

# ECONOMIC DIGEST

Vol.27 No.2 A joint publication of Connecticut Department of Labor & Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development

## FEBRUARY 2022

### IN THIS ISSUE...

**Connecticut's Work-Related Fatalities Third Lowest in Nation ..... 1-5**

#### Economic Indicators

on the Overall Economy .....	5
Individual Data Items .....	6-8
Comparative Regional Data .....	9
Economic Indicator Trends .....	10-11
Help Wanted OnLine .....	15
Business and Employment Changes Announced in the News Media .....	19
<b>Labor Market Areas:</b>	
Nonfarm Employment .....	12-17
Sea. Adj. Nonfarm Employment .....	14
Labor Force .....	18
Hours and Earnings .....	19
<b>Cities and Towns:</b>	
Labor Force .....	20-21
Housing Permits .....	22
Technical Notes .....	23
At a Glance .....	24

### In December...

#### Nonfarm Employment

Connecticut ..... 1,622,000  
 Change over month ..... +0.04%  
 Change over year ..... +3.26%

United States ..... 148,951,000  
 Change over month ..... +0.13%  
 Change over year ..... +4.52%

#### Unemployment Rate

Connecticut ..... 5.8%  
 United States ..... 3.9%

#### Consumer Price Index

United States ..... 278.802  
 Change over year ..... +7.0%

## Connecticut's Work-Related Fatalities Third Lowest in Nation

By Erin C. Wilkins, Associate Research Analyst, CT DOL

**C**onnecticut lost 29 lives to work injuries in 2020, for a rate of 1.8 deaths per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers. While this is an increase from 2019's 26 deaths, it is below Connecticut's annual average of 38 work-related deaths (Chart 1). Only two other states – Delaware and Rhode Island – recorded rates lower than Connecticut's (Table 1).

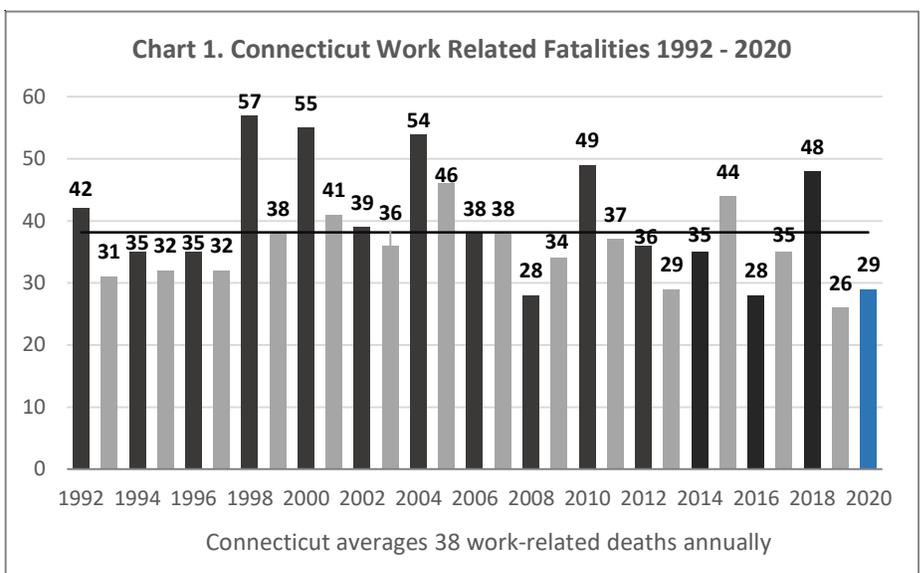
The nation lost 4,764 lives to workplace injuries in 2020, a decrease from 2019's 5,333 deaths. This is the lowest annual number since 2013. The fatal injury rate dropped from 3.5 per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers in 2019 to 3.4 in 2020. The highest loss was seen in Texas with 469 deaths, followed by California with 463 deaths

and Florida with 275 deaths. High rates were recorded in Wyoming (13.0) and Alaska (10.7). Rhode Island had 5 deaths, the lowest recorded number for states.

#### Industry

Nationally, the construction industry recorded the highest number of deaths at 1,008, followed by transportation and warehousing with 805 deaths. Together, these two industries account for 38 percent of deaths. With 9 deaths, the construction industry had the highest number of deaths in Connecticut, accounting for 31.0 percent of 2020's deaths. Transportation and warehousing came in second with 7 deaths, accounting for 24.1 percent of total deaths (Table 2). With an overall rate of 1.8,

Chart 1. Connecticut Work Related Fatalities 1992 - 2020



# ECONOMIC DIGEST

*The Connecticut Economic Digest* is published monthly by the Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research, and the Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development. Its purpose is to regularly provide users with a comprehensive source for the most current, up-to-date data available on the workforce and economy of the state, within perspectives of the region and nation.

The annual subscription is \$50. Send subscription requests to: *The Connecticut Economic Digest*, Connecticut Department of Labor, Office of Research, 200 Folly Brook Boulevard, Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114. Make checks payable to the Connecticut Department of Labor. Back issues are \$4 per copy. The Digest can be accessed free of charge from the DOL Web site. Articles from *The Connecticut Economic Digest* may be reprinted if the source is credited. Please send copies of the reprinted material to the Managing Editor. The views expressed by the authors are theirs alone and may not reflect those of the DOL or DECD.

**Managing Editor:** Jungmin Charles Joo

**Associate Editor:** Erin C. Wilkins

We would like to acknowledge the contributions of many DOL Research and DECD staff and Rob Damroth to the publication of the Digest.

## Connecticut Department of Labor

Danté Bartolomeo, Commissioner  
Daryle Dudzinski, Deputy Commissioner  
Mark Polzella, Deputy Commissioner

Patrick J. Flaherty, Director  
Office of Research  
200 Folly Brook Boulevard  
Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114  
Phone: (860) 263-6255  
Fax: (860) 263-6263  
E-Mail: dol.econdigest@ct.gov  
Website: <http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi>



## Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development

David Lehman, Commissioner  
Alexandra Daum, Deputy Commissioner

450 Columbus Boulevard  
Suite 5  
Hartford, CT 06103  
Phone: (860) 500-2300  
Fax: (860) 500-2440  
E-Mail: [decd@ct.gov](mailto:decd@ct.gov)  
Website: <http://www.decd.org>



**Table 1. Fatal Occupational Injuries by State 2020**

Rates per 100,000 full time equivalent workers

State of Incident	Number	Rate
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,764</b>	<b>3.4</b>
Rhode Island	5	1.1
Delaware	7	1.7
<b>Connecticut</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>1.8</b>
New Jersey	82	2.2
Maryland	59	2.2
New Hampshire	14	2.2
Massachusetts	69	2.3
Ohio	117	2.4
Minnesota	67	2.4
Washington	83	2.5
Illinois	135	2.6
Pennsylvania	148	2.7
Vermont	8	2.8
California	463	2.9
New York	223	2.9
Colorado	78	2.9
Hawaii	16	2.9
Virginia	118	3.0
Nevada	37	3.0
Michigan	131	3.1
Arizona	97	3.1
Maine	20	3.1
Florida	275	3.2
Oregon	60	3.4
Utah	48	3.4
District of Columbia	13	3.8
Texas	469	3.9
Missouri	105	4.0
Iowa	58	4.0
Wisconsin	108	4.1
Idaho	32	4.1
Alabama	85	4.2
Kansas	55	4.2
Mississippi	44	4.2
Georgia	193	4.3
North Carolina	189	4.4
Oklahoma	75	4.6
New Mexico	37	4.6
South Carolina	102	4.8
Tennessee	142	5.1
Nebraska	48	5.2
Indiana	158	5.4
Kentucky	92	5.4
Arkansas	64	5.4
Louisiana	103	5.9
Montana	29	6.0
West Virginia	47	6.6
North Dakota	26	7.4
South Dakota	32	7.8
Alaska	31	10.7
Wyoming	35	13.0

Connecticut saw a rate of 8.3 in construction. Rates for other industry sectors did not meet publishing criteria.

### Worker Characteristics

Twenty-five of the workers were wage and salary workers; four were self-employed. Seventy two percent (21) of deaths were white. Four were African American and four were Hispanic or Latino. Nationally, Hispanic or Latino workers made up 22.5 percent of fatal occupational injuries in 2020. While Connecticut data was not published for gender, nationally 92 percent of 2020's work related deaths were men. In Connecticut, 45 percent of workplace fatalities were age 55 and over, a bit higher than the nation's 36 percent.

### Event

Historically, the United States loses the most workers to transportation incidents. The year 2020 saw 1,778 lives lost to transportation incidents – 37 percent of all work-related deaths. Falls, slips and trips was the second most common event with 805 deaths (17 percent). Contact with objects and equipment was the third most common event with 716 deaths (15 percent). Violence and other injuries by persons or animals had 705 deaths (15 percent). Workplace homicides claimed 392 lives and suicides claimed 259. Unintentional overdoses due to nonmedical use of drugs or alcohol while at work increased to 388 deaths.

With nine deaths, transportation incidents claimed the most lives in Connecticut, accounting for 31 percent of total deaths. Both the contact with objects and equipment category and the falls, slips, trips category had six deaths each.

**Table 2. CT Fatal Occupational Injuries by Industry**

Industry	2020 Fatalities			
	CT		U.S.	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>4,764</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
<b>Private Industry</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>93.1%</b>	<b>4,349</b>	<b>91.3%</b>
<b>Goods Producing</b>	-	-	-	-
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	3	10.3%	511	10.7%
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	-	-	78	1.6%
Construction	9	31.0%	1,008	21.2%
Manufacturing	-	-	340	7.1%
<b>Service Providing</b>	-	-	-	-
Wholesale trade	-	-	155	3.3%
Retail trade	2	6.9%	275	5.8%
Transportation and Warehousing	7	24.1%	805	16.9%
Utilities	-	-	19	0.4%
Information	-	-	31	0.7%
Finance and insurance	-	-	20	0.4%
Real estate and rental and leasing	-	-	73	1.5%
Professional, scientific, and technical service	-	-	62	1.3%
Administrative and waste services	1	3.4%	413	8.7%
Educational services	-	-	26	0.5%
Health care and social assistance	-	-	119	2.5%
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	-	-	59	1.2%
Accommodation and food services	-	-	160	3.4%
Other services, except public admin	2	6.9%	188	3.9%
<b>Government</b>	-	-	<b>415</b>	<b>8.7%</b>
Federal	-	-	95	2.0%
State	1	3.4%	67	1.4%
Local	-	-	251	5.3%

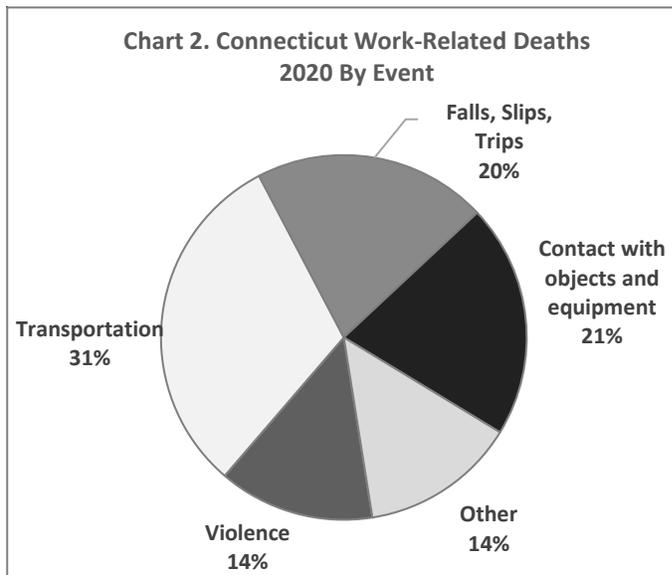
**Occupations**

Construction and extraction occupations and transportation and material moving occupations each lost nine lives in Connecticut, accounting for 62 percent of total deaths. Five of the transportation and material moving occupations were heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers (Table 4).

Nationally, the transportation and material moving occupational group and the construction and extraction occupational group accounted for 47.4 percent of worker deaths in 2020. Transportation and material moving occupations lost 1,282 workers and construction and extraction occupations lost 976 workers. While the overall rate was 3.4 for 100,000 full time equivalent workers, fishing and hunting workers saw a rate of 132.1. This was followed by logging workers with a rate of 91.7 and roofers with a rate of 47.0.

