18,100	800	4.9
	Rate	4.2	4.1	4.6	0.1	***

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



STATEWIDE

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



STATEWIDE

WORKSITES BY SIZE CLASS

Size Class	Number of Employees	2007 - 4th Qtr		2006 - 4th Qtr		2005 - 4th Qtr	
		Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*	Number of Worksites*	Employment*
1	0-4	65,885	105,667	64,930	105,250	63,596	103,974
2	5-9	18,451	122,278	18,307	121,176	18,293	121,110
3	10-19	12,007	161,994	11,980	161,224	11,904	160,006
4	20-49	8,191	250,311	8,134	247,646	7,921	239,654
5	50-99	2,799	192,598	2,898	198,776	2,805	193,941
6	100-249	1,728	261,072	1,682	255,520	1,628	248,904
7	250-499	362	123,696	357	120,404	363	122,312
8	500-999	110	71,604	111	72,618	112	73,089
9	1000+	73	171,974	73	169,721	71	165,849
		109,606	1,461,194	108,472	1,452,335	106,693	1,428,839

* Excludes government

Size Class is determined by the number of employees at a worksite.

NOTE: The sum of the areas is less than the statewide total because some firms only report statewide employment and are not included in the area data.

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research

Information by county and labor market area is available online at www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi



STATEWIDE

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2007 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	Total, All Industries	113,243	1,686,262	\$97,835,595,813	\$58,019	\$1,116
11	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	359	4,970	\$137,595,302	\$27,685	\$532
111	Crop production	173	3,774	\$99,557,411	\$26,380	\$507
112	Animal production	94	839	\$26,761,031	\$31,896	\$613
113	Forestry and logging	11	10	\$311,109	\$31,111	\$598
114	Fishing, hunting and trapping	13	49	\$2,487,494	\$50,765	\$976
115	Agriculture and forestry support activities	68	298	\$8,478,257	\$28,451	\$547
21	Mining	57	714	\$43,716,977	\$61,228	\$1,177
211	Oil and gas extraction	*	*	*	*	*
212	Mining, except oil and gas	48	687	\$41,311,035	\$60,133	\$1,156
213	Support activities for mining	*	*	*	*	*
22	Utilities	163	6,652	\$701,533,154	\$105,462	\$2,028
221	Utilities	163	6,652	\$701,533,154	\$105,462	\$2,028
23	Construction	11,123	68,610	\$3,836,114,215	\$55,912	\$1,075
236	Construction of buildings	3,171	14,516	\$889,093,861	\$61,249	\$1,178
237	Heavy and civil engineering construction	554	6,200	\$430,143,518	\$69,378	\$1,334
238	Specialty trade construction	7,398	47,894	\$2,516,876,836	\$52,551	\$1,011
31-33	Manufacturing	5,233	191,264	\$13,266,059,969	\$69,360	\$1,334
311	Food manufacturing	282	7,336	\$286,754,288	\$39,089	\$752
312	Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	40	932	\$94,124,905	\$100,992	\$1,942
313	Textile mills	32	910	\$40,341,250	\$44,331	\$853
314	Textile product mills	107	1,302	\$48,629,569	\$37,350	\$718
315	Apparel manufacturing	29	330	\$12,269,048	\$37,179	\$715
316	Leather and allied product manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
321	Wood product manufacturing	146	1,679	\$74,812,435	\$44,558	\$857
322	Paper manufacturing	93	4,831	\$290,788,457	\$60,192	\$1,158
323	Printing and related support activities	452	7,653	\$402,141,492	\$52,547	\$1,011
324	Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	*	*	*	*	*
325	Chemical manufacturing	191	15,715	\$1,851,061,385	\$117,789	\$2,265
326	Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	212	7,141	\$351,681,370	\$49,248	\$947
327	Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	160	3,013	\$159,221,942	\$52,845	\$1,016
331	Primary metal manufacturing	85	4,025	\$241,726,837	\$60,056	\$1,155
332	Fabricated metal product manufacturing	1,349	33,397	\$1,906,020,805	\$57,072	\$1,098
333	Machinery manufacturing	560	18,100	\$1,352,152,687	\$74,705	\$1,437
334	Computer and electronic product manufacturing	337	14,102	\$909,250,165	\$64,477	\$1,240
335	Electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing	189	11,171	\$838,691,487	\$75,078	\$1,444
336	Transportation equipment manufacturing	255	43,554	\$3,526,125,759	\$80,960	\$1,557
337	Furniture and related product manufacturing	324	3,495	\$154,785,923	\$44,288	\$852
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	361	11,890	\$644,328,701	\$54,191	\$1,042
42	Wholesale trade	10,158	67,874	\$5,423,232,410	\$79,901	\$1,537
423	Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	2,923	31,664	\$2,307,622,440	\$72,878	\$1,402
424	Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	1,403	22,207	\$1,586,777,573	\$71,454	\$1,374
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	5,832	14,003	\$1,528,832,397	\$109,179	\$2,100
44-45	Retail trade	13,333	191,211	\$5,765,736,454	\$30,154	\$580
441	Motor vehicle and parts dealers	1,315	21,940	\$1,052,539,740	\$47,974	\$923
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	891	7,684	\$262,625,956	\$34,178	\$657
443	Electronics and appliance stores	720	6,508	\$291,636,422	\$44,812	\$862
444	Building material and garden supply stores	962	16,374	\$591,086,573	\$36,099	\$694
445	Food and beverage stores	2,223	41,999	\$994,558,884	\$23,681	\$455
446	Health and personal care stores	933	13,850	\$446,729,721	\$32,255	\$620
447	Gasoline stations	1,075	6,269	\$146,133,150	\$23,310	\$448