**Table 3. CT Fatal Occupational Injuries by Event or Exposure**

Event or Exposure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
<b>Total</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>Violence and other injuries by persons or animals</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4</b>
Homicides	2	4	1	-	3
Suicides	3	4	7	-	-
Injury by person—unintentional or intent unknown	-	-	-	-	-
Animal and insect related incidents	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Transportation incidents</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>9</b>
Pedestrian vehicular incident	3	4	3	1	4
Roadway collision with other vehicle	4	1	8	6	3
Roadway collision with object other than vehicle	3	5	6	2	2
Nonroadway incident involving motorized land vehicle	-	-	-	1	-
<b>Fire or explosion</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Fall, slip, trip</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>
Fall on same level	-	-	-	-	-
Fall to lower level	5	-	8	5	6
<b>Exposure to harmful substances or environments</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4</b>
Exposure to electricity	3	-	-	-	-
Exposure to other harmful substances	-	5	6	-	-
<b>Contact with objects and equipment</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
Struck by object or equipment	-	3	4	4	3
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	-	-	-	1	-



**Table 4. CT Fatal Occupational Injuries by Occupation**

Occupational Group	2020
<b>Total</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>Management occupations</b>	<b>1</b>
Operations specialties managers	1
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers	1
<b>Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations</b>	<b>1</b>
Grounds maintenance workers	1
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	1
<b>Personal care and service occupations</b>	<b>1</b>
Personal appearance workers	1
<b>Construction and extraction occupations</b>	<b>9</b>
Construction trades workers	8
Electricians	1
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	1
<b>Transportation and material moving occupations</b>	<b>9</b>
Supervisors of transportation and material moving workers	1
Motor vehicle operators	7
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	7
Driver/sales worker	1
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	5
Light truck drivers	1

**Identifying Work-Related Deaths**

The CFOI (Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries) program reports fatal work injuries only.

CFOI does not report any illness related information, including COVID-19. The CFOI program requires a minimum of two sources to verify a work-related

death. The media is often the first notice of a work-related death. Other resources include death certificates, coast guard reports, the NHTSA (National Highway and Traffic Safety Administration), and OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration).

While every attempt is made to capture every work-related death, some are missed. The CFOI program uses diverse state, federal, and independent data sources to identify, verify, and describe fatal work injuries. This ensures counts are as complete and accurate as possible.

It is important to note that the Bureau of Labor Statistics holds all information on companies and the deceased in strict confidence. Information is never shared for compliance measures.

OSHA requires all employers to report workplace fatalities within eight hours. Included are small establishments and industries that are normally exempt from OSHA jurisdiction. Natural deaths, such as heart attacks, must also be reported. However, many employers are unaware of this requirement. Additionally, OSHA does not require employers to report all fatalities. Employers are not required to report:

- o Street and transportation deaths unless they occur in a construction work zone
- o Deaths on commercial or public transportation systems (airplane, subway, bus, train, etc.)
- o Deaths occurring more than 30 days after the incident

OSHA does not investigate every work-related death. Homicides and most transportation incidents fall outside OSHA's jurisdiction. However, OSHA is beginning to investigate some of these

incidents to develop training programs. Homicides may be prevented with changes in security cameras and enforcing safety rules. Transportation deaths can be prevented with training programs on distracted driving, sleep deprivation, and safe driving techniques.

### History of the Program

When President Nixon signed the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (OSHA) into law, a census of workplace fatalities did not exist. It was estimated that approximately 14,000 workers were killed on the job annually. While OSHA immediately began investigating workplace deaths, the U.S. Department of Labor did not have a comprehensive statistical program dedicated to documenting workplace deaths.

In 1992, the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) was established to track all work-related deaths and collect the much-needed data. That first year, 6,217 deaths were documented nationally, 42 of which were in Connecticut. Since then, national numbers have dropped by 23 percent to 4,764 deaths in 2020.

Since 1992, the CFOI program has seen several changes. Prior to 2006, rates were calculated per 100,000 workers. Now the rates take into account the number of hours spent in the workplace, resulting in rates per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers. The coding structure for nature, part of body, event, and sources was changed in 2011. In 2012, the program began documenting

contractor status, the use of drugs or alcohol, seat belt use, and union status.

Most recently, there has been a change in the release of data. Formerly, a preliminary release was made in August or September with revised, final data published in April of the following year. Beginning with the 2015 reference year, final data is now released in December – 4 months earlier than in past years. This December release is the only release of CFOI data.

The program continues to develop to meet the needs of researchers. Hopefully the data will continue to be used to create engineering solutions, regulations, and education programs to minimize workplace deaths. ■

## GENERAL ECONOMIC INDICATORS

<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>	3Q	3Q	YoY CHG		2Q	QoQ CHG	
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021	NO.	%
<b>General Drift Indicator (2007=100)*</b>							
<b>Leading</b>	107.6	108.7	-1.1	-1.0	108.3	-0.7	-0.6
<b>Coincident</b>	92.3	90.0	2.3	2.6	92.7	-0.4	-0.4
<b>Real Gross Domestic Product**</b> <i>(Millions of chained 2012 dollars)</i>	3Q	3Q	YoY CHG		2Q	QoQ CHG	
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021	NO.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	247,415.7	237,296.8	10,118.9	4.3	245,803.0	1,612.7	0.7
<b>United States</b>	19,478,893	18,560,774	918,119	4.9	19,368,310	110,583	0.6
<b>New England</b>	999,386.6	959,017.2	40,369.4	4.2	993,019.3	6,367.3	0.6
<b>Per Capita Personal Income**</b> <i>(Current \$, SAAR)</i>	3Q	3Q	YoY CHG		2Q	QoQ CHG	
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021	NO.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	83,038	78,928	4,110	5.2	82,555	483	0.6
<b>United States</b>	62,866	59,928	2,938	4.9	62,514	352	0.6
<b>New England</b>	77,094	73,296	3,798	5.2	76,828	266	0.3
<b>Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index (2007=100)***</b>	Dec	Dec	YoY CHG		Nov	MoM CHG	
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021	NO.	%
<b>Connecticut</b>	117.01	109.42	7.6	6.9	116.34	0.7	0.6
<b>United States</b>	131.85	124.44	7.4	6.0	131.37	0.5	0.4

Sources: \*Dr. Steven P. Lanza, University of Connecticut, <https://steven-landa.uconn.edu/the-connecticut-green-sheet/>  
 \*\*U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis \*\*\*Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia

**General Drift Indicators** are composite measures of the four-quarter change in three coincident (Connecticut Manufacturing Production Index, nonfarm employment, and real personal income) and three leading (housing permits, manufacturing average weekly hours, and initial unemployment claims) economic variables, and are indexed so 2007 = 100.

The **Philadelphia Fed's Coincident Index** summarizes current economic condition by using four coincident variables: nonfarm payroll employment, average hours worked in manufacturing, the unemployment rate, and wage and salary disbursements deflated by the consumer price index (U.S. city average).

Total nonfarm  
employment increased  
over the year.

**EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY SECTOR**

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<i>(Seasonally adjusted; 000s)</i>					
<b>TOTAL NONFARM</b>	1,622.0	1,570.8	51.2	3.3	1,621.4
<b>Natural Res &amp; Mining</b>	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5
<b>Construction</b>	60.7	56.7	4.0	7.1	60.4
<b>Manufacturing</b>	156.2	152.9	3.3	2.2	155.4
<b>Trade, Transportation &amp; Utilities</b>	289.3	287.5	1.8	0.6	290.3
<b>Information</b>	28.0	29.2	-1.2	-4.1	28.1
<b>Financial Activities</b>	118.5	119.8	-1.3	-1.1	118.2
<b>Professional and Business Services</b>	212.8	203.6	9.2	4.5	213.5
<b>Education and Health Services</b>	334.3	323.0	11.3	3.5	333.9
<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>	134.8	118.9	15.9	13.4	134.9
<b>Other Services</b>	62.0	57.6	4.4	7.6	61.4
<b>Government*</b>	224.9	221.1	3.8	1.7	224.8

Source: Connecticut Department of Labor \* Includes Native American tribal government employment

Average weekly initial  
claims fell from a year  
ago.

**UNEMPLOYMENT**

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>					
<b>Labor Force, resident (000s)</b>	1,826.0	1,843.0	-17.0	-0.9	1,819.2
<b>Employed (000s)</b>	1,720.8	1,691.0	29.8	1.8	1,709.4
<b>Unemployed (000s)</b>	105.2	152.0	-46.8	-30.8	109.8
<b>Unemployment Rate (%)</b>	5.8	8.2	-2.4	---	6.0
<b>Labor Force Participation Rate (%)</b>	63.5	64.0	-0.5	---	63.3
<b>Employment-Population Ratio (%)</b>	59.9	58.7	1.2	---	59.5
<b>Average Weekly Initial Claims</b>	2,624	4,493	-1,869	-41.6	3,266
<b>Avg. Insured Unemp. Rate (%)</b>	1.59	4.09	-2.50	---	1.78
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>			<b>3Q 2021</b>
<b>U-6 Rate (%)</b>	10.7	14.1	-3.4	---	11.6

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

The production worker  
weekly earnings fell over  
the year.

**MANUFACTURING ACTIVITY**

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov	Oct
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021	2021
<i>(Not seasonally adjusted)</i>						
<b>Production Worker Avg Wkly Hours</b>	39.6	40.5	-0.9	-2.2	39.0	--
<b>Prod. Worker Avg Hourly Earnings</b>	28.48	28.50	-0.02	-0.1	28.67	--
<b>Prod. Worker Avg Weekly Earnings</b>	1,127.81	1,154.25	-26.44	-2.3	1,118.13	--
<b>CT Mfg. Prod. Index, NSA (2009=100)</b>	90.5	94.8	-4.3	-4.5	95.7	100.6
<b>Production Worker Hours (000s)</b>	3,964	3,861	103	2.7	3,943	--
<b>Industrial Electricity Sales (mil kWh)*</b>	206	230	-24.0	-10.4	226	248
<b>CT Mfg. Prod. Index, SA (2009=100)</b>	90.2	94.4	-4.2	-4.4	94.2	97.2

Sources: Connecticut Department of Labor; U.S. Department of Energy

\*Latest two months are forecasted.

Personal income for third  
quarter 2021 increased  
4.8 percent from a year  
earlier.

**INCOME**

	3Q	3Q	CHANGE		2Q
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<i>(\$ Millions, SA, annualized)</i>					
<b>Personal Income</b>	\$294,142.0	\$280,636.9	\$13,505.1	4.8	\$292,650.1
<b>Wages and Salaries</b>	\$131,295.5	\$119,591.7	\$11,703.8	9.8	\$128,164.2

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

## BUSINESS ACTIVITY

*New auto registrations decreased over the year.*

	MONTH	LEVEL	YY %	YEAR TO DATE		%
			CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
<b>New Housing Permits*</b>	Dec 2021	495	25.3	4,784	5,767	-17.0
<b>Electricity Sales (mil kWh)</b>	Nov 2021	2,087	3.6	25,319	24,728	2.4
<b>Construction Contracts</b>						
<b>Index (1980=100)</b>	Dec 2021	273.9	-30.9	---	---	---
<b>New Auto Registrations</b>	Dec 2021	13,074	-0.9	209,154	171,479	22.0
<b>Exports (Bil. \$)</b>	3Q 2021	3.75	12.3	10.97	10.55	4.0
<b>S&amp;P 500: Monthly Close</b>	Dec 2021	4,766.18	26.9	---	---	---

Sources: Connecticut Department of Economic and Community Development; U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration; Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; F.W. Dodge; Connecticut Department of Motor Vehicles; Wisertrade.org

\* Estimated by the Bureau of the Census

## BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS

*Net business formation, as measured by starts minus stops registered with the Department of Labor, was up over the year.*

	MO/QTR	LEVEL	YY %	YEAR TO DATE		%
			CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
<b>STARTS</b>						
<b>Secretary of the State</b>	Dec 2021	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Department of Labor</b>	2Q 2021	3,419	40.4	7,746	6,064	27.7
<b>TERMINATIONS</b>						
<b>Secretary of the State</b>	Dec 2021	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Department of Labor</b>	2Q 2021	1,757	-13.6	3,676	4,382	-16.1

Sources: Connecticut Secretary of the State; Connecticut Department of Labor

## STATE REVENUES

*Gaming payments were up from a year ago.*

	Dec	Dec	%	YEAR TO DATE		%
	2021	2020	CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
<i>(Millions of dollars)</i>						
<b>TOTAL ALL REVENUES*</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Corporate Tax</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Personal Income Tax</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Real Estate Conv. Tax</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Sales &amp; Use Tax</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<b>Gaming Payments**</b>	18.1	14.2	27.4	215.8	165.5	30.4

Sources: Connecticut Department of Revenue Services; Division of Special Revenue

\*Includes all sources of revenue; Only selected sources are displayed; Most July receipts are credited to the prior fiscal year and are not shown. \*\*See page 23 for explanation.

## TOURISM AND TRAVEL

*Gaming slots rose over the year.*

	MONTH	LEVEL	YY %	YEAR TO DATE		%
			CHG	CURRENT	PRIOR	CHG
<b>Occupancy Rate (%)*</b>	Dec 2021	50.0	37.7	56.1	40.4	38.9
<b>Tourism Website Visitors</b>	Dec 2021	441,092	41.9	6,970,560	4,591,202	51.8
<b>Air Passenger Count</b>	Nov 2021	460,505	201.7	4,179,574	2,197,333	90.2
<b>Gaming Slots (Mil.\$)***</b>	Dec 2021	857.9	30.7	10,301.3	7,807.7	31.9

Sources: Connecticut Department of Transportation, Bureau of Aviation and Ports; Connecticut Commission on Culture and Tourism; Division of Special Revenue

\*STR, Inc. Due to layoffs, Info Center Visitors data are no longer published.

\*\*\*See page 23 for explanation

Compensation cost for the nation rose 4.4 percent over the year.

## EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX

Private Industry Workers (Dec. 2005 = 100)	Seasonally Adjusted			Not Seasonally Adjusted		
	Dec 2021	Sep 2021	3-Mo % Chg	Dec 2021	Dec 2020	12-Mo % Chg
<b>UNITED STATES TOTAL</b>	148.0	146.3	1.2	147.8	141.6	4.4
<b>Wages and Salaries</b>	149.9	148.1	1.2	149.7	142.6	5.0
<b>Benefit Costs</b>	143.5	142.1	1.0	143.2	139.1	2.9
<b>NORTHEAST TOTAL</b>	---	---	---	149.6	144.0	3.9
<b>Wages and Salaries</b>	---	---	---	150.7	144.1	4.6

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. inflation rate was up by 7.0 percent over the year.

## CONSUMER NEWS

(Not seasonally adjusted)	MO/QTR	LEVEL	% CHANGE	
			Y/Y	P/P*
<b>CONSUMER PRICES</b>				
<b>CPI-U (1982-84=100)</b>				
<b>U.S. City Average</b>	Dec 2021	278.802	7.0	0.3
<b>Purchasing Power of \$ (1982-84=\$1.00)</b>	Dec 2021	0.359	-6.6	-0.3
<b>Northeast Region</b>	Dec 2021	290.405	5.9	0.2
<b>New York-Newark-Jersey City</b>	Dec 2021	296.865	4.4	-0.2
<b>Boston-Cambridge-Newton**</b>	Nov 2021	299.723	5.3	1.7
<b>CPI-W (1982-84=100)</b>				
<b>U.S. City Average</b>	Dec 2021	273.925	7.8	0.3

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

\*Change over prior monthly or quarterly period

\*\*The Boston CPI can be used as a proxy for New England and is measured every other month.

Conventional mortgage rate rose to 3.10 percent over the month.

## INTEREST RATES

(Percent)	Dec 2021	Nov 2021	Dec 2020
<b>Prime</b>	3.25	3.25	3.25
<b>Federal Funds</b>	0.08	0.08	0.09
<b>3 Month Treasury Bill</b>	0.06	0.05	0.09
<b>6 Month Treasury Bill</b>	0.15	0.07	0.09
<b>1 Year Treasury Note</b>	0.30	0.18	0.10
<b>3 Year Treasury Note</b>	0.95	0.82	0.19
<b>5 Year Treasury Note</b>	1.23	1.20	0.39
<b>7 Year Treasury Note</b>	1.40	1.45	0.66
<b>10 Year Treasury Note</b>	1.47	1.56	0.93
<b>20 Year Treasury Note</b>	1.90	1.97	1.47
<b>Conventional Mortgage</b>	3.10	3.07	2.68

Sources: Federal Reserve; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.

## NONFARM EMPLOYMENT

All nine states in the region gained jobs over the year.

<i>(Seasonally adjusted; 000s)</i>	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>Connecticut</b>	1,622.0	1,570.8	51.2	3.3	1,621.4
<b>Maine</b>	616.3	601.2	15.1	2.5	614.5
<b>Massachusetts</b>	3,578.5	3,356.3	222.2	6.6	3,558.4
<b>New Hampshire</b>	667.3	639.3	28.0	4.4	665.8
<b>New Jersey</b>	4,073.6	3,864.9	208.7	5.4	4,063.5
<b>New York</b>	9,101.5	8,723.3	378.2	4.3	9,056.2
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	5,804.6	5,602.4	202.2	3.6	5,790.3
<b>Rhode Island</b>	485.8	457.8	28.0	6.1	483.2
<b>Vermont</b>	296.1	286.1	10.0	3.5	296.2
<b>United States</b>	148,951.0	142,503.0	6,448.0	4.5	148,752.0

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

## LABOR FORCE

Four states posted increases in the labor force from last year.

<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>Connecticut</b>	1,826,045	1,842,967	-16,922	-0.9	1,819,165
<b>Maine</b>	677,134	666,913	10,221	1.5	678,843
<b>Massachusetts</b>	3,690,317	3,753,070	-62,753	-1.7	3,732,005
<b>New Hampshire</b>	744,509	763,394	-18,885	-2.5	745,521
<b>New Jersey</b>	4,445,947	4,377,299	68,648	1.6	4,440,622
<b>New York</b>	9,229,831	9,290,419	-60,588	-0.7	9,274,574
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	6,240,617	6,310,050	-69,433	-1.1	6,258,825
<b>Rhode Island</b>	552,166	538,617	13,549	2.5	553,857
<b>Vermont</b>	318,149	316,150	1,999	0.6	318,397
<b>United States</b>	162,294,000	160,671,000	1,623,000	1.0	162,126,000

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

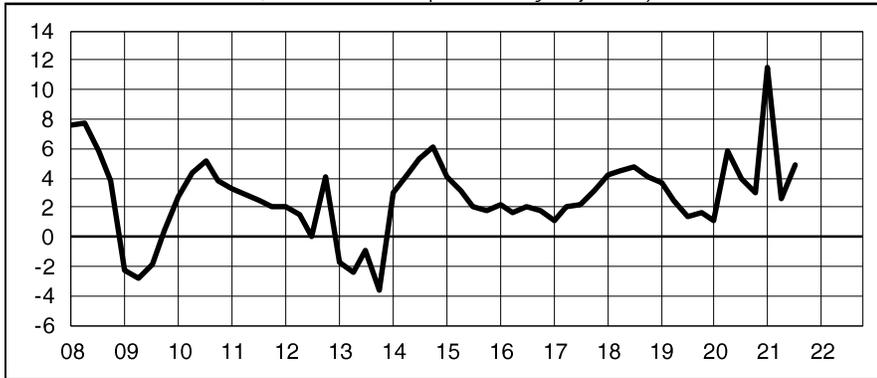
## UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

All states showed a decrease in its unemployment rate over the year.

<i>(Seasonally adjusted)</i>	Dec	Dec	CHANGE	Nov
	2021	2020		2021
<b>Connecticut</b>	5.8	8.2	-2.4	6.0
<b>Maine</b>	4.7	5.0	-0.3	4.9
<b>Massachusetts</b>	3.9	8.4	-4.5	5.2
<b>New Hampshire</b>	2.6	3.8	-1.2	2.7
<b>New Jersey</b>	6.3	7.7	-1.4	6.7
<b>New York</b>	6.2	8.7	-2.5	6.6
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	5.4	7.1	-1.7	5.7
<b>Rhode Island</b>	4.8	7.9	-3.1	5.1
<b>Vermont</b>	2.5	3.5	-1.0	2.6
<b>United States</b>	3.9	6.7	-2.8	4.2

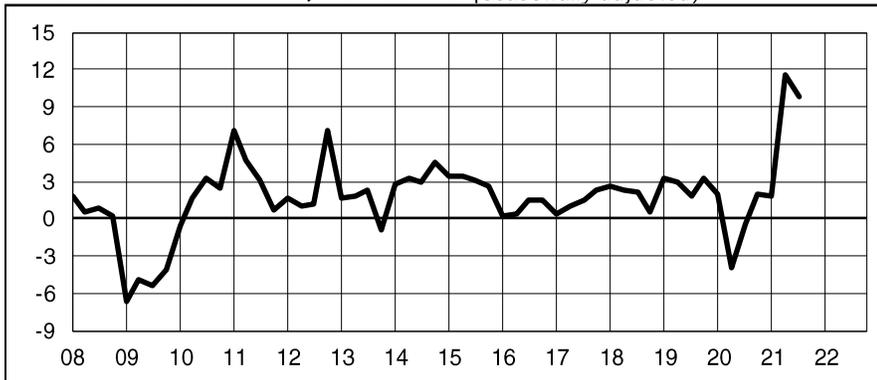
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

**PERSONAL INCOME, YOY % CHG** *(Seasonally adjusted)*



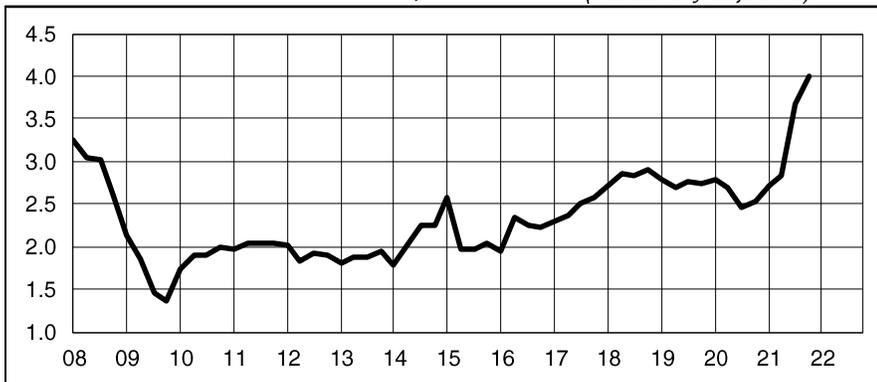
Quarter	2020	2021	2022
First	1.1	11.5	
Second	5.8	2.6	
Third	3.9	4.8	
Fourth	2.9		

**WAGES AND SALARIES, YOY % CHG** *(Seasonally adjusted)*



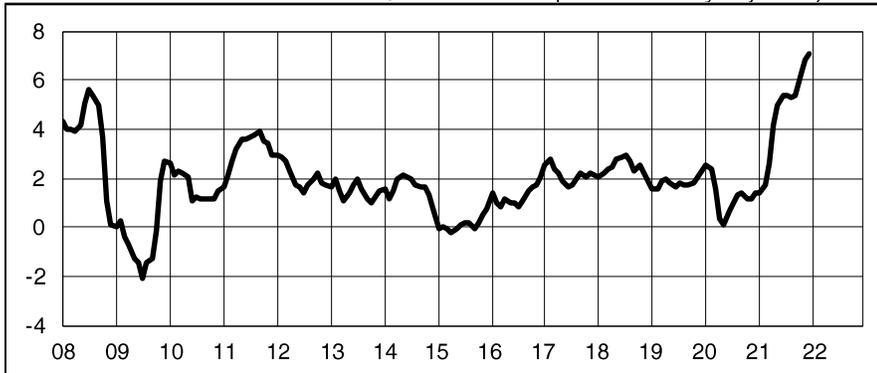
Quarter	2020	2021	2022
First	2.0	1.8	
Second	-4.0	11.6	
Third	-0.4	9.8	
Fourth	2.0		