STATEWIDE

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2007 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	Total, All Industries	113,243	1,686,262	\$97,835,595,813	\$58,019	\$1,116
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	1,842	22,098	\$453,710,805	\$20,532	\$395
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	877	8,947	\$170,134,624	\$19,016	\$366
452	General merchandise stores	366	25,659	\$538,984,583	\$21,006	\$404
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	1,442	10,463	\$245,275,182	\$23,442	\$451
454	Nonstore retailers	687	9,420	\$572,320,814	\$60,756	\$1,168
48-49	Transportation and warehousing	1,871	41,999	\$1,963,968,774	\$46,762	\$899
481	Air transportation	82	2,025	\$123,979,552	\$61,224	\$1,177
482	Rail transportation	*	*	*	*	*
483	Water transportation	37	923	\$199,222,436	\$215,842	\$4,151
484	Truck transportation	741	7,190	\$323,131,151	\$44,942	\$864
485	Transit and ground passenger transportation	353	11,770	\$333,892,284	\$28,368	\$546
486	Pipeline transportation	5	158	\$15,637,911	\$98,974	\$1,903
487	Scenic and sightseeing transportation	20	129	\$2,589,481	\$20,073	\$386
488	Support activities for transportation	340	3,902	\$290,139,308	\$74,357	\$1,430
491	Postal service	*	*	*	*	*
492	Couriers and messengers	153	7,129	\$282,031,010	\$39,561	\$761
493	Warehousing and storage	129	8,701	\$390,117,833	\$44,836	\$862
51	Information	1,824	38,264	\$2,638,911,078	\$68,966	\$1,326
511	Publishing industries, except Internet	486	11,264	\$730,227,957	\$64,828	\$1,247
512	Motion picture and sound recording industries	352	3,013	\$90,796,342	\$30,135	\$580
515	Broadcasting, except Internet	113	5,173	\$447,597,568	\$86,526	\$1,664
517	Telecommunications	507	13,091	\$1,004,518,639	\$76,734	\$1,476
518	ISPs, search portals, and data processing	144	2,991	\$182,465,318	\$61,005	\$1,173
519	Other information services	222	2,732	\$183,305,254	\$67,096	\$1,290
52	Finance and insurance	7,341	123,488	\$18,064,800,102	\$146,288	\$2,813
521	Monetary authorities - central bank	*	*	*	*	*
522	Credit intermediation and related activities	2,597	31,175	\$2,572,597,021	\$82,521	\$1,587
523	Securities, commodity contracts, investments	2,179	22,096	\$7,814,354,304	\$353,655	\$6,801
524	Insurance carriers and related activities	2,449	65,302	\$6,956,190,316	\$106,523	\$2,049
525	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	*	*	*	*	*
53	Real estate and rental and leasing	3,831	21,124	\$1,131,975,714	\$53,587	\$1,031
531	Real estate	3,113	14,716	\$787,885,522	\$53,539	\$1,030
532	Rental and leasing services	*	*	*	*	*
533	Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	*	*	*	*	*
54	Professional and technical services	12,774	92,226	\$7,689,074,477	\$83,372	\$1,603
541	Professional and technical services	12,774	92,226	\$7,689,074,477	\$83,372	\$1,603
55	Management of companies and enterprises	705	26,731	\$4,209,959,985	\$157,494	\$3,029
551	Management of companies and enterprises	705	26,731	\$4,209,959,985	\$157,494	\$3,029
56	Administrative and waste management	6,932	88,884	\$3,247,479,922	\$36,536	\$703
561	Administrative and support activities	6,437	82,554	\$2,933,400,920	\$35,533	\$683
562	Waste management and remediation services	495	6,330	\$314,079,002	\$49,618	\$954
61	Educational services	1,416	49,263	\$2,394,882,650	\$48,614	\$935
611	Educational services	1,416	49,263	\$2,394,882,650	\$48,614	\$935
62	Health care and social assistance	9,560	231,488	\$10,263,987,890	\$44,339	\$853
621	Ambulatory health care services	6,368	74,938	\$4,158,827,800	\$55,497	\$1,067
622	Hospitals	48	58,079	\$3,195,468,868	\$55,019	\$1,058
623	Nursing and residential care facilities	1,199	58,989	\$1,967,377,566	\$33,352	\$641
624	Social assistance	1,945	39,482	\$942,313,656	\$23,867	\$459
71	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	1,711	24,261	\$683,020,734	\$28,153	\$541
711	Performing arts and spectator sports	534	4,270	\$230,963,893	\$54,090	\$1,040



STATEWIDE

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES BY INDUSTRY-2007 ANNUAL AVERAGE

NAICS Code	Industry	Units	Annual Average Employment	Total Annual Wages	Annual Average Wages	Average Weekly Wages
	Total, All Industries	113,243	1,686,262	\$97,835,595,813	\$58,019	\$1,116
712	Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	111	2,091	\$55,912,037	\$26,739	\$514
713	Amusement, gambling, and recreation	1,066	17,900	\$396,144,804	\$22,131	\$426
72	Accommodation and food services	7,478	111,568	\$1,988,460,921	\$17,823	\$343
721	Accommodation	468	12,086	\$303,879,188	\$25,143	\$484
722	Food services and drinking places	7,010	99,482	\$1,684,581,733	\$16,934	\$326
81	Other services, except public administration	13,563	58,663	\$1,714,235,822	\$29,222	\$562
811	Repair and maintenance	2,690	14,631	\$563,635,620	\$38,523	\$741
812	Personal and laundry services	3,202	19,560	\$470,402,302	\$24,049	\$462
813	Membership associations and organizations	2,061	16,038	\$496,328,955	\$30,947	\$595
814	Private households	5,610	8,434	\$183,868,945	\$21,801	\$419
	Total government	3,636	246,853	\$12,661,975,891	\$51,294	\$986
	Federal	574	19,573	\$1,133,837,719	\$57,929	\$1,114
	State	766	68,890	\$4,081,246,843	\$59,243	\$1,139
	Local**	2,296	158,390	\$7,446,891,329	\$47,016	\$904
99	Nonclassifiable establishments	175	155	\$8,873,372	\$57,248	\$1,101

* Disclosure provisions of Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance Law prohibit the release of figures which tend to reveal data reported by individual firms.

** Includes Indian tribal government employment

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research (2007 QCEW Program Data)



STATEWIDE

EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK: 2006-2016

Connecticut's Major Occupational Categories by 2016 Projected Employment					
Major Occupational Category	Employment		Change 2006-2016		Total Annual Openings
	2006	2016	#	%	
TOTAL, ALL OCCUPATIONS	1,789,910	1,938,090	148,180	8.3%	56,218
Office & Administrative Support	307,300	318,600	11,300	3.7%	8,393
Sales & Related	200,200	214,140	13,940	7.0%	7,554
Food Preparation & Serving Related	119,580	135,870	16,290	13.6%	5,929
Education, Training, & Library	116,590	127,160	10,570	9.1%	3,440
Production	118,500	116,140	-2,360	-2.0%	2,536
Healthcare Practitioners & Technical	95,470	110,330	14,860	15.6%	3,258
Business & Financial Operations	94,050	105,280	11,230	11.9%	2,780
Transportation & Material Moving	99,030	103,050	4,020	4.1%	2,720
Management	94,760	100,640	5,880	6.2%	2,660
Building, Grounds Cleaning & Maintenance	67,800	75,540	7,740	11.4%	1,938
Construction & Extraction	69,410	75,120	5,710	8.2%	1,821
Personal Care & Service	65,880	74,680	8,800	13.4%	2,356
Installation, Maintenance, & Repair	59,260	63,850	4,590	7.8%	1,454
Healthcare Support	51,760	60,570	8,810	17.0%	1,425
Computer & Mathematical	48,560	57,020	8,460	17.4%	1,993
Protective Service	38,490	42,370	3,880	10.1%	1,457
Architecture & Engineering	39,690	42,040	2,350	5.9%	1,132
Community & Social Services	33,580	39,260	5,680	16.9%	1,154
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, & Media	28,110	30,390	2,280	8.1%	940
Life, Physical, & Social Science	20,280	22,890	2,610	12.9%	724
Legal	16,790	18,130	1,340	8.0%	426
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	4,840	5,030	190	4.0%	136

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



STATEWIDE

EMPLOYMENT OUTLOOK: 2006-2016

Connecticut's Top 10 Occupations with Highest Job Growth: 2006-2016						
Occupation	Employment		Change 2006-2016		Annual Average Wage*	Total Annual Openings
	2006	2016	#	%		
Retail Salespersons	51,690	58,310	6,620	12.8%	\$27,960	2,253
Customer Service Representatives	30,930	36,800	5,870	19.0%	\$38,080	1,448
Registered Nurses	32,840	38,560	5,720	17.4%	\$68,590	1,114
Food Preparation & Serving Workers	18,410	22,060	3,650	19.8%	\$20,050	714
Waiters & Waitresses	26,930	30,180	3,250	12.1%	\$21,610	1,788
Janitors & Cleaners	32,300	35,540	3,240	10.0%	\$27,800	942
Accountants & Auditors	21,400	24,460	3,060	14.3%	\$70,540	683
Nursing Aides, Orderlies, & Attendants	24,660	27,590	2,930	11.9%	\$30,160	513
Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks	27,540	30,370	2,830	10.3%	\$39,950	715
Home Health Aides	10,590	13,280	2,690	25.4%	\$28,400	364

Connecticut's Top 10 Occupations with Most Annual Job Openings: 2006-2016						
Occupation	Employment		Change 2006-2016		Annual Average Wage*	Total Annual Openings
	2006	2016	#	%		
Cashiers	47,520	47,570	50	0.1%	\$20,780	2,265
Retail Salespersons	51,690	58,310	6,620	12.8%	\$27,960	2,253
Waiters & Waitresses	26,930	30,180	3,250	12.1%	\$21,610	1,788
Customer Service Representatives	30,930	36,800	5,870	19.0%	\$38,080	1,448
Registered Nurses	32,840	38,560	5,720	17.4%	\$68,590	1,114
Janitors & Cleaners	32,300	35,540	3,240	10.0%	\$27,800	942
Office Clerks, General	33,540	36,150	2,610	7.8%	\$31,170	876
Food Preparation Workers	14,370	16,680	2,310	16.1%	\$22,890	730
Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks	27,540	30,370	2,830	10.3%	\$39,950	715
Food Preparation & Serving Workers	18,410	22,060	3,650	19.8%	\$20,050	714

Connecticut's Top 10 Occupations with Highest Growth Rate: 2006-2016						
Occupation	Employment		Change 2006-2016		Annual Average Wage*	Total Annual Openings
	2006	2016	#	%		
Network Systems & Data Comm. Analysts	3,120	4,490	1,370	43.7%	\$74,962	200
Veterinary Technologists & Technicians	1,030	1,460	430	41.3%	\$35,697	75
Computer Software Engineers, Applications	7,000	9,540	2,540	36.4%	\$88,211	356
Substance Abuse & Behavioral Disorder Counselors	1,210	1,640	430	35.5%	\$42,249	67
Personal & Home Care Aides	6,340	8,450	2,110	33.2%	\$22,051	319
Veterinarians	1,060	1,400	340	31.2%	\$113,868	54
Medical Assistants	4,990	6,520	1,530	30.7%	\$33,487	215
Mental Health Counselors	2,010	2,600	590	29.0%	\$41,993	98
Pharmacy Technicians	2,880	3,710	830	28.7%	\$31,646	171
Financial Analysts	6,440	8,250	1,810	28.1%	\$101,011	218

* CT OES - 1st Qtr. 2008

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research



STATEWIDE

POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES AND LOWER LIVING STANDARD INCOME LEVELS

2008 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES*

FAMILY SIZE	POVERTY INCOME LEVEL
1	\$10,400
2	\$14,000
3	\$17,600
4	\$21,200
5	\$24,800
6	\$28,400
7	\$32,000
8	\$35,600

For the poverty income level for families of more than eight members, add \$3,600 for each additional member.

* For the 48 contiguous States and D.C.

Source: U. S. Department of Health and Human Services
<http://aspe.hhs.gov/poverty/index.shtml> (last revised 1/22/08)

2008 Lower Living Standard Income Level (LLSIL)

70% LLSIL*

U.S. Northeast Region	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
METRO	\$ 10,400	\$ 15,469	\$ 21,231	\$ 26,208	\$ 30,932	\$ 36,170
NON-METRO	\$ 10,400	\$ 14,895	\$ 20,447	\$ 25,235	\$ 29,782	\$ 34,824

For a family with over six members, add \$5,238 (Metro) or \$5,042 (Non-Metro).

* Where the poverty income level is higher than the 70% LLSIL, the table shows the poverty income level.

2008 LLSIL, Minimum Level for Establishing Self-Sufficiency

100% LLSIL*

U.S. Northeast Region	FAMILY SIZE					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
METRO	\$ 13,484	\$ 22,099	\$ 30,330	\$ 37,441	\$ 44,188	\$ 51,672
NON-METRO	\$ 12,981	\$ 21,278	\$ 29,210	\$ 36,050	\$ 42,546	\$ 49,749

For a family with over six members, add \$7,484 (Metro) or \$7,203 (Non-Metro).

Note: Effective June 10, 2008

SOURCE: United States Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration



STATEWIDE

PER CAPITA, MEDIAN FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD INCOME

	Per Capita Income		U.S. Ranking		2007 Median Income	
	2007r	2006r	2007	2006	Family	Household
United States	\$38,564	\$36,744	--	--	\$61,173	\$50,740
Connecticut	\$54,984	\$51,468	#1	#1	\$81,421	\$65,967
Maine	\$33,962	\$32,254	35	34	\$56,266	\$45,888
Massachusetts	\$49,142	\$46,363	3	3	\$78,497	\$62,365
New Hampshire	\$41,444	\$39,718	9	9	\$74,625	\$62,369
New Jersey	\$49,238	\$46,703	2	2	\$81,823	\$67,035
New York	\$46,664	\$43,898	5	5	\$64,602	\$53,514
Pennsylvania	\$38,740	\$36,727	19	20	\$60,825	\$48,576
Rhode Island	\$39,712	\$37,594	16	17	\$70,187	\$53,568
Vermont	\$37,446	\$35,142	21	21	\$61,561	\$49,907

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SOURCE:

Per Capita Income: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Median Family and Household Income: U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 American Community Survey



STATEWIDE

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

Startups & Expansions						
WIA	startup/ expansion date	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# of workers involved	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Statewide	2008	Molly Maid Statewide	Residential Cleaning	300	Company will open 15 new offices	New London Day 1/18/2008
Eastern	2010	Mohegan Sun Uncasville	Casino	2,000	A second round of expansion	Waterbury Republican American 11/14/06
Eastern	2009	Hilton Norwich	Hotel	200	New hotel will be built at Norwich Marina	Norwich Bulletin 9/7/2007
Eastern	2008	Target Lisbon	Retail	450	New store in new plaza across from Lisbon Landing	New London Day 10/10/2006
Eastern	2008	Capitol Theater New London	Live Music Venue	80	Historic building renovation	New London Day 5/4/2006
Eastern	2008	NuPower Plainfield	Wood-burning Energy	275	Company built a new facility	Stamford Advocate 3/9/2006
Eastern	2008	Foxwoods Ledyard	Casino	3,000	Expansion	New London Day 2/1/2005
Eastern	2008	Hampton Inn & Suites Mystic	Hotel	30	New hotel is opening at the former Mystic Carousel site	New London Day 6/25/2008
Eastern	2008	Mohegan Sun Montville	Casino	235	Casino needs more poker dealers	Hartford Courant 7/24/2008
Eastern	2008	Harvey Waterford	Window & Door Supplier	11	Showroom has opened on New London Turnpike	New London Day 5/13/2008
Eastern	2008	Five Guys Burgers & Fries Mystic	Fast Food Restaurant	30	National chain will open in the former Quiznos	New London Day 4/11/2008
Eastern	2008	Electric Boat Groton	Submarines	400	Engineers and designers are being hired	New London Day 3/2/2008
North Central	2011	Prudential Retirement Hartford	Financial	275	Company will add to its sales force	Hartford Courant 3/20/2008
North Central	2011	Har-Conn Chrome Co. West Hartford	Metal Finishing	60	Increase in demand	Hartford Courant 2/6/2008
North Central	2009	STR Holdings, Inc. Somers	Solar Panels	180	Company is expanding and will open new factory	Manchester Journal Inquirer 8/6/08
North Central	2009	Keisense Inc. Hartford	Information Technology	25-35	London-based company is building offices in U.S.	Hartford Courant 12/19/2007
North Central	2009	Nufern Inc. East Granby	Optical Fibers & Fiber Lasers	180	Company plans to expand	Hartford Courant 6/6/2007
North Central	2009	The Hartford Financial Windsor	Financial Services	300	Company building a new campus	New London Day 12/8/2006
North Central	2008	Burriss Logistics Rocky Hill	Frozen Food Distributor	200	Company is building frozen food storage for BJ's stores	New Britain Herald 9/30/2007
North Central	2008	Walgreens Corp. Windsor	Drugstore	550	New distribution center	Hartford Courant 1/18/2006
North Central	2008	AMP Media Partners Rocky Hill	Radio Network	14	Company will be broadcasting music at area gas stations	Hartford Courant 11/28/2007
North Central	2008	Europa Sports Products Windsor	Body Building Supplements	25	North Carolina-based company is opening a warehouse	Manchester Journal Inquirer 11/1/07
North Central	2008	A.J. Wright New Britain	Discount Clothing	50	New store has opened in the New Brite Plaza	New Britain Herald 3/1/2008
North Central	2008	Price Rite Elmwood	Supermarket	100	Store has opened in the former Caldor's lot	West Hartford News 6/10/2008