**U.S. EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX, YOY % CHG** *(Seasonally adjusted)*



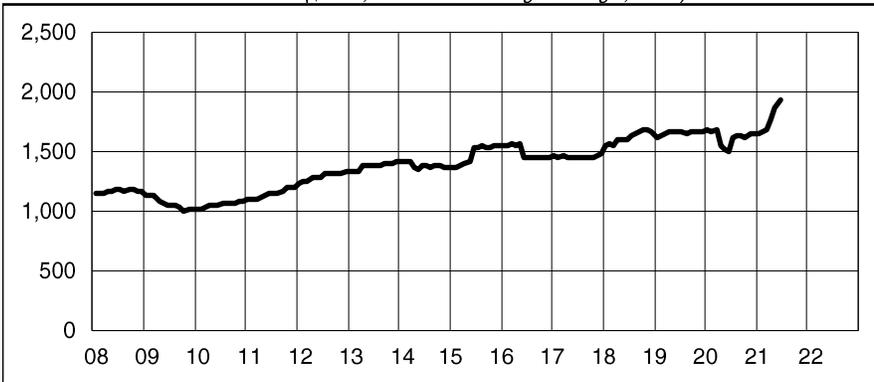
Quarter	2020	2021	2022
First	2.8	2.7	
Second	2.7	2.8	
Third	2.5	3.7	
Fourth	2.5	4.0	

**U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, YOY % CHG** *(Not seasonally adjusted)*



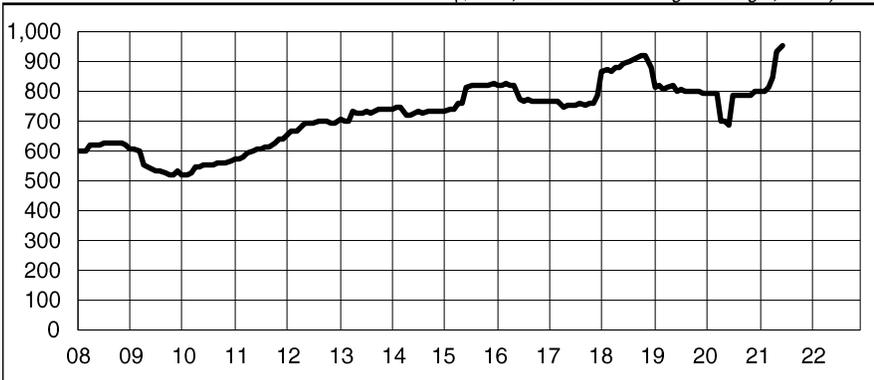
Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	2.5	1.4	
Feb	2.3	1.7	
Mar	1.5	2.6	
Apr	0.3	4.2	
May	0.1	5.0	
Jun	0.6	5.4	
Jul	1.0	5.4	
Aug	1.3	5.3	
Sep	1.4	5.4	
Oct	1.2	6.2	
Nov	1.2	6.8	
Dec	1.4	7.0	

## TOTAL ALL REVENUES (\$Mil., 12-mo. moving average, NSA)



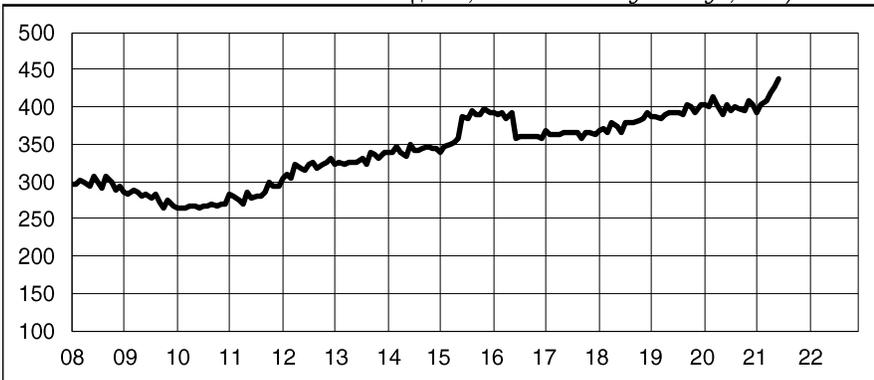
Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	1,673.5	1,633.7	
Feb	1,665.4	1,654.9	
Mar	1,674.2	1,679.1	
Apr	1,536.4	1,760.1	
May	1,507.8	1,864.8	
Jun	1,493.9	1,924.6	
Jul	1,613.8		
Aug	1,621.9		
Sep	1,620.5		
Oct	1,614.6		
Nov	1,634.6		
Dec	1,645.8		

## PERSONAL INCOME TAX REVENUE (\$Mil., 12-mo. moving average, NSA)



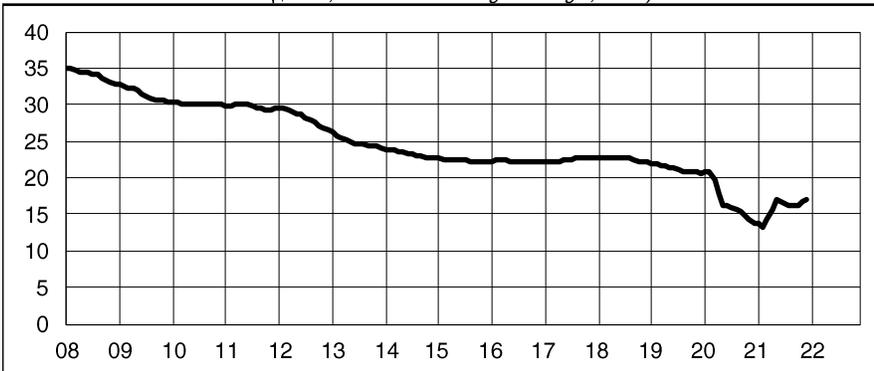
Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	793.0	796.0	
Feb	790.3	799.6	
Mar	790.4	807.8	
Apr	699.3	846.0	
May	694.8	928.9	
Jun	685.1	947.7	
Jul	783.2		
Aug	781.6		
Sep	783.6		
Oct	781.2		
Nov	784.8		
Dec	793.7		

## SALES AND USE TAX REVENUE (\$Mil., 12-mo. moving average, NSA)



Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	403.6	390.9	
Feb	399.0	402.7	
Mar	413.5	407.3	
Apr	402.7	418.6	
May	389.4	426.2	
Jun	402.7	438.5	
Jul	394.9		
Aug	401.3		
Sep	398.2		
Oct	394.5		
Nov	408.5		
Dec	402.7		

## GAMING PAYMENTS (\$Mil., 12-mo. moving average, NSA)



Month	2020	2021	2022
Jan	20.8	13.6	
Feb	20.8	13.3	
Mar	19.6	14.2	
Apr	17.9	15.8	
May	16.1	16.9	
Jun	16.1	16.7	
Jul	15.9	16.4	
Aug	15.6	16.2	
Sep	15.3	16.1	
Oct	14.9	16.2	
Nov	14.2	16.7	
Dec	13.8	17.1	

## CONNECTICUT



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Dec 2021	Dec 2020	CHANGE		Nov 2021
			NO.	%	
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>1,641,600</b>	<b>1,590,200</b>	<b>51,400</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1,646,300</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>1,409,900</b>	<b>1,363,400</b>	<b>46,500</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1,412,400</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>217,100</b>	<b>209,700</b>	<b>7,400</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>217,700</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. &amp; MINING</b> .....	<b>60,700</b>	<b>56,600</b>	<b>4,100</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>62,000</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b> .....	<b>156,400</b>	<b>153,100</b>	<b>3,300</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>155,700</b>
<b>Durable Goods</b> .....	<b>121,500</b>	<b>120,800</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>121,400</b>
Fabricated Metal.....	25,300	27,300	-2,000	-7.3	25,400
Machinery.....	13,200	12,800	400	3.1	13,100
Computer and Electronic Product.....	10,100	10,100	0	0.0	10,100
Transportation Equipment.....	45,600	45,400	200	0.4	45,600
Aerospace Product and Parts.....	29,800	30,900	-1,100	-3.6	29,900
<b>Non-Durable Goods</b> .....	<b>34,900</b>	<b>32,300</b>	<b>2,600</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>34,300</b>
Chemical.....	7,400	7,300	100	1.4	7,200
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>1,424,500</b>	<b>1,380,500</b>	<b>44,000</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>1,428,600</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>302,000</b>	<b>300,400</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>298,900</b>
Wholesale Trade.....	57,900	55,600	2,300	4.1	57,700
Retail Trade.....	171,600	170,800	800	0.5	169,000
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers.....	20,500	19,800	700	3.5	20,500
Building Material.....	14,900	15,700	-800	-5.1	14,700
Food and Beverage Stores.....	39,800	42,400	-2,600	-6.1	39,600
General Merchandise Stores.....	30,000	29,400	600	2.0	29,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities.....	72,500	74,000	-1,500	-2.0	72,200
Utilities.....	5,000	5,100	-100	-2.0	5,000
Transportation and Warehousing.....	67,500	68,900	-1,400	-2.0	67,200
<b>INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>28,100</b>	<b>29,200</b>	<b>-1,100</b>	<b>-3.8</b>	<b>28,200</b>
Telecommunications.....	5,900	6,200	-300	-4.8	6,000
<b>FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</b> .....	<b>119,100</b>	<b>120,100</b>	<b>-1,000</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>118,500</b>
Finance and Insurance.....	100,900	101,300	-400	-0.4	100,400
Credit Intermediation and Related.....	21,100	21,800	-700	-3.2	21,100
Financial Investments and Related.....	22,100	21,800	300	1.4	22,100
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities.....	57,700	57,700	0	0.0	57,200
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing.....	18,200	18,800	-600	-3.2	18,100
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b> .....	<b>214,000</b>	<b>204,900</b>	<b>9,100</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>215,600</b>
Professional, Scientific.....	98,200	92,400	5,800	6.3	97,400
Legal Services.....	11,700	11,500	200	1.7	11,600
Computer Systems Design.....	24,400	21,800	2,600	11.9	24,100
Management of Companies.....	32,300	32,100	200	0.6	32,500
Administrative and Support.....	83,500	80,400	3,100	3.9	85,700
Employment Services.....	25,100	23,200	1,900	8.2	25,100
<b>EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES</b> .....	<b>337,100</b>	<b>326,600</b>	<b>10,500</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>339,000</b>
Educational Services.....	69,900	64,200	5,700	8.9	71,200
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	267,200	262,400	4,800	1.8	267,800
Hospitals.....	59,400	59,400	0	0.0	60,400
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities.....	51,600	53,700	-2,100	-3.9	51,600
Social Assistance.....	63,500	59,900	3,600	6.0	63,600
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>130,900</b>	<b>115,400</b>	<b>15,500</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>133,400</b>
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation.....	19,100	15,600	3,500	22.4	20,500
Accommodation and Food Services.....	111,800	99,800	12,000	12.0	112,900
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.....	104,400	93,500	10,900	11.7	105,200
<b>OTHER SERVICES</b> .....	<b>61,600</b>	<b>57,100</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>61,100</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>231,700</b>	<b>226,800</b>	<b>4,900</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>233,900</b>
Federal Government.....	18,600	18,700	-100	-0.5	18,400
State Government.....	75,700	73,200	2,500	3.4	76,300
Local Government**.....	137,400	134,900	2,500	1.9	139,200

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

\*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. \*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment

## BRIDGEPORT - STAMFORD LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>386,600</b>	<b>373,900</b>	<b>12,700</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>386,500</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>346,300</b>	<b>333,900</b>	<b>12,400</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>345,300</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>41,700</b>	<b>40,200</b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>41,500</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. &amp; MINING</b> .....	<b>14,400</b>	<b>12,700</b>	<b>1,700</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>14,200</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b> .....	<b>27,300</b>	<b>27,500</b>	<b>-200</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>27,300</b>
Durable Goods.....	21,300	21,600	-300	-1.4	21,300
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>344,900</b>	<b>333,700</b>	<b>11,200</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>345,000</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>65,900</b>	<b>66,500</b>	<b>-600</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>65,000</b>
Wholesale Trade.....	12,400	12,100	300	2.5	12,300
Retail Trade.....	43,800	44,200	-400	-0.9	43,100
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	9,700	10,200	-500	-4.9	9,600
<b>INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>11,100</b>	<b>11,600</b>	<b>-500</b>	<b>-4.3</b>	<b>11,100</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</b> .....	<b>36,200</b>	<b>35,700</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>35,900</b>
Finance and Insurance.....	30,300	30,200	100	0.3	30,200
Credit Intermediation and Related.....	7,200	7,800	-600	-7.7	7,200
Financial Investments and Related.....	16,000	15,600	400	2.6	15,900
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b>	<b>64,900</b>	<b>62,100</b>	<b>2,800</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>64,700</b>
Professional, Scientific.....	30,100	28,400	1,700	6.0	29,600
Administrative and Support.....	24,700	23,600	1,100	4.7	24,900
<b>EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES</b> .....	<b>73,900</b>	<b>70,900</b>	<b>3,000</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>74,200</b>
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	61,100	59,400	1,700	2.9	61,200
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>35,900</b>	<b>31,400</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>36,300</b>
Accommodation and Food Services.....	27,700	25,000	2,700	10.8	27,600
<b>OTHER SERVICES</b> .....	<b>16,700</b>	<b>15,500</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>16,600</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>40,300</b>	<b>40,000</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>41,200</b>
Federal.....	2,500	2,500	0	0.0	2,500
State & Local.....	37,800	37,500	300	0.8	38,700

## DANBURY LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>74,500</b>	<b>72,100</b>	<b>2,400</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>74,400</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>64,800</b>	<b>62,800</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>64,600</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>11,700</b>	<b>11,600</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>11,800</b>
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>62,800</b>	<b>60,500</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>62,600</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>16,700</b>	<b>17,000</b>	<b>-300</b>	<b>-1.8</b>	<b>16,300</b>
Retail Trade.....	12,100	12,100	0	0.0	11,700
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b>	<b>9,100</b>	<b>8,900</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>9,200</b>
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>6,400</b>	<b>5,900</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>6,500</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>9,700</b>	<b>9,300</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>9,800</b>
Federal.....	700	700	0	0.0	700
State & Local.....	9,000	8,600	400	4.7	9,100

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

\*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.

**HARTFORD LMA***Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>563,100</b>	<b>554,300</b>	<b>8,800</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>565,000</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>469,600</b>	<b>463,100</b>	<b>6,500</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>470,100</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>76,800</b>	<b>74,700</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>76,900</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. &amp; MINING</b> .....	<b>20,200</b>	<b>19,300</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>20,300</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b> .....	<b>56,600</b>	<b>55,400</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>56,600</b>
Durable Goods.....	46,900	46,200	700	1.5	46,900
Non-Durable Goods.....	9,700	9,200	500	5.4	9,700
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>486,300</b>	<b>479,600</b>	<b>6,700</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>488,100</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>93,300</b>	<b>93,100</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>92,100</b>
Wholesale Trade.....	16,000	15,600	400	2.6	15,900
Retail Trade.....	50,700	51,300	-600	-1.2	49,900
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities.....	26,600	26,200	400	1.5	26,300
Transportation and Warehousing.....	25,900	25,500	400	1.6	25,600
<b>INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>8,400</b>	<b>9,000</b>	<b>-600</b>	<b>-6.7</b>	<b>8,400</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</b> .....	<b>51,100</b>	<b>54,500</b>	<b>-3,400</b>	<b>-6.2</b>	<b>51,000</b>
Depository Credit Institutions.....	5,200	5,500	-300	-5.5	5,200
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities.....	37,100	37,600	-500	-1.3	37,000
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b> .....	<b>71,900</b>	<b>69,700</b>	<b>2,200</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>72,600</b>
Professional, Scientific.....	36,100	33,900	2,200	6.5	35,600
Management of Companies.....	12,300	12,200	100	0.8	12,300
Administrative and Support.....	23,500	23,600	-100	-0.4	24,700
<b>EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES</b> .....	<b>106,700</b>	<b>106,000</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>106,700</b>
Educational Services.....	12,900	13,000	-100	-0.8	13,100
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	93,800	93,000	800	0.9	93,600
Ambulatory Health Care.....	33,000	31,500	1,500	4.8	32,500
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>39,700</b>	<b>35,700</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>40,800</b>
Accommodation and Food Services.....	35,600	31,600	4,000	12.7	36,000
<b>OTHER SERVICES</b> .....	<b>21,700</b>	<b>20,400</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>21,600</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>93,500</b>	<b>91,200</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>94,900</b>
Federal.....	5,400	5,600	-200	-3.6	5,400
State & Local.....	88,100	85,600	2,500	2.9	89,500

**SEASONALLY ADJUSTED TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT***Seasonally Adjusted*

Labor Market Areas	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA</b> .....	<b>381,500</b>	<b>370,400</b>	<b>11,100</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>383,000</b>
<b>DANBURY LMA</b> .....	<b>73,700</b>	<b>71,000</b>	<b>2,700</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>73,400</b>
<b>HARTFORD LMA</b> .....	<b>557,000</b>	<b>549,100</b>	<b>7,900</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>557,500</b>
<b>NEW HAVEN LMA</b> .....	<b>293,800</b>	<b>282,600</b>	<b>11,200</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>293,500</b>
<b>NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA</b> .....	<b>117,400</b>	<b>114,700</b>	<b>2,700</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>118,100</b>
<b>WATERBURY LMA</b> .....	<b>65,500</b>	<b>64,000</b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>65,600</b>
<b>ENFIELD LMA**</b> .....	<b>41,800</b>	<b>41,800</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>42,200</b>
<b>TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA**</b> .....	<b>31,200</b>	<b>30,600</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>31,200</b>
<b>DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA**</b> .....	<b>26,200</b>	<b>25,500</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>26,300</b>

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

\*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes

\*\*Unofficial seasonally adjusted estimates produced by the Connecticut Department of Labor

## NEW HAVEN LMA



Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>296,800</b>	<b>285,300</b>	<b>11,500</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>299,000</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>259,300</b>	<b>248,800</b>	<b>10,500</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>261,800</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>35,200</b>	<b>33,600</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>35,500</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. &amp; MINING</b> .....	<b>10,900</b>	<b>10,200</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>11,200</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b> .....	<b>24,300</b>	<b>23,400</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>24,300</b>
Durable Goods.....	17,300	17,000	300	1.8	17,200
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>261,600</b>	<b>251,700</b>	<b>9,900</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>263,500</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>60,800</b>	<b>58,800</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>60,700</b>
Wholesale Trade.....	11,300	10,900	400	3.7	11,200
Retail Trade.....	28,300	27,600	700	2.5	28,200
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	21,200	20,300	900	4.4	21,300
<b>INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>3,700</b>	<b>3,700</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>3,700</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</b> .....	<b>11,800</b>	<b>11,600</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>11,800</b>
Finance and Insurance.....	8,100	7,900	200	2.5	8,100
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b>	<b>33,400</b>	<b>31,100</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>7.4</b>	<b>33,500</b>
Administrative and Support.....	16,500	15,500	1,000	6.5	16,400
<b>EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES</b> .....	<b>83,600</b>	<b>81,200</b>	<b>2,400</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>85,000</b>
Educational Services.....	33,000	30,700	2,300	7.5	34,000
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	50,600	50,500	100	0.2	51,000
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>20,600</b>	<b>18,800</b>	<b>1,800</b>	<b>9.6</b>	<b>21,400</b>
Accommodation and Food Services.....	17,200	16,300	900	5.5	17,700
<b>OTHER SERVICES</b> .....	<b>10,200</b>	<b>10,000</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>10,200</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>37,500</b>	<b>36,500</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>37,200</b>
Federal.....	5,100	5,100	0	0.0	5,100
State & Local.....	32,400	31,400	1,000	3.2	32,100

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

\*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. \*\*Value less than 50

## HELP WANTED ONLINE

### Connecticut HWOL: December 2021

Workforce Area	December Total Ads	Industry Sector With Most Ads	Ads	Occupation With Most Ads	Ads
Eastern	7,333	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	2,115	Registered Nurses	552
North Central	34,273	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	6,689	Registered Nurses	2,085
Northwest	11,344	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	2,769	Registered Nurses	754
South Central	18,806	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	4,838	Registered Nurses	1,421
Southwest	21,800	Health Care & Soc. Asst.	4,659	Registered Nurses	1,296

Source: CT DOL Research Office Analysis of HWOL Data Series

The Conference Board Help Wanted OnLine Data Series (HWOL) measures the number of new, first-time online jobs and jobs reposted from the previous month for over 16,000 Internet job boards, corporate boards and smaller job sites that serve niche markets and smaller geographic areas. The data can be used as a real-time measure of labor demand. For more information go to <https://www1.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/hwol.asp>.

**NORWICH-NEW LONDON-  
WESTERLY, CT-RI LMA***Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Dec 2021	Dec 2020	CHANGE		Nov 2021
			NO.	%	
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>117,400</b>	<b>114,600</b>	<b>2,800</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>119,000</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>92,800</b>	<b>90,700</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>94,300</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>22,700</b>	<b>21,800</b>	<b>900</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>22,800</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. &amp; MINING</b> .....	<b>4,000</b>	<b>3,900</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>4,300</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b> .....	<b>18,700</b>	<b>17,900</b>	<b>800</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>18,500</b>
Durable Goods.....	15,200	14,600	600	4.1	15,200
Non-Durable Goods.....	3,500	3,300	200	6.1	3,300
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>94,700</b>	<b>92,800</b>	<b>1,900</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>96,200</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>21,300</b>	<b>21,200</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>20,900</b>
Wholesale Trade.....	2,200	2,100	100	4.8	2,200
Retail Trade.....	14,800	14,600	200	1.4	14,500
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	4,300	4,500	-200	-4.4	4,200
<b>INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>1,200</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>-100</b>	<b>-7.7</b>	<b>1,200</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</b> .....	<b>2,700</b>	<b>2,700</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>2,700</b>
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b>	<b>9,200</b>	<b>8,800</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>9,300</b>
<b>EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES</b> .....	<b>19,700</b>	<b>20,300</b>	<b>-600</b>	<b>-3.0</b>	<b>20,400</b>
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	17,300	17,800	-500	-2.8	17,500
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>12,900</b>	<b>11,800</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>9.3</b>	<b>13,900</b>
Accommodation and Food Services.....	10,800	10,700	100	0.9	11,800
Food Serv., Restaurants, Drinking Places.	10,200	9,200	1,000	10.9	10,500
<b>OTHER SERVICES</b> .....	<b>3,100</b>	<b>2,800</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>10.7</b>	<b>3,100</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>24,600</b>	<b>23,900</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>24,700</b>
Federal.....	3,000	2,900	100	3.4	2,900
State & Local**.....	21,600	21,000	600	2.9	21,800

**WATERBURY LMA***Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Dec 2021	Dec 2020	CHANGE		Nov 2021
			NO.	%	
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b> .....	<b>66,100</b>	<b>65,100</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>66,500</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b> .....	<b>55,700</b>	<b>54,100</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>55,800</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>10,400</b>	<b>9,800</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>10,600</b>
<b>CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. &amp; MINING</b> .....	<b>3,400</b>	<b>2,900</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>17.2</b>	<b>3,600</b>
<b>MANUFACTURING</b> .....	<b>7,000</b>	<b>6,900</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>7,000</b>
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES</b> .....	<b>55,700</b>	<b>55,300</b>	<b>400</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>55,900</b>
<b>TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES</b> .....	<b>12,600</b>	<b>13,100</b>	<b>-500</b>	<b>-3.8</b>	<b>12,700</b>
Wholesale Trade.....	1,800	1,800	0	0.0	1,800
Retail Trade.....	8,700	8,800	-100	-1.1	8,700
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	2,100	2,500	-400	-16.0	2,200
<b>INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>500</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>500</b>
<b>FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES</b> .....	<b>1,900</b>	<b>1,900</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1,900</b>
<b>PROFESSIONAL &amp; BUSINESS SERVICES</b>	<b>5,200</b>	<b>5,000</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>5,200</b>
<b>EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES</b> .....	<b>17,700</b>	<b>17,000</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>17,600</b>
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	15,000	15,100	-100	-0.7	15,000
<b>LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY</b> .....	<b>5,000</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>5,000</b>
<b>OTHER SERVICES</b> .....	<b>2,400</b>	<b>2,300</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2,300</b>
<b>GOVERNMENT</b> .....	<b>10,400</b>	<b>11,000</b>	<b>-600</b>	<b>-5.5</b>	<b>10,700</b>
Federal.....	400	500	-100	-20.0	400
State & Local.....	10,000	10,500	-500	-4.8	10,300

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

\*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes. \*\*Includes Indian tribal government employment.