STATEWIDE

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

Startups & Expansions						
WIA	startup/ expansion date	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# of workers involved	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
North Central	2008	Iron Health Simsbury	Insurance Underwriting	17	Company has opened a new office	Hartford Courant 3/25/2008
North Central	2008	Home Goods Westport	Home Furnishings	60	New chain store will open in the Westport Plaza	Stamford Advocate 5/20/2008
North Central	2008	Bloomfield Cinemas 8 Bloomfield	Movie Theater	20	Multi-screen theater has opened in Wintonbury Mall	Hartford Courant 4/22/2008
North Central	2008	Monster Mini Golf Windsor Locks	Indoor Golf	10	Franchise has opened in Dexter Plaza	Manchester Journal Inquirer 2/23/08
North Central	2008	Carvel Corp. New Britain	Food Production	225	Company is moving its headquarters and expanding	New Britain Herald 6/13/2007
Northwest	2008	TnT Expense Management Newtown	Payroll	60	Company is building a new office and will expand	Danbury NewsTimes 6/20/2007
Northwest	2008	Big Y Torrington	Supermarket	60	Store has moved to a bigger location on Winsted Road	Torrington Register Citizen 5/14/08
Northwest	2008	Holiday Inn Waterbury	Hotel	100	Hotel is opening an indoor water park	Waterbury Republican American 7/17/08
Northwest	2008	Fender Musical Instruments New Hartford	Guitars	70	Production is moving from Washington state	Waterbury Republican American 2/14/08
Northwest	2009	Garrity Industries Bethel	Flashlights	22	Operations are being transferred from Rhode Island	Westerly Sun 7/11/2008
Northwest	2009	Crossroads Ranch Inc. Goshen	Horse Camp	15	Company is planning to build a group of homes	Torrington Register Citizen 7/18/08
Northwest	2009	American Energy New Milford	Ethanol Distillery	200	Company is purchasing the former Century Brass Mill	Danbury News Times 3/11/2008
Northwest	2009	MannKind Corp. Danbury	Pharmaceuticals	400	Expansion	Danbury News Times 9/27/2006
Northwest	2010	FuelCell Energy Torrington	Alternative Energy	100	Company is expanding	Hartford Courant 1/17/2008
South Central	2010	United States Army	Armed Forces	150	Reserve center will be built in Middletown	Hartford Courant 12/7/2007
South Central	2008	Home Depot East Haven	Home Improvement	150	New store has opened on Frontage Road	New Haven Register 4/4/2008
South Central	2008	Home Depot East Haven	Home Improvement	150	New store will open on Frontage Road	New Haven Register 2/8/2008
South Central	2008	Big Y North Branford	Supermarket	200	New store has opened	New Haven Register 2/8/2008
South Central	2008	Steadfast Holdings Group Meriden	Auto & Truck Coatings	12-13	Company has purchased a new building and will expand	WTNH-Channel 8 1/8/2008
South Central	2008	Ikonisys Inc. New Haven	Diagnostic Test Products	15-40	Company received \$30M in venture capital	New Haven Register 10/17/2007
South Central	2008	Pilgrim Furniture City Milford	Furniture Store	50	New store will open on Boston Post Road	New Haven Register 1/11/2008
South Central	2008	Griffin Hospital Wallingford	Healthcare	60	Hospital is expanding	Meriden Record Journal 6/20/2007
South Central	2008	Lowe's Cromwell	Home Improvement	165- 180	New store will be built on Route 372	Hartford Courant 3/24/2007
South Central	2008	Yale-New Haven Hospital New Haven	Hospital	400	New cancer center	Hartford Courant 12/1/2004



STATEWIDE

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

Startups & Expansions						
WIA	startup/ expansion date	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# of workers involved	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Southwest	2010	United Methodist Homes Derby	Senior Housing	300	New unit will be built on Sodom Lane	Connecticut Post 7/1/2008
Southwest	2010	Gilbert & Bennett Mill Georgetown	Housing & Retail	1,500	Housing and retail complex will be built at site of Mill	Hartford Courant 1/23/2007
Southwest	2009	Swiss Army Brands Monroe	Tools, Cutlery, Watches	20-25	New company headquarters	Connecticut Post 6/9/2006
Southwest	2008	Hudson Valley Bank Fairfield-Greenwich-Westport	Business Bank	12	New branches will open	Stamford Advocate 8/16/2008
Southwest	2008	NBC Universal Stamford	Filmmaking & Digital Media	75	State tax credit will allow for expansion	Stamford Advocate 1/16/2008
Southwest	2008	Fairfield County Bank Stamford	Banking Services	12	Bank will open a branch on East Main Street	Stamford Advocate 1/8/2008
Southwest	2008	Design2Launch Inc. Stamford	Software	30	Company will expand after acquisition by Eastman Kodak	Stamford Advocate 3/5/2008
Southwest	2008	Big Y Stratford	Supermarket	200	New store has opened	New Haven Register 2/8/2008
Southwest	2008	Fieldpoint Private Bank Greenwich	Bank & Trust	32	New bank has opened	Stamford Advocate 4/30/2008
Southwest	2008	Genesis Merchant Partners Greenwich	Asset-Based Lender	11	New fund has started up	Stamford Advocate 6/6/2008
Southwest	2008	LA Fitness Norwalk	Health/Fitness Center	40	New health club has opened on Main Avenue	Stamford Advocate 7/24/2008
Southwest	2008	Chesterfield Inn Stamford	Inn	10	Historic Inn on Shippan Ave. has been renovated	Stamford Advocate 7/18/2008
Southwest	2008	Lowe's Derby	Home Improvement	120	New store will be built on Route 34	Waterbury Republican American 12/14/08
Southwest	2008	American Precision Mfg. Ansonia	Aerospace Machinery	20	Company will add workers upon move from Milford	Connecticut Post 11/8/2007
Southwest	2008	Keystone Aviation Service Oxford	Airport Management	400	New hangar will be built at Waterbury-Oxford Airport	Connecticut Post 10/23/2007
Southwest	2008	Walgreens Stamford	Drugstore	35	New store built at site of old Suburban Cadillac-Pontiac	Stamford Advocate 3/16/2006
Southwest	2008	Hawley Lane Shoes Shelton	Retail-Shoes	40	Company moved from Trumbull and expanded	New Haven Register 1/4/2006
Southwest	2008	Royal Bank of Scotland Stamford	Global Finance	800	New financial institution	Connecticut Post 9/15/2005



STATEWIDE

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

Layoffs & Staff Reductions						
WIA	layoff/ reduction date	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# of workers involved	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Statewide	2008	Starbucks East/South Windsor, Fairfield, Htfd., Windsor Locks	Coffee Shop	100	Stores are closing to cut costs	NBC 30.com 7/18/08
Statewide	2008	Citigroup Inc. Statewide	Financial Services	120	Bank branches will close	Hartford Courant 3/21/2008
Eastern	2008	Beit Brothers Dayville	Grocery Store	40	Store is closing	Norwich Bulletin 7/12/2008
Eastern	2008	The Day Publishing Co. New London	Newspaper	38	Weak economy has led to cost-cutting measures	New London Day 6/7/2008
Eastern	2008	Foxwoods Resort Mashantucket	Resort	200	Economic downturn	Norwich Bulletin 6/27/2008
Eastern	2008	Linens 'n Things Lisbon	Retail Home Goods	20	Company has filed for bankruptcy and store will close	Manchester Journal Inquirer 5/5/08
Eastern	2008	Keeper Corp. Windham	Cargo Control Products	34	Work is being shipped to China	Manchester Journal Inquirer 4/9/08
Eastern	2008	St. Mary's School Griswold	Parochial School	14	School will close due to declining enrollment	New London Day 1/22/2008
North Central	2008	Gerber Scientific South Windsor	Automation Systems	59	Softening in-demand	WTIC.com 8/6/2008
North Central	2008	Webster Bank Hartford	Financial Services	100	Heavy home lending losses will lead to cost-cutting	WFSB-Channel 3 6/24/2008
North Central	2008	Hartford Courant Hartford	Newspaper	60	Job cuts due to decline in advertising	WTIC 1080 6/25/2008
North Central	2008	UnitedHealth Group Hartford	Health Insurance	25	Reduction of costs	Hartford Courant 6/14/2008
North Central	2008	City of New Britain	Municipality	35	Layoffs of school system employees due to budget cuts	Hartford Courant 7/11/2008
North Central	2008	City of Hartford	Municipality	85	Layoffs of school system employees due to budget cuts	Hartford Courant 8/1/2008
North Central	2008	Johnson Health Network Stafford Springs	Hospital	76	Layoffs are needed to lift hospital out of debt	Hartford Courant 6/13/2008
North Central	2008	Linens 'n Things Farmington	Retail Home Goods	20	Company has filed for bankruptcy and store will close	Manchester Journal Inquirer 5/5/08
North Central	2008	Stevenson Group Suffield	Lumber Distributor	80	Slump in the housing market	Hartford Courant 4/19/2008
North Central	2008	Famous Dave's New Britain	Restaurant	50	Restaurant to close due to low revenues	New Britain Herald 4/15/2008
North Central	2008	Texas Roadhouse Hartford	Restaurant	100	Closing due to poor economy	Hartford Courant 3/18/2008
North Central	2008	Advanced Fiber Technology Manchester	Steel Plates	28	Work is moving to Canada	Manchester Journal Inquirer 3/10/08
North Central	2008	Nerac Inc. Tolland	Internet Research	34	Company's business model has changed	Manchester Journal Inquirer 2/14/08
North Central	2008	Cuno Inc. Meriden & Enfield	Appliance Filters	63	Work is moving to Mexico	Manchester Journal Inquirer 11/8/07
North Central	2008	Belden CDT Networking Manchester	Networking & Connectivity	132	Work is being shifted to Mexico and plant is closing	Hartford Courant 3/26/2008
North Central	2008	Nationwide Insurance Rocky Hill	Insurance	100	Office will close to cut costs	Hartford Courant 1/23/2008



STATEWIDE

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

Layoffs & Staff Reductions						
WIA	layoff/ reduction date	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# of workers involved	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
North Central	2008	General Electric Co. Plainville	Circuit Breakers	57	Industrial production plant will close	Bristol Press 8/10/2007
North Central	2009	Federal Reserve Bank Windsor Locks	Bank Payment Clearinghouse	146	Check cashing operations are moving to Philadelphia	Manchester Journal Inquirer 6/28/07
Northwest	2008	Whyco Finishing Tech. Thomaston	Electroplating	17	Jobs were moved overseas	Waterbury Republican American 7/10/08
Northwest	2008	Pitney Bowes Newtown	Postage Meters	49	Distribution operations are moving to Indiana	Connecticut Post 4/11/2008
Northwest	2008	F&S Oil Company Waterbury	Oil Delivery	70	Company has shut down	Waterbury Republican American 3/12/08
Northwest	2008	Goodrich Corp. Danbury	Aerospace Systems	45	Business is down	Danbury News Times 2/22/2008
Northwest	2008	Webster Financial Corp. Cheshire	Bank	165	Wholesale mortgage lending division is closing	Hartford Courant 1/25/2008
Northwest	2008	Home Fabric Mills Cheshire	Textiles	13	Building has been sold and the business will close	New Haven Register 12/7/2007
Northwest	2009	Scholastic, Inc. Danbury	Children's Books	96	Direct-to-home sales division was sold and closed	Danbury News Times 8/21/2008
Northwest	2010	Watson Pharmaceuticals Danbury	Drug Mfg.	60	Plant is closing	Danbury News Times 2/21/2008
South Central	2008	Sunrise Resort Moodus	Summer Resort	80- 100	Owner to close the resort and sell the property	Hartford Courant 8/26/2008
South Central	2008	Atlantic Wire Co. Branford	Specialty Steel Wire	71	Company has filed for bankruptcy and will close	New Haven Register 8/21/2008
South Central	2008	First Coast Service Options Meriden	Medicare Administrator	86	Company has lost CT government contract	Hartford Courant 6/6/2008
South Central	2008	Neurogen Corp. Branford	Biotechnology	45	Company is shifting their resources	New Haven Register 4/10/2008
South Central	2008	Quebecor World North Haven	Printing Services	350	Company has filed for bankruptcy and plant will close	New Haven Register 5/1/2008
South Central	2008	Neurogen Corp. Branford	Biotechnology	70	Restructuring	New Haven Register 2/7/2008
South Central	2008	Merriam Motors Wallingford	Auto Dealership	15	Shrinking market share will lead to closure	New Haven Register 2/14/2008
South Central	2008	AT&T Meriden	Communications Provider	127	Division is moving out of CT and pay phones phased out	New London Day 1/30/2008
South Central	2008	Cuno Inc. Meriden & Enfield Meriden & Enfield	Appliance Filters	63	Work is moving to Mexico	Manchester Journal Inquirer 11/8/07
Southwest	2009	Syntex Rubber Corp. Bridgeport	Molded Rubber Products	35	Company was sold and work moved to Wisconsin	Connecticut Post 8/13/2008
Southwest	2008	Continental AFA Bridgeport	Dispensing Products	55	Factory is closing	Connecticut Post 7/27/2008
Southwest	2008	New Coleman Park & Rehab. Bridgeport	Nursing Home	134	Facility is closing	Connecticut Post 7/8/2008
Southwest	2008	Citigroup Inc. Stamford	Financial Services	146	Expenses are being cut	Hartford Courant 7/10/2008
Southwest	2008	Momentive Performance Materials - Wilton	Silicone Mfg.	28	Company is moving out of CT	Stamford Advocate 7/8/2008