## SMALLER LMAS\*



*Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT</b>					
ENFIELD LMA.....	42,300	42,300	0	0.0	42,700
TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA.....	31,100	30,500	600	2.0	31,300
DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA.....	26,300	25,600	700	2.7	26,500

NOTE: More industry detail data is available for the State and its nine labor market areas at: <http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi/202/covered.htm>. The data published there differ from the data in the preceding tables in that they are developed from a near-universe count of Connecticut employment covered by the unemployment insurance (UI) program, while the data here is sample-based. The data drawn from the UI program does not contain estimates of employment not covered by unemployment insurance, and is lagged several months behind the current employment estimates presented here.

\* State-designated Non-CES areas

## SPRINGFIELD, MA-CT NECTA\*\*

*Not Seasonally Adjusted*

	Dec	Dec	CHANGE		Nov
	2021	2020	NO.	%	2021
<b>TOTAL NONFARM EMPLOYMENT.....</b>	<b>324,600</b>	<b>305,700</b>	<b>18,900</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>325,400</b>
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE.....</b>	<b>257,900</b>	<b>249,300</b>	<b>8,600</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>259,000</b>
<b>GOODS PRODUCING INDUSTRIES.....</b>	<b>42,200</b>	<b>40,200</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>42,800</b>
CONSTRUCTION, NAT. RES. & MINING.....	12,900	11,400	1,500	13.2	13,500
MANUFACTURING.....	29,300	28,800	500	1.7	29,300
Durable Goods.....	19,600	19,600	0	0.0	19,600
Non-Durable Goods.....	9,700	9,200	500	5.4	9,700
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING INDUSTRIES.....</b>	<b>282,400</b>	<b>265,500</b>	<b>16,900</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>282,600</b>
TRADE, TRANSPORTATION, UTILITIES.....	59,300	60,100	-800	-1.3	58,900
Wholesale Trade.....	11,900	11,200	700	6.3	11,800
Retail Trade.....	32,200	32,800	-600	-1.8	32,000
Transportation, Warehousing, & Utilities....	15,200	16,100	-900	-5.6	15,100
INFORMATION.....	2,700	2,600	100	3.8	2,700
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	14,800	14,900	-100	-0.7	14,800
Finance and Insurance.....	11,900	12,000	-100	-0.8	11,800
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities....	8,200	8,400	-200	-2.4	8,200
PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS SERVICES	24,100	24,300	-200	-0.8	24,800
EDUCATION AND HEALTH SERVICES.....	76,200	75,000	1,200	1.6	76,200
Educational Services.....	13,100	12,500	600	4.8	13,300
Health Care and Social Assistance.....	63,100	62,500	600	1.0	62,900
LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY.....	28,200	21,900	6,300	28.8	28,500
OTHER SERVICES.....	10,400	10,300	100	1.0	10,300
GOVERNMENT.....	66,700	56,400	10,300	18.3	66,400
Federal.....	6,300	6,300	0	0.0	6,200
State & Local.....	60,400	50,100	10,300	20.6	60,200

*Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.*

*\*Total excludes workers idled due to labor-management disputes.*

\*\* New England City and Town Area

# LMA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

		EMPLOYMENT STATUS		Dec 2021	Dec 2020	CHANGE		Nov 2021
						NO.	%	
<i>(Not seasonally adjusted)</i>								
<b>CONNECTICUT</b>	Civilian Labor Force	1,832,500	1,831,300			1,200	0.1	1,850,300
	Employed	1,751,000	1,690,400			60,600	3.6	1,762,100
	Unemployed	81,400	141,000			-59,600	-42.3	88,200
	Unemployment Rate	4.4	7.7			-3.3	---	4.8
<b>BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	443,400	440,300			3,100	0.7	446,700
	Employed	423,500	405,500			18,000	4.4	424,900
	Unemployed	19,900	34,800			-14,900	-42.8	21,800
	Unemployment Rate	4.5	7.9			-3.4	---	4.9
<b>DANBURY LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	101,200	100,500			700	0.7	102,100
	Employed	97,500	93,700			3,800	4.1	98,000
	Unemployed	3,700	6,800			-3,100	-45.6	4,100
	Unemployment Rate	3.7	6.8			-3.1	---	4.0
<b>DANIELSON-NORTHEAST LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	41,800	41,000			800	2.0	42,000
	Employed	40,000	38,000			2,000	5.3	40,100
	Unemployed	1,800	3,000			-1,200	-40.0	1,900
	Unemployment Rate	4.3	7.3			-3.0	---	4.6
<b>ENFIELD LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	48,000	46,700			1,300	2.8	48,400
	Employed	46,000	43,400			2,600	6.0	46,300
	Unemployed	2,000	3,300			-1,300	-39.4	2,100
	Unemployment Rate	4.1	7.1			-3.0	---	4.4
<b>HARTFORD LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	601,700	607,300			-5,600	-0.9	607,300
	Employed	574,900	561,100			13,800	2.5	578,500
	Unemployed	26,800	46,200			-19,400	-42.0	28,900
	Unemployment Rate	4.5	7.6			-3.1	---	4.8
<b>NEW HAVEN LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	327,300	324,700			2,600	0.8	331,000
	Employed	313,900	301,300			12,600	4.2	316,300
	Unemployed	13,500	23,300			-9,800	-42.1	14,700
	Unemployment Rate	4.1	7.2			-3.1	---	4.4
<b>NORWICH-NEW LONDON LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	131,400	132,400			-1,000	-0.8	133,500
	Employed	124,900	120,900			4,000	3.3	126,500
	Unemployed	6,500	11,500			-5,000	-43.5	7,000
	Unemployment Rate	4.9	8.7			-3.8	---	5.2
<b>TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	44,900	44,600			300	0.7	45,500
	Employed	43,100	41,400			1,700	4.1	43,500
	Unemployed	1,800	3,200			-1,400	-43.8	1,900
	Unemployment Rate	4.0	7.2			-3.2	---	4.3
<b>WATERBURY LMA</b>	Civilian Labor Force	108,000	108,900			-900	-0.8	109,000
	Employed	101,900	99,000			2,900	2.9	102,700
	Unemployed	6,000	9,900			-3,900	-39.4	6,300
	Unemployment Rate	5.6	9.1			-3.5	---	5.8
<b>UNITED STATES</b>	Civilian Labor Force	161,696,000	160,017,000			1,679,000	1.0	162,099,000
	Employed	155,732,000	149,613,000			6,119,000	4.1	155,797,000
	Unemployed	5,964,000	10,404,000			-4,440,000	-42.7	6,302,000
	Unemployment Rate	3.7	6.5			-2.8	---	3.9

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

	AVG WEEKLY EARNINGS				AVG WEEKLY HOURS				AVG HOURLY EARNINGS			
	Dec		CHG Y/Y	Nov	Dec		CHG Y/Y	Nov	Dec		CHG Y/Y	Nov
	2021	2020		2021	2021	2020		2021	2021	2020		2021
<i>(Not seasonally adjusted)</i>												
<b>PRODUCTION WORKER</b>												
<b>MANUFACTURING</b>	\$1,127.81	\$1,154.25	-\$26.44	\$1,118.13	39.6	40.5	-0.9	39.0	\$28.48	\$28.50	-\$0.02	\$28.67
<b>DURABLE GOODS</b>	1,220.55	1,233.41	-12.86	1,212.12	39.5	41.1	-1.6	39.0	30.90	30.01	0.89	31.08
<b>NON-DUR. GOODS</b>	864.06	875.54	-11.49	840.84	39.8	38.2	1.6	39.0	21.71	22.92	-1.21	21.56
<b>CONSTRUCTION</b>	1,421.55	1,414.80	6.75	1,421.00	40.5	40.0	0.5	40.6	35.10	35.37	-0.27	35.00
<b>ALL EMPLOYEES</b>												
<b>STATEWIDE</b>												
<b>TOTAL PRIVATE</b>	1,173.38	1,172.36	1.02	1,166.90	34.4	34.1	0.3	34.2	34.11	34.38	-0.27	34.12
<b>GOODS PRODUCING</b>	1,486.40	1,428.23	58.17	1,468.83	40.0	38.8	1.2	39.4	37.16	36.81	0.35	37.28
Construction	1,446.63	1,442.45	4.18	1,432.50	39.3	37.8	1.5	38.8	36.81	38.16	-1.35	36.92
Manufacturing	1,457.08	1,426.20	30.88	1,441.13	39.8	39.3	0.5	39.3	36.61	36.29	0.32	36.67
<b>SERVICE PROVIDING</b>	1,116.90	1,127.87	-10.97	1,110.21	33.4	33.3	0.1	33.2	33.44	33.87	-0.43	33.44
Trade, Transp., Utilities	959.11	958.09	1.02	943.02	33.5	33.7	-0.2	33.1	28.63	28.43	0.20	28.49
Financial Activities	1,946.41	1,955.46	-9.05	1,936.94	38.3	38.2	0.1	38.5	50.82	51.19	-0.37	50.31
Prof. & Business Serv.	1,363.74	1,290.68	73.06	1,355.39	35.7	35.4	0.3	35.5	38.20	36.46	1.74	38.18
Education & Health Ser.	1,092.85	1,062.90	29.95	1,093.28	33.4	34.1	-0.7	33.2	32.72	31.17	1.55	32.93
Leisure & Hospitality	551.25	461.76	89.49	534.58	26.3	24.1	2.2	25.8	20.96	19.16	1.80	20.72
Other Services	863.42	822.39	41.03	872.34	30.2	29.7	0.5	31.0	28.59	27.69	0.90	28.14
<b>LABOR MARKET AREAS: TOTAL PRIVATE</b>												
Bridgeport-Stamford	1,284.89	1,292.08	-7.19	1,280.01	34.2	34.3	-0.1	33.8	37.57	37.67	-0.10	37.87
Danbury	1,172.67	1,082.77	89.90	1,141.10	35.3	34.2	1.1	35.1	33.22	31.66	1.56	32.51
Hartford	1,219.74	1,199.02	20.72	1,214.85	34.8	35.1	-0.3	34.7	35.05	34.16	0.89	35.01
New Haven	1,121.41	1,107.04	14.37	1,119.04	33.9	34.0	-0.1	33.9	33.08	32.56	0.52	33.01
Norwich-New London	930.86	901.06	29.80	923.12	33.4	32.6	0.8	32.7	27.87	27.64	0.23	28.23
Waterbury	914.90	948.02	-33.12	892.45	31.3	32.4	-1.1	30.7	29.23	29.26	-0.03	29.07

Current month's data are preliminary. Prior months' data have been revised. All data are benchmarked to March 2020.