STATEWIDE

BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE MEDIA

Layoffs & Staff Reductions						
WIA	layoff/ reduction date	COMPANY AND LOCATION	PRINCIPAL PRODUCT	# of workers involved	REASON/ COMMENTS	SOURCE
Southwest	2008	UBS AG Stamford	Investment Banking	800	Company is exiting the municipal bond business	Stamford Advocate 6/25/2008
Southwest	2008	Ansonia Copper & Brass Ansonia	Metal Mfg.	85	Due to overseas competition	New Haven Register 5/21/2008
Southwest	2008	Virgin Atlantic Airways Norwalk	Airline Carrier	51	Call center will move to the United Kingdom	Connecticut Post 5/10/2008
Southwest	2008	JWM Partners LLC Greenwich	Hedge Fund	15	Fund has been losing money	Stamford Advocate 5/3/2008
Southwest	2008	People's United Bridgeport	Financial Services	170	Bank will close 20 branches to cut costs	Connecticut Post 4/4/2008
Southwest	2009	Gibbs School Norwalk	College	35	Private two-year school is closing	Boston Globe 2/19/2008
Southwest	2008	Ross & Roberts Inc. Stratford	Vinyl Coverings	60	High price of electricity is forcing plant to close	Connecticut Post 2/15/2008
Southwest	2008	Lifetouch School Studios Derby	School Photographer	225	Advent of digital photography will lead to closing of plant	Connecticut Post 1/22/2008
Southwest	2008	Norden Systems Norwalk	Military Radar Systems	48	Lack of demand	Stamford Advocate 1/18/2008
Southwest	2008	Bear Naked Inc. Stamford & Norwalk	Granola and Cereal	100	Company ceasing due to purchase by Kellogg Co.	Stamford Advocate 11/28/2007
Southwest	2010	Clairol Stamford	Hair Color Products	235	Plant is closing as operations are moving to Mexico	Stamford Advocate 6/8/2007



STATEWIDE

CHARACTERISTICS OF CTWORKS APPLICANTS

Wagner-Peyser Program

By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	21,674	12,368	9,306	2,109	16,598	1,662	284	304	35	1,104	385
NC WIA	44,728	25,031	19,697	10,529	21,679	9,754	609	301	86	1,616	553
NW WIA	23,604	13,487	10,117	3,968	15,199	2,964	338	142	32	1,136	397
SC WIA	31,585	17,883	13,702	4,746	18,053	6,447	391	201	37	1,279	344
SW WIA	22,940	12,529	10,411	5,141	9,754	6,501	364	131	27	764	167
TOTALS	144,531	81,298	63,233	26,493	81,283	27,328	1,986	1,079	217	5,899	1,846

By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2008							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	391	1,626	4,724	4,607	5,390	3,612	1,297	45	11,293	4,285	3,696	2,355
NC WIA	1,001	3,341	10,289	9,868	10,497	6,830	2,829	96	23,306	8,644	7,504	5,178
NW WIA	310	1,496	4,901	5,056	5,789	4,105	1,914	59	11,772	4,594	4,034	3,145
SC WIA	395	1,856	6,753	6,994	7,795	5,259	2,496	98	17,263	4,133	5,835	4,256
SW WIA	339	1,405	4,897	5,108	5,636	3,716	1,818	88	11,699	3,186	4,045	3,922
TOTALS	2,436	9,724	31,564	31,633	35,107	23,522	10,354	386	75,333	24,842	25,114	18,856



STATEWIDE

CHARACTERISTICS OF CTWORKS APPLICANTS

Jobs First Employment Services (JFES) Program

By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	2,050	380	1,670	545	1,500	297	16	35	9	8	29
NC WIA	5,857	832	5,025	2,542	3,344	1,577	82	37	23	19	49
NW WIA	2,407	403	2,004	901	1,831	450	27	16	4	9	20
SC WIA	3,183	416	2,767	1,100	1,428	1,271	34	20	5	17	71
SW WIA	2,406	330	2,076	779	1,128	1,008	27	15	2	11	16
TOTALS	15,903	2,361	13,542	5,867	9,231	4,603	186	123	43	64	185

By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2008							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	21	337	897	537	218	39	1	337	574	930	178	31
NC WIA	140	1,226	2,524	1,309	557	100	1	459	2,199	2,509	588	102
NW WIA	57	496	1,011	570	236	36	1	212	915	1,016	228	36
SC WIA	62	563	1,445	728	330	53	2	331	932	1,541	312	67
SW WIA	47	475	1,040	548	250	46	0	274	801	1,002	273	56
TOTALS	327	3,097	6,917	3,692	1,591	274	5	1,613	5,421	6,998	1,579	292



STATEWIDE

CHARACTERISTICS OF CTWORKS APPLICANTS

WIA Programs (Adults, Dislocated Workers, National Emergency Grant, Youth)

By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	691	267	424	136	452	112	9	12	2	25	54
NC WIA	1,316	463	853	308	546	514	18	10	3	20	48
NW WIA	825	369	456	186	439	180	18	6	1	43	18
SC WIA	911	478	433	170	345	386	8	11	6	31	102
SW WIA	1,834	713	1,121	469	430	980	11	16	5	56	111
TOTALS	5,577	2,290	3,287	1,269	2,212	2,172	64	55	17	175	333

By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2008							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	109	136	159	110	97	69	11	0	251	303	102	35
NC WIA	34	211	275	214	315	224	43	0	110	883	236	87
NW WIA	78	79	123	162	209	146	28	0	161	490	93	81
SC WIA	120	159	132	148	196	118	38	0	257	462	112	80
SW WIA	53	218	452	435	383	233	60	0	415	1,108	223	88
TOTALS	394	803	1,141	1,069	1,200	790	180	0	1,194	3,246	766	371



STATEWIDE

CHARACTERISTICS OF CTWORKS APPLICANTS

All Programs—Totals

By Gender, Ethnic Group, etc

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

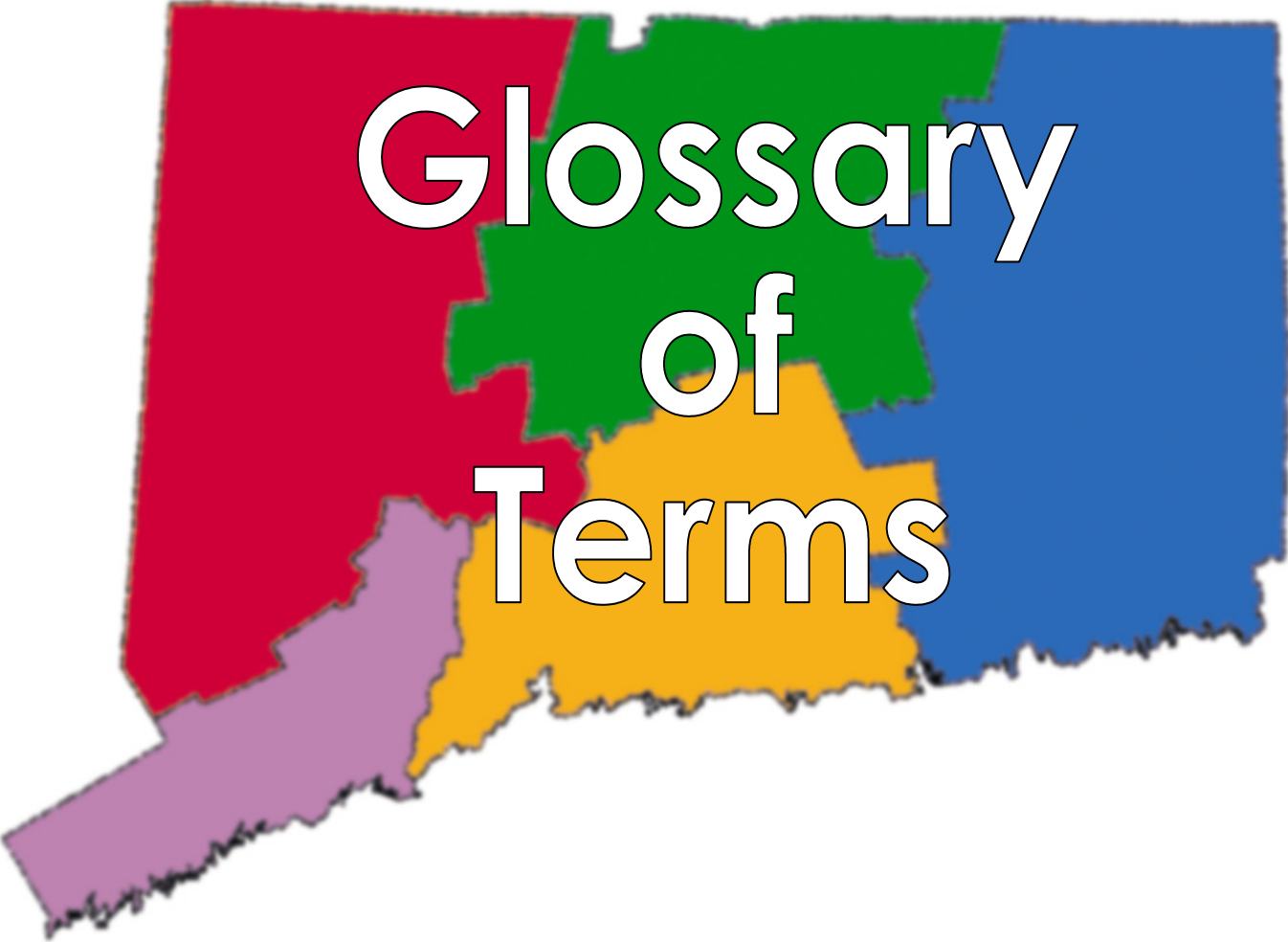
	Active Clients	Male	Female	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Native American	Pacific Islander	Veteran	Disabled
EA WIA	23,120	12,717	10,403	2,458	17,660	1,878	309	325	38	1,126	435
NC WIA	48,602	25,633	22,969	11,998	24,037	10,736	745	317	101	1,629	605
NW WIA	25,289	13,830	11,459	4,548	16,494	3,286	390	155	34	1,155	411
SC WIA	34,277	18,435	15,842	5,654	19,317	7,458	419	219	41	1,300	481
SW WIA	25,609	13,144	12,465	5,877	10,879	7,677	439	150	31	792	254
TOTALS	156,897	83,759	73,138	30,535	88,387	31,035	2,302	1,166	245	6,002	2,186

By Age and Education Level

July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008

	Age at exit from program or June 30, 2008							Education Level				
	14-18	19-21	22-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+	None/Unknown	No Diploma/GED	H.S. Diploma/GED	Some Post H.S.	College Degree
EA WIA	491	1,899	5,284	4,913	5,529	3,671	1,306	359	11,766	4,734	3,879	2,382
NC WIA	1,102	4,236	11,856	10,642	10,887	6,960	2,846	525	24,746	10,003	8,096	5,232
NW WIA	426	1,846	5,525	5,419	5,969	4,149	1,922	258	12,428	5,182	4,249	3,172
SC WIA	552	2,394	7,846	7,537	8,064	5,338	2,510	412	18,135	5,257	6,148	4,325
SW WIA	419	1,866	5,840	5,717	6,005	3,876	1,866	348	12,534	4,319	4,423	3,985
TOTALS	2,990	12,241	36,351	34,228	36,454	23,994	10,450	1,902	79,609	29,495	26,795	19,096





Glossary of Terms

Base Period: A selected period of time, frequently one year, against which changes to other points in time are calculated (*also see Index Number*).

Benchmarking: The process of re-estimating statistics as more complete data become available. Estimates are usually calculated using only a sample of the universe (total count). Therefore, benchmarking allows for correction of estimating errors. New benchmarking levels are introduced on an annual basis.

Covered Employment: Employment in any industry insured under the provisions of the Connecticut Unemployment Compensation Law.

Current Population Survey: A national household survey conducted each month by the Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information is gathered from a sample of about 60,000 households (1,200 in Connecticut) designed to represent the civilian non-institutional population of persons 16 years of age and over.

Discouraged Workers: Persons not included in the unemployment count who say they did not look for work because they think none is available, or they believe they lack the skills necessary to compete in the labor market.

Dislocated Worker: As defined under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, an individual who: 1. (a) has been terminated or laid off, or received notice of same; (b) is eligible for or has exhausted entitlement to unemployment compensation, or has demonstrated attachment to the workforce but is not eligible for unemployment compensation; and (c) is unlikely to return to a previous industry or occupation. 2. (a) has been terminated or laid off, or has received notice of same, as a result of permanent closure or substantial layoff at a plant, facility or enterprise; or (b) is employed at a facility at which employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close within 180 days; (c) for purposes of receiving certain services, is employed at a facility at which the employer has made a general announcement that such facility will close; (d) was self-employed but is unemployed as a result of general economic conditions in the community in which the individual resides or because of natural disasters; (e) is a displaced homemaker.

Displaced Homemaker: An individual who has been providing unpaid services to family members in the home and who: (a) has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by that income; and (b) is unemployed or underemployed and is experiencing difficulty in obtaining or upgrading employment.

Durable Goods: Items with a normal life expectancy of three years or more. Automobiles, furniture, household appliances, and mobile homes are examples. Because of their nature, expenditures for durable goods are generally postponable. Consequently, durable goods sales are the most volatile component of consumer expenditures.

Employed Persons: Those individuals who are 16 years of age and over who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month, or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-owned business, and individuals who were temporarily absent from their jobs due to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor dispute, or personal reasons. Excluded are persons whose only activity consists of work around the house and volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Employment Concentration: Industry Employment Concentration, or Location Quotient reflects the importance of an industry to the economy of a geographical area, in terms of the number of jobs it provides. It is a calculated ratio that determines whether or not the local economy has a greater share of that industry than expected. This publication uses Location Quotients to compare workforce investment area employment by industry relative to Connecticut. A Location Quotient of greater than 1.0 indicates a higher level of employment concentration in an area, while a Location Quotient of 2.0 shows that an industry has twice the employment concentration in that area relative to Connecticut as a whole.