## BUSINESS AND EMPLOYMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED IN THE NEWS MEDIA

### New Companies and Expansions

- Arvinas to double workforce as \$2.4B Pfizer deal jump-starts breast cancer drug development
- Riverfront eatery to 'change the face' of city, Middletown official says
- Bigelow Tea plans Shelton expansion
- Rebounding Lucky Taco expands to Vernon; focus is quick service and takeout
- New La Placita grocery store opens in Bethel
- CA pharmaceutical company, MannKind, now officially calls Danbury home
- Lake Compounce is now hiring over 1,000 employees for the upcoming season

### Layoffs and Closures

- As Amato's Toy and Hobby in New Britain closes, Middletown owners reassure customers they're not closing
- C&S wholesale grocers to close Suffield facility
- After 2 years of COVID struggles, some state breweries are closing

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

**DECEMBER 2021**

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
<b>BRIDGEPORT-STAMFORD</b>					<b>HARTFORD cont...</b>				
	<b>443,416</b>	<b>423,471</b>	<b>19,945</b>	<b>4.5</b>	Canton	5,529	5,332	197	3.6
Ansonia	8,959	8,280	679	7.6	Chaplin	1,196	1,154	42	3.5
Bridgeport	66,208	61,436	4,772	7.2	Colchester	8,986	8,695	291	3.2
Darien	8,215	7,927	288	3.5	Columbia	3,113	3,009	104	3.3
Derby	6,351	5,981	370	5.8	Coventry	7,595	7,306	289	3.8
Easton	3,670	3,526	144	3.9	Cromwell	7,677	7,370	307	4.0
Fairfield	28,001	27,025	976	3.5	East Granby	2,981	2,871	110	3.7
Greenwich	27,461	26,654	807	2.9	East Haddam	4,831	4,658	173	3.6
Milford	29,300	28,045	1,255	4.3	East Hampton	7,481	7,183	298	4.0
Monroe	9,569	9,179	390	4.1	East Hartford	26,117	24,748	1,369	5.2
New Canaan	7,923	7,691	232	2.9	Ellington	9,361	8,974	387	4.1
Norwalk	48,499	46,504	1,995	4.1	Farmington	13,690	13,291	399	2.9
Oxford	7,026	6,718	308	4.4	Glastonbury	18,317	17,828	489	2.7
Redding	4,220	4,052	168	4.0	Granby	6,716	6,510	206	3.1
Ridgefield	11,195	10,843	352	3.1	Haddam	4,882	4,719	163	3.3
Seymour	8,557	8,135	422	4.9	Hartford	51,001	47,225	3,776	7.4
Shelton	21,017	20,133	884	4.2	Hartland	1,116	1,075	41	3.7
Southbury	8,338	7,968	370	4.4	Harwinton	3,098	2,990	108	3.5
Stamford	67,094	64,442	2,652	4.0	Hebron	5,375	5,186	189	3.5
Stratford	26,005	24,597	1,408	5.4	Lebanon	3,915	3,755	160	4.1
Trumbull	16,870	16,274	596	3.5	Manchester	31,859	30,430	1,429	4.5
Weston	4,141	3,988	153	3.7	Mansfield	11,965	11,578	387	3.2
Westport	12,272	11,920	352	2.9	Marlborough	3,479	3,344	135	3.9
Wilton	7,978	7,717	261	3.3	Middletown	25,199	24,141	1,058	4.2
Woodbridge	4,543	4,434	109	2.4	New Britain	35,728	33,330	2,398	6.7
					New Hartford	3,818	3,693	125	3.3
<b>DANBURY</b>	<b>101,175</b>	<b>97,482</b>	<b>3,693</b>	<b>3.7</b>	Newington	16,592	15,970	622	3.7
Bethel	10,371	10,008	363	3.5	Plainville	10,108	9,658	450	4.5
Bridgewater	786	766	20	2.5	Plymouth	6,337	6,069	268	4.2
Brookfield	8,807	8,502	305	3.5	Portland	5,238	5,072	166	3.2
Danbury	44,747	43,190	1,557	3.5	Rocky Hill	11,302	10,883	419	3.7
New Fairfield	6,736	6,501	235	3.5	Scotland	914	891	23	2.5
New Milford	14,452	13,796	656	4.5	Simsbury	13,490	13,074	416	3.1
Newtown	13,497	12,999	498	3.7	Southington	23,808	22,981	827	3.5
Sherman	1,779	1,719	60	3.4	South Windsor	13,911	13,447	464	3.3
					Stafford	6,754	6,378	376	5.6
<b>ENFIELD</b>	<b>48,022</b>	<b>46,036</b>	<b>1,986</b>	<b>4.1</b>	Thomaston	4,523	4,375	148	3.3
East Windsor	6,479	6,185	294	4.5	Tolland	8,285	8,005	280	3.4
Enfield	21,941	21,063	878	4.0	Union	452	435	17	3.8
Somers	4,833	4,637	196	4.1	Vernon	16,944	16,175	769	4.5
Suffield	7,387	7,117	270	3.7	West Hartford	33,461	32,346	1,115	3.3
Windsor Locks	7,380	7,033	347	4.7	Wethersfield	13,610	13,012	598	4.4
					Willington	3,532	3,407	125	3.5
<b>HARTFORD</b>	<b>601,694</b>	<b>574,870</b>	<b>26,824</b>	<b>4.5</b>	Windham	11,988	11,278	710	5.9
Andover	1,878	1,809	69	3.7	Windsor	16,041	15,341	700	4.4
Ashford	2,484	2,398	86	3.5					
Avon	9,096	8,832	264	2.9					
Barkhamsted	2,193	2,125	68	3.1					
Berlin	11,423	10,983	440	3.9					
Bloomfield	11,457	10,876	581	5.1					
Bolton	3,104	2,963	141	4.5					
Bristol	32,153	30,351	1,802	5.6					
Burlington	5,590	5,339	251	4.5					

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DOL publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA.

**LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS**

The **civilian labor force** comprises all state residents age 16 years and older classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with criteria described below. Excluded are members of the military and persons in institutions (correctional and mental health, for example).

The **employed** are all persons who did any work as paid employees or in their own business during the survey week, or who have worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a family member. Persons temporarily absent from a job because of illness, bad weather, strike or for personal reasons are also counted as employed whether they were paid by their employer or were seeking other jobs. The **unemployed** are all persons who did not work, but were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness) and made specific efforts to find a job in the prior four weeks. Persons waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

# LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY TOWN

Town

(By Place of Residence - Not Seasonally Adjusted)

## DECEMBER 2021

LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%	LMA/TOWNS	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOYED	UNEMPLOYED	%
<b>NEW HAVEN</b>	<b>327,329</b>	<b>313,875</b>	<b>13,454</b>	<b>4.1</b>	<b>TORRINGTON-NORTHWEST</b>				
Bethany	3,171	3,081	90	2.8		<b>44,863</b>	<b>43,052</b>	<b>1,811</b>	<b>4.0</b>
Branford	16,107	15,587	520	3.2	Canaan	613	597	16	2.6
Cheshire	15,720	15,246	474	3.0	Colebrook	792	755	37	4.7
Chester	2,349	2,283	66	2.8	Cornwall	730	714	16	2.2
Clinton	7,336	7,084	252	3.4	Goshen	1,584	1,519	65	4.1
Deep River	2,847	2,779	68	2.4	Kent	1,429	1,389	40	2.8
Durham	4,278	4,177	101	2.4	Litchfield	4,582	4,430	152	3.3
East Haven	15,915	15,115	800	5.0	Morris	1,344	1,313	31	2.3
Essex	3,423	3,333	90	2.6	Norfolk	871	835	36	4.1
Guilford	12,974	12,635	339	2.6	North Canaan	1,683	1,625	58	3.4
Hamden	35,471	34,095	1,376	3.9	Roxbury	1,262	1,238	24	1.9
Killingworth	3,821	3,729	92	2.4	Salisbury	1,750	1,696	54	3.1
Madison	9,139	8,859	280	3.1	Sharon	1,418	1,387	31	2.2
Meriden	32,407	30,635	1,772	5.5	Torrington	18,240	17,335	905	5.0
Middlefield	2,531	2,449	82	3.2	Warren	759	734	25	3.3
New Haven	65,139	61,754	3,385	5.2	Washington	1,979	1,919	60	3.0
North Branford	8,341	7,985	356	4.3	Winchester	5,828	5,566	262	4.5
North Haven	13,450	13,050	400	3.0	<b>WATERBURY</b>				
Old Saybrook	5,125	4,945	180	3.5		<b>107,964</b>	<b>101,934</b>	<b>6,030</b>	<b>5.6</b>
Orange	7,366	7,146	220	3.0	Beacon Falls	3,443	3,312	131	3.8
Wallingford	26,404	25,435	969	3.7	Bethlehem	1,881	1,805	76	4.0
West Haven	30,333	28,935	1,398	4.6	Middlebury	3,885	3,734	151	3.9
Westbrook	3,680	3,538	142	3.9	Naugatuck	16,719	15,869	850	5.1
<b>*NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT PART</b>					Prospect	5,445	5,246	199	3.7
	<b>116,223</b>	<b>110,324</b>	<b>5,899</b>	<b>5.1</b>	Waterbury	49,030	45,504	3,526	7.2
Bozrah	1,416	1,363	53	3.7	Watertown	12,490	12,049	441	3.5
Canterbury	2,684	2,573	111	4.1	Wolcott	9,687	9,248	439	4.5
East Lyme	7,935	7,554	381	4.8	Woodbury	5,384	5,167	217	4.0
Franklin	986	943	43	4.4	<b>DANIELSON-NORTHEAST</b>				
Griswold	5,848	5,482	366	6.3		<b>41,772</b>	<b>39,989</b>	<b>1,783</b>	<b>4.3</b>
Groton	16,759	16,122	637	3.8	Brooklyn	3,971	3,822	149	3.8
Ledyard	7,384	7,021	363	4.9	Eastford	957	929	28	2.9
Lisbon	2,174	2,056	118	5.4	Hampton	1,013	974	39	3.8
Lyme	1,105	1,073	32	2.9	Killingly	9,283	8,889	394	4.2
Montville	8,354	7,999	355	4.2	Plainfield	8,293	7,945	348	4.2
New London	11,204	10,429	775	6.9	Pomfret	2,415	2,350	65	2.7
No. Stonington	2,718	2,586	132	4.9	Putnam	4,651	4,443	208	4.5
Norwich	18,716	17,527	1,189	6.4	Sterling	1,974	1,864	110	5.6
Old Lyme	3,436	3,294	142	4.1	Thompson	5,161	4,894	267	5.2
Preston	2,244	2,128	116	5.2	Woodstock	4,055	3,879	176	4.3
Salem	1,959	1,872	87	4.4					
Sprague	1,487	1,396	91	6.1					
Stonington	9,121	8,731	390	4.3					
Voluntown	1,363	1,291	72	5.3					
Waterford	9,334	8,887	447	4.8					

\*Connecticut portion only. For whole NECTA, including RI part, see below.

<b>NORWICH-NEW LONDON-WESTERLY, CT-RI</b>				
	<b>131,355</b>	<b>124,859</b>	<b>6,496</b>	<b>4.9</b>
RI part (Hopkinton and Westerly)	15,132	14,535	597	3.9

<b>Not Seasonally Adjusted:</b>				
CONNECTICUT	1,832,500	1,751,000	81,400	4.4
UNITED STATES	161,696,000	155,732,000	5,964,000	3.7
<b>Seasonally Adjusted:</b>				
CONNECTICUT	1,826,000	1,720,800	105,200	5.8
UNITED STATES	162,294,000	155,975,000	6,319,000	3.9

### LABOR FORCE CONCEPTS (Continued)

The **unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

With the exception of those persons temporarily absent from a job or waiting to be recalled to one, persons with no job and who are not actively looking for one are counted as "not in the labor force".

Over the course of a year, the size of the labor force and the levels of employment undergo fluctuations due to such seasonal events as changes in weather, reduced or expanded production, harvests, major holidays and the opening and closing of schools. Because these seasonal events follow a regular pattern each year, their influence on statistical trends can be eliminated by adjusting the monthly statistics. **Seasonal Adjustment** makes it easier to observe cyclical and other nonseasonal developments.

TOWN	DEC 2021	YR TO DATE 2021	2020	TOWN	DEC 2021	YR TO DATE 2021	2020	TOWN	DEC 2021	YR TO DATE 2021	2020
Andover	0	2	4	Griswold	13	38	35	Preston	1	12	18
Ansonia	na	na	na	Groton	na	na	na	Prospect	1	10	36
Ashford	na	na	na	Guilford	na	na	na	Putnam	na	na	na
Avon	1	17	11	Haddam	0	72	8	Redding	0	7	1
Barkhamsted	na	na	na	Hamden	na	na	na	Ridgefield	2	16	14
Beacon Falls	na	na	na	Hampton	na	na	na	Rocky Hill	0	3	8
Berlin	3	28	19	Hartford	1	11	10	Roxbury	na	na	na
Bethany	na	na	na	Hartland	0	0	1	Salem	na	na	na
Bethel	9	88	85	Harwinton	na	na	na	Salisbury	na	na	na
Bethlehem	na	na	na	Hebron	2	19	15	Scotland	na	na	na
Bloomfield	0	30	27	Kent	0	10	8	Seymour	na	na	na
Bolton	0	4	0	Killingly	na	na	na	Sharon	na	na	na
Bozrah	na	na	na	Killingworth	1	7	13	Shelton	1	92	318
Branford	3	48	31	Lebanon	0	6	8	Sherman	0	11	5
Bridgeport	12	62	42	Ledyard	na	na	na	Simsbury	2	35	169
Bridgewater	0	0	1	Lisbon	na	na	na	Somers	4	21	7
Bristol	14	94	94	Litchfield	na	na	na	South Windsor	0	10	33
Brookfield	4	35	9	Lyme	0	14	5	Southbury	na	na	na
Brooklyn	2	16	22	Madison	na	na	na	Southington	4	104	93
Burlington	0	26	48	Manchester	3	28	32	Sprague	0	1	0
Canaan	na	na	na	Mansfield	1	10	3	Stafford	0	9	8
Canterbury	na	na	na	Marlborough	0	0	0	Stamford	2	55	312
Canton	0	4	8	Meriden	na	na	na	Sterling	na	na	na
Chaplin	na	na	na	Middlebury	na	na	na	Stonington	na	na	na
Cheshire	4	42	29	Middlefield	0	3	6	Stratford	0	70	39
Chester	0	1	0	Middletown	2	22	18	Suffield	4	41	33
Clinton	2	16	64	Milford	37	199	161	Thomaston	na	na	na
Colchester	2	21	18	Monroe	1	11	7	Thompson	na	na	na
Colebrook	na	na	na	Montville	na	na	na	Tolland	1	17	13
Columbia	0	2	2	Morris	na	na	na	Torrington	na	na	na
Cornwall	na	na	na	Naugatuck	na	na	na	Trumbull	0	66	52
Coventry	6	28	23	New Britain	1	9	12	Union	0	3	0
Cromwell	1	13	11	New Canaan	0	26	76	Vernon	36	140	91
Danbury	5	64	188	New Fairfield	1	8	7	Voluntown	0	6	2
Darien	1	165	33	New Hartford	na	na	na	Wallingford	2	29	24
Deep River	0	4	6	New Haven	1	299	786	Warren	na	na	na
Derby	na	na	na	New London	4	45	38	Washington	na	na	na
Durham	1	4	4	New Milford	na	na	na	Waterbury	2	26	16
East Granby	0	15	1	Newington	0	4	7	Waterford	na	na	na
East Haddam	0	9	12	Newtown	4	58	162	Watertown	na	na	na
East Hampton	0	49	17	Norfolk	na	na	na	West Hartford	19	106	79
East Hartford	0	4	7	North Branford	na	na	na	West Haven	na	na	na
East Haven	na	na	na	North Canaan	na	na	na	Westbrook	1	17	25
East Lyme	1	41	115	North Haven	na	na	na	Weston	1	11	13
East Windsor	2	15	21	North Stonington	na	na	na	Westport	5	77	88
Eastford	na	na	na	Norwalk	29	149	121	Wethersfield	0	1	4
Easton	0	11	9	Norwich	2	4	66	Willington	0	5	4
Ellington	25	151	117	Old Lyme	na	na	na	Wilton	2	8	6
Enfield	1	24	55	Old Saybrook	1	14	11	Winchester	na	na	na
Essex	1	10	9	Orange	na	na	na	Windham	0	1	5
Fairfield	7	94	144	Oxford	5	31	26	Windsor	6	25	23
Farmington	5	45	35	Plainfield	na	na	na	Windsor Locks	0	2	4
Franklin	na	na	na	Plainville	1	15	13	Wolcott	0	21	32
Glastonbury	8	45	41	Plymouth	na	na	na	Woodbridge	na	na	na
Goshen	na	na	na	Pomfret	na	na	na	Woodbury	1	12	22
Granby	8	60	34	Portland	0	3	7	Woodstock	na	na	na
Greenwich	7	105	120								

For further information on the housing permit data, contact Kolie Sun of DECD at (860) 500-2467.

## **BUSINESS STARTS AND TERMINATIONS**

Registrations and terminations of business entities as recorded with the Secretary of the State and the Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL) are an indication of new business formation and activity. DOL business starts include new employers which have become liable for unemployment insurance taxes during the quarter, as well as new establishments opened by existing employers. DOL business terminations are those accounts discontinued due to inactivity (no employees) or business closure, and accounts for individual business establishments that are closed by still active employers. The Secretary of the State registrations include limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and foreign-owned (out-of-state) and domestic-owned (in-state) corporations.

## **CONSUMER PRICE INDEX**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI), computed and published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. It is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs and other goods and services that people buy for their day-to-day living. The Northeast region is comprised of the New England states, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania.

## **EMPLOYMENT COST INDEX**

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) covers both wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits for all occupations and establishments in both the private nonfarm sector and state and local government. The ECI measures employers' labor costs free from the influences of employment shifts among industries and occupations. The base period for all data is December 2005 when the ECI is 100.

## **GAMING DATA**

Indian Gaming Payments are amounts received by the State as a result of the slot compact with the two Federally recognized tribes in Connecticut, which calls for 25 percent of net slot receipts to be remitted to the State. Indian Gaming Slots are the total net revenues from slot machines only received by the two Federally recognized Indian tribes.

## **HOURS AND EARNINGS ESTIMATES**

Production worker earnings and hours estimates include full- and part-time employees working within manufacturing industries. Hours worked and earnings data are computed based on payroll figures for the week including the 12th of the month. Average hourly earnings are affected by such factors as premium pay for overtime and shift differential as well as changes in basic hourly and incentive rates of pay. Average weekly earnings are the product of weekly hours worked and hourly earnings. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## **INITIAL CLAIMS**

Average weekly initial claims are calculated by dividing the total number of new claims for unemployment insurance received in the month by the number of weeks in the month. A minor change in methodology took effect with data published in the March 1997 issue of the DIGEST. Data have been revised back to January 1980.

## **INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT RATE**

Primarily a measure of unemployment insurance program activity, the insured unemployment rate is the 13-week average of the number of people claiming unemployment benefits divided by the number of workers covered by the unemployment insurance system.

## **LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES**

Labor force estimates are a measure of the work status of people who live in Connecticut. Prepared under the direction of the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, the statewide estimates are the product of a signal-plus noise model, which uses results from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly survey of Connecticut households, counts of claimants for unemployment benefits, and establishment employment estimates. The 2015 LAUS Redesign includes improved time-series models for the census divisions, states, select substate areas, and the balances of those states; an improved real-time benchmarking procedure to the national Current Population Survey (CPS) estimates; an improved smoothed seasonal adjustment procedure; and improved treatment of outliers. Non-modeled area estimation improvements include: updated Dynamic Residency Ratios (DRR); more accurate estimates for all-other employment; more accurate estimation of agricultural employment; and improved estimation of non-covered agricultural unemployment. Handbook estimation is now done at the city/town level instead of at the Labor Market Area (LMA) level in Connecticut, which better reflects local conditions. The Redesign also introduces estimation inputs from the American Community Survey (ACS) to replace inputs that were previously obtained from the decennial census long-form survey. Labor force data, reflecting persons employed by place of residence, are not directly comparable to the place-of-work industry employment series. In the labor force estimates, workers involved in labor disputes are counted as employed. The labor force data also includes agricultural workers, unpaid family workers, domestics and the self-employed. Because of these conceptual differences, total labor force employment is almost always different from nonfarm wage and salary employment.

## **LABOR MARKET AREAS**

All Labor Market Areas (LMAs) in Connecticut except three are federally-designated areas for developing labor statistics. For the sake of simplicity, the federal Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk NECTA is referred to in Connecticut DOL publications as the Bridgeport-Stamford LMA, and the Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford NECTA is the Hartford LMA. The northwest part of the state is now called Torrington-Northwest LMA. Five towns which are part of the Springfield, MA area are published as the Enfield LMA. The towns of Eastford and Hampton and other towns in the northeast are now called Danielson-Northeast LMA. Industry employment and labor force data estimates contained in Connecticut Department of Labor publications are prepared following the same statistical procedures developed by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, whether for federally designated or state-determined areas.

## **NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ESTIMATES**

Nonfarm employment estimates are derived from a survey of businesses to measure *jobs* by industry. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary employees who worked during or received pay for the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Excluded from these estimates are proprietors, self-employed workers, private household employees and unpaid family workers. In some cases, due to space constraints, all industry estimates are not shown. These data are developed in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## **UI COVERED WAGES**

UI covered wages is the total amount paid to those employees who are covered under the Connecticut's Unemployment Insurance (UI) law for services performed during the quarter. The fluctuations in the 1992-93 period reflect the effect of the changes in the tax law and the massive restructuring in the state's economy.

# ECONOMIC INDICATORS AT A GLANCE

(Percent change from prior year; see pages 5-8 for reference months or quarters)

Leading General Drift Indicator.....	-1.0	<b>CT Mfg. Production Index</b> .....	-4.5	<b>Tourism and Travel</b>	
Coincident General Drift Indicator.....	2.6	Production Worker Hours.....	2.7	Occupancy Rate.....	37.7
Connecticut Real GDP.....	4.3	Industrial Electricity Sales.....	-10.4	Tourism Website Visitors.....	41.9
United States Real GDP.....	4.9	<b>Personal Income</b> .....	4.8	Air Passenger Count.....	201.7
New England Real GDP.....	4.2	<b>UI Covered Wages</b> .....	9.8	Gaming Slots.....	30.7
Connecticut PCPI.....	5.2	<b>Business Activity</b>		<b>Employment Cost Index (U.S.)</b>	
United States PCPI.....	4.9	New Housing Permits.....	25.3	Total.....	4.4
New England PCPI.....	5.2	Electricity Sales.....	3.6	Wages & Salaries.....	5.0
Phil. Fed's CT Coincident Index....	6.9	Construction Contracts Index.....	-30.9	Benefit Costs.....	2.9
Phil. Fed's US Coincident Index....	6.0	New Auto Registrations.....	-0.9	<b>Consumer Prices</b>	
		Exports.....	12.3	U.S. City Average.....	7.0
		S&P 500: Monthly Close.....	26.9	Northeast Region.....	5.9
<b>Total Nonfarm Employment</b> .....	3.3	<b>Business Starts</b>		NY-Newark-Jersey City.....	4.4
Labor Force.....	-0.9	Secretary of the State.....	NA	Boston-Cambridge-Newton...	5.3
Employed.....	1.8	Dept. of Labor.....	40.4	<b>Interest Rates</b>	
Unemployed.....	-30.8	<b>Business Terminations</b>		Prime.....	0.00 *
<b>Unemployment Rate</b> .....	-2.4 *	Secretary of the State.....	NA	Conventional Mortgage.....	0.42 *
Labor Force Participation Rate...	-0.5 *	Dept. of Labor.....	-13.6		
Employment-Population Ratio...	1.2 *	<b>State Revenues</b> .....	NA		
<b>Average Weekly Initial Claims</b> ..	-41.6	Corporate Tax.....	NA		
<b>Avg Insured Unempl. Rate</b> .....	-2.50 *	Personal Income Tax.....	NA		
<b>U-6 Rate</b> .....	-3.4 *	Real Estate Conveyance Tax..	NA		
<b>Prod. Worker Avg Wkly Hrs</b> .....	-2.2	Sales & Use Tax.....	NA		
<b>PW Avg Hourly Earnings</b> .....	-0.1	Gaming Payments.....	27.4		
<b>PW Avg Weekly Earnings</b> .....	-2.3				

\*Percentage point change  
 \*\*Less than 0.05 percent  
 NA = Not Available

## THE CONNECTICUT ECONOMIC DIGEST

February 2022

### THE CONNECTICUT

## ECONOMIC DIGEST

A joint publication of  
 The Connecticut Departments of Labor and  
 Economic and Community Development



Mailing address:

**Connecticut Economic Digest**  
**Connecticut Department of Labor**  
**Office of Research**  
**200 Folly Brook Boulevard**  
**Wethersfield, CT 06109-1114**

The Connecticut Economic Digest  
 is available on the internet at:  
<http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/lmi>

### DO YOU WANT TO BE NOTIFIED BY EMAIL WHEN THE DIGEST IS PUBLISHED EACH MONTH?

Simply email to [listserv@list.ct.gov](mailto:listserv@list.ct.gov) with only the following in the body of the message, leave subject blank:  
**SUBSCRIBE DOL-CTEconomicDigest your\_name**  
 (type in your name where it says your\_name)

If you wish to have your name removed from our mailing list, please check here and return this page (or a photocopy) to the address at left.

If your address has changed, please check here, make the necessary changes to your address label and return this page to the address at left.

If you receive more than one copy of this publication, please check here and return this page from the duplicate copy to the address at left.