Establishment: An economic unit such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, which produces goods or provides services. It is usually at a single physical location and engaged in one predominant type of economic activity.

Family: A group of two or more people who reside together and who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Farm Employment: Persons who work as owners and operators of farms, as unpaid family workers on farms, or as hired workers who are engaged in farm activities.

Full-Time Employment: Employment of 35 or more hours per week.

Household: A household includes all the people who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence.

Housing Permits: Counted by the Bureau of the Census, new housing permits include permits issued for all new privately owned, attached and detached single-family houses.

Index Number: A measure of the relative changes occurring in a series of values compared with a base period. The base period usually equals 100, and any changes from it represent percentages. By use of an index number, large or unwieldy data, such as sales in thousands of dollars or costs in dollars and cents, are reduced to a form in which they can be readily understood.

Industry: A generic term for a distinct group of economic activities. Industries are described and classified by their primary activity or product.



Initial Claim: A notice filed by a worker, at the beginning of a period of unemployment, requesting a determination of insured status for jobless benefits.

Labor Force: All persons 16 years of age and over who are classified as employed, unemployed and seeking employment, or involved in a labor-management dispute. The labor force does not include persons who never worked a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer and “discouraged workers” who have been unemployed for a substantial length of time and are no longer actively seeking employment. Members of the armed forces stationed either in the United States or abroad are counted by their place of residence. The civilian labor force excludes members of the armed forces and the institutionalized population.

Labor Force Participation Rate: The proportion of the total civilian non-institutional population or of a demographic subgroup of that population classified as “in the labor force.”

Labor Market Area (LMA): As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, an economically integrated geographic area within which individuals can reside and find employment within a reasonable distance or can readily change employment without changing their place of residence.

Labor Market Information (LMI): The body of information that deals with the functioning of labor markets and the determination of the demand for and supply of labor. It includes, but is not limited to, such key factors as changes in the level and/or composition of economic activity, the population, employment and unemployment, income and earnings, wage rates, and fringe benefits.

Labor Surplus Area: A civil jurisdiction where the average unemployment rate is at least 20 percent above the average unemployment for all states, or its unemployment during the previous two calendar years was ten percent or more. The designation allows establishments in the area preference in bidding for certain federal contracts.

Location Quotients: Measures an industry’s concentration or specialization in one geographical area relative to a larger area (also see *Employment Concentration*).

Manufacturing: Includes establishments engaged in the mechanical or chemical transformation of materials or substances into new products. These establishments are usually described as plants, factories, or mills and characteristically use power-driven machines and materials handling equipment. The new product of a manufacturing establishment may be “finished” in the sense that it is ready for utilization and consumption, or it may be “semi-finished” to become a raw material for an establishment engaged in further manufacturing.

Median: The middle value or midpoint between two

middle values in a set of data arranged in order of increasing or decreasing magnitude. As such, one-half of the items in the set are less than the median and one-half are greater.

Median Income: The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median income and one-half above the median. For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of households and families, including those with no income.

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA): The general concept of a Metropolitan Statistical Area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Connecticut currently has seven Metropolitan Statistical Areas, as defined by the federal Office of Management and Budget.

Money Income: Census-based money income is derived from a sample of individuals 15 years of age and older, and consists only of income that is received by individuals in cash and its equivalents.

Nondurable Goods: Items that generally last for only a short period of time (three years or less). Food, beverages, apparel, and gasoline are common examples. Because of their nature, nondurable goods are generally purchased when needed.

Nonfarm Employment: The total number of persons on establishment payroll employed full- or part-time who received pay for any part of the pay-period which includes the 12th day of the month. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any workers who are on paid sick leave, on paid holiday, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. A striking worker who only works a small portion of the survey period, and is paid, is included. Persons on the payroll of more than one establishment are counted in each establishment. Data exclude proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers, farm workers, and domestic workers. Persons on layoff the entire pay-period, on leave without pay, on strike for the entire period or who have not yet reported for work are not counted as employed.

Occupation: A name or title of a job that identifies a set of activities or tasks that employees are paid to perform. Employees that perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether or not they are in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few particular industries, other occupations are found in the majority of industries.

Part-Time Employment: As defined by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, employment in which a worker is regularly scheduled to work fewer than 35 hours a week.

Per Capita Personal Income: The annual total personal income of residents divided by resident population as of July 1st of current year.



Personal Income: Measures the net earnings, rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments by place of residence before the deduction of personal income taxes and other personal taxes. Reported in current dollars.

Private Household Workers: Persons who work for profit or fees in private households such as child care workers, cooks, housekeepers or other household staff.

Production Worker: Employees, up through the level of working supervisor, who are directly engaged in the manufacture of the product of an establishment. Among those excluded from this category are persons in executive and managerial positions and persons engaged in activities such as accounting, sales, advertising, routine clerical work, and professional and technical functions.

SAGA (State-Administered General Assistance): Provides cash, medical, and emergency assistance to persons who do not qualify for federal and state assistance programs, such as Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Temporary Family Assistance (TFA), and Medicaid.

Seasonal Adjustments: The adjustment of time-series data to eliminate the effect of intra-year variations that tend to occur each year in approximately the same manner. Examples of such variations include school terms, holidays, and yearly weather patterns.

Seasonal Industry: An industry in which activity is affected by regularly recurring weather changes, holidays, vacations, etc. The construction and recreational industries are typically characterized as “seasonal.”

Self-Employed Workers: Persons who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession, trade, or farm. Self-employed persons whose businesses are incorporated are included among wage and salary workers, because technically, they are paid employees of a corporation.

Underemployed: Persons working full- or part-time in jobs that are below their earning capacity or level of competence. The terms “underemployed” and “underutilized” are used interchangeably. Underemployment has also been defined as “involuntary part-time” employment or employment of a person on a part-time basis when full-time work is desired.

Unemployed: Persons who, during the survey week, had no employment but were available for work and: (a) had engaged in any job-seeking activity within the past four weeks, i.e. registered at a public or private employment office, met with prospective employers, checked with friends or relatives, placed or answered advertisements, wrote letters of application, or was on a union or professional register; (b) were waiting to hear back from a job which they had been laid off; or (c) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Unemployment Rate: Represents the number unemployed as a percent of the labor force. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate eliminates the influence of regularly recurring seasonal fluctuations which can be ascribed to weather, crop-growing cycles, holidays, vacations, etc., and therefore, more clearly shows the underlying basic trend of unemployment.

Units: (see *Establishment*)

Workforce Investment Act (WIA) of 1998: Represents significant changes to federal statutes governing programs of job training, adult education and literacy, and vocational rehabilitation in order to establish a coordinated, streamlined and more flexible workforce development system. It is a revitalized system that focuses on providing *employers* with skilled workers, and the economic and workforce information they need to conduct business effectively - and on providing *workers* with the information, advice, job search assistance, and training they need to get and keep good jobs.

Worksite: A worksite is an economic unit, generally at a single physical location, where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed (e.g. factory, mill, store, hotel, restaurant).



Connecticut Department of Labor's Office of Research Publications:

Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media

Connecticut Career Paths

Connecticut Data for Affirmative Action Plans

Connecticut Economic Digest, The

Connecticut Labor Market Information, At-A-Glance

Connecticut Labor Situation

Connecticut Occupational Employment & Wages

Equal Employment Opportunity Special Census File

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Soaring to New Heights...Connecticut Job Outlook

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www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi

